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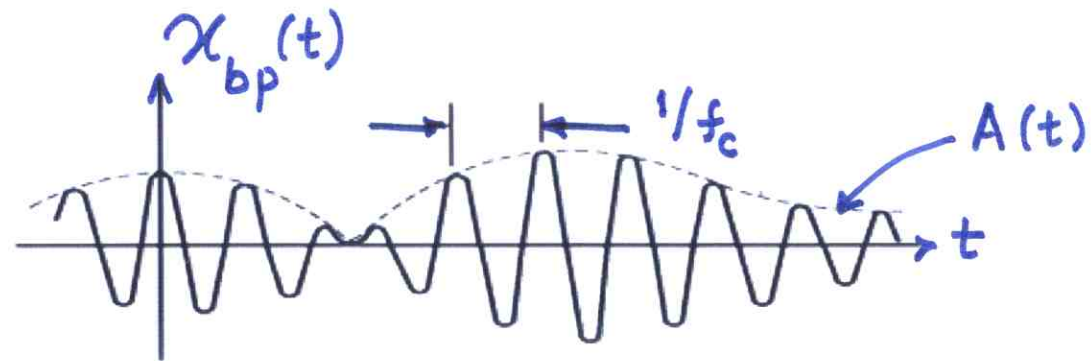
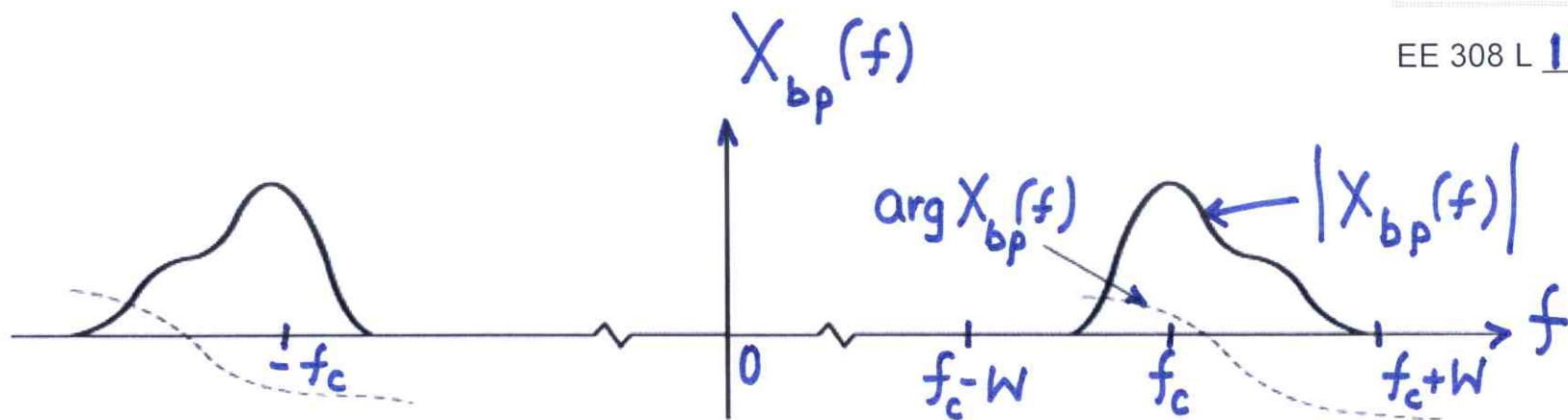
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ANALYTIC SIGNAL OR PRE-ENVELOPE COMPLEX-ENVELOPE REPRESENTATION OF BANDPASS SIGNALS



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ANALYTIC SIGNAL OR PRE-ENVELOPE

$x(t)$ is a real-valued signal

Its analytic signal or pre-envelope is defined as

$$x_+(t) \triangleq x(t) + jx_h(t)$$

$x_h(t)$ is the Hilbert transform of $x(t)$

$$x_+(t) \longleftrightarrow X_+(f)$$

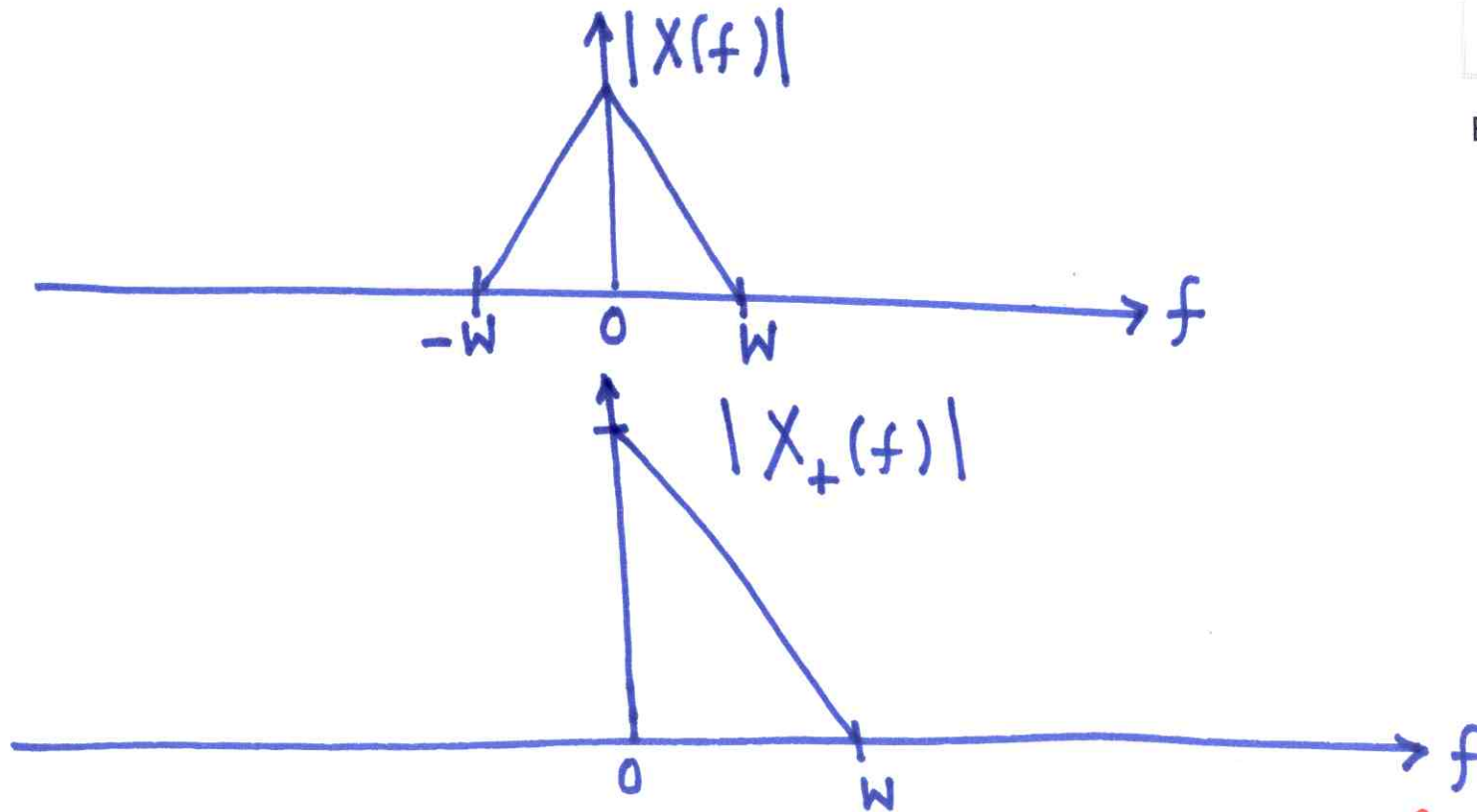
$$\begin{aligned} X_+(f) &= X(f) + j[-j \operatorname{sgn}(f) X(f)] \\ &= X(f) + \operatorname{sgn}(f) X(f) \\ &= \begin{cases} X(f) + X(f) & \text{for } f > 0 \\ X(f) - X(f) & \text{for } f < 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$



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$$X_+(f) = \begin{cases} 2X(f) & f > 0 \\ 0 & f < 0 \end{cases}$$



i.e., pre-envelope has spectrum only for $f \geq 0$



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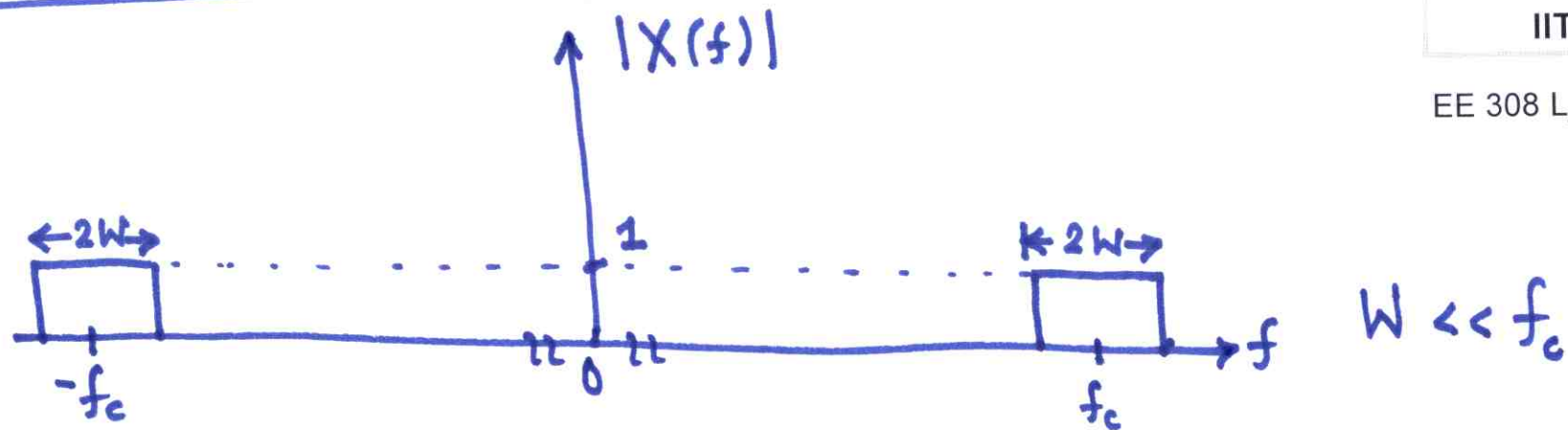
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COMPLEX- ENVELOPE REPRESENTATION OF BANDPASS SIGNALS

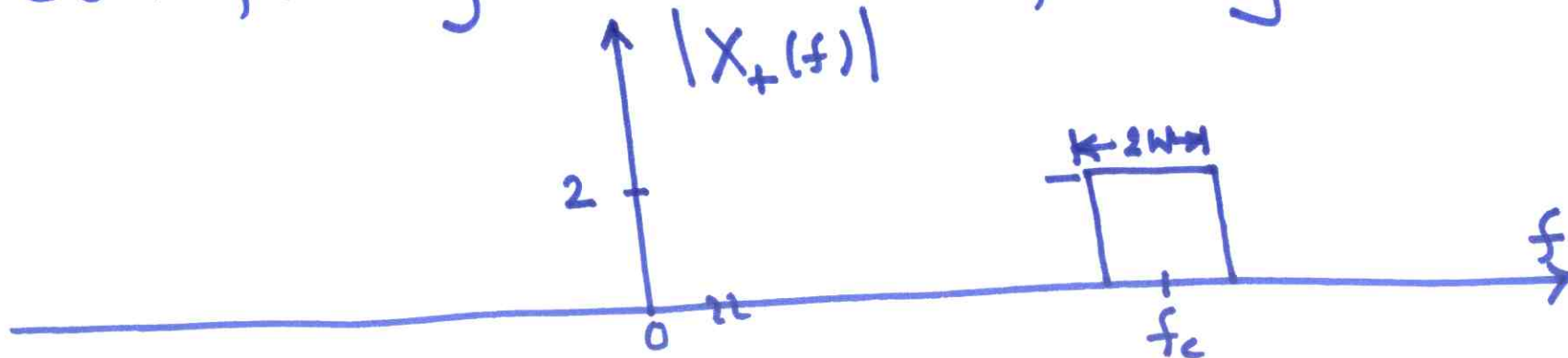


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The amplitude spectrum of the analytic signal corresponding to the bandpass signal $x(t)$:





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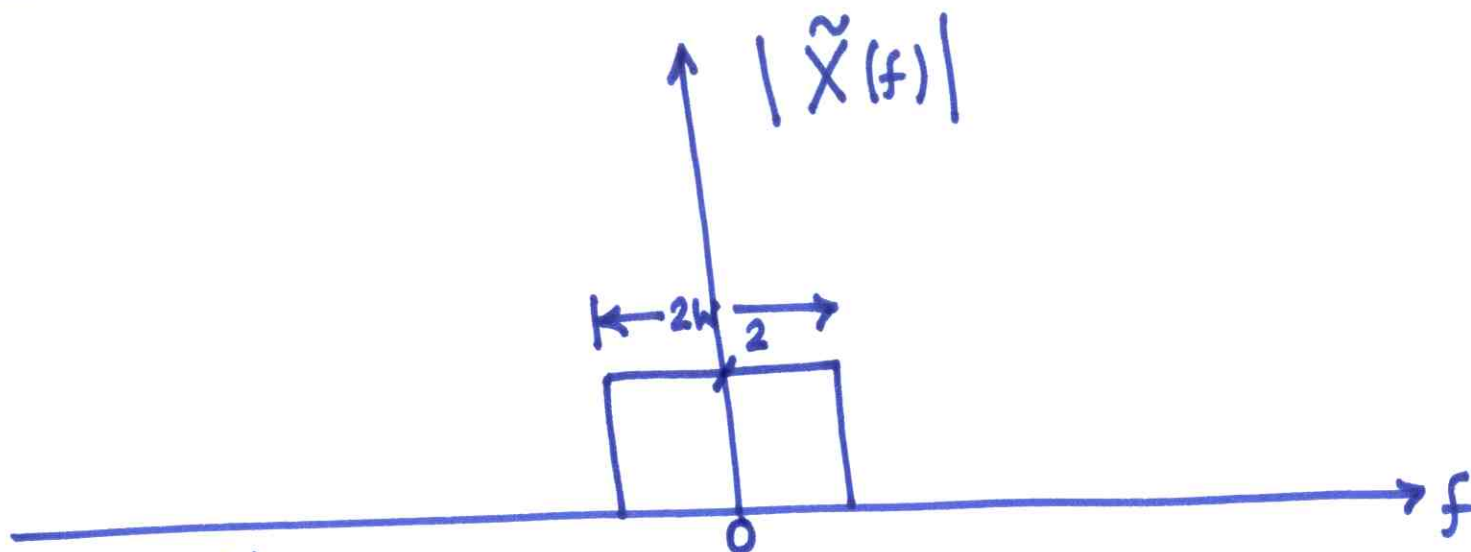
$$x_+(t) \times e^{-j2\pi f_c t}$$

$$\longleftrightarrow X_+(f + f_c) \equiv \tilde{X}(f)$$



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$$\tilde{X}(f) = X_+(f + f_c)$$

$$\tilde{x}(t) = x_+(t) e^{-j2\pi f_c t}$$

$$x_+(t) = \tilde{x}(t) e^{j2\pi f_c t}$$

← COMPLEX

→ $x_+(t) = x(t) + jx_h(t)$

$$x(t) = \text{Re}\{x_+(t)\} = \text{Re}\{\tilde{x}(t) e^{j2\pi f_c t}\}$$

$\tilde{x}(t) \rightarrow$ COMPLEX - ENVELOPE OF $x(t)$



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$x(t)$ is Bandpass Signal

$\tilde{x}(t)$ is a COMPLEX-valued LP signal

$\tilde{x}(t) \rightarrow \underline{\text{COMPLEX ENVELOPE}}$
??

Suppose:

$$x(t) = a(t) \cos(2\pi f_c t + \theta(t))$$

where $a(t)$ and $\theta(t)$ are Lowpass signals
(real-valued)

then $\rightarrow x(t) = \operatorname{Re} \left[\underbrace{a(t) e^{j\theta(t)}}_{\text{COMPLEX envelope}} e^{j2\pi f_c t} \right]$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{x}(t) = a(t) e^{j\theta(t)}$$



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complex
CARRIER

COMPLEX
envelope



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MODULE END