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Assignment 2 Report

Image stitching is the process of combining multiple photographic images with overlapping fields of view to produce a segmented panorama or high-resolution image.

It has been implemented with the following functions:

- 1. Gaussian Blur has been applied on the 2 overlapping images.
- 2. Corners are detected using Harris Corner Detector.
- 3. The common corners have been marked manually in the original image.
- 4. Perspective Transformation matrix has been obtained using Singular Value Decomposition. It is the generalization of the eigen decomposition of a positive semidefinite normal matrix (for example, a symmetric matrix with positive eigenvalues) to any matrix via an extension of the polar decomposition.
- 5. The transformation matrix has been applied on the images using transformation matrix multiplication.

I have varied the number of manually marked common corners from 4 to 24 in number, and observed the following results.

Image stitching gives a better accuracy with a higher number of manually marked corner points. This has been demonstrated by storing the outputs of my trials in the **Outputs** folder. The file output4.jpg indicates the result of image stitching with 4 manually marked common points, and so on.

Conclusion:

Higher the number of manually marked corner points, higher is the accuracy and clarity of image stitching.