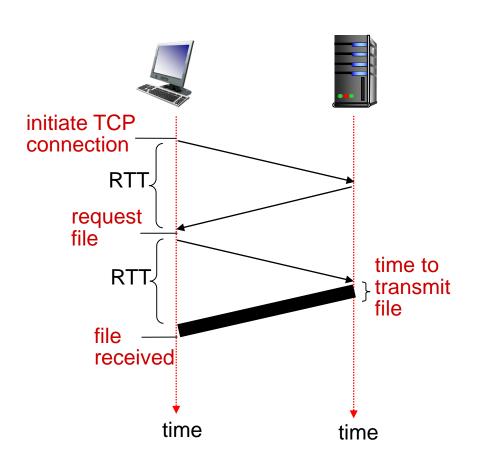
### Loading of Web Pages DNS Browser Server **Internet** WWW Server Browser asks DNS for the IP address of the server DNS answers Browser opens TCP connection to port 80 Browser sends the command GET /stud/index.html → WWW server sends back the file index.html . Connection is terminated

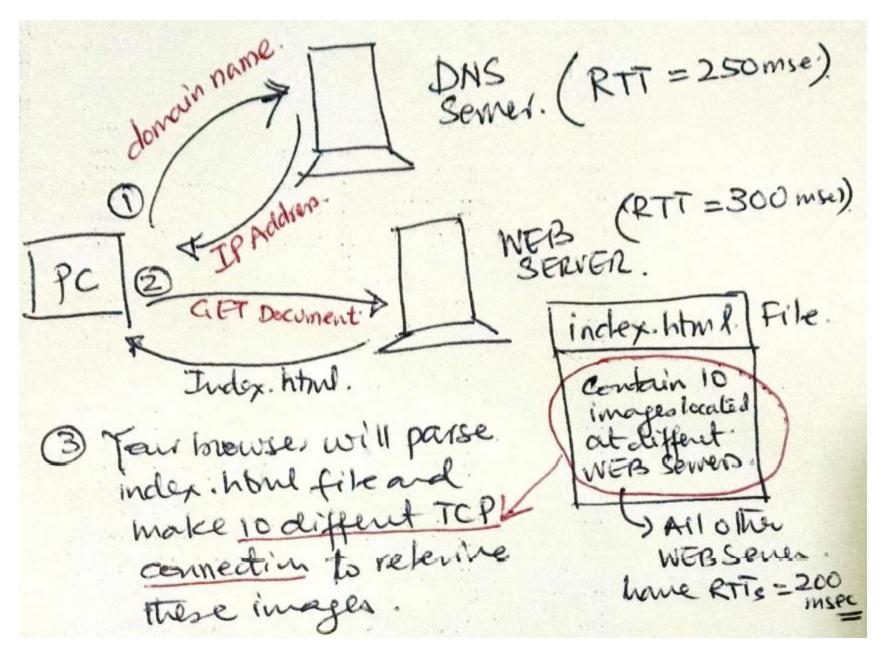
## Non-persistent HTTP: response time

RTT (definition): time for a small packet to travel from client to server and back

#### HTTP response time:

- one RTT to initiate TCP connection
- one RTT for HTTP request and first few bytes of HTTP response to return
- file transmission time
- non-persistent HTTP
   response time =
   2RTT+ file transmission
   time





### Persistent HTTP

### non-persistent HTTP issues:

- requires 2 RTTs per object
- OS overhead for each TCP connection
- browsers often open parallel TCP connections to fetch referenced objects

### persistent HTTP:

- server leaves connection open after sending response
- subsequent HTTP
   messages between same
   client/server sent over
   open connection
- client sends requests as soon as it encounters a referenced object
- as little as one RTT for all the referenced objects

# HTTP request message

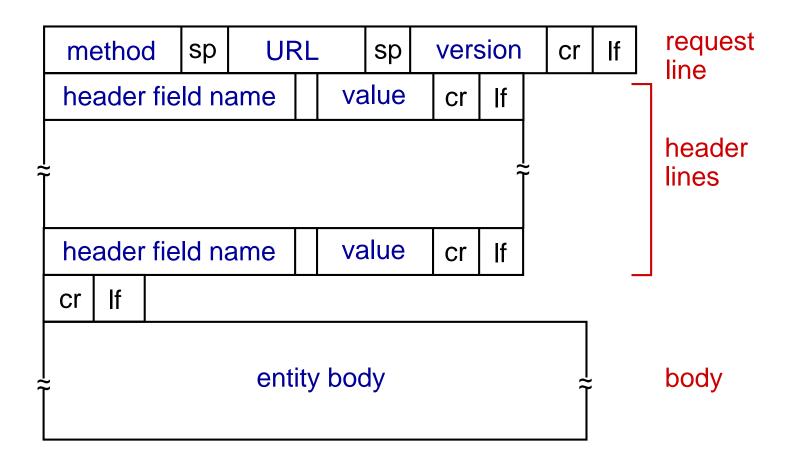
- two types of HTTP messages: request, response
- HTTP request message:
  - ASCII (human-readable format)

```
line-feed character
request line
(GET, POST,
                    GET /index.html HTTP/1.1\r\n
                    Host: www-net.cs.umass.edu\r\n
HEAD commands)
                    User-Agent: Firefox/3.6.10\r\n
                    Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml\r\n
            header
                    Accept-Language: en-us, en; q=0.5\r\n
              lines
                    Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate\r\n
                    Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1, utf-8; q=0.7\r\n
carriage return,
                    Keep-Alive: 115\r\n
line feed at start
                    Connection: keep-alive\r\n
of line indicates
end of header lines
```

carriage return character

<sup>\*</sup> Check out the online interactive exercises for more examples: http://gaia.cs.umass.edu/kurose\_ross/interactive/

### HTTP request message: general format



# Uploading form input

### **POST** method:

- web page often includes form input
- input is uploaded to server in entity body

### **URL** method:

- uses GET method
- input is uploaded in URL field of request line:

www.somesite.com/animalsearch?monkeys&banana

# Method types

#### HTTP/I.0:

- GET
- POST
- HEAD
  - asks server to leave requested object out of response

#### HTTP/I.I:

- GET, POST, HEAD
- PUT
  - uploads file in entity body to path specified in URL field
- DELETE
  - deletes file specified in the URL field

## HTTP response message

```
status line
(protocol
                HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n
status code
                Date: Sun, 26 Sep 2010 20:09:20 GMT\r\n
status phrase)
                Server: Apache/2.0.52 (CentOS) \r\n
                Last-Modified: Tue, 30 Oct 2007 17:00:02
                  GMT\r\n
                ETag: "17dc6-a5c-bf716880"\r\n
     header
                Accept-Ranges: bytes\r\n
       lines
                Content-Length: 2652\r\n
                Keep-Alive: timeout=10, max=100\r\n
                Connection: Keep-Alive\r\n
                Content-Type: text/html; charset=ISO-8859-
                  1\r\n
data, e.g.,
                \r\n
requested
                data data data data ...
HTML file
```

<sup>\*</sup> Check out the online interactive exercises for more examples: http://gaia.cs.umass.edu/kurose\_ross/interactive/

## HTTP response status codes

- status code appears in 1st line in server-toclient response message.
- some sample codes:

#### 200 OK

request succeeded, requested object later in this msg

#### 301 Moved Permanently

 requested object moved, new location specified later in this msg (Location:)

#### 400 Bad Request

request msg not understood by server

#### 404 Not Found

requested document not found on this server

#### 505 HTTP Version Not Supported

## Trying out HTTP (client side) for yourself

I. Telnet to your favorite Web server:

2. type in a GET HTTP request:

```
GET /kurose_ross/interactive/index.php HTTP/1.1

Host: gaia.cs.umass.edu

by typing this in (hit carriage return twice), you send this minimal (but complete)

GET request to HTTP server
```

3. look at response message sent by HTTP server! (or use Wireshark to look at captured HTTP request/response)

### Conditional GET

- Goal: don't send object if cache has up-to-date cached version
  - no object transmission delay
  - lower link utilization
- cache: specify date of cached copy in HTTP request

If-modified-since:
 <date>

 server: response contains no object if cached copy is up-to-date:

HTTP/1.0 304 Not Modified

