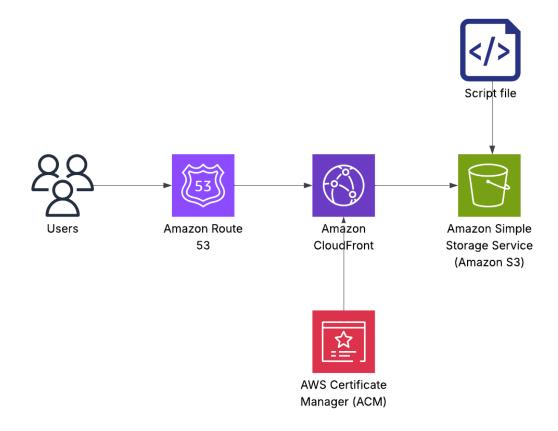
Host a Static Website on AWS Using S3, Route 53 & CloudFront



The steps to set up static web hosting using AWS S3, Route 53, and CloudFront with HTTPS redirection

1. Firstly, I want to get the Domain name. For that, we use the AWS service called Route 53. Register a Domain in Route 53

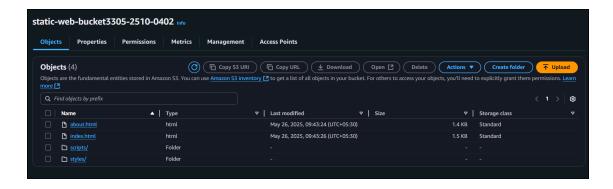
- Go to AWS Route 53 → Register Domain.
- Choose a domain (e.g., estatic.com) and complete registration.

2. Next we want to Create an S3 Bucket to store web app source files.

- Name the bucket exactly as your domain (estatic.com).
- Enable Static Website Hosting in the bucket properties.



• Upload your website files (e.g., index.html, CSS, JS).



• Unblock **public access** (temporarily, later we restrict via CloudFront).

```
Blocket public access

Off

Individual Block Public Access settings for this bucket

Bucket policy

The bucket policy, written in JSON, provides access to the objects stored in the bucket. Bucket policies don't apply to objects owned by other accounts. Learn more [2]

{

"Version": "2012-10-17";

"Statement": {

"Sidn": "Statement1",

"Effect": "Allow",

"Principal: "",

"Action": "SaceObject",

"Resource": "armawss3:::static-web-bucket3305-2510-0402/""

)

}

}
```

3. Set S3 Bucket Policy

• Attach a policy allowing public read access:

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
        "Effect": "Allow",
        "Principal": "*",
        "Action": "s3:GetObject",
        "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::estatic.com/*"
    }
  ]
}
```

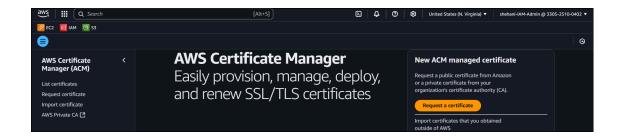


Next want the map domain name. Mapping is associate a registered domain name with a specific web server or domain.

This allows visitors to access the website using a domain name instead of IP address.

For mapping is recommended to redirect HTTP to HTTPS. For that, apply an SSL certificate.

4. Create an SSL Certificate in AWS ACM

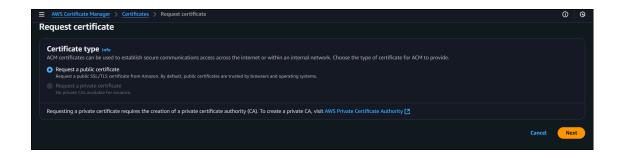


 Go to AWS Certificate Manager (ACM) in US East (N. Virginia) (required for CloudFront).



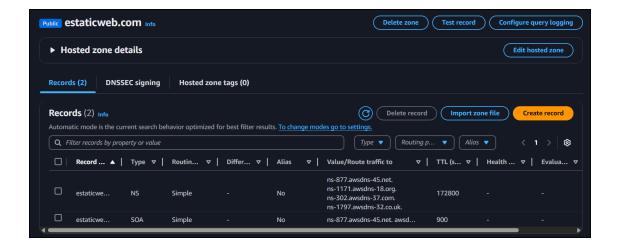
CloudFront distribution service is a regional <u>service.So</u> whatever certificate we want to select region as North Virginia.

Request a certificate for your domain (estatic.com).



 Add DNS validation by creating a CNAME record in Route 53 (automated via ACM).

then pending validation want to validate. For that, create a record by selecting hosted zone.



5. Set Up CloudFront Distribution

- Origin Domain: Select your S3 bucket (estatic.com.s3.amazonaws.com).
- Origin Access: Use Origin Access Control (OAC).
- Viewer Protocol Policy: Redirect HTTP to HTTPS.
- Alternate Domain Name (CNAME): estatic.com.
- SSL Certificate: Select the ACM certificate you created.
- **Default Root Object**: index.html (if needed).
- Deploy the distribution.

6. Update S3 Bucket Permissions for CloudFront

 After creating CloudFront, attach an S3 bucket policy allowing access only via CloudFront OAC:

```
{
    "Version": "2012-10-17",
    "Statement": [
      {
        "Effect": "Allow",
```

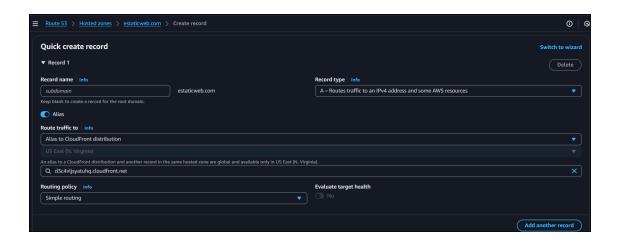
```
"Principal": {
    "Service": "cloudfront.amazonaws.com"
},
    "Action": "s3:GetObject",
    "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::estatic.com/*",
    "Condition": {
        "StringEquals": {
            "AWS:SourceArn": "arn:aws:cloudfront::ACCOUNT_ID:distribution/DISTRIBUTION_ID"
            }
        }
     }
}
```

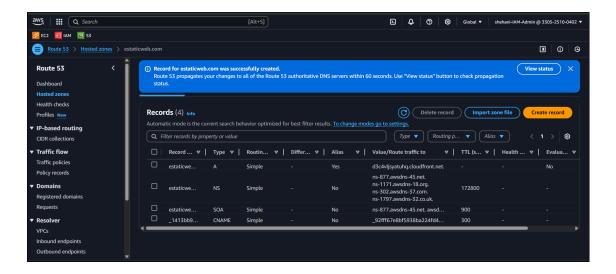
 Re-enable block public access on the S3 bucket (since CloudFront will handle access).

7. Route 53 DNS Configuration

- Go to Route 53 → Hosted Zones → estatic.com.
- Create an A record:

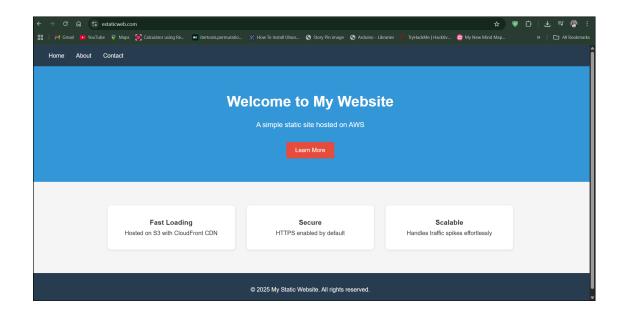
- Alias: Yes.
- Route traffic to: Your CloudFront distribution.
- (Optional) Add a **CNAME for** www pointing to estatic.com.





8. Verify & Test

Access https://estatic.com in a browser.



• Ensure HTTP redirects to HTTPS and content loads securely.