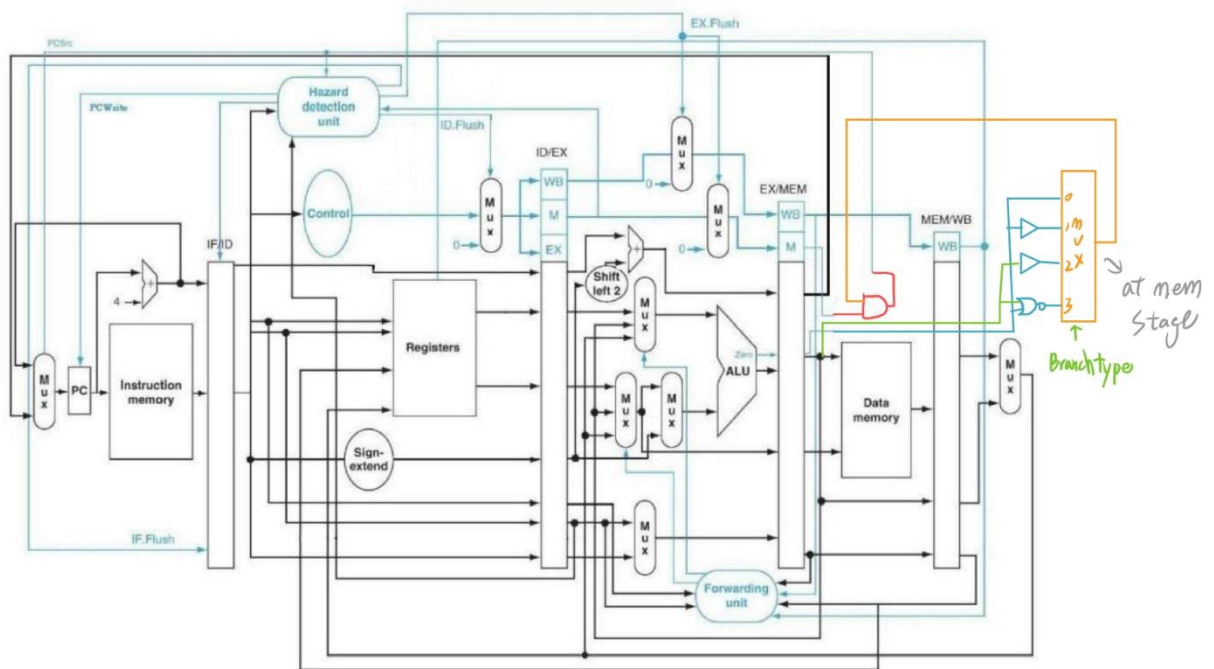


Computer Organization Lab5

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Architecture diagrams:



比起 lab4 新增 hazard detection unit 和 forwarding unit

Hardware module analysis:

Hazard detection: 在 branch、hazard 時決定 flush、保留 pc

Forwarding: 在可以 forward 解決的 hazard 情況下，偵測並透過 forward

a、b 解決 hazard

Pipe reg: 新增 flush 和 new，讓 flush 時值為 0、new=0 時保留原本值

Branch type: lab5 新增 BGE、BGT 等指令，透過 branch type 選擇不同 pc

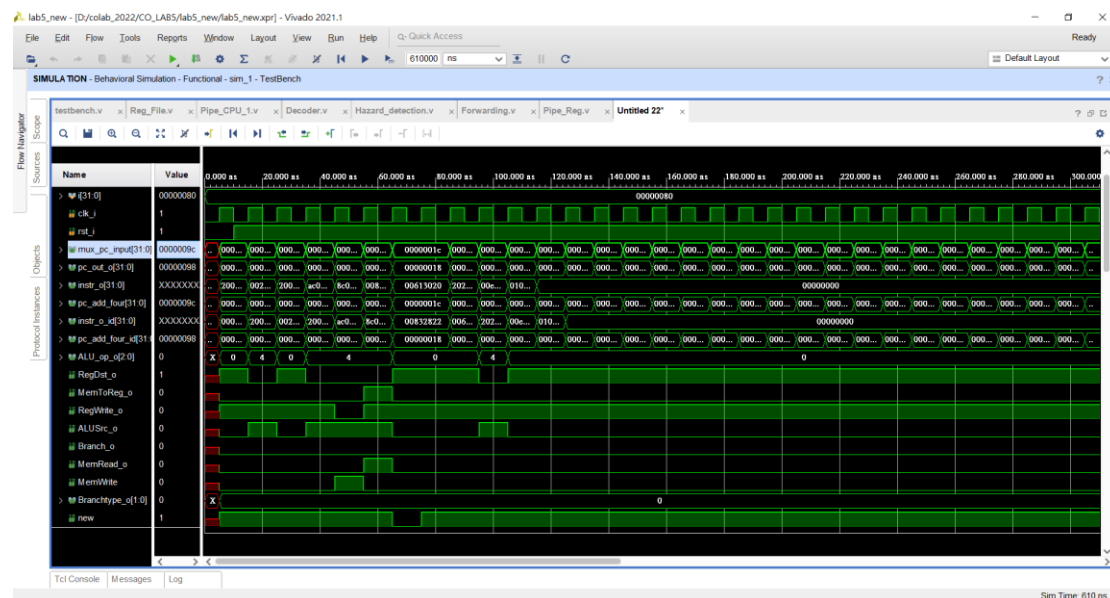
source

Finished part:

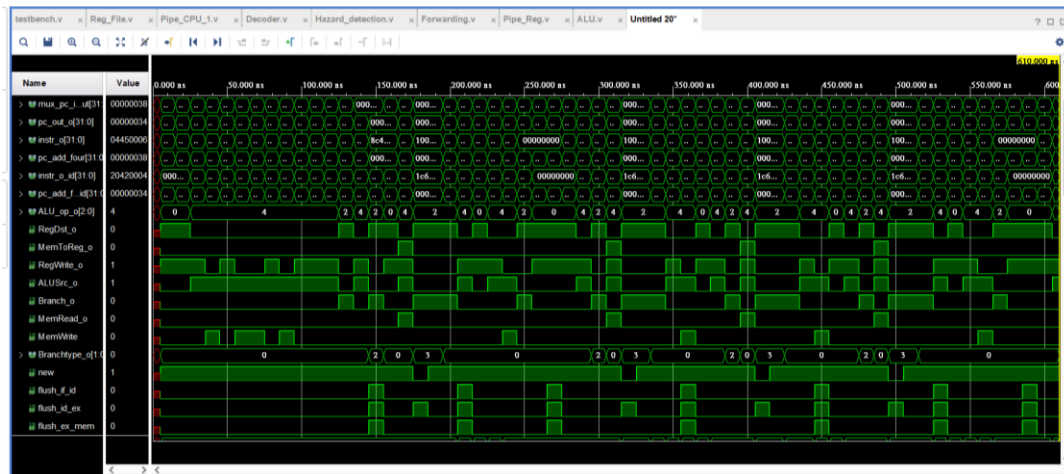
Testcase 1:

```
##### clk_count = 60#####
=====Register=====
r0 = 0, r1 = 16, r2 = 256, r3 = 8, r4 = 16, r5 = 8, r6 = 24, r7 = 26
r8 = 8, r9 = 1, r10 = 0, r11 = 0, r12 = 0, r13 = 0, r14 = 0, r15 = 0
r16 = 0, r17 = 0, r18 = 0, r19 = 0, r20 = 0, r21 = 0, r22 = 0, r23 = 0
r24 = 0, r25 = 0, r26 = 0, r27 = 0, r28 = 0, r29 = 0, r30 = 0, r31 = 0

=====Memory=====
m0 = 0, m1 = 16, m2 = 0, m3 = 0, m4 = 0, m5 = 0, m6 = 0, m7 = 0
m8 = 0, m9 = 0, m10 = 0, m11 = 0, m12 = 0, m13 = 0, m14 = 0, m15 = 0
m16 = 0, m17 = 0, m18 = 0, m19 = 0, m20 = 0, m21 = 0, m22 = 0, m23 = 0
m24 = 0, m25 = 0, m26 = 0, m27 = 0, m28 = 0, m29 = 0, m30 = 0, m31 = 0
```



Testcase 2:



```
##### clk_count = 60#####
=====Register=====
r0 = 0, r1 = 0, r2 = 12, r3 = 6, r4 = 0, r5 = 16, r6 = 0, r7 = 0

r8 = 2, r9 = 0, r10= 0, r11= 0, r12= 0, r13= 0, r14= 0, r15= 0

r16= 0, r17= 0, r18= 0, r19= 0, r20= 0, r21= 0, r22= 0, r23= 0

r24= 0, r25= 0, r26= 0, r27= 0, r28= 0, r29= 0, r30= 0, r31= 0

=====Memory=====
m0 = 4, m1 = 1, m2 = 0, m3 = 6, m4 = 0, m5 = 0, m6 = 0, m7 = 0

m8 = 0, m9 = 0, m10= 0, m11= 0, m12= 0, m13= 0, m14= 0, m15= 0

m16= 0, m17= 0, m18= 0, m19= 0, m20= 0, m21= 0, m22= 0, m23= 0

m24= 0, m25= 0, m26= 0, m27= 0, m28= 0, m29= 0, m30= 0, m31= 0
```

Problems you met and solutions:

這次 lab 一樣遇到了接錯線的問題，後來藉由比對波形圖，成功找到因為變數名稱太像而出錯的地方

Summary:

一直到 Lab4 要寫 report 時我才發現可以透過 add to window 將 cpu 的波形顯示出來，並對比波形找出錯誤，也因此 Lab5 debug 的時間相對以前較少。

下次在寫 code 前一定要先備齊工具再開始呀!