## Quiz 1

1. Select the correct option: GPT-3 is a \_\_\_\_\_-gram model. (15 marks)

a.. 1024

b. 2048

c. 4096

d. 8192

- 2. In one line, explain why hallucinations can still occur in LLMs despite using advanced prompting techniques like Chain of Thought (CoT). (15 marks)
- 3. In one sentence, explain how **Self-Verification helps reduce factual errors** in an LLM's output. (15 marks)
- 4. **True or False:** Advanced prompting techniques (such as Chain of Thought and Self-Ask) can enhance an LLM's reasoning but may also **amplify biases** from training data, leading to **more persuasive yet incorrect responses** when the initial reasoning is flawed. Provide a **one-line explanation.** (15 marks)
- 5. Match the following

(40 marks)

| Prompting Technique             | Primary Function/Characteristic                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| a. Zero-Shot CoT                | Prompts the model to create a variety of reasoning paths on its own, then integrate the best results |
| b. Auto-CoT                     | Asks follow-up questions to refine the model's understanding and its final output                    |
| c. Self-Ask                     | 3. Provides a step-by-step explanation <i>in one</i> prompt without any additional examples          |
| d. Program of Thoughts<br>(PoT) | Uses code-like structures or "scripts" to break down and solve tasks methodically                    |
| e. Tree of Thoughts             | 5. Explores branching pathways to evaluate multiple partial solutions hierarchically                 |

## **Answers:**

- 1. 2048
- 2. Because LLMs rely on probabilistic text generation and incomplete training data, they can confidently generate factually incorrect statements, leading to hallucinations despite structured reasoning prompts.
- 3. Self-verification has the model revisit or question its own answer, checking for inconsistencies or factual inaccuracies before finalizing the response.
- 4. True Because LLMs rely on probabilistic generation and may contain inherent biases, any technique that structures or extends the model's reasoning (e.g., CoT, Self-Ask) can produce more detailed—but potentially biased or factually incorrect—responses if the foundational assumptions or data are flawed (incorrect).

## 5. Matchings:

- a. Zero-Shot COT  $\rightarrow$  3
- b. Auto-CoT  $\rightarrow$  1
- c. Self-ask  $\rightarrow$  2
- d. Program of Thoughts  $\rightarrow$  4
- e. Tree of Thoughts  $\rightarrow$  5