2022 NYCU OS HW2 report

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Question	Answer
Q1. (5pts) Briefly describe your design for the add, multiple function of matrix, the thread management. Also, describe the number of threads in the Multi-thread program.	# define t_num 4 // number of child threads # define MAX 500 # define slice (MAX/t_num) // data for each child thread child thread 均分須處理的資料,也就是 各自負責計算出 matC, mat 中 (MAX/thread 數量)個 row 的答案。 替 child thread 編號,並在使用 pthread_create 時將編號作為參數傳入 child thread 中,使用編號依序分配該 child thread 負責的 row。若 MAX 無法被 thread 數整除,則最後一個 child thread 會負責剩餘的 row。
Q2. (15pts) Try at least 3 kinds of number of threads, and compare the difference in time.(Take screenshots of the time of each case) Also, explain the results.	分別測試 2, 4, 6 個 thread 的時間差異: Thread*2: sh-4.4\$ time ./multi < input.txt 2248968 2528950360 real

可能可能已使用最大硬體資源,已達到 multi-thread 能帶來的最大加速。

Q3. (10pts)

Show the best speedup between multithread and single-thread. (Take screenshots of the time of single-thread and multithread)

Also, explain why multi-thread is faster.

multi-thread:

sh-4.4\$ time ./multi < input.txt > multi.txt

real 0m0.302s user 0m0.751s sys 0m0.011s

single-thread:

sh-4.4\$ time ./single_thread < input.txt > single.txt

real 0m0.743s user 0m0.719s sys 0m0.011s

使用 single-thread 時,資料全部由同一個 thread 處理; 使用 multi-thread 時,資料 可分給多個 thread 平行處理,其中每個 thread 僅被分配到部分資料,故可較快完 成計算。