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## Basics of Cloud Computing 2018/19 spring

	Cus	Practice 7 - Google App Engine continued
==	Main (https://courses.cs.ut.ee/2019/cloud	In this practice session we will continue with Google App engine. You will learn how to store
::	Lectures	another web page in your application where users can leave and read messages.
	(https://courses.cs.ut.ee/2019/cloud/spring/Main/Lectures)	
	Practicals	References
	(https://courses.cs.ut.ee/2019/cloud/spring/Main/Practicals)	
==	Results	Python 2.7 tutorial (http://docs.python.org/2/tutorial/)
	(https://courses.cs.ut.ee/2019/cloud	l/springሪฟূain/βΡΕΗዚቱ)e tutorial for Python 2.7
=	Submit Homework (https://courses.cs.ut.ee/2019/cloud	(https://developers.google.com/appengine/docs/python/gettingstartedpython27/introduction)  • WebApp2 Tutorial (https://webapp2.readthedocs.io/en/latest/tutorials/quickstart.html)

### Exercise 7.1. Creating additional Google App pages

- Lets create a new sub-page under your Google App engine application
  - NB! Make sure you DO NOT overwrite your current main page as this would remove your previous lab submission when you deploy your application later!
- Create a new python file (named second.py ) under your Google app engine project folder
  - Inside the new python file, create a new class for displaying the page content
    - For example: class SecondMainPage(webapp2.RequestHandler):
    - Also add a get(self) method and display some text on the web page. get(self)
       method corresponds to HTTP GET request.
  - o Import the webapp2 module: import webapp2
- In the original python file, import the classes from the newly created file:
  - O from second import \*
- In the original python file, Create a new entry under application = webapp2.wsgiApplication for the newly created page
  - It should link /secondexercise to SecondMainPage Class
- Deploy the application and check that everything is working correctly and /secondexercise page is accessible.
- From now on, continue adding new content to the second.py file while only changing the original file to modify the application = webapp2.WSGIApplication entries.

## Exercise 7.2. Using the Google NDB Datastore service

We will now implement a message board functionality for the <code>/secondexercise</code> page and you will learn how to store data (In our case it will be messages) in the Google Datastore. You should notice that you do not need to set up a database or database schemas, all you need to do is to use the Google ndb API and the PaaS takes care of everything else for you.

- Create a new NDB object class Message
  - Check https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/standard/python/ndb/creating-entity-models (https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/standard/python/ndb/creating-entity-models) to see how it is done.
  - It must have the following fields
    - message\_from name of the sender, String type
    - message\_text message content, String type
    - message\_time time of the message, DateTime format
      - DateTime should have an option: auto now=True
      - You can check the supported data types from here: https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/standard/python/ndb/entity-property-reference (https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/standard/python/ndb/entity-property-reference)
- Create a new form for entering messages on the /secondexercise page

```
O <form action="/message" name ="myform" method="post">
O From: <input type="text" name="from" /> <br />
O Message: <input type="text" name="text" />
O <input type="submit" value="Submit" name="submit">
O </form>
```

- Create a class HandleMessage for processing the message form and link it to sub-page /message
- Add a def post(self): method to HandleMessage class
  - o post(self) method corresponds to HTTP POST request.
  - You can access the entered form data from inside the post method like this:
    - m\_from = self.request.get('from')
  - Create a new Message object using the entered data and enter it to database:
    - message = Message(message\_from=m\_from, message\_text=m\_text)
    - message.put()
  - output a confirmation about the entered message and create a HTML link back to the https://<your\_google\_app\_id>.appspot.com/secondexercise
     (https://<your\_google\_app\_id>.appspot.com/secondexercise) page

### Exercise 7.3. Displaying data from NDB Datastore

We also need to display the messages which have been submitted by the users.

- Modify the /secondexercise page to display the latest 10 Messages from NDB
  - Check https://developers.google.com/appengine/docs/python/ndb/queries (https://developers.google.com/appengine/docs/python/ndb/queries) on how to query NDB.
  - o Create a query for all data from Message's
  - o Sort by Message.message\_time in Descending order
  - o Fetch 10 entries
  - o create a cycle over all the results and print them out one at a time

- Use cgi library to escape any unneeded html characters
  - import cgi
  - For example: self.response.out.write(cgi.escape(message.message\_text))

# Exercise 7.4. Add user identification and information to the Messages

Lets simplify creating messages by fetching the user name directly from the Google App Engine user service, like we did in the last lab.

- Use the Google user API for log in and authentication, just like in last week lab.
- Verify that user authentication is working. User should not be able to send or view messages if they have not logged in.
- Remove the "From" field from the message form and replace it with the username or full name from the google user service (user.nickname()).
- Display the name of the user in the list of posted messages.

#### Bonus exercise (2p)

The goal of the bonus task is to add a delete message functionality to your page and change user authentication so that only user who submitted the message can access and use the delete message functionality.

- Generate delete buttons next to each message that belongs to you. Should only be shown if your user is logged in. Clicking the button should delete the message from Datastore.
- Create a class/page for deleting a messages (i.e. <code>/delete</code>). Should not work wrong when no user is logged in. The page should also leave a notice that <code>access is denied</code> and have a link to <code>log In</code>.
- When submitting the lab solution, make sure to leave a easily noticeable comment that you have completed the bonus task.

#### **Deliverables**

- Deploy the latest version of the application in App Engine
  - NB! Verify that your previous lab assignment is also still working in appspot.com
- Provide the full web link to your GoogleAppEngine second exercise page
- Upload the source code of your full Google App.

Task	lab 7
Current submission	TAR (/course-
	2065/submissions/get/7/B91541_tar/B91541_4309_1) (20:46 29.03.2019)
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	If your homework consists of multiple files (for example HTML + CSS + JS) it should be archived before submitting.
File	Choose File no file selected
Comment	

https://emmanuellab6.appspot.com/secon dexercise

attempted delete, but did not complete it

Submit

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