



# GOOGLE INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY DESIGN



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## Executive Summary

This document provides information on security of google infrastructure, belongs to security executive, security architects and auditors

## Introduction

This document contains following information:

- Secure services deployment
- Secure data and end-user privacy safeguards
- Secure and private communication over internet
- Safe operations

Security layers are described in following sections.

## Secure low-level infrastructure

Security of hardware, software stack running on the hardware and physical premises of data centers covered in this section,

### Security of physical premises

- Multiple layered tightly controlled personal data centers
- Multiple physical security layers
- Metal detector, biometric identification, laser-base intrusion detection system, cameras, vehicle barriers

### Hardware design and provenance

- Design server board and networking equipment
- Audit and validate components properties by external auditors
- Design custom hardware chips to authenticate legitimate devices

### Secure boot stack and machine identity

- Cryptographic signature for low-level components
- Validate signatures during each boot or update cycle
- Continually improve security with every new generation of hardware

Automated system to do following functionality:

- Ensure servers have software's stack up to date
- Detect and diagnose software hardware
- Machines and peripherals integrity verification with verified boot and implicit attestation
- Intended software and firmware can only access the credentials to communicate on production network
- Services and machines remove or re-allocate after they no longer needed

## Secure service deployment

Infrastructure follows zero trust model, trust no service, device, users by default from inside as well as outside of network.

### Service identity, integrity, and isolation

- Cryptographic authentication and authorization for inter-service communication
- Do not rely on firewall and internal network segmentation as primary security mechanism
- Security policies confirm that communication is done with intended server with limited access to data and functionality
- Sandbox use to separate services execution from other services

### Inter-service access management

- Audit logging, justifications and unilateral access restriction
- Services can be allowed or deny their access according to their identities
- Logging, approval chains and notification are used for managing identities
- System verifies that an engineer cannot perform sensitive operations without approval from another authorized engineer

### Encryption of inter-service communication

- All communication is verified and encrypted
- Automatic end-to-end encryption for infrastructure traffic

### Access management of end-user data in Google Workspace

- Return data of only end-user to whom it belongs
- Verify user by taking credentials to generate a ticket for short time period

## Secure data storage

Data security stored on infrastructure is described here.

### Encryption at rest

- Several layers of encryption to protect data
- Encrypt all data before writing to storage
- Hardware encryption is activated in HDD and SSD
- Track each drive through their lifecycles
- Before a decommissioned, storage devices cleaned by multi step process, if it is not pass through this process then it will physically destroy

### Deletion of data

- Marking specific data as schedule started for deleting data
- When user deletes its account, infrastructure tells service to delete data associated with its account
- End user have full control to delete their data

## Secure internet communication

Communication between internet and services that run on Google infrastructure.

### Google Front End service

- Services available on internet must register itself from Google Front End (GFE)
- GFE verifies TLS connection termination with correct certificate
- Provides protection against DOS attack
- Internal services use as externally uses GFE as smart reverse-proxy frontend

### DoS protection

- Absorbs many DOS attacks
- Multi-tier, multi-layer Dos protection
- Software and hardware level load balancer are used for connections
- Load balancer report information about incoming traffic to central DOS service running
- Drop or throttle traffic associated with the attack by dos service after detection

- GFE give application layer information to DOS service which load balancer don't have access, drop that traffic also

## User authentication

- Central identity service used
- User can interact with this service using Google login
- Get information from user according to risk factor

## Operational Security

Protect infrastructure, employees' machine and credentials from inside as well as outside attacks

### Safe software development

- Prevent developer from security bugs using specific libraries
- Manual security review of each aspect in depth
- Bug Bounty program
- Invest in zero-day vulnerability

### Source code protections

- Confirm that software and configuration are reviewed and authorized
- Confirm that code meet certain minimum standards
- Limit the insider to perform changes, give forensics facility to them

### Keeping employee devices and credentials safe

- Mandatory use of U2F-compatible security keys
- Monitor client devices to check their device is up to date, don't have any malicious application, suitable for corporate
- Zero trust mechanism is used to secure employee access to resources

### Reducing insider risk

- Limit and actively monitor employee having administration privileges
- Eliminate privilege access by automating task in safe environment

### Threat monitoring

- Threat Analysis group monitors threat actors

## Intrusion detection

- Red Team Exercise to improve effectiveness
- Investigation and incident response team work 24 hours a day, 365 days a year
- Sophisticated data processing pipelines on individual devices
- Rules and machine intelligence on top of these pipelines give warning to engineers about incidents

**(Team, 2022)**

## Conclusions

Google Infrastructure Security Design tells us that to secure corporate we should focus on following:

- Secure low-level infrastructure
- Secure service deployment
- Secure data storage
- Secure internet communication
- Operational Security

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