

Web API Design with Spring Boot Week 2 Coding Assignment

Points possible: 70

Category	Criteria	% of Grade
Functionality	Does the code work?	25
Organization	Is the code clean and organized? Proper use of white space, syntax, and consistency are utilized. Names and comments are concise and clear.	25
Creativity	Student solved the problems presented in the assignment using creativity and out of the box thinking.	25
Completeness	All requirements of the assignment are complete.	25

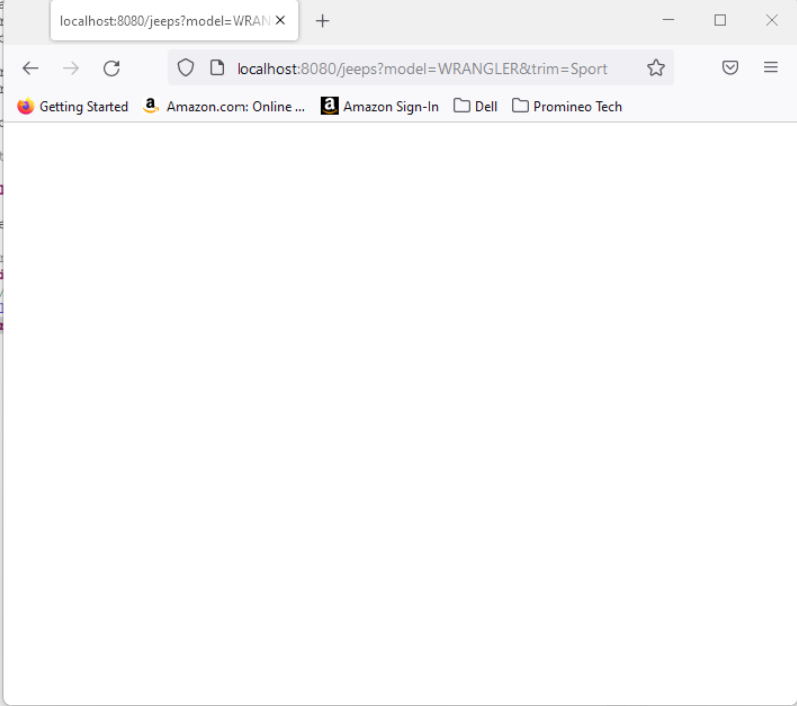
Instructions: In Eclipse, or an IDE of your choice, write the code that accomplishes the objectives listed below. Ensure that the code compiles and runs as directed. Take screenshots of the code and of the running program (make sure to get screenshots of all required functionality) and paste them in this document where instructed below. Create a new repository on GitHub for this week's assignments and push this document, with your Java project code, to the repository. Add the URL for this week's repository to this document where instructed and submit this document to your instructor when complete.

Here's a friendly tip: as you watch the videos, code along with the videos. This will help you with the homework. When a screenshot is required, look for the icon:  You will keep adding to this project throughout this part of the course. When it comes time for the final project, use this project as a starter.

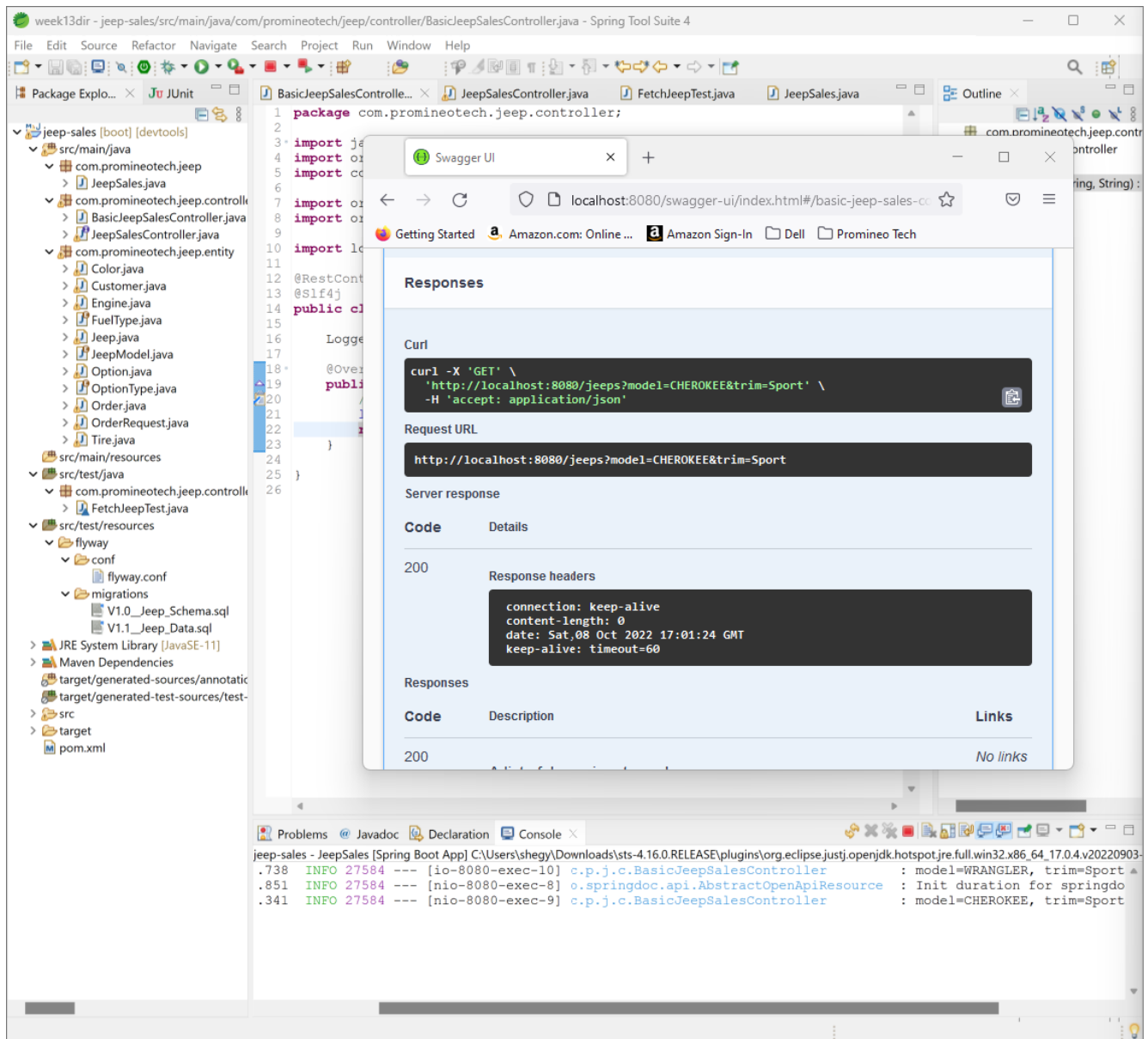
Project Resources: <https://github.com/promineotech/Spring-Boot-Course-Student-Resources>

Coding Steps:

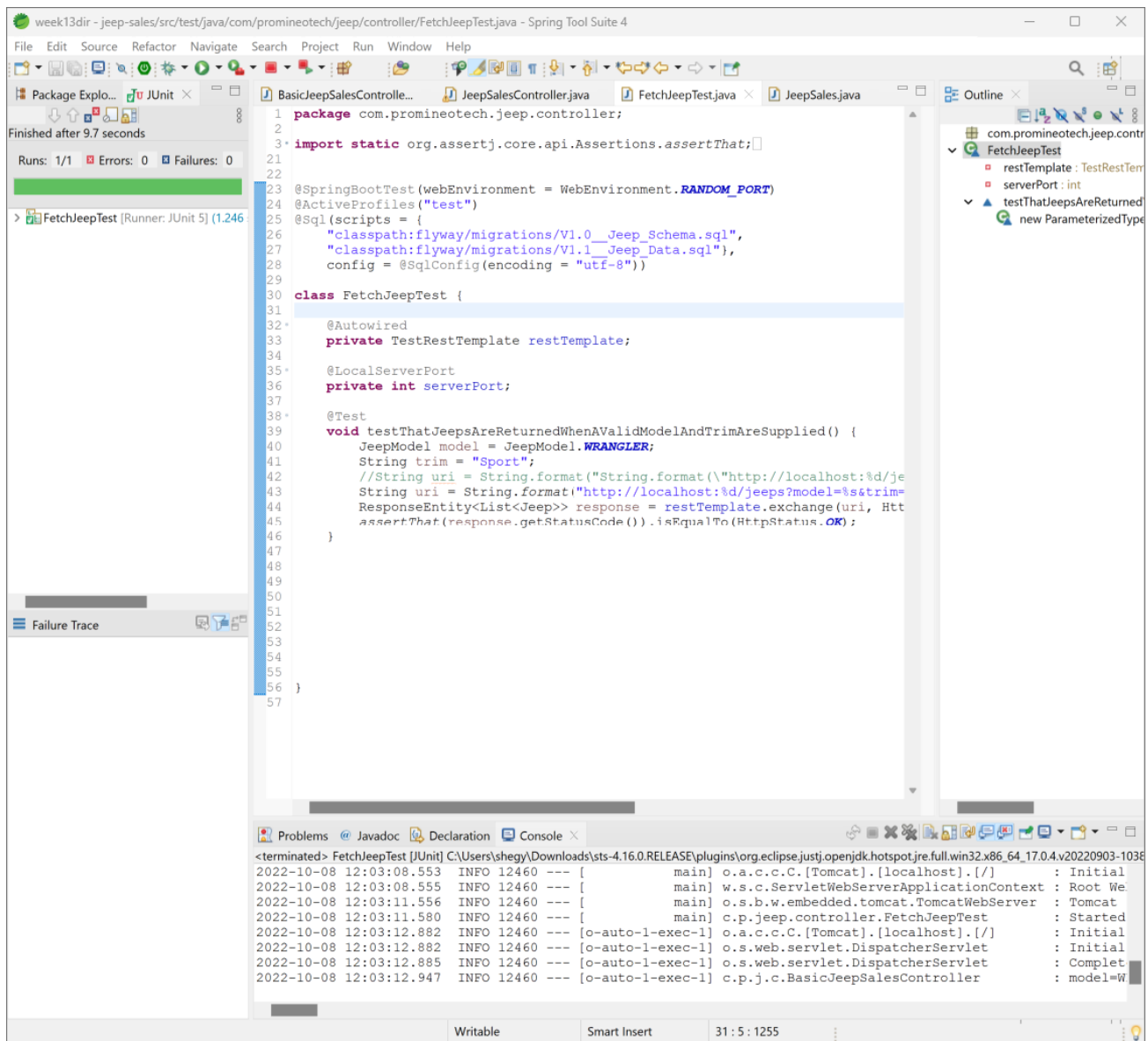
- 1) In the project you started last week, use Lombok to add an info-level logging statement in the controller implementation method that logs the parameters that were input to the method. Remember to add the `@Slf4j` annotation to the class.
- 2) Start the application (not an integration test). Use a browser to navigate to the application passing the parameters required for your selected operation. (A browser, used in this manner, sends an HTTP GET request to the server.) Produce a screenshot showing the browser



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- 4) Run the integration test and show that the test status is green. Produce a screenshot of the test class and the status bar. 🖥️




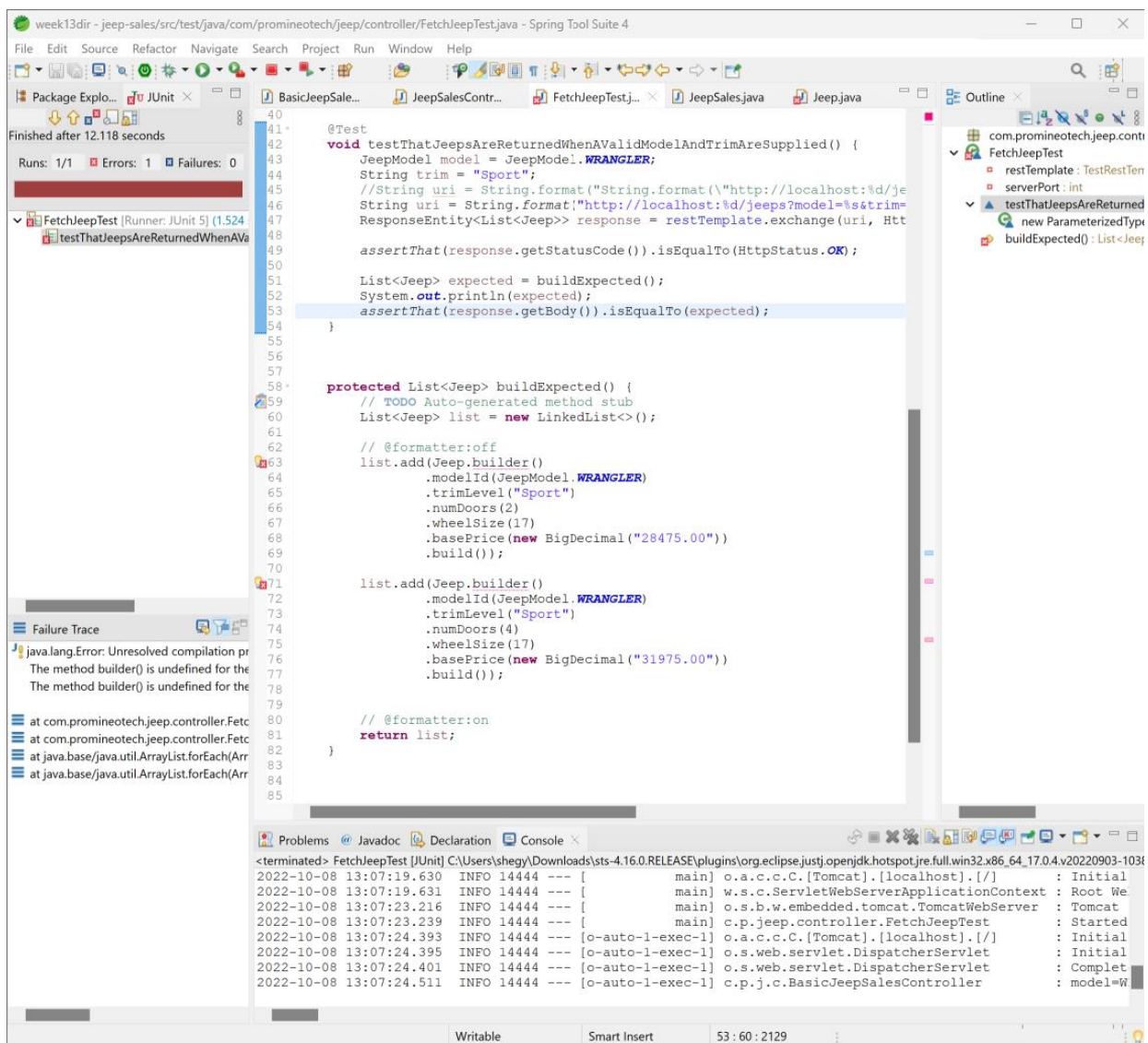
- 5) Add a method to the test to return a list of expected Jeep (model) objects based on the model and trim level you selected. You can get the expected list of Jeeps from the file `src/test/resources/flyway/migrations/V1.1__Jeep_Data.sql`. So, for example, using the model Wrangler and trim level "Sport", the query should return two rows:

	Row 1	Row 2
Model ID	WRANGLER	WRANGLER
Trim Level	Sport	Sport
Num Doors	2	4

Wheel Size	17	17
Base Price	\$28,475.00	\$31,975.00

The method should be named `buildExpected()`, and it should return a `List` of `Jeep`. The video put this method into a support superclass but you can include it in the main test class if you want.

- 6) Write an AssertJ assertion in the test to assert that the actual list of jeeps returned by the server is the same as the expected list. Run the test. Produce a screenshot showing...
 - a) The test with the assertion.
 - b) The JUnit status bar (should be red).
 - c) The method returning the expected list of Jeeps. 



The screenshot shows the Spring Tool Suite 4 IDE. The main editor displays the `FetchJeepTest.java` file. The test method `testThatJeepsAreReturnedWhenAValidModelAndTrimAreSupplied()` is highlighted, showing an AssertJ assertion: `assertThat(response.getBody()).isEqualTo(expected);`. Below the test method, the `buildExpected()` method is defined, which returns a `List<Jeep>` containing two `Jeep` objects. The JUnit status bar at the bottom left shows a red bar, indicating a failed test. The console at the bottom right shows the test output, including the `buildExpected()` method's return value.

```

41  @Test
42  void testThatJeepsAreReturnedWhenAValidModelAndTrimAreSupplied() {
43      JeepModel model = JeepModel.WRANGLER;
44      String trim = "Sport";
45      //String uri = String.format("http://localhost:%d/jeep/%s", port, model.getId() + "/" + trim);
46      String uri = String.format("http://localhost:%d/jeeps?model=%s&trim=%s", port, model.getId(), trim);
47      ResponseEntity<List<Jeep>> response = restTemplate.exchange(uri, Http
48
49
50
51      assertThat(response.getStatusCode()).isEqualTo(HttpStatus.OK);
52
53      List<Jeep> expected = buildExpected();
54      System.out.println(expected);
55      assertThat(response.getBody()).isEqualTo(expected);
56  }
57
58  protected List<Jeep> buildExpected() {
59      // TODO Auto-generated method stub
60      List<Jeep> list = new LinkedList<>();
61
62      // @formatter:off
63      list.add(Jeep.builder()
64          .modelId(JeepModel.WRANGLER)
65          .trimLevel("Sport")
66          .numDoors(2)
67          .wheelSize(17)
68          .basePrice(new BigDecimal("28475.00"))
69          .build());
70
71      list.add(Jeep.builder()
72          .modelId(JeepModel.WRANGLER)
73          .trimLevel("Sport")
74          .numDoors(4)
75          .wheelSize(17)
76          .basePrice(new BigDecimal("31975.00"))
77          .build());
78
79      // @formatter:on
80      return list;
81  }
82
83
84
85

```

JUnit Status Bar: Runs: 1/1 Errors: 1 Failures: 0

Failure Trace:

```

java.lang.Error: Unresolved compilation problem:
The method builder() is undefined for the type Jeep
    at com.promineotech.jeep.controller.FetchJeepTest.testThatJeepsAreReturnedWhenAValidModelAndTrimAreSupplied(FetchJeepTest.java:53)
    at java.base/java.util.ArrayList.forEach(ArrayList.java:1511)
    at java.base/java.util.ArrayList.forEach(ArrayList.java:1511)

```

Console:

```

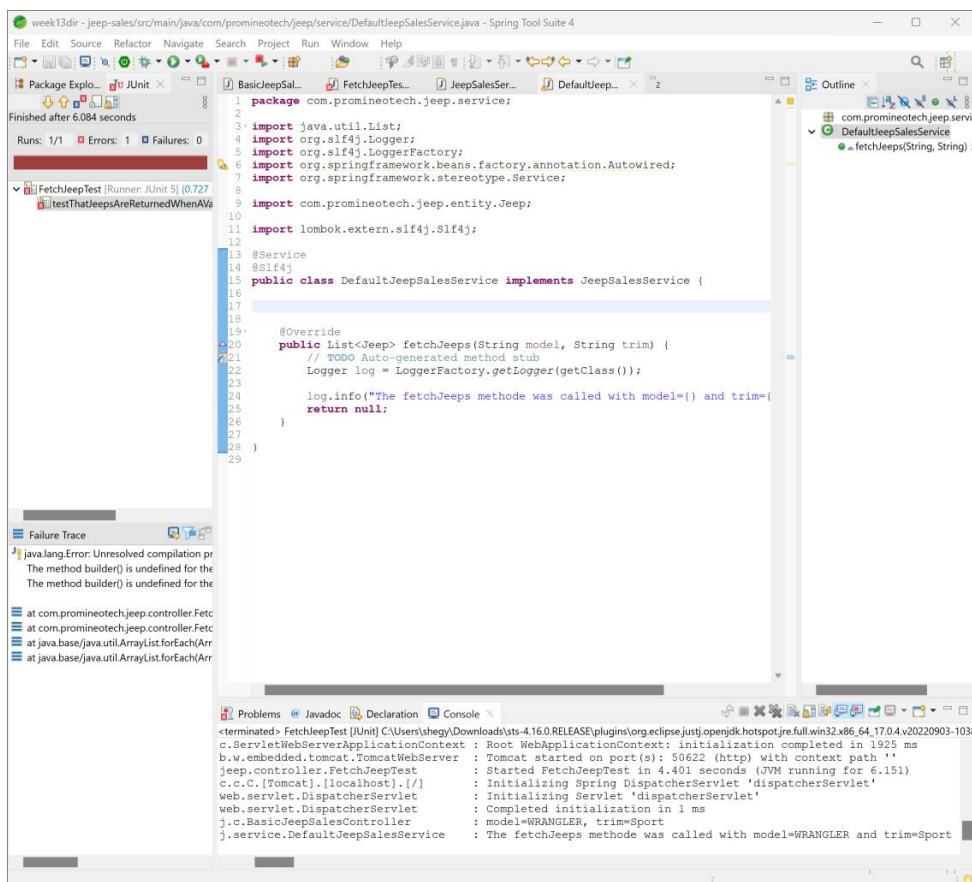
<terminated> FetchJeepTest [JUnit] C:\Users\shedy\Downloads\sts-4.16.0.RELEASE\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_17.0.4.v20220903-103
2022-10-08 13:07:19.630 INFO 14444 --- [main] o.a.c.c.C.[Tomcat].[localhost].[/] : Initial
2022-10-08 13:07:19.631 INFO 14444 --- [main] w.s.c.ServletWebServerApplicationContext : Root We
2022-10-08 13:07:23.216 INFO 14444 --- [main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer : Tomcat
2022-10-08 13:07:23.239 INFO 14444 --- [main] c.p.jeep.controller.FetchJeepTest : Started
2022-10-08 13:07:24.393 INFO 14444 --- [o-auto-1-exec-1] o.a.c.c.C.[Tomcat].[localhost].[/] : Initial
2022-10-08 13:07:24.395 INFO 14444 --- [o-auto-1-exec-1] o.s.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet : Initial
2022-10-08 13:07:24.401 INFO 14444 --- [o-auto-1-exec-1] o.s.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet : Complet
2022-10-08 13:07:24.511 INFO 14444 --- [o-auto-1-exec-1] c.p.j.c.BasicJeepSalesController : model=W

```

7) Add a service layer in your application as shown in the videos:

- a) Add a package named `com.promineotech.jeepp.service`.
- b) In the new package, create an interface named `JeepSalesService`.
- c) In the same package (service), create a class named `DefaultJeepSalesService` that implements the `JeepSalesService` interface. Add the class-level annotation, `@Service`.
- d) Inject the service interface into `DefaultJeepSalesController` using the `@Autowired` annotation. The instance variable should be private, and the variable should be named `jeepSalesService`.
- e) Define the `fetchJeeps` method in the interface. Implement the method in the service class. Call the method from the controller (make sure the controller returns the list of Jeeps returned by the service method). The method signature looks like this:

`List<Jeep> fetchJeeps(JeepModel model, String trim);`
- f) Add a Lombok info-level log statement in the service implementation showing that the service was called. Print the parameters passed to the method. Let the method return null for now.
- g) Run the test again. Produce a screenshot showing the service class implementation, the log line in the console, and the red status bar.

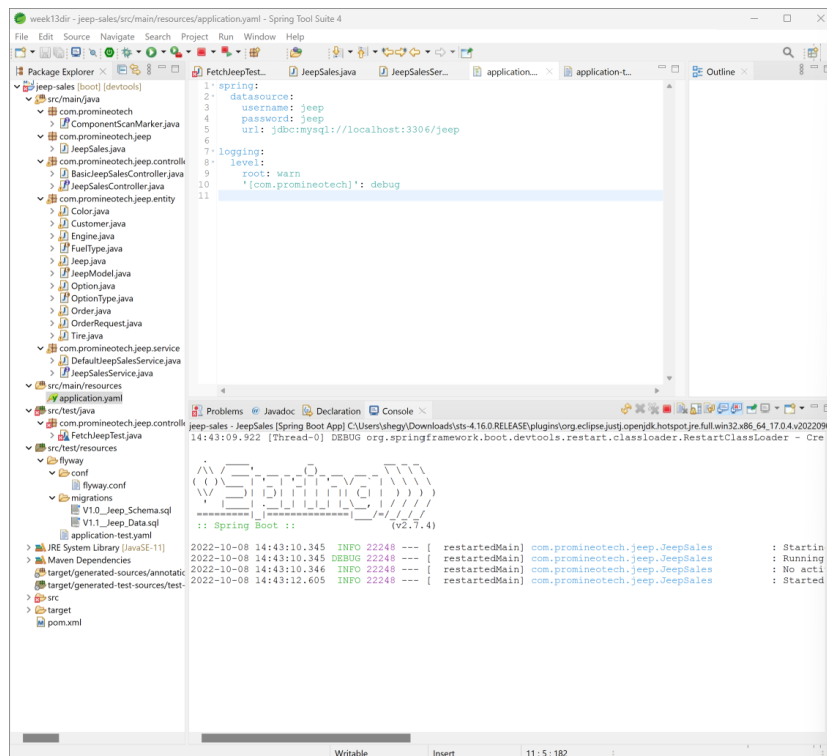


- 8) Add the database dependencies described in the video to the POM file (MySQL driver and Spring Boot Starter JDBC). To find them, navigate to <https://mvnrepository.com/>. Search for `mysql-connector-j` and `spring-boot-starter-jdbc`. In the POM file you don't need version numbers for either dependency because the version is included in the Spring Boot Starter Parent.
- 9) Create `application.yaml` in `src/main/resources`. Add the `spring.datasource.url`, `spring.datasource.username`, and `spring.datasource.password` properties to `application.yaml`. The url should be the same as shown in the video (`jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jeep`). The password and username should match your setup. If you created the database under your root user, the username is "root", and the password is the root user password. If you created a "jeep" user or other user, use the correct username and password.

Be careful with the indentation! YAML allows hierarchical configuration but it reads the hierarchy based on the indentation level. The keyword "spring" MUST start in the first column. It should look similar to this when done:

```
spring:
  datasource:
    username: username
    password: password
    url: jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jeep
```

- 10) Start the application (the real application, not the test). Produce a screenshot that shows `application.yaml` and the console showing that the application has started with no errors. 🖥️



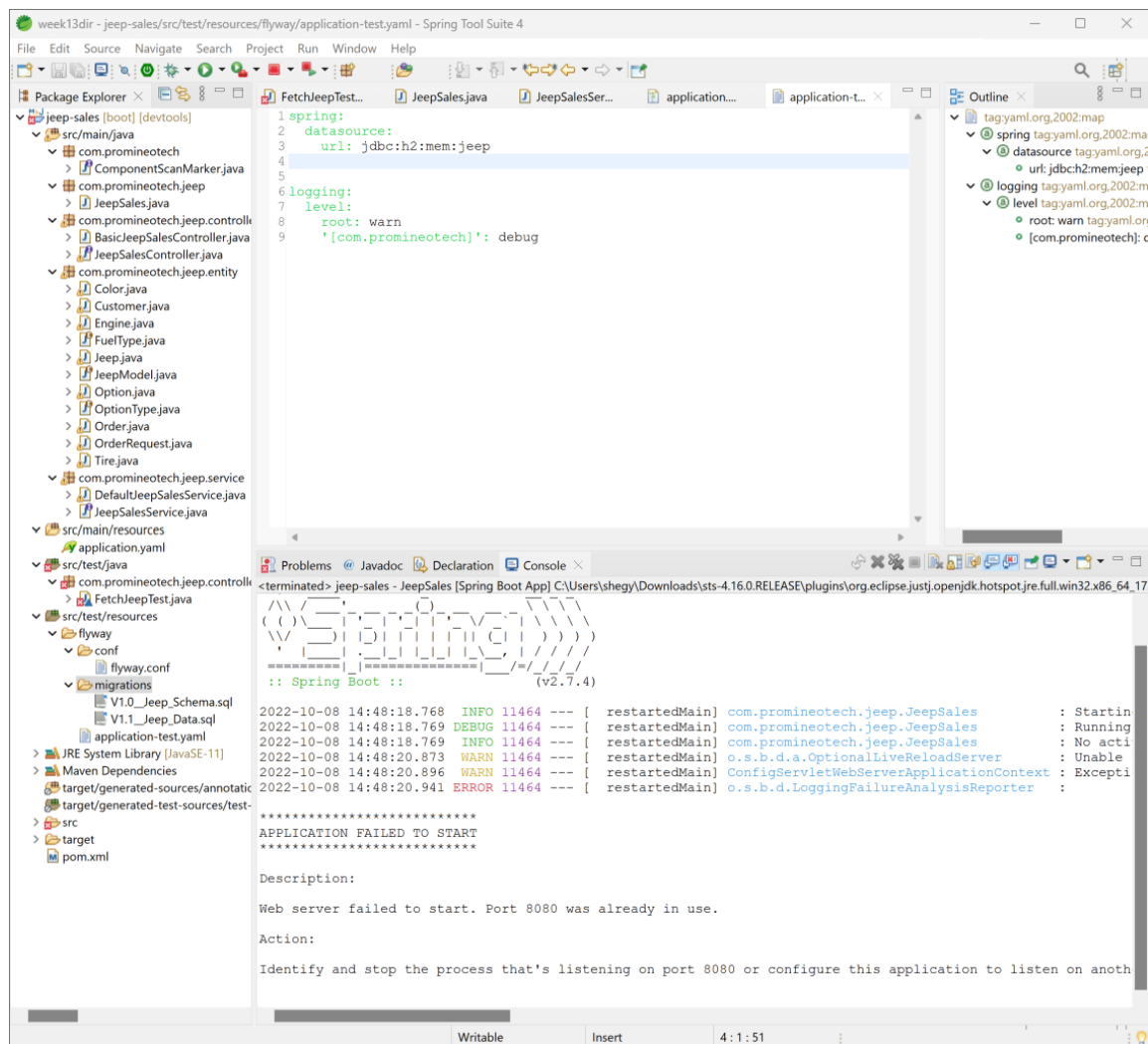
11) Add the H2 database as dependency. Search for the dependency in the Maven repository like you did above. Search for "h2" and pick the latest version. Again, you don't need the version number, but the scope should be set to "test".

12) Create application-test.yaml in src/test/resources. Add the setting spring.datasource.url that points to the H2 database. It should look like this:

```
spring:
  datasource:
    url: jdbc:h2:mem:jeep
```

You do not need to set the username and password because the in-memory H2 database does not require them.

Produce a screenshot showing application-test.yaml. 🖨️



Screenshots of Code:

The screenshot displays the Spring Tool Suite (STS) IDE interface. The Package Explorer on the left shows the project structure, including the 'src/main/java' directory with packages 'com.promineotech' and 'com.promineotech.jeeptest'. The Editor window displays the 'FetchJeeptest.java' file, which contains a Spring Boot application with a 'dataSource' property, a 'username' and 'password' property, a 'url' property, and a 'logging' level. The 'FetchJeeptest.java' file is highlighted in blue. The Console window at the bottom shows the output of the application, including the Spring Boot logo and the message 'Spring Boot :: v2.7.4'. The console also shows the application starting successfully.

<https://github.com/shegyes/Week13Assignment>

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