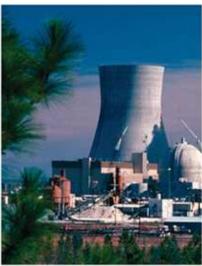
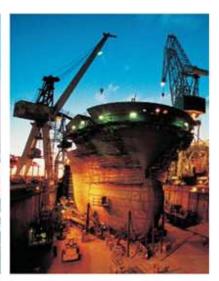
SmartPlant 3D Programming II

Student Workbook

Process, Power & Marine









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Introduction

The Student workbook is designed as an aid for students attending the SP3D Programming II class presented by Intergraph Corporation, and it's a supplement to the standard product documentation.

Objective

This document is designed to provide a guideline for people who need to customize the server-based interference check post-processing rule and design smart occurrence symbol definitions for the SmartPlant 3D application. This workbook includes, but is not limited to the following:

- Provides an overview of customization with the SmartPlant 3D software using standard WindowsTM programming tools and languages like Visual BasicTM.
- Customize the server-based interference check post-processing rule
- Describes some of the automation components that can be used to design new symbol smart occurrence entities
- Provides examples of workflow customization.

Assumptions are made here that the user has a prerequisite knowledge of the SmartPlant 3D reference data.

Course description

Visual Basic Smart Occurrence Symbol Creation

Course Reference Material

SmartPlant 3D Programmer's Guide

SmartPlant 3D Symbols Reference Data Guide

SmartPlant 3D Reference Data Guide

Lab 1: Interference Check Post-Processing Rule

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Understand the post-processing interference checking rule
- Assign the interference object to a permission group
- Add a note to the interference object based on the object type of the colliding objects
- Add a rule to eliminate the creation of interference objects for Handrail-to-Slab collisions
- Add a rule to avoid creating interference objects where colliding objects belong to a test permission group

Exercise 1: Interference object permission group property

1. Create the following directories:

 $c:\langle train \rangle IFCRule$

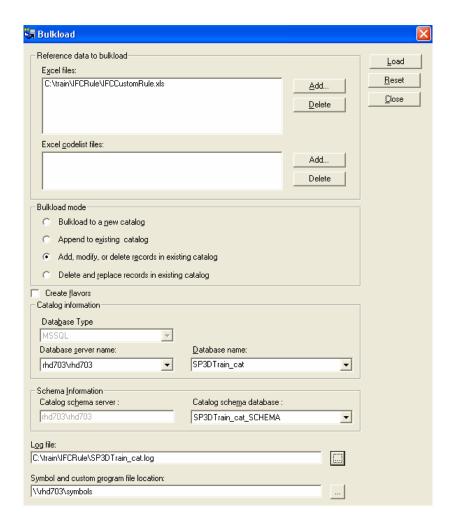
2. Copy the delivered IFC Post-Processing Visual Basic files to *c:\train\IFCRule*

Note:

- The IFC Post-Processing Visual Basic project is delivered under [Installation]\
 Programming\ExampleCode\Rules\InterferenceRules
- 3. Open the IFCRule.xls under [Installation]\CatalogData\BulkLoad\Datafiles
- 4. Remember to delete the existing record and add the letter A to the new record.
- 5. Add a new IFC rule name and the ProgID as shown here:

Head	RuleName	RuleProgID		
Start		_		
d	Processor Rule_1	IFCRule.ProcessorRule		
a	Processor Rule_1	IFCCustomRule.ProcessorRule		
End				

- 6. Save the Excel sheet as IFCCustomRule.xls under c:\train\IFCRule. Exit Excel.
- 7. Run Bulkload Utility (START Menu -> Intergraph SmartPlant 3D -> Database Tools -> Bulkload Reference Data)
- 8. Set the bulkload to A/M/D mode.
- 9. Select Load button to add the new IFC rule into the training catalog.



- 10. Place/route some structures members, pipelines, cabletrays and standard equipments in the model such that they interfere with one-another as shown below:
 - a) Piping against structure
 - b) Equipment against structure
 - c) Piping against cabletray
 - d) Structure against cabletray
- 11. Navigate to $c:\langle train \rangle$ IFCRule and remove the Read-only flag from all files.
- 12. Open the IFCRule.vbp project.
- 13. Go to the Properties Window and change the name of the Project as shown here:



- 14. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the Project node. Select *File -> Save Project As* option to save the project as IFCCustomRule.vbp under the *c:\train\IFCRule* directory.
- 15. Open the PostProcessorRule.cls class and navigate to the Class_Initialize subroutine.
- 16. Note the names of the permission groups:

```
m\_strPermissionGroups(0) = "IFC Supports"

m\_strPermissionGroups(1) = "IFC Conduits"

m\_strPermissionGroups(2) = "IFC Cableway"

m\_strPermissionGroups(3) = "IFC HVAC"

m\_strPermissionGroups(4) = "IFC Piping"

m\_strPermissionGroups(5) = "IFC Structure"

m\_strPermissionGroups(6) = "IFC Equipment"

m\_strPermissionGroups(7) = "IFC Volumes"
```

- 17. These are the names of the permission groups that the interferences will be assigned to. You will need to create these permission groups using the Project Management task.
- 18. Notice that in the Get Permission Index subroutine defines the ranking on the basis of which permission groups will be assigned.

```
Select Case (strParentType)
Case "Pipe Supports", "Cable Tray Supports", "Duct Supports"
  GetPermissionGroupIndex = 0
Case "Conduit Components", "Conduits"
  GetPermissionGroupIndex = 1
Case "Cable Tray Components", "Cableway Along Leg", "Cableway Straight", _
       "Cable Trays", "Cableway Turn"
  GetPermissionGroupIndex = 2
Case "HVAC Components", "Ducts"
  GetPermissionGroupIndex = 3
Case "Pipes", "Piping Welds", "Piping Components", "Piping Instruments", _
       "Piping Specialty Items"
  GetPermissionGroupIndex = 4
Case "Member Part Linear", "Member Part Curve", "Slab", _
       "Equipment Foundation", "Footing", "Stairs", "Ladders", "Handrails"
  GetPermissionGroupIndex = 5
Case "Legacy Equipment", "Legacy Designed Equipment", "Equipment"
  GetPermissionGroupIndex = 6
```

```
Case "Interference Volumes"
GetPermissionGroupIndex = 7

Case Default
GetPermissionGroupIndex = -1
End Select
```

Note This is the hierarchy of object types. If an object that is lower in the hierarchy (lower permissiongroupindex) interferes with an object higher in the hierarchy (higher permissiongroupindex), the interference will be assigned to the permission group of the object lower in the hierarchy.

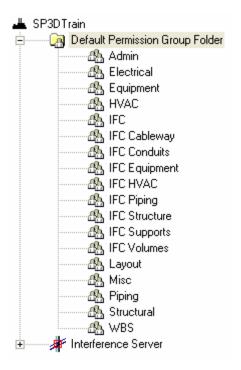
19. Go to the IJDInterferenceRule_CreateInterference subroutine and uncomment the following lines:

```
If IfcType = IfcServerInterference Then
'assign a permission group to the IFC object based on rule
AssignIFCPermissionGroup pInterferenceObj, strParentType1, strParentType2
End If
```

20. Update the binary compatibility of your program to IFCCustomRule-ref.dll

Note: One of the most important steps in Visual Basic programming is to preserve the binary compatibility of your program. Save the final version of your dll file to be binary compatibility in order to preserve the CLSID

- 21. Re-compile the program using File -> Make IFCCustomRule.dll
- 22. Start the Project Management task and make permission groups named "IFC Cableway", "IFC Piping" and "IFC Structure", etc. as shown here:



- 23. Start the interference check service.
- 24. Select the Plant and select permission group IFC as the group to assign interferences to.
- 25. Click Start to start the interference detection process. The process starts and begins running.
- 26. After 5 minutes, refresh/define workspace that includes objects placed in the above step. You should see interferences created between the objects.
- 27. Check the permission group of the interference object. You will see the following:

Interfering Objects	Permission Group
Piping against structure	IFC Piping
Equipment against structure	IFC Structure
Piping against cabletray	IFC Cableway
Structure against cabletray	IFC Cableway

28. Stop the interference detection process.

Exercise 2: Interference object remark property

Add a note to the interference object remark property where the colliding objects are both structure objects (linear member part).

- 1. Open the IFCCustomRule.vbp project.
- 2. Go to the PostProcessorRule.cls

3. Go to the IJDInterferenceRule_CreateInterference subroutine and add the following lines

```
Dim strNotes As String

strNotes = ""

If IfcType = IfcServerInterference Then

If strParentType1 Like "Member Part Linear" And _

strParentType2 Like "Member Part Linear" Then

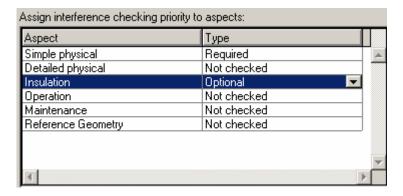
strNotes = "Call Structure Design leader"

pInterferenceObj.InterferenceRemark = strNotes

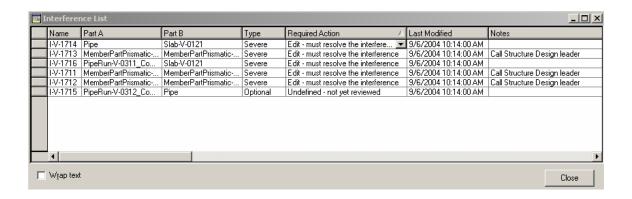
End If

End If
```

- 4. Re-compile the program using File -> Make IFCCustomRule.dll
- 5. Start the interference check service.
- 6. Change the interference checking process criteria by assigning the interference priority to the Insulation Aspect as Optional.



- 7. Click Start button to start the interference detection process. Select Yes to re-check the entire Model. Select OK button for the process starts and begins running.
- 8. After 5 minutes, refresh/define workspace. You should see interferences created between the objects. Stop the interference detection process.
- 9. Check the remark property of the interference objects as shown below:



Exercise 3: Interference rule for Handrails-to-Slab collisions

Place handrails and grating slabs in the model such that they interfere with one-another.

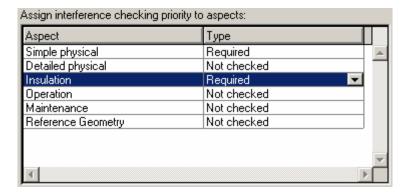
- 1. Open the IFCCustomRule.vbp project.
- 2. Go to the PostProcessorRule.cls
- 3. Go to the IJDInterferenceRule_CreateInterference subroutine and add the following lines:

```
If IfcType = IfcServerInterference Then
    If HandrailClashGrating(strParentType1, strParentType2, pParent1, pParent2) Then
    IJDInterferenceRule_CreateInterference = False
    Exit Function
    End If
End If
```

4. Create a function called HandrailClashGrating() that return a Boolean value if there is an interference between handrail and slab of type grating.

```
Set oCollection = oRelationHelper.CollectionRelations("ISPSSlabEntity",
"SlabEntityTypeReferenceRln_ORIG")
    If oCollection.count <> 0 Then
       Set\ oAttrbs = oCollection.Item(1)
       slabtype = oAttrbs. Collection OfAttributes("IJDPart"). Item("PartNumber"). Value
       ' check if slab is of grating type
       If InStr(slabtype, "Grating") Then
         HandrailClashGrating = True
         Exit Function
       End If
    End If
  ElseIf (strObject1 Like "Handrails" And strObject2 Like "Slab") Then
     get the slab type from the object
    Set oRelationHelper = pParent2
    Set oCollection = oRelationHelper.CollectionRelations("ISPSSlabEntity",
"SlabEntityTypeReferenceRln_ORIG")
    If oCollection.count <> 0 Then
       Set\ oAttrbs = oCollection.Item(1)
       slabtype = oAttrbs. CollectionOfAttributes("IJDPart"). Item("PartNumber"). Value
       ' check if slab is of grating type
       If InStr(slabtype, "Grating") Then
         HandrailClashGrating = True
         Exit Function
       End If
    End If
  End If
Exit Function
ErrHndlr:
  Err.Clear
End Function
```

- 5. Re-compile the program using File -> Make IFCustomRule.dll
- 6. Start the interference check service.
- 7. Change the interference checking process criteria by assign the interference priority to the Insulation Aspect as Required.



- 8. Click Start button to start the interference detection process. Select Yes to re-check the entire Model. Select OK button for the process starts and begins running.
- 9. After 5 minutes, refresh/define workspace. You should see interferences created between the objects. The interference checking process should not create an interference object between handrails and slabs of type grating.
- 10. Stop the interference detection process.

Exercise 4: Interference Rule for objects belonging to a Test Permission Group

1. Start the Project Management task and create a permission group named "TESTPG".



- 2. Go to the Equipment Task. Set the active permission group to "TESTPG".
- 3. Place some standard equipments in the model such that they interfere with one-another.
- 4. Go to the Piping Task. Make sure the active permission group is set to "TESTPG". Route some pipe runs in the model such that they interfere with any objects in the model.
- 5. Add a rule to avoid creating interference objects where colliding objects belong to "TESTPG".
- 6. Open the IFCCustomRule.vbp project.
- 7. Go to the PostProcessorRule.cls
- 8. Go to the IJDInterferenceRule_CreateInterference subroutine and add the following lines:

```
If IfcType = IfcServerInterference Then
If objectBelongToPG("TESTPG", pParent1, pParent2) Then
IJDInterferenceRule_CreateInterference = False
Exit Function
End If
End If
```

- 9. Create a function called objectBelongToPG("TESTPG", pParent1, pParent2) that return a Boolean value if the colliding object belong to a Permission Group called "TESTPG".
- 10. Create a Private Function with the following arguments:

```
Private Function objectBelongToPG(UPPERCASE_pgName_substring As String _
, ByVal pParent1 As Object _
, ByVal pParent2 As Object _
) As Boolean
```

11. Next, add an error handler statement

On Error GoTo ErrHndlr

12. Set the function to return a False Boolean value by default

```
objectBelongToPG = False
```

13. Declare and set the reference to the object variables:

```
Dim pNum1 As Long, pNum2 As Long
Dim strPgName1 As String, strPgName2 As String
Dim pObject1 As IJDObject
Dim pObject2 As IJDObject
Set pObject1 = pParent1
Set pObject2 = pParent2
```

14. Declare variables to store the Permission Group Name and Permission Group ID of the colliding objects.

```
Dim pNum1 As Long, pNum2 As Long
Dim strPgName1 As String, strPgName2 As String
```

15. Get the permission group ID from the two colliding objects

```
pNum1 = pObject1.PermissionGroup
pNum2 = pObject2.PermissionGroup
```

16. Get the permission group Name from the two colliding objects using a function called ConvertPGNumberToName(). The code for this function is documented later in this lab.

```
strPgName1 = ConvertPGNumberToName(pNum1)
strPgName2 = ConvertPGNumberToName(pNum2)
```

17. Write the test condition if the retrieved permission group name is "TESTPG". If the condition is true then set the function to return a TRUE Boolean value.

```
If InStr(UCase(strPgName1), UPPERCASE_pgName_substring) > 0 Or InStr(UCase(strPgName2), UPPERCASE_pgName_substring) > 0 Then objectBelongToPG = True Exit Function End If
```

18. Add the exit statement to exit the function procedure

Exit Function

19. When an error occurs at run time, add the following code to handle it:

Exit Function ErrHndlr: Err.Clear

Note The function should look like this:

```
Private Function objectBelongToPG(UPPERCASE pgName substring As String
                  , ByVal pParent1 As Object _
                  , ByVal pParent2 As Object
                  ) As Boolean
On Error GoTo ErrHndlr
  ' by default, foul will be created
  objectBelongToPG = False
  Dim pNum1 As Long, pNum2 As Long
  Dim strPgName1 As String, strPgName2 As String
  Dim pObject1 As IJDObject
  Dim pObject2 As IJDObject
  Set pObject1 = pParent1
  Set pObject2 = pParent2
  ' getting permission group name for parts
  pNum1 = pObject1.PermissionGroup
  pNum2 = pObject2.PermissionGroup
  strPgName1 = ConvertPGNumberToName(pNum1)
  strPgName2 = ConvertPGNumberToName(pNum2)
  If InStr(UCase(strPgName1), UPPERCASE pgName substring) > 0 Or InStr(UCase(strPgName2),
UPPERCASE_pgName_substring) > 0 Then
    objectBelongToPG = True
    Exit Function
  End If
```

Exit Function
ErrHndlr:
Err.Clear
End Function

- 20. Next, write a Private Function that gets the permission group id and return the corresponding permission group name.
- 21. Create a Private Function with the following arguments:

Private Function ConvertPGNameToNumber(ByVal strPFName As String) As Long

23. Next, add an error handler statement

On Error GoTo ErrHndlr

24. Declare variables to store temporary a Permission Group Name and a Permission Group ID. Also, declare a variable to store the total number of permission group (count) define in the model.

Dim CID As Long
Dim count As Long
Dim CIDName As String
Dim acc As Long
Dim i As Long

25. User the IJAccessControlConfiguration interface and the ApplicationContext service to retrieve the Access Control Configuration information for the current model. Declare and set the reference to the object variables:

Dim oMidCtx As IJMiddleContext
Dim oDBTypeConfig As IJDBTypeConfiguration
Dim oDataBaseConfig As IJDataBaseConfiguration
Dim oACConfig As IJAccessControlConfiguration
Dim oAccessControl As IJAccessControl
Dim bFound As Boolean

Set oDBTypeConfig = New DBTypeConfiguration Set oDataBaseConfig = New DataBaseConfiguration Set oACConfig = New AccessControlConfiguration

Set oMidCtx = New GSCADMiddleContext 'should come with initialzied one oMidCtx.GetConfigurationTablesFromMiddle oDBTypeConfig, oDataBaseConfig, oACConfig Set oAccessControl = oACConfig.AccessControl count = oACConfig.NumberConditionIDs

26. Create a loop to go through the permission group list. Set a Boolean variable to TRUE if the permission group id is found in the list and return the corresponding permission group name.

```
For i = 1 To count
oACConfig.GetConditionIDByIndex i, CIDName, CID
oAccessControl.GetAccessRight CID, acc
If ((acc And acUpdate) = acUpdate) Then
If CIDName Like strPFName Then
On Error Resume Next
ConvertPGNameToNumber = CID
bFound = True
Exit For
End If
Else
bFound = False
End If
Next i
```

27. If the permission group id is not found in the list, return No found string.

```
'Could not find any permission group .. assingning 0
If bFound = False Then
ConvertPGNameToNumber = 0
End If
```

28. Add the exit statement to exit the function procedure

Exit Function

29. When an error occurs at run time, add the following code to handle it:

```
ErrHndlr:
Err.Raise Err.Number
Debug.Assert False
```

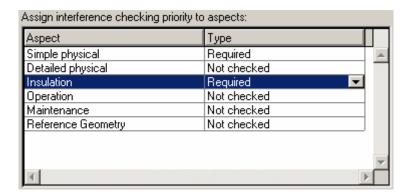
Note The function should look like this:

```
'Gets the PG number and return the corresponding permission group string
Private Function ConvertPGNumberToName(ByVal PGnum As Long) As String
On Error GoTo ErrHndlr
Dim PGID As Long
Dim count As Long
Dim pgName As String
Dim i As Long

Dim oMidCtx As IJMiddleContext
Dim oDBTypeConfig As IJDBTypeConfiguration
Dim oDataBaseConfig As IJDataBaseConfiguration
Dim oAccessControl As IJAccessControl
```

```
' default
  ConvertPGNumberToName = ""
  Set oDBTypeConfig = New DBTypeConfiguration
  Set oDataBaseConfig = New DataBaseConfiguration
  Set oACConfig = New AccessControlConfiguration
  Set oMidCtx = New GSCADMiddleContext
  oMidCtx.GetConfigurationTablesFromMiddle oDBTypeConfig, oDataBaseConfig, oACConfig
  Set oAccessControl = oACConfig.AccessControl
  count = oACConfig.NumberConditionIDs
  For i = 1 To count
    oACConfig.GetConditionIDByIndex i, pgName, PGID
    If PGID = PGnum Then
      ConvertPGNumberToName = pgName
      Exit Function
    End If
  Next i
Exit Function
ErrHndlr:
  Err.Clear
  ConvertPGNumberToName = ""
End Function
```

- 30. Re-compile the program using File -> Make IFCCustomRule.dll
- 31. Start the Check interference check service.
- 32. Change the interference checking process criteria by assign the interference priority to the Insulation Aspect as Required.



33. Click Start button to start the interference detection process. Select Yes to re-check the entire Model. Select OK button for the process starts and begins running.

- 34. After 5 minutes, refresh/define workspace. You should see interferences created between the objects. The interference checking process should not create an interference object where colliding objects belong to "TESTPG".
- 35. Stop the interference detection process.

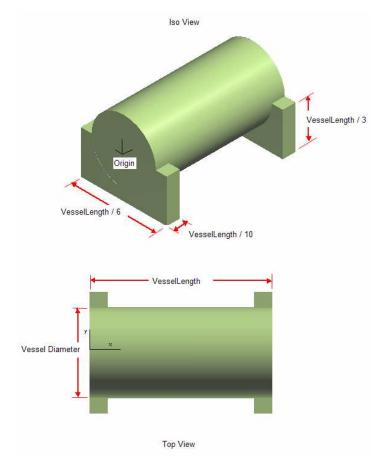
Lab 2: Equipment Component Symbol

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Create a simple equipment component symbol
- Learn to use the Symbol Helper service to create the symbol definition
- Use the Equipment CAD Helper to define the Custom Assembly Definition
- Learn to use the IJDAggregatorDescription, IJDMemberDescriptions, and IJDPropertyDescriptions to define the behaviors of the custom assembly occurrence (CAO)
- Learn to use the Geometry Helper service to create simple geometric shapes for the symbol's output

In this lab, you will create an equipment component symbol as shown below. You start by using the SP3DEqpTemplateAsm template provided by the instructor to create the symbol. This symbol consists of three simple geometric shapes (one cylinder and two rectangular boxes) to define the symbol's output. Two inputs "VesselDiameter and "VesselLength" are required to draw this symbol.



1. Create the following directory:

c:\train

2. Copy the Equipment Symbol Template Project provided by the instructor to

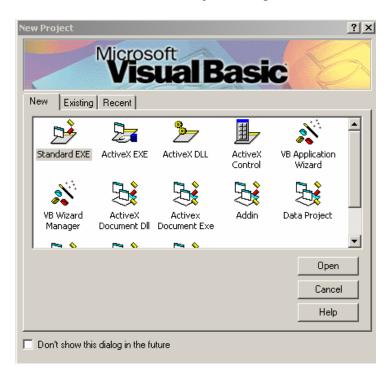
 $c:\train\EqpAsmTemplate$

Note:

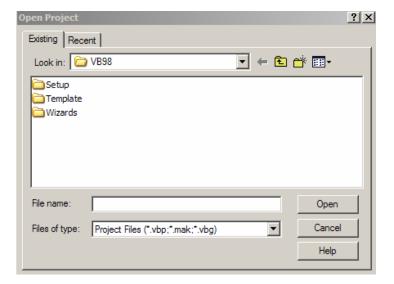
- The EqpAsm template is delivered under [Installation]\Programming\ExampleCode\Symbols\EqpAsmTemplate
- 3. Create a directory called lab1 as follows:

 $c:\langle train \rangle lab1$

- 4. Run Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0
- 5. Close the Microsoft New Project dialog box.



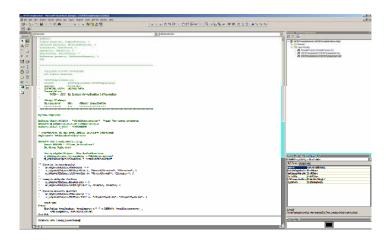
6. Select File -> Open Project option to open the Open Project Dialog box



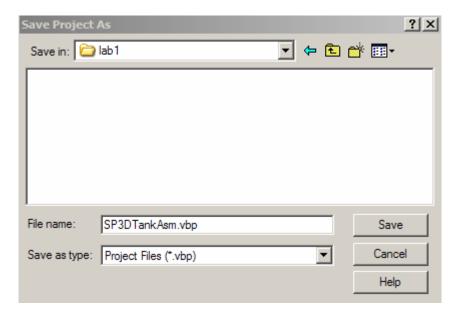
7. Navigate to c:\train\EqpAsmTemplate and open the SP3DTemplateAsm Template project



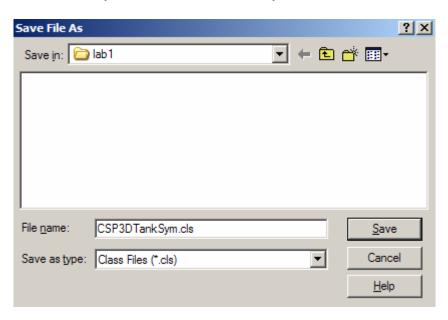
8. Setup the Visual Basic Development Environment as shown below:



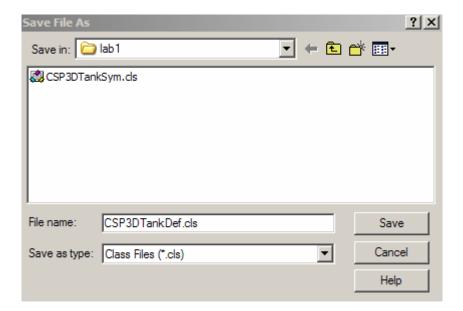
9. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the Project node. Select *File -> Save Project As* option to save the project as SP3DTankAsm.vbp under the lab1 directory



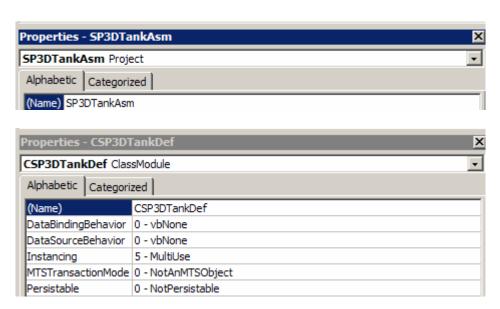
10. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateSym class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateSym.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTankSym.cls under lab1 directory

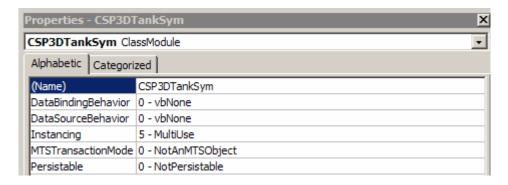


11. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateDef class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateDef.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTankDef.cls under lab1 directory



- 12. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSimplePhysical class node. Select *File -> Save CSimplePhysical.cls As* option to save the class module as CSimplePhysical.cls under lab1 directory.
- 13. Go to the Properties Window and change the name of the Project and both Class Modules as shown here:





14. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTankSym module. Change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from "CSP3DTemplateAsm:" to "CSP3DTankAsm:"

```
Private Const MODULE = "CSP3DTankAsm:" 'Used for error messages
```

15. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
Set m_oSymbolHelper = New SymbolServices
m_oSymbolHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTankAsm"
m oSymbolHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTankSym"
```

16. In this Class_Initialize() routine, add the following code to define the inputs, outputs and aspects definition for this symbol.

```
'Inputs Section
    m_oSymbolHelper.NumInputs = 2
    m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 1, "VesselDiameter", "Diameter", 1
    m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 2, "VesselLength", "VesselLength", 1

'Outputs Section
    m_oSymbolHelper.NumOutputs = 3
    m_oSymbolHelper.AddOutputDef 1, "Body1", "Body1", 1
    m_oSymbolHelper.AddOutputDef 2, "Body2", "Body2", 1
    m_oSymbolHelper.AddOutputDef 3, "Body3", "Body3", 1

'Aspects Section
    m_oSymbolHelper.NumAspects = 1
    m_oSymbolHelper.AddAspectDef 1, "SimplePhysical", "SimplePhysical", 1
```

17. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTankDef module. Change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from "SP3DTemplateAsm: CSP3DTemplateDef" to "SP3DTankAsm: CSP3DTankDef"

```
Private Const MODULE = "SP3DTankAsm: CSP3DTankDef"
```

18. Go to CSP3DTankDef Class module and rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTankAsm"
m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTankDef"
```

```
m\_oEquipCADHelper.OccurrenceRootClass = orcEquipment
```

19. Go to CSimplePhysical Class module and declare all variables for your inputs and outputs:

```
' Declare variables for Inputs and Outputs
```

```
Dim parDiameter As Double
Dim parLength As Double
Dim ObjBody1 As Object
Dim ObjBody2 As Object
Dim ObjBody3 As Object
```

20. Use these variables to store the inputs as follows:

```
'Insert your code for inputs

Set oPartFclt = arrayOfInputs(1)

parDiameter = arrayOfInputs(2)

parLength = arrayOfInputs(3)
```

21. Add code to define the first output. The following code will use the CreateCylinder() routine to create a cylinder for the Body1. The PlaceCylinder routine is defined in the geometry helper service. This function creates persistent projection of a circle based on two points and diameter.

```
'Insert your code for output (Body1)
Dim pPos1 As IJDPosition
Dim pPos2 As IJDPosition

Set pPos1 = New DPosition
Set pPos2 = New DPosition

pPos1.Set 0, 0, 0
pPos2.Set parLength, 0, 0
iOutput = iOutput + 1
Set ObjBody1 = m_oGeomHelper.CreateCylinder(arrayOfOutputs(iOutput), pPos1, pPos2, parDiameter)
```

22. Add code to define the second output. The following code will use the PlaceBox() routine to create a Box for the Body2. The PlaceBox routine is located in Geometry3d.bas module. This function takes the two opposite corners of the box as input parameters.

```
'Insert your code for output (Body2)
pPos1.Set 0, -parLength / 3, -parLength / 3
pPos2.Set parLength / 10, parLength / 3, 0
Set ObjBody2 = PlaceBox(m_OutputColl, pPos1, pPos2)
iOutput = iOutput + 1
m_OutputColl.AddOutput arrayOfOutputs(iOutput), ObjBody2
```

23. Add code to define the third output. The following code will use the PlaceBox() routine to create a Box for the Body3. The PlaceBox routine is located in Geometry3d.bas module. This function takes the two opposite corners of the box as input parameters.

```
' Insert your code for output (Body3)
pPos1.Set parLength - parLength / 10, -parLength / 3, -parLength / 3
```

```
pPos2.Set parLength, parLength / 3, 0
Set ObjBody3 = PlaceBox(m_OutputColl, pPos1, pPos2)
iOutput = iOutput + 1
m_OutputColl.AddOutput arrayOfOutputs(iOutput), ObjBody3
```

24. Use the Set statement to clear the references from all object variables.

```
Set ObjBody1 = Nothing
Set ObjBody2 = Nothing
Set ObjBody3 = Nothing
Set pPos1 = Nothing
Set pPos2 = Nothing
```

- 25. Compile the Visual Basic project and save the dll as SP3DTankAsm.dll in the c:\Train\lab1 Note: One of the most important steps in Visual Basic programming is to preserve the binary compatibility of your program. Save the final version of your dll file to be binary compatibility in order to preserve the CLSID.
- 26. Save the VB SP3DTankAsm project.
- 27. Open the SP3DTemplate.xls workbook. Go the ClassNodeType sheet and add the following entry.

Head	<u>ObjectName</u>	<u>Name</u>
Start		
а	EqpComp Training	EqpComp Training
End		

28. Go the R-Hierarchy sheet and add the following entry.

Head	<u>RelationSource</u>	<u>RelationDestination</u>
Start		
	CatalogRoot	RefDataEquipment ComponentsRoot
а	RefDataEquipment ComponentsRoot	EqpComp Training
а	EqpComp Training	SP3DTankAsm
End		

29. Go to the SP3DTemplateAsm sheet and rename it as SP3DTankAsm.



30. Go to the Class definition section and add/edit as follows:

In the Definition Section:

Notes:

• Creating the bmp or gif file is optional. You can use Microsoft Paint to create the file and save it under your \\machine\symbols\SymbolIcons

• Make sure to change the Part Class Type to EquipmentComponentAssemblyClass

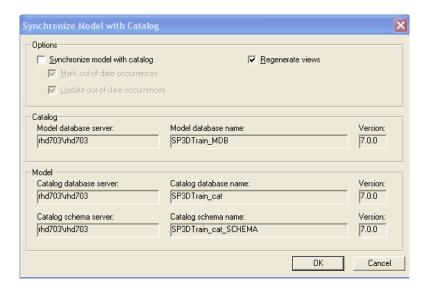
0	efinition	<u>PartClassType</u>	<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	UserClassName	<u>OccClassName</u>	Symbolicon	oa:VesselDiameter	oa:VesselLength
a		EquipmentComponentAssemblyClass	SP3DTankAsm.CSP3DTankSym	TankAsm	TankAsm	Symbollcons\TankAsm.gif		

In the Part Section:

Head	<u>Name</u>	<u>PartDescription</u>	<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	<u>Definition</u>	VesselDiameter	VesselLength
Start						
а	Tank01_Asm			SP3DTankAsm.CSP3DTankDef	1m	2m
End						

- 31. Save the Excel workbook as SP3DTankAsm.xls in the c:\Train\lab1.
- 32. Optional step: Create the TankAsm.gif file and place it under \\<MachineName>\Symbols\SymbolIcons
- 33. Load the information into the catalog using the Add/Modify/Delete Mode. Once the bulkload process is completed, review the log file.
- 34. Run the Project Management Task. Select the Model in the hierarchy.
- 35. Select Tools -> Synchronize Model with the Catalog.
- 36. Uncheck the Synchronize Model with the Catalog option.

Note: You just need to update the views in the model.



- 37. Hit "OK" Button.
- 38. Once the process is completed, Right click the training plant icon and select "Regenerate the Reports database" option to re-create the views in the report database.
- 39. Go to the Equipment Task and place the SP3DTankAsm.

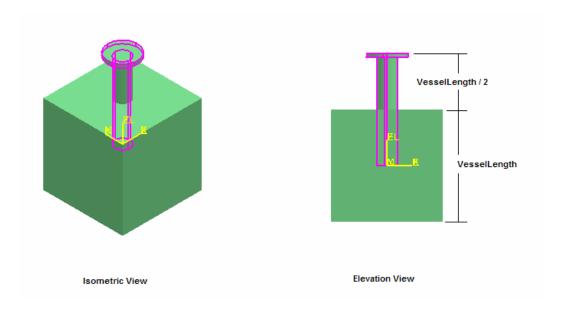
Lab 3: Equipment Symbol with pipe port created from a placeholder

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Create a simple catalog equipment ymbol with pipe nozzle using a placeholder object defined in the symbol.
- Learn to use the Symbol Helper service to create the symbol definition
- Learn to use the Geometry Helper service to create simple geometric shapes for the symbol's output
- Use the Equipment CAD Helper to define the Custom Assembly Definition
- Learn to use the IJDAggregatorDescription, IJDMemberDescriptions, and
 IJDPropertyDescriptions to define the behaviors of the custom assembly occurrence (CAO)
- Use custom methods to create and manipulate the members within the CAD definition
- Use the IJDeletableMember interface to make the member deletable

In this lab, you will create an equipment symbol as shown below. You start by using the SP3DEqpTemplateAsm template provided by the instructor to create the symbol. This symbol consists of one geometric rectangular entity and a pipe nozzle to define the symbol's output. One input "VesselLength" is required to draw this symbol. Use the Equipment Custom Assembly Definition (CAD) Helper to create the pipe port from the placeholder defined in the symbol. The pipe port data is retrieved from the part at the given index. This type of creation is used when the position and the orientation of the pipe nozzle are driven totally or partially by the symbol.



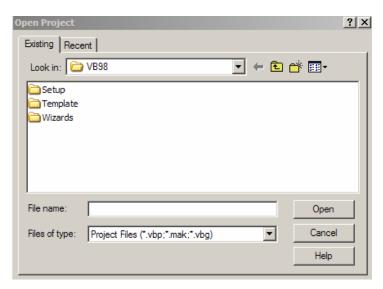
1. Create a directory called lab2 as follows:

 $c:\langle train \rangle lab2$

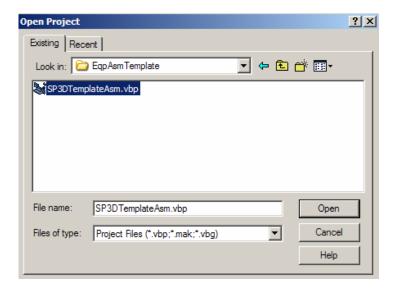
- 2. Run Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0
- 3. Close the Microsoft New Project dialog box.



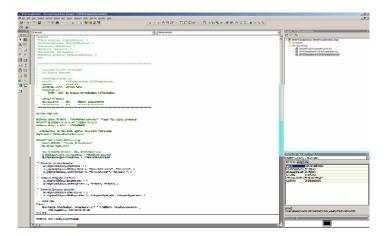
4. Select File -> Open Project option to open the Open Project Dialog box



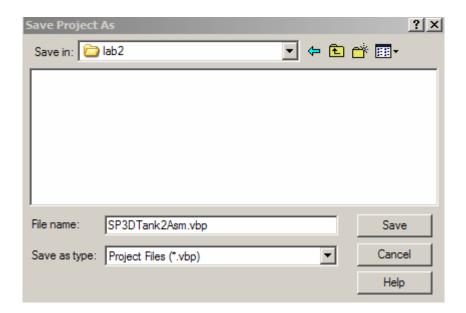
5. Navigate to c:\train\EqpAsmTemplate and open the SP3DTemplateAsm Template project.



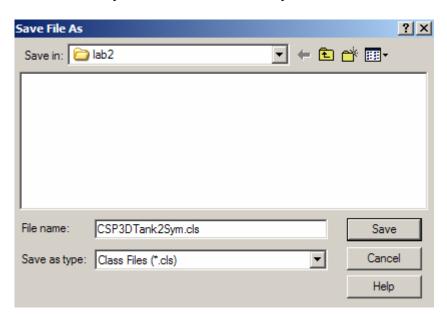
6. Setup the Visual Basic Development Environment as shown below:



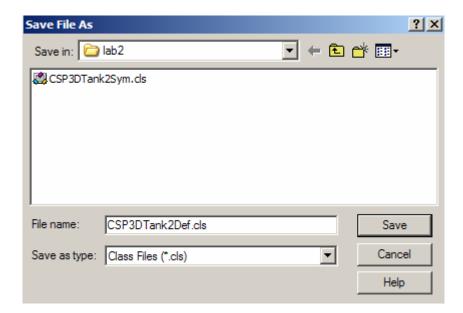
7. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the Project node. Select *File -> Save Project As* option to save the project as SP3DTank2Asm.vbp under the lab2 directory



8. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateSym class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateSym.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank2Sym.cls under lab2 directory

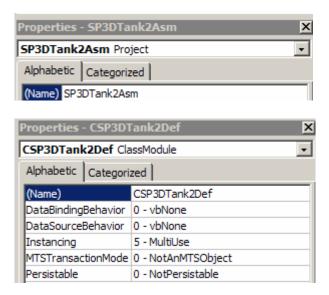


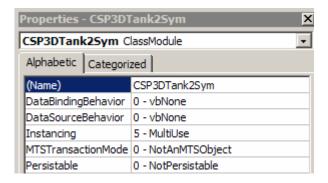
9. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateDef class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateDef.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank2Def.cls under lab2 directory



Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSimplePhysical class node. Select *File -> Save CSimplePhysical.cls As* option to save the class module as CSimplePhysical.cls under lab2 directory.

10. Go to the Properties Window and change the name of the Project and both Class Modules as follows:





11. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank2Sym module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from "CSP3DTemplateAsm:" to "CSP3DTank2Asm:"

```
Private Const MODULE = "CSP3DTank2Asm:" 'Used for error messages
```

12. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
Set m_oSymbolHelper = New SymbolServices
m_oSymbolHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank2Asm"
m_oSymbolHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank2Sym"
```

13. In this Class_Initialize() routine, add the following code to define the inputs, outputs and aspects definition for this symbol.

```
'Inputs Section

m_oSymbolHelper.NumInputs = 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 1, "VesselLength", "VesselLength", 1

'Outputs Section

m_oSymbolHelper.NumOutputs = 2

m_oSymbolHelper.AddOutputDef 1, "Body1", "Body1", 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddOutputDef 2, "PipingNoz1", "PipingNoz1", 1

'Aspects Section

m_oSymbolHelper.NumAspects = 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddAspectDef 1, "SimplePhysical", "SimplePhysical", 1
```

14. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank2Def module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from "SP3DTemplateAsm: CSP3DTemplateDef" to "SP3DTank2Asm: CSP3DTank2Def"

```
Private Const MODULE = "SP3DTank2Asm: CSP3DTank2Def"
```

15. Go to CSP3DTank2Def Class module and rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank2Asm"
m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank2Def"
```

16. Go to CSimplePhysical Class module and declare all variables for your inputs and outputs:

```
Dim parLength As Double
Dim ObjBody1 As Object

Dim pipeDiam As Double
Dim flangeThick As Double
Dim cptOffset As Double
Dim flangeDiam As Double
Dim depth As Double
```

17. Uses these variables to store the inputs as follows:

```
'Insert your code for inputs

Set oPartFclt = arrayOfInputs(1)

parLength = arrayOfInputs(2)
```

18. Go to the Insert your code for output (Body1) section. The following code will use the PlaceBox() routine to create a Box for the Body1. The PlaceBox routine is located at geometry3d.bas module. This function takes the two opposite corner points of the box as input parameters.

```
'Insert your code for output (Body1)
Dim pPos1 As IJDPosition
Dim pPos2 As IJDPosition

Set pPos1 = New DPosition
Set pPos2 = New DPosition

pPos1.Set -parLength / 2, -parLength / 2, -parLength / 2
pPos2.Set parLength / 2, parLength / 2, parLength / 2
Set ObjBody1 = PlaceBox(m_OutputColl, pPos1, pPos2)
iOutput = iOutput + 1
m_OutputColl.AddOutput arrayOfOutputs(iOutput), ObjBody1
```

19. Declare the following variables to store the nozzle object, nozzle position and nozzle orientation.

```
Dim oDir As AutoMath.DVector
Dim objNozzle As IJDNozzle
Set oDir = New AutoMath.DVector
Dim CenterPos As New AutoMath.DPosition

RetrieveParameters 1, oPartFclt, m_OutputColl, pipeDiam, flangeThick, flangeDiam, cptOffset, depth

CenterPos.Set 0, 0, parLength - depth + cptOffset
oDir.Set 0, 0, 1
```

20. Use the CreateNozzlePHWithLength() to define the placeholder.

m_OutputColl.AddOutput arrayOfOutputs(iOutput), objNozzle

21. Use the Set statement to clear the references from all object variables.

```
'Release BO 's

Set ObjBody1 = Nothing
Set pPos1 = Nothing
Set pPos2 = Nothing
Set objNozzle = Nothing
Set CenterPos = Nothing
Set oDir = Nothing
```

22. Go to CSP3DTank2Def Class module. Declare the appropriate custom methods to manage the pipe nozzle as follows

'Add your code here for the declaration of the Public Custom Methods used to manage new members 'Add new member(NozzleN1) to the definition

23. Go to IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnAttributeChange function and add the following code. This OnAttributeChange method is called each time an attribute is changed. When the "Can be Deleted" property is changed, the MakeMemberDeletable should be called to make the member deletable.

```
Private Function IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnAttributeChange(ByVal pIJDAttrs As IJDAttributes, ByVal CollAllDisplayedValues As Object, ByVal pAttrToChange As IJEquipAttrDescriptor, ByVal varNewAttrValue As Variant) As String
```

```
Const METHOD = "IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnAttributeChange"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

```
\label{lem:decomposition} Dim o Member Description \ As \ IJD Member Description Set \ o Member Description = m\_o Equip CAD Helper. Get Member Description From Child (pIJD Attrs)
```

```
Select Case oMemberDescription.Name
Case "NozzleN1"
```

^{&#}x27; Add code here

```
Select Case UCase(pAttrToChange.InterfaceName)
        Case "IJDELETABLEMEMBER"
          If UCase(pAttrToChange.AttrName) = "CANBEDELETED" Then
                   m_oEquipCADHelper.MakeMemberDeletable oMemberDescription, pIJDAttrs, _
                     CBool(varNewAttrValue)
          End If
        Case Else
      End Select
    Case Else
  End Select
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt OnAttributeChange = ""
  Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnAttributeChange = "ERROR"
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Function
```

24. Go to the end of CSP3DTank2Def Class module. Add the custom methods to manage the pipe nozzle as follows:

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (pipe nozzle). Use CreateNozzleFromPH() method to create a pipe nozzle from a nozzle place holder defined in the equipment symbol.

Public Sub CMFinalConstructNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)

Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructNozzleN1"

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

End Sub

Custom method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Evaluate:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateNozzleN1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method EvaluateGeometry:

This custom method will keep the nozzle's position the same as the nozzle placeholder in the symbol.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryNozzleN1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryNozzleN1"

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

'Transform the nozzle so that it behaves like a rigid body inside the equipment m_oEquipCADHelper.TransformNozzleWrtPH oPropertyDescription, pObject, 1

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub
```

Custom method Conditional:

This method checks if the member is conditional based on the CanBeDeleted flag. Remember, we added code to make a member deletable in the IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnAttributeChange function.When the property is changed, the MakeMemberDeletable is called to check the CanBeDeleted flag and whether or not to make the member deletetable.

Public Sub CMConditionalNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)

Const METHOD = "CMConditionalNozzleN1" On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

 $IsNeeded = m_oEquipCADHelper.CheckMemberConditional(pMemberDesc)$

Exit Sub ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom method Count:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

Public Sub CMCountNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef Count As Long)
Const METHOD = "CMCountNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

Public Sub CMReleaseNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

- 25. Compile the Visual Basic project and save the dll as SP3DTank2Asm.dll in the c:\Train\lab2 One of the most important steps in Visual Basic programming is to preserve the binary compatibility of your program. Save the final version of your dll file to be binary compatibility in order to preserve the CLSID.
- 26. Save the Visual Basic SP3DTank2Asm project.
- 27. Open the SP3DTemplate.xls workbook. Go the R-Hierarchy sheet and add the following entry.

Head	RelationSource	RelationDestination
Start		
	CatalogRoot	RefDataEquipmentRoot
а	RefDataEquipmentRoot	Training
а	Training	SP3DTank2Asm
End		

28. Go the ClassNodeType sheet and add the following entry.

Head	<u>ObjectName</u>	<u>Name</u>		
Start				
а	Training	Training		
End				

29. Go to the SP3DTemplateAsm sheet and rename it as SP3DTank2Asm.



30. Go to the Class definition section and add/edit as follows:

In the Class Definition Section rows:

Definition	<u>PartClassType</u>	<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	UserClassName	<u>OccClassName</u>	Symbolicon	oa:VesselLengt	Nozzle(1):ld	Nozzle(1):Type
a	EquipmentAssemblyClass	SP3DTank2Asm.CSP3DTank2Sym	Tank2Asm	Tank2Asm	Symbollcons\Tank2Asm.gif		N1	Piping

Note:

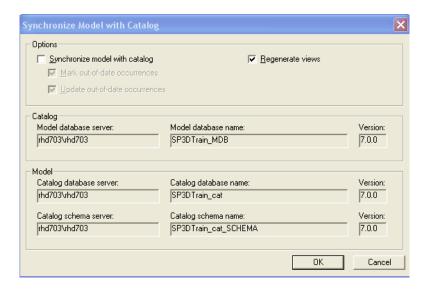
• Creating the bmp or gif file is optional. You can use Microsoft Paint to create the file and save it under your \\machine\symbols\SymbolIcons

In the Part Section rows:

Head	<u>Name</u>	<u>PartDesc</u>	<u>ription</u>	SymbolD	efinition	<u>Definition</u>	2	VesselLength
Start								
а	Tank201_Asm	Tank201_	Asm			SP3DTai	nk2Asm.CSP3DTank2Def	1m
End								
Nozzle(1):	Npd Nozzle(1):Npo	<u>lUnitType</u>	Nozzle(1)	:EndPrep	Nozzle(1):End	Standard `	Nozzle(1):PressureRating	Nozzle(1):FlowDirection
	4 in			21		5	150	3

- 31. Save the Excel workbook as SP3DTank2Asm.xls in the c:\Train\lab2.
- 32. Optional step: Create the Tank2Asm.gif file and place it under \\<MachineName>\Symbols\SymbolIcons
- 33. Load the information into the catalog using the Add/Modify/Delete Mode. Once the bulkload process is completed, review the log file.
- 34. Run the Project Management Task. Select the Model in the hierarchy.
- 35. Select Tools -> Synchronize Model with the Catalog.
 - 36. Uncheck the Synchronize Model with the Catalog option.

Note: You just need to update the views in the model.



- 37. Hit "OK" Button.
- 38. Once the process is completed, Right click the training plant icon and select "Regenerate the Reports database" option to re-create the views in the report database.
- 39. Go to the Equipment Task and place the SP3DTank2Asm.

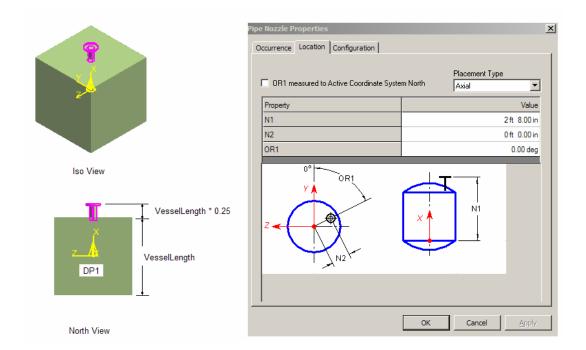
Lab 4: Equipment Symbol with pipe port created relative to a shape

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Create a simple catalog equipment symbol with pipe nozzle created relative to a shape
- Learn to use the Symbol Helper service to create the symbol definition
- Learn to use the Geometry Helper service to create simple geometric shapes for the symbol's output
- Use the Equipment CAD Helper to define the Custom Assembly Definition
- Learn to use the IJDAggregatorDescription, IJDMemberDescriptions, and IJDPropertyDescriptions to define the behaviors of the custom assembly occurrence (CAO)
- Use the IJDeletableMember interface to make the member deletable
- Use the IJEquipUserAttrMgmt Interface to show the datum shape attributes as read only on the property page
- Use the CreateOrientationAndSetRelations() function to create the nozzle position and nozzle orientation relative to a shape

In this lab, you will create an equipment symbol as shown below. You start by using the SP3DEqpTemplateAsm template provided by the instructor to create the symbol. This symbol consists of one geometric rectangular entity to define the symbol's output. One input "VesselLength" is required to draw this symbol. Use the Equipment Custom Assembly Definition (CAD) Helper to create the pipe port relative to the datum shape. This type of creation is used in conjunction with the creation of another member of type shape relative to which an orientation is given. This method will allow users to have more control and at the same time more freedom to positioning the nozzle.



1. Create a directory called lab3 as follows:

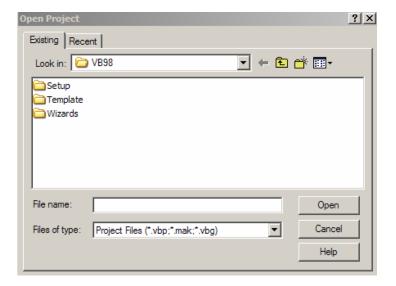
 $c:\langle train \rangle lab3$

- 2. Run Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0
- 3. Close the Microsoft New Project dialog box.

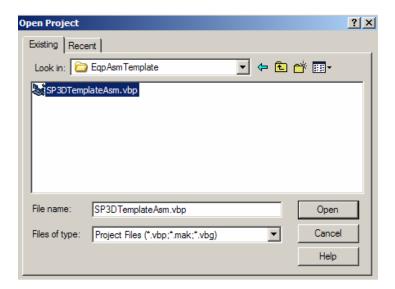


4. Select File -> Open Project option to open the Open Project Dialog box

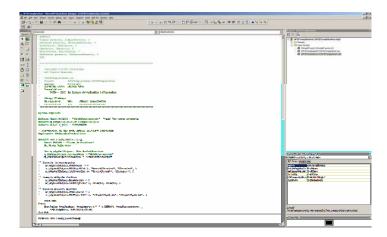
44



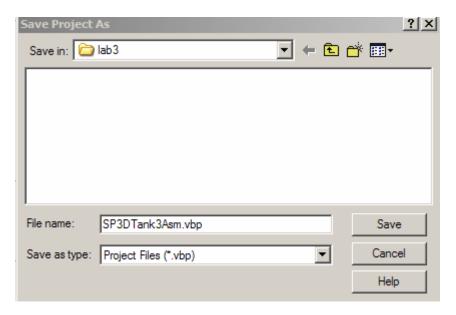
5. Navigate to c:\train\EqpAsmTemplate and open the SP3DTemplateAsm Template project



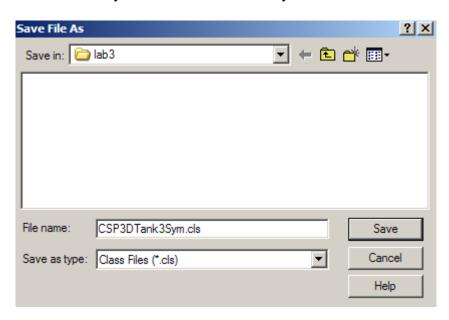
6. Setup the Visual Basic Development Environment as shown below:



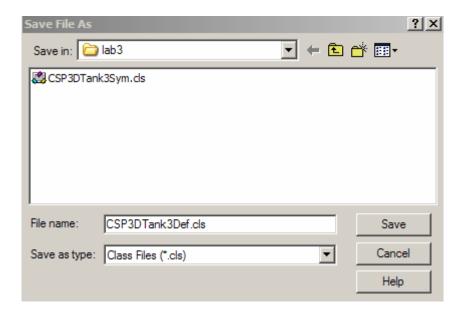
7. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the Project node. Select *File -> Save Project As* option to save the project as SP3DTank3Asm.vbp under the lab3 directory



8. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateSym class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateSym.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank3Sym.cls under lab3 directory

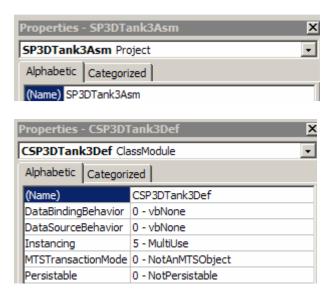


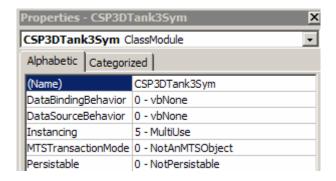
9. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateDef class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateDef.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank3Def.cls under lab3 directory



Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSimplePhysical class node. Select *File -> Save CSimplePhysical.cls As* option to save the class module as CSimplePhysical.cls under lab3 directory.

10. Go to the Properties Window and change the name of the Project and both Class Modules as follows:





11. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank3Sym module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from "CSP3DTemplateAsm:" to "CSP3DTank3Asm:"

```
Private Const MODULE = "CSP3DTank3Asm:" 'Used for error messages
```

12. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
Set m_oSymbolHelper = New SymbolServices
m_oSymbolHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank3Asm"
m_oSymbolHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank3Sym"
```

13. In this Class_Initialize() routine, add the following code to define the inputs, outputs and aspects definition for this symbol.

```
'Inputs

m_oSymbolHelper.NumInputs = 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 1, "VesselLength", "Length", 4

'Outputs

m_oSymbolHelper.NumOutputs = 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddOutputDef 1, "Body1", "Body1", 1

'Aspects

m_oSymbolHelper.NumAspects = 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddAspectDef 1, "SimplePhysical", "SimplePhysical", 1
```

14. Go to CSimplePhysical Class module and declare variables for your inputs and outputs:

```
' Declare variables for Inputs and Outputs
```

```
Dim ObjBody1 As Object
Dim parLength As Double
```

15. Uses these variables to store the inputs as follows:

```
'Insert your code for inputs

Set oPartFclt = arrayOfInputs(1)
parLength = arrayOfInputs(2)
```

16. Go to the Insert your code for output 1 (Body1) section. The following code will use the PlaceBox() routine to create a Box for the Body1. The PlaceBox routine is located at geometry3d.bas module. This function takes the two opposite corner points of the box as input parameters.

```
'Insert your code for output (Body1)
  Dim pos1 As IJDPosition
  Dim pos2 As IJDPosition
  Set pos1 = New DPosition
  Set pos2 = New DPosition
 pos1.Set -parLength/2, -parLength/2, -parLength/2
 pos2.Set parLength / 2, parLength / 2, parLength/2
  Set ObjBody1 = PlaceBox(m\_OutputColl, pos1, pos2)
' Set the output
  iOutput = iOutput + 1
  m OutputColl.AddOutput arrayOfOutputs(iOutput), ObjBody1
```

17. Use the Set statement to clear the references from all object variables.

```
'Release BO 's
  Set ObjBody1 = Nothing
  Set pos1 = Nothing
  Set pos2 = Nothing
```

- 18. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank3Def module and change the value of the Constant Module variable from ""SP3DTemplateAsm:CSP3DTemplateDef" to "SP3DTank3Asm:CSP3DTank3Def"
- 19. Go to the top of the CSP3DTank3Def module and declare the following variables

```
Private Const MODULE = "SP3DTank3Asm:CSP3DTank3Def"
Private Const IID_IJDATTRIBUTES = "{B25FD387-CFEB-11D1-850B-080036DE8E03}"
Private Const IID_IJDGEOMETRY = "{A1732CBF-5136-11D1-9770-080036754203}"
Private m_oEquipCADHelper As IJEquipCADHelper
Private m oEditErrors As IJEditErrors
Private m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs() As Variant
```

Private m_dVesselLength As Double

Private m_oNorth As IJDVector Private m oEast As IJDVector Private m_oElevation As IJDVector

20. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank3Asm"
m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank3Def"
```

21. In this Class_Initialize() routine, initialize the following variable:

```
Set m_oEast = New DVector
m_oEast.x = 1
m_oEast.y = 0
m_oEast.z = 0

Set m_oNorth = New DVector
m_oNorth.x = 0
m_oNorth.y = 1
m_oNorth.z = 0

Set m_oElevation = New DVector
m_oElevation.x = 0
m_oElevation.y = 0
m_oElevation.z = 1
```

22. Go to the Class_Terminate() routine and use the Set statement to clear the references from all object variables.

```
Private Sub Class_Terminate()

Set m_oNorth = Nothing
Set m_oEast = Nothing
Set m_oElevation = Nothing

Set m_oEditErrors = Nothing
Set m_oEquipCADHelper = Nothing
End Sub
```

23. Go to CSP3DTank3Def Class module. Declare the appropriate custom methods to manage the shape and pipe nozzle as follows:

```
'Add your code here for the declaration of the Public Custom Methods used to manage new members 'Add new member DP1 to the definition
```

```
'Add new member (NozzleN1) to the definition
      Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
      Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("NozzleN1", 2, _
           "CMConstructNozzleN1", imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB)
      oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMSetInputsNozzleN1"
      oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMFinalConstructNozzleN1"
      oMemberDescription.SetCMConditional imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMConditionalNozzleN1"
      oMemberDescription.SetCMRelease imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMReleaseNozzleN1"
    'Add properties for (NozzleN1)
      Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing
      Set oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription
      oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "NozzleN1Properties", 1, IID IJDATTRIBUTES,
               "CMEvaluateNozzleN1", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
      oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "NozzleN1GeometryProperties", 2, IID IJDGEOMETRY,
                "CMEvaluateGeometryNozzleN1", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
24. Go to IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnAttributeChange function and add the following code. This
    On Attribute Change method is called each time an attribute is changed. When the "Can be
    Deleted 'property is changed, the MakeMemberDeletable should be called to make the
    member deletable. Set the NozzleN1 member deletable.
    Private Function IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnAttributeChange(ByVal pIJDAttrs As IJDAttributes, ByVal
    CollAllDisplayedValues As Object, ByVal pAttrToChange As IJEquipAttrDescriptor, ByVal varNewAttrValue
   As Variant) As String
      Const METHOD = "IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnAttributeChange"
      On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
      Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
      Set\ oMemberDescription = m\_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(pIJDAttrs)
     Select Case oMemberDescription.Name
        Case "NozzleN1"
          Select Case UCase(pAttrToChange.InterfaceName)
            Case "IJDELETABLEMEMBER"
              If\ UCase(pAttrToChange.AttrName) = "CANBEDELETED"\ Then
                m_oEquipCADHelper.MakeMemberDeletable oMemberDescription, _
            pIJDAttrs, CBool(varNewAttrValue)
              End If
            Case Else
          End Select
        Case Else
      End Select
      Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
        IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnAttributeChange = ""
     Exit Function
    ErrorHandler:
      IJEquipUserAttrMgmt OnAttributeChange = "ERROR"
      HandleError MODULE, METHOD
```

End Function

25. Go to IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad function and add the following code. Use the IJEquipAttrDescriptor interface to set the datum shape properties read only.

```
Private Function IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad(ByVal pIJDAttrs As IJDAttributes, ByVal
CollAllDisplayedValues As Object) As String
  Const METHOD = "IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad"
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
    Set\ oMemberDescription = m\_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(pIJDAttrs)
    Dim oAttrCollection As Collection
    Dim oAttributeDescriptor As IJEquipAttrDescriptor
    Dim m As Long
    Set oAttrCollection = CollAllDisplayedValues
    Select Case oMemberDescription.Name
    Case "DP1"
      For m = 1 To oAttrCollection.Count
        Set\ oAttributeDescriptor = oAttrCollection.Item(m)
         oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
      Next
    Case Else
   End Select
  Set \ oAttrCollection = Nothing
  Set oAttributeDescriptor = Nothing
  Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt OnPreLoad = ""
  Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad = "ERROR"
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Function
```

26. Go to the end of CSP3DTank3Def Class module. Add the custom methods to manage the datum shape and pipe nozzle as follows:

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (pipe nozzle). Use CreateNozzleGivenIndex() method to create the pipe nozzle given the nozzle index. The nozzle data are retrieved from the part. Use the CreateOrientationAndSetRelations() function to set the nozzle default position and nozzle default orientation.

Dim oOrientation As IJNozzleOrientation

```
Dim oNozzle As IJDNozzle
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray pMemberDescription.CAO
  m_oEquipCADHelper.CreateNozzleGivenIndex pMemberDescription, 1, pResourceManager, _
    DistribPortType_PIPE, pObject, False
  Set\ oNozzle = pObject
  oNozzle.Length = m_dVesselLength * 0.25
 'Create the nozzle orientation object
  Set oOrientation = m oEquipCADHelper.CreateOrientationAndSetRelations(Nothing, oNozzle)
  'Set the default values
  oOrientation.PlacementType = Axial
  oOrientation.N1 = oNozzle.Length + m_dVesselLength / 2
  oOrientation.N2 = 0
  oOrientation.OR1 = 0
  Set\ oNozzle = Nothing
  Set \ oOrientation = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Inputs:

This method is used to set the input arguments to the member object. Use IJDMemberDescription to get the appropriate shape (Datum shape) in order to set the relations with the pipe nozzle.

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim l As Long
Dim oShape As IJShape
```

Dim oSmartOcc As IJSmartOccurrence
Dim oMemberobjects As IJDMemberObjects
Dim oMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription

Dim oOrientation As IJNozzleOrientation

```
Set \ oSmartOcc = pMemberDesc.CAO
    Set\ oMemberobjects = oSmartOcc
    For l = 1 To oMemberobjects. Count
      Set\ oMemberDesc = oMemberobjects.MemberDescriptions.Item(l)
      If oMemberDesc.Name = "DP1" Then
        Set\ oShape = oMemberobjects.Item(l)
         Exit For
      End If
    Next l
  'Create the nozzle relation with the shape
    Set oOrientation = m oEquipCADHelper.CreateOrientationAndSetRelations(oShape,
           pMemberDesc.Object)
    Set \ oShape = Nothing
    Set\ oSmartOcc = Nothing
    Set\ oMemberDesc = Nothing
    Set oOrientation = Nothing
    Set oMemberobjects = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
Custom method Evaluate:
There is no need to add any code for this custom method
```

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateNozzleN1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
  Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateNozzleN1"
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Geometry Evaluate:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryNozzleN1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject
As Object)
  Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryNozzleN1"
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Exit Sub
```

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom method Conditional:

This method checks if the member is conditional based on the CanBeDeleted flag.

Remember, we added code to make the member deletable in the IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnAttributeChange function. When the property is changed, the MakeMemberDeletable is called to check the CanBeDeleted flag and whether or not to make the member deletetable.

```
Public Sub CMConditionalNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)
Const METHOD = "CMConditionalNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
IsNeeded = m_oEquipCADHelper.CheckMemberConditional(pMemberDesc)
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMReleaseNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (datum shape). Use CreateShape() method to create the shape.

```
' Custom Methods for DP1
Public Sub CMConstructDP1(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, _
                  ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _
                  ByRef pObject As Object)
  Const METHOD = "CMConstructDP1"
  LogCalls METHOD
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oDatumShape As IJShape
  Dim oDesignEquipment As IJDesignEquipment
  'Create Datum Shape DP1
  Set oDatumShape = m_oEquipCADHelper.CreateShape(pMemberDescription, pResourceManager, _
                            "DatumShape 001", "DP1")
  If Not oDatumShape Is Nothing Then
    Set pObject = oDatumShape
    oDatumShape.RepresentationId = ReferenceGeometry
    Set oDesignEquipment = pMemberDescription.CAO
    oDesignEquipment.AddShape oDatumShape
    GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oDesignEquipment
    PositionAndOrientDP1 oDesignEquipment, oDatumShape
```

```
End If

Set oDesignEquipment = Nothing
Set oDatumShape = Nothing

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructDP1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructDP1"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsDP1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsDP1"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Evaluate:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateDP1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateDP1"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Geometry Evaluate:

This custom method will keep the nozzle's position relative to the datum shape

Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryDP1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

```
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryDP1"
  LogCalls METHOD
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Dim oDatumShape As IJShape
 Set oDatumShape = oPropertyDescription.Object
  Set oEquipment = oPropertyDescription.CAO
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  PositionAndOrientDP1 oEquipment, oDatumShape
  Set \ oDatumShape = Nothing
  Set oEquipment = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
 Set \ oDatumShape = Nothing
 Set \ oEquipment = Nothing
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Conditional:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method. The *Can be deleted* attribute is set to read only.

```
Public Sub CMConditionalDP1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)
Const METHOD = "CMConditionalDP1"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMReleaseDP1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseDP1"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

27. Add the following subroutine to convert the array of inputs in a set of global variables

```
Private Sub GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray(SmartOccurrence As IJSmartOccurrence)
Const METHOD = "GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

```
m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs = m_oEquipCADHelper.GetSymbolArrayOfInputs(SmartOccurrence)

'Inputs, from equipment symbol code
    'Set m_oPartFclt = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(1)
    m_dVesselLength = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(2)

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
    HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

28. Add the following subroutine to position and orient the shape with respect to the equipment.

Private Sub PositionAndOrientDP1(Equipment As IJEquipment, Shape As IJShape)

```
Dim oPosition As IJDPosition
Set oPosition = New DPosition

oPosition.Set 0, 0, 0

m_oEquipCADHelper.PositionAndOrientShape Equipment, Shape, oPosition, m_oElevation, m_oNorth
Set oPosition = Nothing
```

29. Add the following subroutine to handle log calls.

```
Private Sub LogCalls(sMethod As String)
```

End Sub

```
If Not m_oEditErrors Is Nothing Then
    m_oEditErrors.Add 5000, m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName & "." & m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName,
"Entering " & sMethod
    End If

End Sub
```

- 30. Compile the Visual Basic project and save the dll as SP3DTank3Asm.dll in the c:\Train\lab3 Note: One of the most important steps in Visual Basic programming is to preserve the binary compatibility of your program. Save the final version of your dll file to be binary compatibility in order to preserve the CLSID.
- 31. Save the Visual Basic SP3DTank3Asm project.
- 32. Open the SP3DTemplate.xls workbook. Go the R-Hierarchy sheet and add the following entry.

Head	Relation Source	RelationDestination
Start		
otare	CatalogRoot	RefDataEquipmentRoot
a	Training	SP3DTank3Asm
End		

33. Go to the SP3DTemplateAsm sheet and rename it as SP3DTank3Asm.

- 34. Go to the Class definition section and add/edit as follows:
- 35. In the Definition Section rows:

Definition	PartClassType	SymbolDefinition	UserClassName	OccClassName	Symbolicon	oa:VesselLength	Nozzle(1):ld	Nozzle(1): Type
a	EquipmentAssemblyClass	SP3DTank3Asm.CSP3DTank3Sym	Tank3Asm	Tank3Asm	Symbollcons\Tank3Asm.gif		N1	Piping

Note:

• Creating the bmp or gif file is optional. You can use Microsoft Paint to create the file and save it under your \\machine\symbols\SymbolIcons

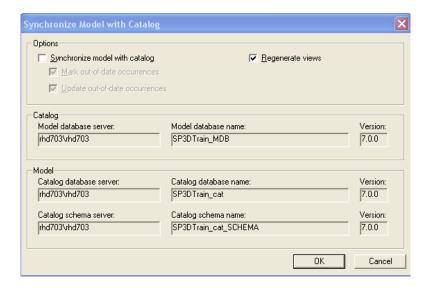
36. In the Part Section rows:

Head	Name	PartDescription	SymbolDefinition	Definition	VesselLength
Start					
a	Tank3_01_Asm	Tank3_01_Asm		SP3DTank3Asm.CSP3DTank3Def	2ft
End					
	-		-	1	-

Nozzle(1):Npd	Nozzle(1):NpdUnitType	Nozzle(1):EndPrep	Nozzle(1):EndStandard	Nozzle(1):PressureRating	Nozzle(1):FlowDirection
				-	
4	in	21	5	150	3

- 37. Save the Excel workbook as SP3DTank3Asm.xls in the c:\Train\lab3.
- 38. Create the Tank3Asm.gif file and place it under \\< MachineName>\Symbols\SymbolIcons
- 37. Load the information into the catalog using the Add/Modify/Delete Mode. Once the bulkload process is completed, review the log file.
- 38. Run the Project Management Task. Select the Model in the hierarchy.
- 39. Select Tools -> Synchronize Model with the Catalog.
- 40. Uncheck the Synchronize Model with the Catalog option.

Note: You just need to update the views in the model.



- 41. Hit "OK" Button.
- 42. Once the process is completed, Right click the training plant icon and select "Regenerate the Reports database" option to re-create the views in the report database.
- 43. Go to the Equipment Task and place the SP3DTank3Asm.

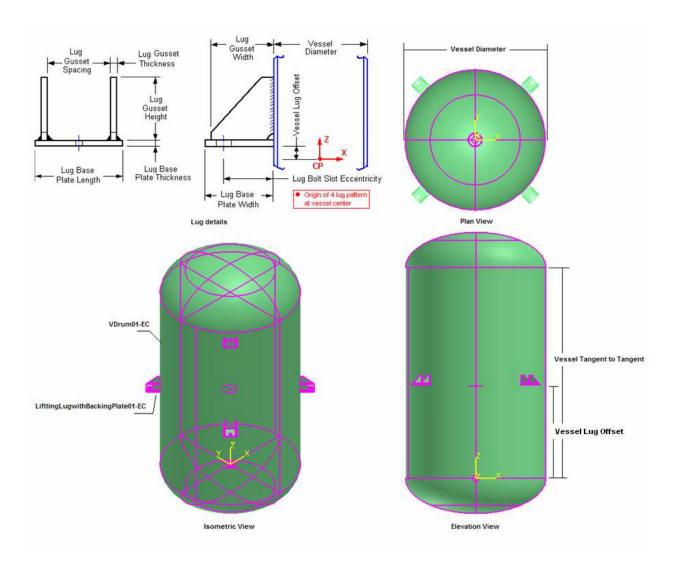
Lab 5: Equipment components as members of the Equipment

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Create a custom assembly occurrence symbol made of equipment components
- Learn to use the Symbol Helper service to create the symbol definition
- Use the Equipment CAD Helper to define the Custom Assembly Definition
- Learn to use the IJDAggregatorDescription , IJDMemberDescriptions, and
 IJDPropertyDescriptions to define the behaviors of the custom assembly occurrence (CAO)
- Use the MakeMemberDeletable method to make the member deletable
- Use the IJEquipUserAttrMgmt Interface to show the equipment component attributes as read only in the property page
- Use IJDNamingRulesHelper interface to create the naming relations between a naming rule and the object
- Use IJDAttributes interface to get a collection of attributes property
- Use IJDAttribute to get an object's attribute

In this lab, you will create an equipment symbol as shown below. You start by using the SP3DEqpTemplateAsm template provided by the instructor to create the symbol. This symbol consists of two equipment components to define the symbol's output. Use the Equipment Custom Assembly Definition (CAD) Helper to create the members.



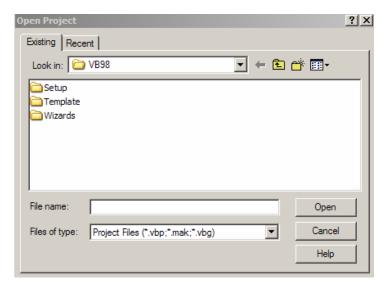
1. Create a directory called lab4 as follows:

 $c:\langle train \rangle lab4$

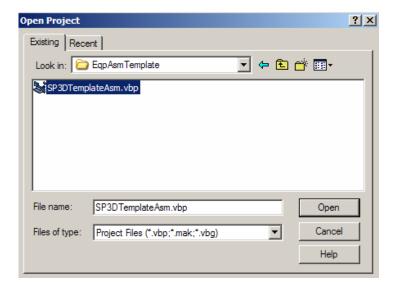
- 2. Run Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0
- 3. Close the Microsoft New Project dialog box.



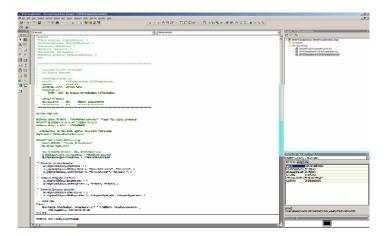
4. Select File -> Open Project option to open the Open Project Dialog box



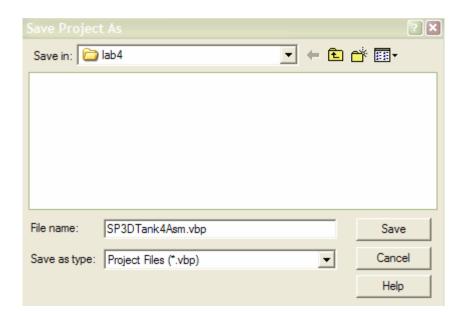
5. Navigate to c:\train\EqpAsmTemplate and open the SP3DTemplateAsm Template project



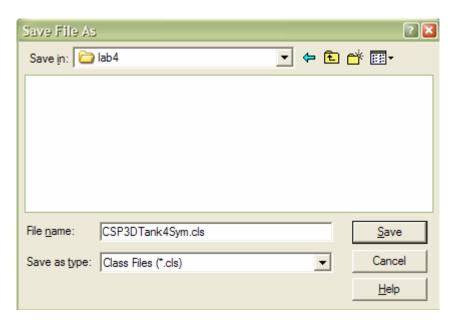
6. Setup the Visual Basic Development Environment as shown below:



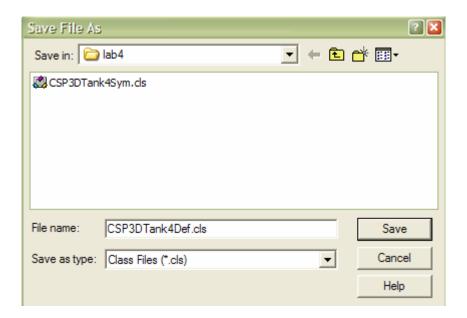
7. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the Project node. Select *File -> Save Project As* option to save the project as SP3DTank4Asm.vbp under the lab4 directory



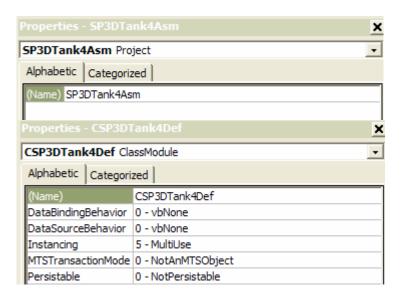
8. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateSym class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateSym.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank4Sym.cls under lab4 directory

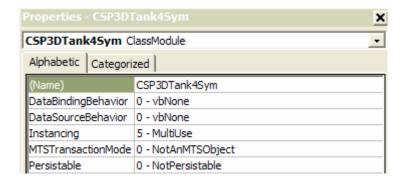


9. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateDef class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateDef.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank4Def.cls under lab4 directory



- 10. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSimplePhysical class node. Select *File -> Save CSimplePhysical.cls As* option to save the class module as CSimplePhysical.cls under lab4 directory.
- 11. Go to the Properties Window and change the name of the Project and both Class Modules as follows:





12. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank4Sym module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from "CSP3DTemplateAsm:" to "CSP3DTank4Asm:"

```
Private Const MODULE = "CSP3DTank4Asm:" 'Used for error messages
```

13. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
Set m_oSymbolHelper = New SymbolServices
m_oSymbolHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank4Asm"
m_oSymbolHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank4Sym"
```

14. In this Class_Initialize() routine, add the following code to define the inputs and aspects definition for this symbol. Note: there is no outputs section.

```
'Inputs Section
  m \, oSymbolHelper.NumInputs = 13
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 1, "VesselDiameter", "VesselDiameter", 1
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 2, "VesselTantoTan", "VesselTantoTan", 3
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 3, "InsulationThickness", "InsulationThickness", 0.06
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 4, "VesselLugOffset", "VesselLugOffset", 0.01
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 5, "LugBasePlateWidth", "LugBasePlateWidth", 0.15
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 6, "LugBasePlateLength", "LugBasePlateLength", 0.15
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 7, "LugBasePlateThickness", "LugBasePlateThickness", 0.01
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 8, "LugGussetHeight", "LugGussetHeight", 0.1
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 9, "LugGussetWidth", "LugGussetWidth", 0.14
  m oSymbolHelper, AddInputDef 10. "LugGussetThickness", "LugGussetThickness", 0.01
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 11, "LugGussetSpacing", "LugGussetSpacing", 0.12
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 12, "LugBoltSlotEccentricity", "LugBoltSlotEccentricity", 0.115
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 13, "LugBoltDiameter", "LugBoltDiameter", 0.02
' Outputs Section
' Aspects Section
  m_oSymbolHelper.NumAspects = 1
  m_oSymbolHelper.AddAspectDef 1, "SimplePhysical", "SimplePhysical", 1
```

15. Go to CSimplePhysical Class module/Run subroutine and make sure there is no code to get the inputs

- 16. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank4Def module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from ""SP3DTemplateAsm: CSP3DTemplateDef" to "SP3DTank4Asm: CSP3DTank4Def"
- 17. Go to the top of the CSP3DTank4Def module and declare the following variables

```
Private Const MODULE = "SP3DTank4Asm:CSP3DTank4Def"
```

Private Const IID_IJDATTRIBUTES = "{B25FD387-CFEB-11D1-850B-080036DE8E03}" Private Const IID_IJDGEOMETRY = "{A1732CBF-5136-11D1-9770-080036754203}"

Private m_oEquipCADHelper As IJEquipCADHelper Private m_oEditErrors As IJEditErrors

Private m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs() As Variant

'VDrum

Private m_VesselDiameter As Double
Private m_VesselTantoTan As Double
Private m_dInsulationThickness As Double

'Lugs

Private m_VesselLugOffset As Double
Private m_LugBasePlateWidth As Double
Private m_LugBasePlateLength As Double
Private m_LugBasePlateThickness As Double
Private m_LugGussetHeight As Double
Private m_LugGussetWidth As Double
Private m_LugGussetThickness As Double
Private m_LugGussetSpacing As Double
Private m_LugBoltSlotEccentricity As Double
Private m_LugBoltDiameter As Double

18. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank4Asm"
m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank4Def"
```

19. Go to CSP3DTank4Def Class module. Declare the appropriate custom methods to manage the drum and the lug equipment components as follows:

'Add your code here for the declaration of the Public Custom Methods used to manage new members 'Add new member(VDrum) to the definition

Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing

```
Set\ oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription
      oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "VDrumProperties", 1,
                               IID IJDATTRIBUTES, "CMEvaluateVDrum", imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB
      oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "VDrumGeometryProperties", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY, _
                                "CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum", imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB
      'Add new member (Lug) to the definition
      Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
      Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("Lugs", 2,
                               "CMConstructLugs", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB)
      oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMSetInputsLugs"
      oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMFinalConstructLugs"
      oMemberDescription.SetCMConditional imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMConditionalLugs"
      oMemberDescription.SetCMRelease imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMReleaseLugs"
      Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing
      Set oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription
      oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "LugsProperties", 1, IID_IJDATTRIBUTES, _
                               "CMEvaluateLugs", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
      oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "LugsGeometryProperties", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY, _
                                "CMEvaluateGeometryLugs", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
20. Go to IJEquipUserAttrMgmt OnPreLoad function and add the following code. Use the
    IJEquipAttrDescriptor interface to set the equipment component properties read only. If you
    want the support lug dimensions changeable, then you can comments the Case statement for
    the properties located in IJUAVESSELSUPPORTLUG so that these attributes can be
    changed by the user.
    Private Function IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad(ByVal pIJDAttrs As IJDAttributes, ByVal
    CollAllDisplayedValues As Object) As String
      Const METHOD = "IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad"
      On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
        Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
        Set oMemberDescription = m oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(pIJDAttrs)
        Dim oAttrCollection As Collection
        Dim oAttributeDescriptor As IJEquipAttrDescriptor
        Dim m As Long
    'Set dimension and deletable attributes to read only.
        Set oAttrCollection = CollAllDisplayedValues
        Select Case oMemberDescription.Name
        Case "VDrum"
          For m = 1 To oAttrCollection.Count
            Set\ oAttributeDescriptor = oAttrCollection.Item(m)
            Select Case UCase(oAttributeDescriptor.InterfaceName)
              Case "IJUAVESSELDIAMETER"
                oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
              Case "IJUAVESSELTANTOTAN"
                oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
              Case "IJDELETABLEMEMBER"
                oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
```

Case Else

```
End Select
      Next
    Case "Lugs"
      For m = 1 To oAttrCollection.Count
        Set oAttributeDescriptor = oAttrCollection.Item(m)
        Select Case UCase(oAttributeDescriptor.InterfaceName)
           Case "IJUAVESSELSUPPORTLUG"
            oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case "IJUAVESSELDIAMETER"
            oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case "IJDELETABLEMEMBER"
            oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case Else
        End Select
      Next
    Case Else
    End Select
  Set oAttrCollection = Nothing
  Set oAttributeDescriptor = Nothing
  Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad = ""
  Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad = "ERROR"
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Function
```

21. Go to the end of CSP3DTank4Def Class module. Add the custom methods to manage the drum and the lug equipment components as follows:

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (VDrum 01-EC). Use EquipCADHelper CreateEquipmentComponent () method to create the member given the equipment component part number. Use the *SetObjNameRule* function to get a name from the default naming rule.

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the attribute values to the member object. Use the MakeMemberDeletable method to set the member deletable.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateVDrum(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oPropertyDescription.CAO

Dim oAttribs As IJDAttributes
Dim oSmartOcc As IJSmartOccurrence

Set oSmartOcc = oPropertyDescription.Object
Set oAttribs = oSmartOcc '.ItemObject

oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselDiameter").Item("VesselDiameter").Value = m_VesselDiameter
```

```
oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJUAV essel Tanto Tan"). Item ("Vessel Tanto Tan"). Value = m\_Vessel Tanto Tan oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJInsulation Thickness"). Item ("Insulation Thickness"). Value = m\_dInsulation Thickness oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJD eletable Member"). Item ("Can Be Deleted"). Value = True
```

' set member deletable

Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
Set oMemberDescription = m_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(oAttribs)
m_oEquipCADHelper.MakeMemberDeletable oMemberDescription, oAttribs, True

Set oAttribs = Nothing Set oSmartOcc = Nothing Set oMemberDescription = Nothing

Exit Sub ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom method Geometry Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the transformation matrix to move the member object relative to the equipment. Use the TransformFromECStoGCS function to maintain the VDrum member coordinate system relative to the Equipment coordinate system.

Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum" On Error GoTo ErrorHandler LogCalls METHOD

'Add the following code to avoid the eqp component to move alone

Dim oEqpComp As IJEquipmentComponent Dim oEqpCompMatrix As IJEquipment Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment

Set oEqpComp = oPropertyDescription.Object oEqpComp.GetParent oEquipment Set oEqpCompMatrix = oEqpComp

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment

Dim otransform As IngrGeom3D.IJDT4x4
Set otransform = New DT4x4
Dim iVector As IJDVector
Set iVector = New DVector

'set translation vector otransform.LoadIdentity iVector.x = 0 iVector.y = 0 iVector.z = 0 otransform.Translate iVector 'Set eqp comp position to 0,0,0

```
oEqpCompMatrix.SetMatrix otransform
```

```
TransformFromECStoGCS oEquipment, oEqpComp
```

```
Set oEqpCompMatrix = Nothing
Set oEqpComp = Nothing
Set oEquipment = Nothing

Set iVector = Nothing
Set otransform = Nothing

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
```

Custom method Conditional:

End Sub

This method checks if the member is conditional based on the CanBeDeleted flag. Remember, we added code in the CMEvaluate to make the member deletable.

```
Public Sub CMConditionalVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)
```

```
Const METHOD = "CMConditionalVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

 $IsNeeded = m_oEquipCADHelper.CheckMemberConditional(pMemberDesc)$

Exit Sub ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMReleaseVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseVDrum"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (LiftingLugwithBackingPlate 01-EC). Use EquipCADHelper CreateEquipmentComponent () method to create the member given the equipment component part number. Use the <code>SetObjNameRule</code> function to get a name from the default naming rule.

Public Sub CMConstructLugs(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, _ ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _

```
ByRef pObject As Object)
  Const METHOD = "CMConstructLugs"
  LogCalls METHOD
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Set oEquipment = pMemberDescription.CAO
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  'Create Equipment Component
  Set pObject = m_oEquipCADHelper.CreateEquipmentComponent(pMemberDescription, _
                           pResourceManager, "LiftingLugwithBackingPlate 01-EC", "Lugs")
  SetObjNameRule pObject, "CPEquipmentComponent"
  Set \ oEquipment = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructLugs(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructLugs"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsLugs(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsLugs"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the attribute values to the member object. Use the MakeMemberDeletable method to set the member deletable.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateLugs(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateLugs"

LogCalls METHOD

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

```
{\it Get Dimensions From Symbol Array\ oProperty Description. CAO}
```

```
Dim oAttribs As IJDAttributes
                    Dim oSmartOcc As IJSmartOccurrence
                    Set \ oSmartOcc = oPropertyDescription.Object
                    Set oAttribs = oSmartOcc '.ItemObject
               oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJUAV essel Diameter"). Item ("Vessel Diameter"). Value = m\_Vessel Diameter") and the property of the p
                 oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJUAV essel Support Lug"). It em ("Vessel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset"). Value = m\_Vessel Lug Offset ("IJUAV essel Lug Offset ("
                 oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJUAV essel Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Width ("Lug Base Plate Width"). 
               oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJUAV essel Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length"). Value = m\_Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug Base Plate Length ("Lug
                 oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselSupportLug").Item("LugBasePlateThickness").Value =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  m_LugBasePlateThickness
               oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJUAV essel Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Height"). Value = m_Lug Gusset Height"). Value = m_Lug Gusset Height ("Lug 
                 oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselSupportLug").Item("LugGussetWidth").Value = m_LugGussetWidth
                 oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJUAV essel Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Thickness"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Thickness"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Thickness"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Thickness"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Thickness"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Thickness"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Thickness"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Thickness"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Thickness"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Thickness"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Thickness"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval Support Lug"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Thickness ("Interval S
               oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJUAV essel Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Gusset Spacing"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Spacing"). Value = m\_Lug Gusset Spacing ("Lug Gusset Spacing"). Value = m\_L
                 oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselSupportLug").Item("LugBoltSlotEccentricity").Value =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    m_LugBoltSlotEccentricity
               oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJUAV essel Support Lug"). Item ("Lug Bolt Diameter"). Value = m\_Lug Bolt Diameter
                    oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJDeletableMember").Item("CanBeDeleted").Value = True
 ' set member deletable
                    Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
                    Set\ oMemberDescription = m\_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(oAttribs)
                    m_oEquipCADHelper.MakeMemberDeletable oMemberDescription, oAttribs, True
                    Set\ oAttribs = Nothing
                    Set \ oSmartOcc = Nothing
                    Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
                    Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
                  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Geometry Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the transformation matrix to move the member object relative to the equipment. Use the TransformFromECStoGCS function to maintain the Lug member coordinate system relative to the Equipment coordinate system.

Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryLugs(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryLugs" On Error GoTo ErrorHandler LogCalls METHOD

Dim oEqpComp As IJEquipmentComponent Dim oEqpCompMatrix As IJEquipment Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment

Set oEqpComp = oPropertyDescription.Object

```
oEqpComp.GetParent oEquipment
  Set \ oEqpCompMatrix = oEqpComp
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  Dim otransform As IngrGeom3D.IJDT4x4
  Set \ otransform = New \ DT4x4
  Dim iVector As IJDVector
  Set iVector = New DVector
'set translation matrix
  otransform.LoadIdentity
  iVector.x = 0
  iVector.y = 0
  iVector.z = m_VesselLugOffset
' set/display the lug position value in the properties page
  Dim Attrcol As IJDAttributesCol
  Dim oAttrs As IJDAttributes
  Dim oAttr As IJDAttribute
  Set\ oAttrs = oEquipment
  Set Attrcol = oAttrs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselSupportLug")
  Set oAttr = Attrcol.Item("VesselLugOffset")
  oAttr.Value = m VesselLugOffset
  otransform.Translate iVector
  oEqpCompMatrix.SetMatrix otransform
  TransformFromECStoGCS oEquipment, oEqpComp
  Set oEquipment = Nothing
  Set\ oEqpComp = Nothing
  Set\ oEqpCompMatrix = Nothing
  Set\ iVector = Nothing
  Set \ otransform = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
Custom method Conditional:
This method checks if the member is conditional based on the CanBeDeleted flag.
Remember, we added code in the CMEvaluate to make the member deletable.
Public Sub CMConditionalLugs(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)
  Const METHOD = "CMConditionalLugs"
  LogCalls METHOD
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

 $IsNeeded = m_oEquipCADHelper.CheckMemberConditional(pMemberDesc)$

Exit Sub

```
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMReleaseLugs(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseLugs"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

22. Add the following subroutine to convert the array of inputs in a set of global variables.

```
Private Sub GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray(SmartOccurrence As IJSmartOccurrence)
  Const METHOD = "GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray"
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs = m_oEquipCADHelper.GetSymbolArrayOfInputs(SmartOccurrence)
  'Inputs, from equipment symbol code
  'Set m_oPartFclt = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(1)
  m_VesselDiameter = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(2)
  m \ VesselTantoTan = m \ avSymbolArrayOfInputs(3)
  m \ dInsulationThickness = m \ avSymbolArrayOfInputs(4)
 m_VesselLugOffset = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(5)
 m LugBasePlateWidth = m avSymbolArrayOfInputs(6)
  m\_LugBasePlateLength = m\_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(7)
  m\_LugBasePlateThickness = m\_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(8)
  m_LugGussetHeight = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(9)
  m_LugGussetWidth = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(10)
  m_LugGussetThickness = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(11)
  m_LugGussetSpacing = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(12)
  m_LugBoltSlotEccentricity = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(13)
  m LugBoltDiameter = m avSymbolArrayOfInputs(14)
 Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

23. Add the following subroutine to position and orient the member with respect to the equipment.

```
Private Sub TransformFromECStoGCS(Equipment As IJEquipment, Object As Object)
Const METHOD = "TransformFromECStoGCS"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim oEqpMatrix As IJDT4x4
Dim oShapeMatrix As IJDT4x4
```

```
Dim otransform As IJDGeometry
      Dim oShape As IJShape
      If Not Object Is Nothing Then
        If TypeOf Object Is IJDGeometry Then
          Equipment.GetMatrix oEqpMatrix
          Set \ otransform = Object
          otransform.DTransform oEqpMatrix
          Set \ otransform = Nothing
          Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
        End If
      End If
      Set otransform = Nothing
      Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
      Set \ oShape = Nothing
      Set\ oShapeMatrix = Nothing
      Exit Sub
    ErrorHandler:
      Set \ otransform = Nothing
      Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
      Set\ oShape = Nothing
      Set\ oShapeMatrix = Nothing
      HandleError MODULE, METHOD
    End Sub
24. Add the following subroutine to set the naming relation and generate a name based on the
    default naming rule.
    Public Sub SetObjNameRule(ByRef obj As Object, ByRef CLASSNAME As String)
    ' Apply the namerule using the IJDNamingRulesHelper helper interface
    Const METHOD = "SetNameRule"
    On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
      Dim NameRule As String
      Dim NamingRules As IJElements
      Dim oNameRuleHlpr As GSCADNameRuleSemantics.IJDNamingRulesHelper
    'Returns a collection of the naming rules available in the catalog database
    'for the given object
      Set\ oNameRuleHlpr=New\ GSCADNameRuleHlpr.NamingRulesHelper
      Call oNameRuleHlpr.GetEntityNamingRulesGivenName(CLASSNAME, NamingRules)
    'get the first namerule from the collection
      Dim oNameRuleHolder As GSCADGenericNamingRulesFacelets.IJDNameRuleHolder
      Set oNameRuleHolder = NamingRules.Item(1)
    'Create relations "NamedEntity" and "EntityNamingRule" and obj
      Dim oNameRuleAE As GSCADGenNameRuleAE.IJNameRuleAE
      Call oNameRuleHlpr.AddNamingRelations(obj, oNameRuleHolder, oNameRuleAE)
      GoTo CleanObjects
    ErrorHandler:
      HandleError MODULE, METHOD
```

```
CleanObjects:
Set oNameRuleHlpr = Nothing
Set oNameRuleHolder = Nothing
Set oNameRuleAE = Nothing
Set NamingRules = Nothing
End Sub
```

25. Add the following subroutine to log any error.

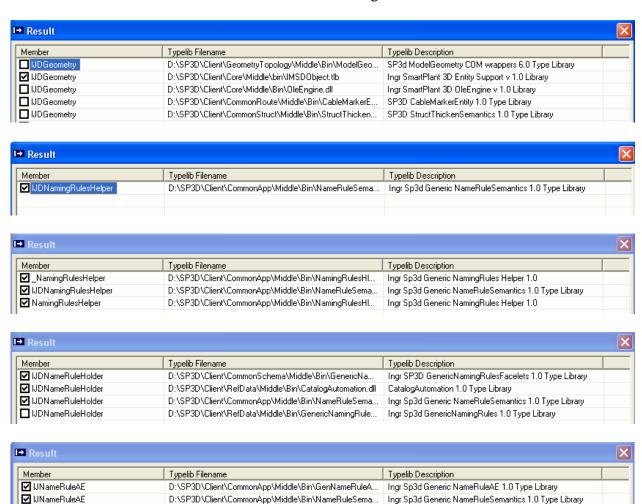
```
Private Sub LogCalls(sMethod As String)
```

```
If Not m_oEditErrors Is Nothing Then
m_oEditErrors.Add 5000, m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName & "." &
m_oEquipCADHelper.CLASSNAME, "Entering " & sMethod
End If
```

End Sub

☑ IJNameRuleAEFactory

26. Compile the Visual Basic project and save the dll as SP3DTank4Asm.dll in the c:\Train\lab4 Note: Use the SP3D Reference Tool to attach the missing reference libraries.



D:\SP3D\Client\CommonApp\Middle\Bin\GenNameRuleA..

Ingr Sp3d Generic NameRuleAE 1.0 Type Library

One of the most important steps in Visual Basic programming is to preserve the binary compatibility of your program. Save the final version of your dll file to be binary compatibility in order to preserve the CLSID.

- 27. Save the Visual Basic SP3DTank4Asm project.
- 28. Open the SP3DTemplate.xls workbook. Go the R-Hierarchy sheet and add the following entry.

Head	Relation Source	<u>RelationDestination</u>
Start		
	CatalogRoot	RefDataEquipmentRoot
	RefDataEquipmentRoot	Training
а	Training	SP3DTank4Asm
End		

29. Go to the SP3DTemplateAsm sheet and rename it as SP3DTank4Asm.

- 30. Go to the Class definition section and add/edit as follows:
- 31. In the Definition Section rows:

Definition	<u>PartClassType</u>	<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	UserClassName	OccClassName	Symbolicon
a	EquipmentAssemblyClass	SP3DTank4Asm.CSP3DTank4Sym	Tank4Asm	Tank4Asm	Symbollcons\Tank4Asm.gif

Note:

• Creating the bmp or gif file is optional. You can use Microsoft Paint to create the file and save it under your \\machine\symbols\SymbolIcons

Occurrence attributes:

oa:InsulationThickness		oa:VesselDiameter		oa:VesselTantoTan		-	
OA:VesselLugOffset	OA:Lu	gBasePlateWidth	OA:I	LugBasePlateLength	OA:L	.ugBasePlateThickness	OA:LugGussetHeight
OA:LugGussetWidth	OA:L	ugGussetThickness	OA	A:LugGussetSpacing	OA:	LugBoltSlotEccentricity	OA:LugBoltDiameter

32. In the Part Section rows:

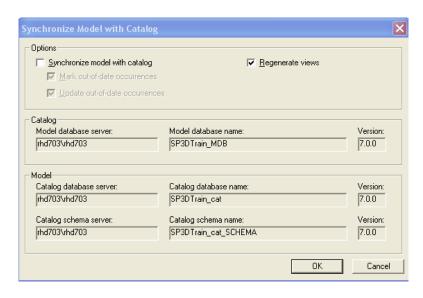
Head <u>Name</u>		<u>Pa</u>	<u>rtDescripti</u>	ion SymbolDe		<u>bolDefinition</u>		<u>Definition</u>			
Start											
а	Tank4	01_Asm	1						SP3DTa	nk4A	sm.CSP3DTank4De
End		_									
VesselDia	meter	Vessel	TantoTan	Vessell	_ugOff	set	LugBa	asePlate	Width	Lugi	BasePlateLength
1524mm		2286m	m	1000mr	n		150mi	m		150	mm
			ssetHeight LugGusse		Susset	1			LugGussetSpacing		
10mm			100mm		140n	nm		10mm			120mm
LuaBoltSl	ntEccer	ntricity I	.ugBoltDia	meter							
LugboitSi	ot⊏ccer	itricity t	-ugboitDia	ameter							

- 33. Save the Excel workbook as SP3DTank4Asm.xls in the c:\Train\lab4.
- 34. Optional step: Create the Tank4Asm.gif file and place it under \\<MachineName>\Symbols\SymbolIcons

20mm

- 35. Load the information into the catalog using the Add/Modify/Delete Mode. Once the bulkload process is completed, review the log file.
- 36. Run the Project Management Task. Select the Model in the hierarchy.
- 37. Select Tools -> Synchronize Model with the Catalog.
- 38. Uncheck the Synchronize Model with the Catalog option.

Note: You just need to update the views in the model.



39. Hit "OK" Button.

115mm

- 40. Once the process is completed, Right click the training plant icon and select "Regenerate the Reports database" option to re-create the views in the report database.41. Go to the Equipment Task and place the SP3DTank4Asm.

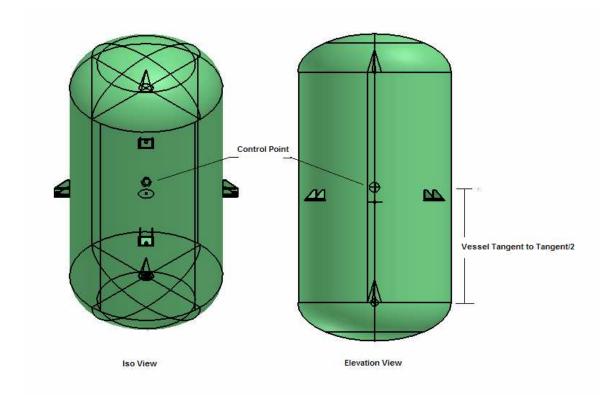
Lab 6: Control Point as member of the Equipment

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Add control points as a member of the custom assembly
- Learn to use the IJGeneralBusinessObjectsFactory to create the control point object

Modify the Vertical Drum symbol (SP3DTank4Asm) by adding a control point as a member of the custom assembly occurrence.



1. Go to the top of the CSP3DTank4Def module and declare the following variable

Private Const MODULE = "SP3DTank4Asm: CSP3DTank4Def"

Private Const IID_IJDATTRIBUTES = "{B25FD387-CFEB-11D1-850B-080036DE8E03}" Private Const IID_IJDGEOMETRY = "{A1732CBF-5136-11D1-9770-080036754203}"

Private Const IID_IJControlPoint = "{F54DCDA8-2C24-47B9-A4ED-ACA4F3DF15D7}"

2. Go to CSP3DTank4Def Class module. Declare the appropriate custom methods to manage the control point as follows:

3. Go to the end of CSP3DTank4Def Class module. Add the custom methods to manage the control point as follows:

Custom Method Construct:

Set oControlPoint = Nothing Set oEquipment = Nothing

This method is in charge of the creation of the control point object. Use GeneralBusinessObjectsFactory object to create the member. Use the SetObjNameRule function to get a name from the default naming rule.

```
Public Sub CMConstructControlPoint(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, ByVal
pResourceManager As IUnknown, ByRef pObj As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMConstructControlPoint"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Set oEquipment = pMemberDescription.CAO
  Dim oControlPoint As IJControlPoint
  Dim oGBSFactory As IJGeneralBusinessObjectsFactory
  Set oGBSFactory = New GeneralBusinessObjectsFactory
  Set oControlPoint = oGBSFactory.CreateControlPoint(pResourceManager, 0#, 0#, 0#, 0.1, , False, True)
 'Set default properties
  oControlPoint.SubType = cpProcessEquipment
  oControlPoint.Type = cpControlPoint
  oControlPoint.IsAssociative = True
  oControlPoint.Diameter = 0.1
  Set\ pObj = oControlPoint
  SetObjNameRule oControlPoint, "CPControlPoint"
```

 $Set\ oGBSFactory = Nothing$

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom Method Final:

This method will call the CreateControlPointRelation method to create the relation.

Public Sub CMFinalConstructControlPoint(pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructControlPoint"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Call CreateControlPointRelation(pMemberDesc)

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

Public Sub CMSetInputControlPoint(pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputControlPoint"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the properties and position of the control point relative to the equipment.

Public Sub CMEvaluateControlPoint(pPropertyDescriptions As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateControlPoint"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim oControlPoint As IJControlPoint Set oControlPoint = pPropertyDescriptions.Object

oControlPoint.SubType = cpProcessEquipment oControlPoint.Type = cpControlPoint oControlPoint.IsAssociative = True

oControlPoint.Diameter = 0.1

Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment Set oEquipment = pPropertyDescriptions.CAO

Dim x As Double, y As Double, z As Double

oEquipment.GetPosition x, y, z

Dim ControlPt As IJPoint

Set ControlPt = New Point3d Set ControlPt = oControlPoint

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment

 $ControlPt.SetPoint x, y, z + m_VesselTantoTan/2$

Set oControlPoint = Nothing Set ControlPt = Nothing Set oEquipment = Nothing

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom method Geometry Evaluate:

This method will call the CMEvaluate.

Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryControlPoint(pPropertyDescriptions As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryControlPoint" On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Call CMEvaluateControlPoint(pPropertyDescriptions, pObject)

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom method Conditional:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

Public Sub CMConditionalControlPoint(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)

Const METHOD = "CMConditionalControlPoint" On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

Public Sub CMReleaseControlPoint(pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseControlPoint"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom method Count:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMCountControlPoint(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef Count As Long)
Const METHOD = "CMCountControlPoint"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

4. Add the following subroutine *CreateControlPointRelation()* to set the equipment (Parent) associated with the control point (Child).

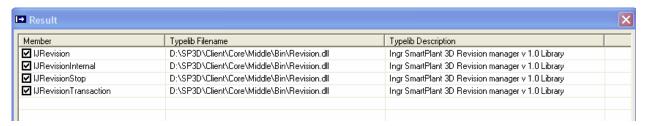
```
Public Sub CreateControlPointRelation(pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CreateControlPointRelation"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim CollHlpr As IMSRelation.DCollectionHelper
Dim TOColl As IJDTargetObjectCol
Dim AssocRel As IJDAssocRelation
Dim oRevision As IJRevision
Dim oRelationship As IJDRelationship
  Set AssocRel = pMemberDesc.Object
  Set CollHlpr = AssocRel.CollectionRelations(IID IJControlPoint, "Parent")
  If Not CollHlpr Is Nothing Then
    Set\ TOColl = CollHlpr
    TOColl.Add pMemberDesc.CAO, vbNullString, oRelationship
    Set oRevision = New JRevision
    oRevision.AddRelationship oRelationship
  End If
  Set CollHlpr = Nothing
  Set oRevision = Nothing
  Set oRelationship = Nothing
  Set\ TOColl = Nothing
  Set AssocRel = Nothing
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

- 5. Open the property page of the Visual Basic project and increase the dll major version number.
- 6. Compile the Visula Basic project and save the dll in the c:\train\ lab4.

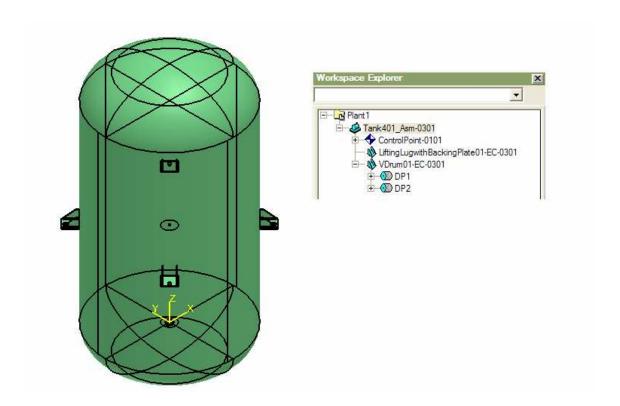
Note: Use the SP3D Reference Tool to attach the missing reference libraries.

I Result			×
Member	Typelib Filename	Typelib Description	
☑ IJControlPoint	D:\SP3D\Client\CommonApp\Middle\Bin\GeneralBusines	Ingr SP3D CommonApp GeneralBusinessObjects v1.0	
☐ IJControlPoint	D:\SP3D\Client\CommonSchema\Middle\Bin\ControlPoint	Ingr ControlPointFacelets Entities 1.0 Type Library	





- 7. Save the Visual Basic SP3DTank4Asm project.
- 8. Open the SP3DTank4Asm.xls workbook. Go to the SP3DTank4Asm part class and add the letter M to the part.
- 9. Update the part class and part using the bulkload utility.
- 10. Go to Project Management task and run the synchronize model with the catalog database command.
- 11. Go to the Equipment Task and place the Tank401_Asm. Notice the control point is visible under the equipment occurrence in the system tab of the workspace explorer window.



Lab 7: Managing variable members in the Equipment

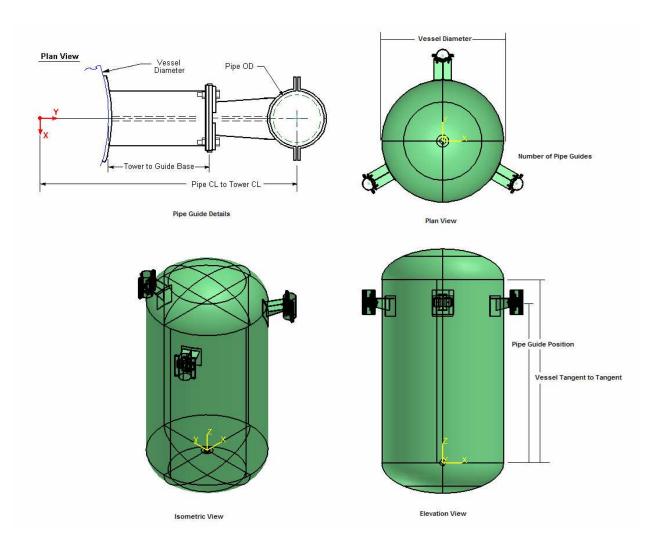
Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Create a custom assembly occurrence symbol made of equipment components
- Learn to use the Symbol Helper service to create the symbol definition
- Use the Equipment CAD Helper to define the Custom Assembly Definition
- Learn to use the IJDAggregatorDescription , IJDMemberDescriptions, and
 IJDPropertyDescriptions to define the behaviors of the custom assembly occurrence (CAO)
- Use the CMCount to create variable members
- Use IJDNamingRulesHelper interface to create the naming relations between a naming rule and the object
- Use IJDAttributes interface to get a collection of attributes property
- Use IJDAttribute to get an object's attribute

Part a: Equipment Component as variable member objects

In this lab, you will create an equipment symbol as shown below. You start by using the SP3DEqpTemplateAsm template provided by the instructor to create the symbol. This symbol consists of two equipment components to define the symbol's output. Use the Equipment Custom Assembly Definition (CAD) Helper to create the members.



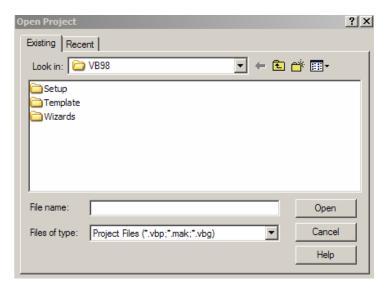
1. Create a directory called lab5 as follows:

 $c:\langle train \rangle lab5$

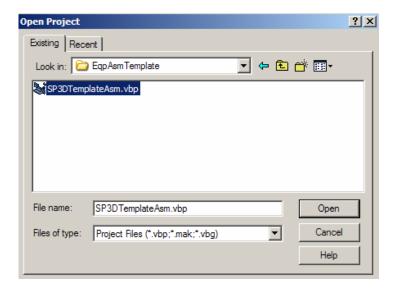
- 2. Run Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0
- 3. Close the Microsoft New Project dialog box.



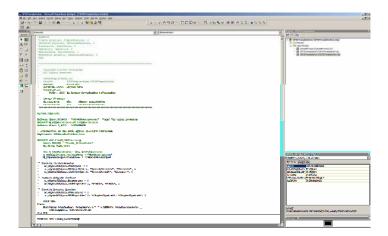
4. Select File -> Open Project option to open the Open Project Dialog box



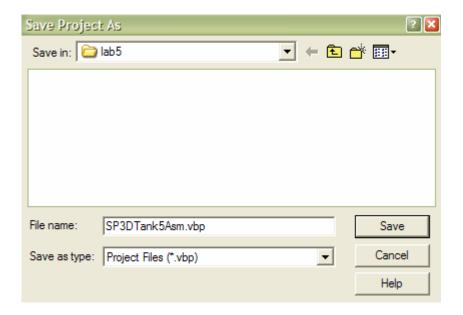
5. Navigate to c:\train\EqpAsmTemplate and open the SP3DTemplateAsm Template project



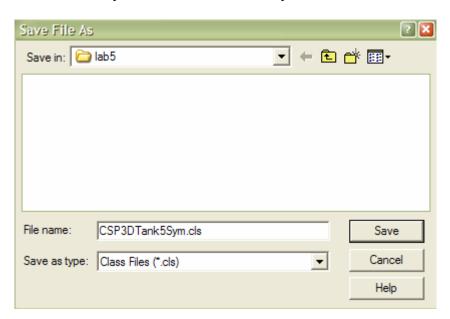
6. Setup the Visual Basic Development Environment as shown below:



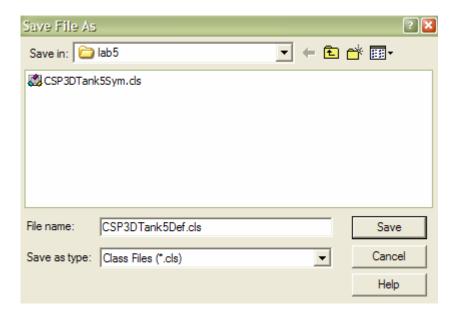
7. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the Project node. Select *File -> Save Project As* option to save the project as SP3DTank5Asm.vbp under the lab5 directory



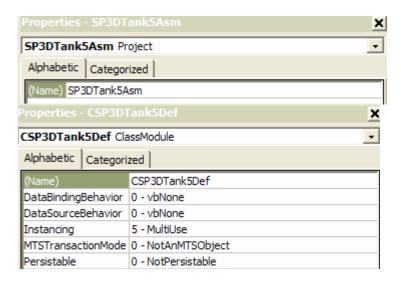
8. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateSym class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateSym.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank5Sym.cls under lab5 directory

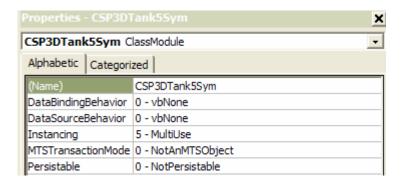


9. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateDef class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateDef.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank5Def.cls under lab5 directory



- 10. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSimplePhysical class node. Select *File -> Save CSimplePhysical.cls As* option to save the class module as CSimplePhysical.cls under lab5 directory.
- 11. Go to the Properties Window and change the name of the Project and both Class Modules as follows:





12. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank5Sym module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from "CSP3DTemplateAsm:" to "CSP3DTank5Asm:"

```
Private Const MODULE = "CSP3DTank5Asm:" 'Used for error messages
```

13. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
Set m_oSymbolHelper = New SymbolServices
m_oSymbolHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank5Asm"
m_oSymbolHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank5Sym"
```

14. In this Class_Initialize() routine, add the following code to define the inputs and aspects definition for this symbol. Note: there is no outputs section.

```
'Inputs Section

m_oSymbolHelper.NumInputs = 5

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 1, "VesselDiameter", "VesselDiameter", 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 2, "VesselTantoTan", "VesselTantoTan", 3

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 3, "InsulationThickness", "InsulationThickness", 0.06

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 4, "PipeGuidePosition", "PipeGuidePosition", 0.4

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 5, "NoOfPipeGuide", "NoOfPipeGuide", 3

'Outputs Section

'Aspects Section

m_oSymbolHelper.NumAspects = 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddAspectDef 1, "SimplePhysical", "SimplePhysical", 1
```

- 15. Go to CSimplePhysical Class module/Run subroutine and make sure there is no code to get the inputs.
- 16. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank5Def module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from ""SP3DTemplateAsm: CSP3DTemplateDef" to "SP3DTank5Asm: CSP3DTank5Def"
- 17. Go to the top of the CSP3DTank5Def module and declare the following variables:

```
Private Const MODULE = "SP3DTank5Asm: CSP3DTank5Def"

Private Const IID_IJDATTRIBUTES = "{B25FD387-CFEB-11D1-850B-080036DE8E03}"
```

```
Private Const IID_IJDGEOMETRY = "{A1732CBF-5136-11D1-9770-080036754203}"
```

Private m_oEquipCADHelper As IJEquipCADHelper Private m_oEditErrors As IJEditErrors

Private m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs() As Variant

'VDrum

Private m_VesselDiameter As Double
Private m_VesselTantoTan As Double
Private m_dInsulationThickness As Double

'PipeGuide Private m_PipeGuidePosition As Double Private m_NoOfPipeGuide As Long

Private PI As Double

18. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank5Asm"
m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank5Def"
```

19. In this Class_Initialize() routine, initialize the following variable:

```
PI = 4 * Atn(1)
```

20. Go to CSP3DTank5Def Class module. Declare the appropriate custom methods to manage the drum and the pipe guide equipment components as follows:

'Add your code here for the declaration of the Public Custom Methods used to manage new members 'Add new member(VDrum) to the definition

```
Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
```

Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("VDrum", 1, "CMConstructVDrum", _ imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB)

oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMSetInputsVDrum" oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMFinalConstructVDrum" oMemberDescription.SetCMConditional imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMConditionalVDrum" oMemberDescription.SetCMRelease imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMReleaseVDrum"

Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing

 $Set\ oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription$

oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "VDrumProperties", 1, IID_IJDATTRIBUTES, "CMEvaluateVDrum", _ imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB

oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "VDrumGeometryProperties", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY, _
"CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB

'Add new member(Pipe Guide) to the definition

Set oMemberDescription = Nothing

Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("Pipeguide", 2, "CMConstructPipeguide", _
imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB)

oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMSetInputsPipeguide"

```
oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMFinalConstructPipeguide"
      oMemberDescription.SetCMConditional imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMConditionalPipeguide"
      oMemberDescription.SetCMRelease imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMReleasePipeguide"
      oMemberDescription.SetCMCount imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMCountPipeguide"
      Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing
      Set oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription
      oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "PipeguideProperties", 1, IID_IJDATTRIBUTES,
                                                "CMEvaluatePipeguide", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
      oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "PipeguideGeometryProperties", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY, _
                                            "CMEvaluateGeometryPipeguide", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
21. Go to IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad function and add the following code. Use the
    IJEquipAttrDescriptor interface to set the VDrum properties read only.
    Private Function IJEquipUserAttrMgmt OnPreLoad(ByVal pIJDAttrs As IJDAttributes, ByVal
   CollAllDisplayedValues As Object) As String
      Const METHOD = "IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad"
      On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
        Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
        Set\ oMemberDescription = m\_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(pIJDAttrs)
        Dim oAttrCollection As Collection
        Dim oAttributeDescriptor As IJEquipAttrDescriptor
        Dim m As Long
    ' set dimension and deletable attributes to read only.
        Set oAttrCollection = CollAllDisplayedValues
        Select Case oMemberDescription.Name
        Case "VDrum"
          For m = 1 To oAttrCollection.Count
            Set\ oAttributeDescriptor = oAttrCollection.Item(m)
            Select Case UCase(oAttributeDescriptor.InterfaceName)
               Case "IJUAVESSELDIAMETER"
                oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
               Case "IJUAVESSELTANTOTAN"
                oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
               Case "IJDELETABLEMEMBER"
                oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
               Case Else
            End Select
          Next
        Case Else
        End Select
      Set oAttrCollection = Nothing
      Set\ oAttributeDescriptor = Nothing
      Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
      IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad = ""
```

```
Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad = "ERROR"
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Function
```

22. Go to the end of CSP3DTank5Def Class module. Add the custom methods to manage the drum and the pipe guide equipment components as follows:

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (VDrum 01-EC). Use EquipCADHelper CreateEquipmentComponent () method to create the member given the equipment component part number. Use the *SetObjNameRule* function to get a name from the default naming rule.

```
Public Sub CMConstructVDrum(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, _
                  ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _
                  ByRef pObject As Object)
  Const METHOD = "CMConstructVDrum"
  LogCalls METHOD
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Set oEquipment = pMemberDescription.CAO
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  'Create Equipment Component
  Set\ pObject = m\_oEquipCADHelper.CreateEquipmentComponent(pMemberDescription,
pResourceManager, "VDrum 01-EC", "VDrum")
  'create name for the member
  SetObjNameRule pObject, "CPEquipmentComponent"
  Set oEquipment = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the attribute values to the member object. Use the MakeMemberDeletable method to set the member deletable.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateVDrum(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
      Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateVDrum"
      LogCalls METHOD
      On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
      GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oPropertyDescription.CAO
      Dim oAttribs As IJDAttributes
      Dim oSmartOcc As IJSmartOccurrence
     Set\ oSmartOcc = oPropertyDescription.Object
     Set oAttribs = oSmartOcc '.ItemObject
      oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJUAV essel Diameter"). Item ("Vessel Diameter"). Value = m\_Vessel Diameter") (Total of the properties of the propert
     oAttribs. CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselTantoTan"). Item("VesselTantoTan"). Value =
m VesselTantoTan
     oAttribs. CollectionOfAttributes("IJInsulationThickness"). Item("InsulationThickness"). Value =
m dInsulationThickness
     oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJDeletable Member"). Item ("Can Be Deleted"). Value = True
' set member deletable
      Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
      Set \ oMemberDescription = m \ oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(oAttribs)
      m_oEquipCADHelper.MakeMemberDeletable oMemberDescription, oAttribs, True
     Set\ oAttribs = Nothing
     Set \ oSmartOcc = Nothing
     Set\ oMemberDescription = Nothing
      Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
      HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Geometry Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the transformation matrix to move the member object relative to the equipment. Use the TransformFromECStoGCS function to maintain the VDrum member coordinate system relative to the Equipment coordinate system.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
```

```
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
LogCalls METHOD
```

'Add the following code to avoid the eqp component to move alone

```
Dim oEqpComp As IJEquipmentComponent
Dim oEqpCompMatrix As IJEquipment
Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
```

```
Set oEqpComp = oPropertyDescription.Object
oEqpComp.GetParent oEquipment
Set oEqpCompMatrix = oEqpComp
```

 ${\it GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray}\ o {\it Equipment}$

```
Dim otransform As IngrGeom3D.IJDT4x4
Set otransform = New DT4x4
Dim iVector As IJDVector
Set iVector = New DVector
```

otrans form. Load Identity

iVector.x = 0

iVector.y=0

iVector.z = 0 otransform.Translate *iVector*

oEqpCompMatrix.SetMatrix otransform

TransformFromECStoGCS oEquipment, oEqpCompMatrix

```
Set oEquipment = Nothing
Set oEqpComp = Nothing
Set oEqpCompMatrix = Nothing
Set iVector = Nothing
Set otransform = Nothing
```

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub

Custom method Conditional:

This method checks if the member is conditional based on the CanBeDeleted flag. Remember, we added code in the CMEvaluate to make the member deletable.

Public Sub CMConditionalVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)

```
Const METHOD = "CMConditionalVDrum"

LogCalls METHOD

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

IsNeeded = m_oEquipCADHelper.CheckMemberConditional(pMemberDesc)

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub
```

Custom method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMReleaseVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseVDrum"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (PipeguideClamped 01-EC). Use EquipCADHelper CreateEquipmentComponent () method to create the member given the equipment component part number. Use the *SetObjNameRule* function to get a name from the default naming rule.

```
Public Sub CMConstructPipeguide(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription,
                  ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _
                  ByRef pObject As Object)
  Const METHOD = "CMConstructPipeguide"
  LogCalls METHOD
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Set oEquipment = pMemberDescription.CAO
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  'Create Equipment Component
  Set\ pObject = m\ oEquip CADHelper. Create Equipment Component (pMember Description,
pResourceManager, "PipeguideClamped 01-EC", "Pipeguide")
  SetObjNameRule pObject, "CPEquipmentComponent"
  Set oEquipment = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructPipeguide(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructPipeguide"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsPipeguide(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsPipeguide"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the attribute values to the member object.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluatePipeguide(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

Const METHOD = "CMEvaluatePipeguide"

LogCalls METHOD

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim oAttribs As IJDAttributes

Dim oSmartOcc As IJSmartOccurrence

Set oSmartOcc = oPropertyDescription.Object
Set oAttribs = oSmartOcc '.ItemObject

oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselDiameter").Item("VesselDiameter").Value = m_VesselDiameter

Set oAttribs = Nothing
Set oSmartOcc = Nothing

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub
```

Custom Method Geometry Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the transformation matrix to move the member object relative to the equipment. Use the TransformFromECStoGCS function to maintain the Pipe Guide member coordinate system relative to the Equipment coordinate system.

Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryPipeguide(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

```
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryPipeguide"
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  LogCalls METHOD
    Dim oEqpComp As IJEquipmentComponent
  Dim oEqpCompMatrix As IJEquipment
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Set \ oEqpComp = oPropertyDescription.Object
  oEqpComp.GetParent oEquipment
  Set\ oEqpCompMatrix = oEqpComp
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  Dim otransform1 As IngrGeom3D.IJDT4x4
  Set otransform1 = New DT4x4
  Dim otransform2 As IngrGeom3D.IJDT4x4
  Set \ otransform2 = New \ DT4x4
  Dim iVector As IJDVector
  Set iVector = New DVector
  iVector.x = 0
  iVector.y = 0
  iVector.z = 1
  otransform1.LoadIdentity
  otransform2.LoadIdentity
'set the rotation matrix
  otransform2.Rotate oPropertyDescription.index * (2 * PI / m_NoOfPipeGuide), iVector
  otransform1.MultMatrix otransform2
'set the translation matrix
  iVector.x = 0
  iVector.v = 0
  iVector.z = m\_PipeGuidePosition
  otransform1.Translate iVector
  oEqpCompMatrix.SetMatrix otransform1
  TransformFromECStoGCS oEquipment, oEqpComp
  Set oEquipment = Nothing
  Set \ oEqpComp = Nothing
  Set\ oEqpCompMatrix = Nothing
  Set otransform1 = Nothing
  Set otransform2 = Nothing
  Set\ iVector = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
```

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom Method Count:

This custom method read the global variable m_NoOfPipeGuide to determine total number of members need to be created.

```
Public Sub CMCountPipeguide(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef Count As Long)
Const METHOD = "CMCountPipeguide"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray pMemberDesc.CAO
Count = m_NoOfPipeGuide

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Conditional:

This method makes sure that the system will not construct the pipe guide if the count is less or equal to zero.

```
Public Sub CMConditionalPipeguide(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)
```

```
Const METHOD = "CMConditionalPipeguide"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

If pMemberDesc.index <= 0 Then
IsNeeded = False
Else
IsNeeded = True
End If
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMReleasePipeguide(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleasePipeguide"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

23. Add the following subroutine to convert the array of inputs in a set of global variables.

```
Private Sub GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray(SmartOccurrence As IJSmartOccurrence)
Const METHOD = "GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

```
m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs = m_oEquipCADHelper.GetSymbolArrayOfInputs(SmartOccurrence)

'Inputs, from equipment symbol code
'Set m_oPartFclt = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(1)

m_VesselDiameter = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(2)

m_VesselTantoTan = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(3)

m_dInsulationThickness = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(4)

m_PipeGuidePosition = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(5)

m_NoOfPipeGuide = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(6)

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub
```

24. Add the following subroutine to position and orient the member with respect to the equipment.

```
Private Sub TransformFromECStoGCS(Equipment As IJEquipment, Object As Object)
  Const METHOD = "TransformFromECStoGCS"
  LogCalls METHOD
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oEqpMatrix As IJDT4x4
  Dim oShapeMatrix As IJDT4x4
  Dim otransform As IJDGeometry
  Dim oShape As IJShape
  If Not Object Is Nothing Then
    If TypeOf Object Is IJDGeometry Then
      Equipment.GetMatrix oEqpMatrix
      Set \ otransform = Object
      otransform.DTransform oEqpMatrix
      Set \ otransform = Nothing
      Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
    End If
  End If
  Set otransform = Nothing
  Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
  Set\ oShape = Nothing
  Set\ oShapeMatrix = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  Set \ otransform = Nothing
  Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
  Set oShape = Nothing
  Set\ oShapeMatrix = Nothing
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

25. Add the following subroutine to set the naming relation and generate a name based on the default naming rule.

Public Sub SetObjNameRule(ByRef obj As Object, ByRef CLASSNAME As String)
'Apply the namerule using the IJDNamingRulesHelper helper interface
Const METHOD = "SetNameRule"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim NameRule As String Dim NamingRules As IJElements

Dim oNameRuleHlpr As GSCADNameRuleSemantics.IJDNamingRulesHelper

'Returns a collection of the naming rules available in the catalog database 'for the given object

 $Set\ oNameRuleHlpr = New\ GSCADNameRuleHlpr.NamingRulesHelper$

 $Call\ oN ame Rule Hlpr. Get Entity Naming Rules Given Name (CLASSNAME,\ Naming Rules)$

'get the first namerule from the collection

Dim oNameRuleHolder As GSCADGenericNamingRulesFacelets.IJDNameRuleHolder Set oNameRuleHolder = NamingRules.Item(1)

'Create relations "NamedEntity" and "EntityNamingRule" and obj

Dim oNameRuleAE As GSCADGenNameRuleAE.IJNameRuleAE

Call oNameRuleHlpr.AddNamingRelations(obj, oNameRuleHolder, oNameRuleAE)

GoTo CleanObjects

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

CleanObjects:

Set oNameRuleHlpr = Nothing Set oNameRuleHolder = Nothing Set oNameRuleAE = Nothing Set NamingRules = Nothing End Sub

26. Add the following subroutine to log any error.

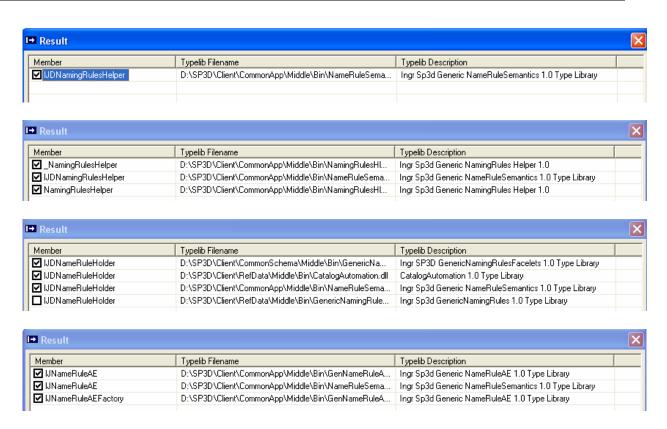
Private Sub LogCalls(sMethod As String)

```
If Not m_oEditErrors Is Nothing Then
m_oEditErrors.Add 5000, m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName & "." &
m_oEquipCADHelper.CLASSNAME, "Entering" & sMethod
End If
```

End Sub

27. Compile the Visual Basic project and save the dll as SP3DTank5Asm.dll in the c:\Train\lab5 Note: Use the SP3D Reference Tool to attach the missing reference libraries.

I→ Result			X
Member	Typelib Filename	Typelib Description	
☐ IJDGeometry	D:\SP3D\Client\GeometryTopology\Middle\Bin\ModelGeo	SP3d ModelGeometry COM wrappers 6.0 Type Library	
☑ IJDGeometry	D:\SP3D\Client\Core\Middle\bin\IMSDObject.tlb	Ingr SmartPlant 3D Entity Support v 1.0 Library	
☐ IJDGeometry	D:\SP3D\Client\Core\Middle\Bin\OleEngine.dll	Ingr SmartPlant 3D OleEngine v 1.0 Library	
□IJDGeometry	D:\SP3D\Client\CommonRoute\Middle\Bin\CableMarkerE	SP3D CableMarkerEntity 1.0 Type Library	



One of the most important steps in Visual Basic programming is to preserve the binary compatibility of your program. Save the final version of your dll file to be binary compatibility in order to preserve the CLSID.

- 28. Save the Visual Basic SP3DTank5Asm project.
- 29. Open the SP3DTemplate.xls workbook. Go the R-Hierarchy sheet and add the following entry.

Head	RelationSource	RelationDestination
Start		
	CatalogRoot	RefDataEquipmentRoot
	RefDataEquipmentRoot	Training
а	Training	SP3DTank5Asm
End	<u> </u>	

30. Go to the SP3DTemplateAsm sheet and rename it as SP3DTank5Asm.



31. Go to the Class definition section and add/edit as follows:

In the Definition Section rows:

Definition	<u>PartClassType</u>	<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	UserClassName	OccClassName	Symbolicon
a	EquipmentAssemblyClass	SP3DTank5Asm.CSP3DTank5Sym	Tank5Asm	Tank5Asm	Symbollcons\Tank5Asm.gif

Note:

• Creating the bmp or gif file is optional. You can use Microsoft Paint to create the file and save it under your \\machine\symbols\SymbolIcons

Occurrence attributes:

oa:InsulationThickness	oa:VesselDiameter	oa:VesselTantoTan
OA:PipeGuidePosition	OA:NoOfPipeGuide	

In the Part Section rows:

Head	Name	<u>PartDescription</u>	<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	<u>Definition</u>
Start				
а	Tank501_Asm			SP3DTank5Asm.CSP3DTank5Def
End				

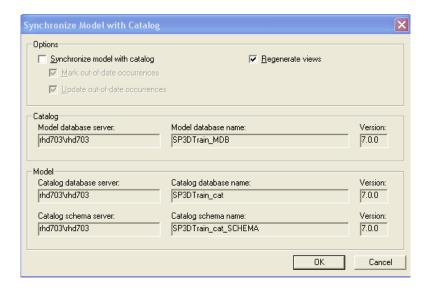
VesselDiameter	VesselTantoTan	PipeGuidePosition	NoOfPipeGuide
1524mm	2286mm	2000mm	3

32. Create a new interface called IJUADrumSmart2Asm. Go to the Custom Interface sheet and add the following entries:

Head <u>I</u>	<u>InterfaceName</u>	<u>CategoryName</u>	<u>AttributeName</u>	<u>AttributeUserName</u>	Type	<u>UnitsType</u>	PrimaryUnits	OnPropertyPage	ReadOnly	<u>SymbolParameter</u>
!										
I,	JUADrumSmart2Asm	Equipment Dimension	PipeGuidePosition	Pipe Guide Position	Double	Distance	mm	TRUE	FALSE	PipeGuidePosition
			NoOfPipeGuide	Number Of Pipe Guides	Long			TRUE	FALSE	NoOfPipeGuide

- 33. Save the Excel workbook as SP3DTank5Asm.xls in the c:\Train\lab5.
- 34. Optional step: Create the Tank5Asm.gif file and place it under \\<MachineName>\Symbols\SymbolIcons
- 35. Load the information into the catalog using the Add/Modify/Delete Mode. Once the bulkload process is completed, review the log file.
- 36. Run the Project Management Task. Select the Model in the hierarchy.
- 37. Select Tools -> Synchronize Model with the Catalog.
- 38. Uncheck the Synchronize Model with the Catalog option.

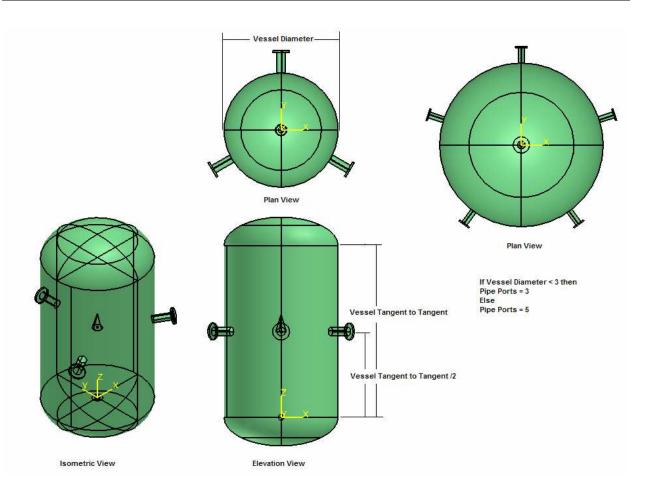
Note: You just need to update the views in the model.



- 39. Hit "OK" Button.
- 40. Once the process is completed, Right click the training plant icon and select "Regenerate the Reports database" option to re-create the views in the report database.
- 41. Go to the Equipment Task and place the SP3DTank5Asm.

Part b: Piping Nozzles as variable member objects

In this lab, you will create an equipment symbol as shown below. You start by using the SP3DEqpTemplateAsm template provided by the instructor to create the symbol. This symbol consists of one equipment component, datum shape and piping ports to define the symbol's output. The number of pipe ports will depend on the Vessel Diameter. Use the Equipment Custom Assembly Definition (CAD) Helper to create the members.



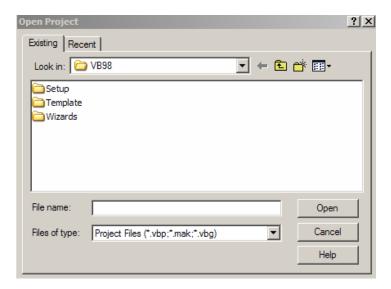
1. Create a directory called lab4 as follows:

 $c:\langle train \rangle lab6$

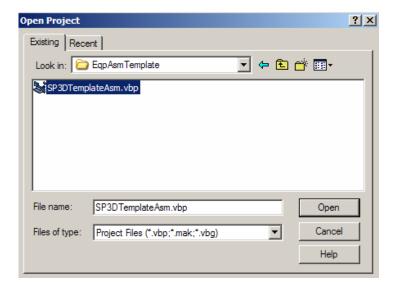
- 2. Run Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0
- 3. Close the Microsoft New Project dialog box.



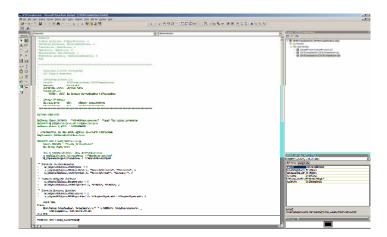
4. Select File -> Open Project option to open the Open Project Dialog box



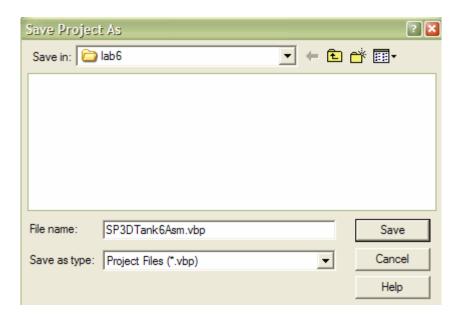
5. Navigate to c:\train\EqpAsmTemplate and open the SP3DTemplateAsm Template project



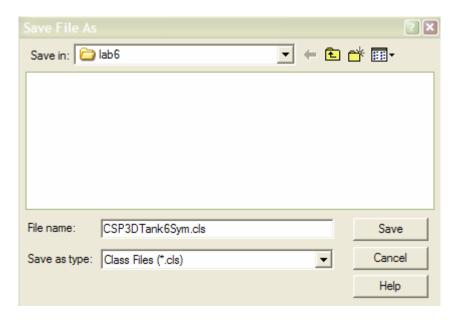
6. Setup the Visual Basic Development Environment as shown below:



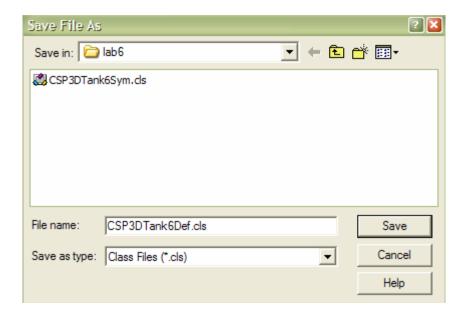
7. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the Project node. Select *File -> Save Project As* option to save the project as SP3DTank6Asm.vbp under the lab6 directory



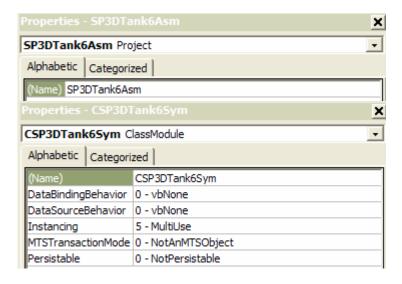
8. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateSym class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateSym.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank6Sym.cls under lab6 directory

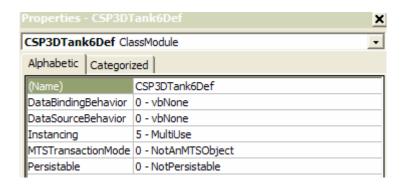


9. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateDef class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateDef.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank6Def.cls under lab 6 directory



- 10. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSimplePhysical class node. Select *File -> Save CSimplePhysical.cls As* option to save the class module as CSimplePhysical.cls under lab6 directory.
- 11. Go to the Properties Window and change the name of the Project and both Class Modules as follows:





12. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank6Sym module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from "CSP3DTemplateAsm:" to "CSP3DTank6Asm:"

```
Private Const MODULE = "CSP3DTank6Asm:" 'Used for error messages
```

13. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
Set m_oSymbolHelper = New SymbolServices
m_oSymbolHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank6Asm"
m_oSymbolHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank6Sym"
```

14. In this Class_Initialize() routine, add the following code to define the inputs and aspects definition for this symbol. Note: there is no outputs section.

```
'Inputs Section

m_oSymbolHelper.NumInputs = 3

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 1, "VesselDiameter", "VesselDiameter", 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 2, "VesselTantoTan", "VesselTantoTan", 3

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 3, "InsulationThickness", "InsulationThickness", 0.06

'Aspects Section

m_oSymbolHelper.NumAspects = 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddAspectDef 1, "SimplePhysical", "SimplePhysical", 1
```

- 15. Go to CSimplePhysical Class module/Run subroutine and make sure there is no code to get the inputs.
- 16. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank6Def module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from ""SP3DTemplateAsm: CSP3DTemplateDef" to "SP3DTank6Asm: CSP3DTank6Def"
- 17. Go to the top of the CSP3DTank6Def module and declare the following variables:

```
Private Const MODULE = "SP3DTemplateAsm: CSP3DTemplateDef"

Private Const IID_IJDATTRIBUTES = "{B25FD387-CFEB-11D1-850B-080036DE8E03}"

Private Const IID_IJDGEOMETRY = "{A1732CBF-5136-11D1-9770-080036754203}"

Private m_oEquipCADHelper As IJEquipCADHelper

Private m_oEditErrors As IJEditErrors
```

Private m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs() As Variant

```
Private m_oNorth
Private m_oEast
Private m_oElevation

VDrum
Private m_VesselDiameter As Double
Private m_VesselTantoTan As Double
Private m_dInsulationThickness As Double
Private m_NoOfPipePorts As Double
```

Private PI As Double

18. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank6Asm"
m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank6Def"
```

19. In this Class_Initialize() routine, initialize the following variable:

```
PI = 4 * Atn(1)

Set m_oEast = New DVector

m_oEast.x = 1

m_oEast.y = 0

m_oEast.z = 0

Set m_oNorth = New DVector

m_oNorth.x = 0

m_oNorth.y = 1

m_oNorth.z = 0

Set m_oElevation = New DVector

m_oElevation.x = 0

m_oElevation.y = 0

m_oElevation.z = 1
```

20. Go to the Class_Terminate() routine and use the Set statement to clear the references from all object variables.

```
Private Sub Class_Terminate()

Set m_oNorth = Nothing
Set m_oEast = Nothing
Set m_oElevation = Nothing

Set m_oEditErrors = Nothing
Set m_oEquipCADHelper = Nothing
End Sub
```

21. Go to CSP3DTank6Def Class module. Declare the appropriate custom methods to manage the vertical drum, datum shape and the pipe ports as follows:

```
'Add your code here for the declaration of the Public Custom Methods used to manage new members
 'Add new member(VDrum) to the definition
 Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
 Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("VDrum", 1, "CMConstructVDrum", _
                                          imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB)
 oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMSetInputsVDrum"
 oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMFinalConstructVDrum"
 oMemberDescription.SetCMConditional imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMConditionalVDrum"
 oMemberDescription.SetCMRelease imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMReleaseVDrum"
 Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing
 Set oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription
 oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "VDrumProperties", 1, IID_IJDATTRIBUTES, "CMEvaluateVDrum", _
                                          imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB
 oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "VDrumGeometryProperties", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY,_
                                          "CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
 'Add new member(DP1) to the definition
 Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
 Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("DP1", 2, "CMConstructDP1", _
                                          imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB)
 oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB. "CMSetInputsDP1"
 oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMFinalConstructDP1"
 oMemberDescription.SetCMConditional imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMConditionalDP1"
 oMemberDescription.SetCMRelease imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMReleaseDP1"
 'Add properties for DP1
 Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing
 Set oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription
 oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "DP1Properties", 1, IID_IJDATTRIBUTES, "CMEvaluateDP1", _
                                         imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB
 oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "DP1GeometryProperties", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY,_
                                  "CMEvaluateGeometryDP1", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
 'Add new member(NozzleN1) to the definition
 Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
 Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("NozzleN1", 3, "CMConstructNozzleN1", _
                                          imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB)
 oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMSetInputsNozzleN1"
 oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMFinalConstructNozzleN1"
 oMemberDescription.SetCMConditional imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMConditionalNozzleN1"
 oMemberDescription.SetCMCount imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMCountNozzleN1"
 oMemberDescription.SetCMRelease imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMReleaseNozzleN1"
'Add properties for (NozzleN1)
 Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing
 Set \ oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription
 oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "NozzleN1Properties", 1, IID_IJDATTRIBUTES,
                                  "CMEvaluateNozzleN1", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
 oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "NozzleN1GeometryProperties", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY,
                                  "CMEvaluateGeometryNozzleN1", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
```

22. Go to IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad function and add the following code. Use the IJEquipAttrDescriptor interface to set the VDrum properties read only.

```
Private Function IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad(ByVal pIJDAttrs As IJDAttributes, ByVal
CollAllDisplayedValues As Object) As String
  Const METHOD = "IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad"
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
    Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
    Set\ oMemberDescription = m\_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(pIJDAttrs)
    Dim oAttrCollection As Collection
    Dim oAttributeDescriptor As IJEquipAttrDescriptor
    Dim m As Long
' set dimension and deletable attributes to read only.
    Set oAttrCollection = CollAllDisplayedValues
    Select Case oMemberDescription.Name
    Case "VDrum"
       For m = 1 To oAttrCollection.Count
         Set\ oAttributeDescriptor = oAttrCollection.Item(m)
         Select Case UCase(oAttributeDescriptor.InterfaceName)
           Case "IJUAVESSELDIAMETER"
             oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case "IJUAVESSELTANTOTAN"
             oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case "IJDELETABLEMEMBER"
             oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case Else
         End Select
      Next
    Case "DP1"
       For m = 1 To oAttrCollection.Count
         Set\ oAttributeDescriptor = oAttrCollection.Item(m)
         oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
       Next
    Case Else
    End Select
  Set oAttrCollection = Nothing
  Set oAttributeDescriptor = Nothing
  Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad = ""
  Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt\_OnPreLoad = "ERROR"
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Function
```

23. Go to the end of CSP3DTank6Def Class module. Add the custom methods to manage the drum, datum shape and the pipe port as follows:

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (VDrum 01-EC). Use EquipCADHelper CreateEquipmentComponent () method to create the member given the equipment component part number. Use the *SetObjNameRule* function to get a name from the default naming rule.

```
Public Sub CMConstructVDrum(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, _
                  ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _
                  ByRef pObject As Object)
  Const METHOD = "CMConstructVDrum"
  LogCalls METHOD
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Set oEquipment = pMemberDescription.CAO
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  'Create Equipment Component
  Set pObject = m_oEquipCADHelper.CreateEquipmentComponent(pMemberDescription, _
                                           pResourceManager, "VDrum 01-EC", "VDrum")
  'create name for the member
  SetObjNameRule pObject, "CPEquipmentComponent"
  Set \ oEquipment = Nothing
 Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub

Custom method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the attribute values to the member object. Use the MakeMemberDeletable method to set the member deletable.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateVDrum(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
              Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateVDrum"
              LogCalls METHOD
              On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
              GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oPropertyDescription.CAO
              Dim oAttribs As IJDAttributes
              Dim oSmartOcc As IJSmartOccurrence
             Set\ oSmartOcc = oPropertyDescription.Object
             Set oAttribs = oSmartOcc '.ItemObject
             oAttribs. CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselDiameter"). Item("VesselDiameter"). Value = m_VesselDiameter"). Value = m_VesselDiameter = m_VesselDi
            oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJUAV essel Tanto Tan"). Item ("Vessel Tanto Tan"). Value = m_Vessel Tanto Tan Tanto Ta
           oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJInsulationThickness"). Item ("InsulationThickness"). Value = m\_dInsulationThickness"). The properties of the proper
           oAttribs. Collection Of Attributes ("IJDeletable Member"). Item ("Can Be Deleted"). Value = True
 ' set member deletable
              Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
             Set\ oMemberDescription = m\_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(oAttribs)
              m_oEquipCADHelper.MakeMemberDeletable oMemberDescription, oAttribs, True
              Set\ oAttribs = Nothing
              Set\ oSmartOcc = Nothing
              Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
             Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
              HandleError MODULE, METHOD
 End Sub
```

Custom method Geometry Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the transformation matrix to move the member object relative to the equipment. Use the TransformFromECStoGCS function to maintain the VDrum member coordinate system relative to the Equipment coordinate system.

Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum" On Error GoTo ErrorHandler LogCalls METHOD

```
'Add the following code to avoid the eqp component to move alone
```

```
Dim oEqpComp As IJEquipmentComponent
  Dim oEqpCompMatrix As IJEquipment
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Set \ oEqpComp = oPropertyDescription.Object
  oEqpComp.GetParent oEquipment
  Set\ oEqpCompMatrix = oEqpComp
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  Dim otransform As IngrGeom3D.IJDT4x4
  Set otransform = New DT4x4
  Dim iVector As IJDVector
  Set\ iVector = New\ DVector
  otransform.LoadIdentity
  iVector.x = 0
  iVector.y = 0
  iVector.z = 0
  otransform.Translate iVector
  oEqpCompMatrix.SetMatrix otransform
  Transform From ECS to GCS\ o Equipment,\ o Eqp Comp Matrix
  Set \ oEquipment = Nothing
  Set \ oEqpComp = Nothing
  Set\ oEqpCompMatrix = Nothing
  Set\ iVector = Nothing
  Set \ otransform = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Conditional:

End Sub

This method checks if the member is conditional based on the CanBeDeleted flag. Remember, we added code in the CMEvaluate to make the member deletable.

```
Public Sub CMConditionalVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)

Const METHOD = "CMConditionalVDrum"

LogCalls METHOD

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

IsNeeded = m_oEquipCADHelper.CheckMemberConditional(pMemberDesc)

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD
```

Custom method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMReleaseVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseVDrum"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (datum shape). Use EquipCADHelper CreateShape () method to create the member given the shape part number.

```
Public Sub CMConstructDP1(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, _
                                                             ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _
                                                             ByRef pObject As Object)
       Const METHOD = "CMConstructDP1"
       LogCalls METHOD
       On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
       Dim oDatumShape As IJShape
       Dim oDesignEquipment As IJDesignEquipment
        'Create Datum Shape DP1
       Set\ oD a tum Shape = m\_oEquip CADHelper. Create Shape (pMember Description,\ pResource Manager, properties) and the properties of the control of the properties of the prop
 "DatumShape 00\hat{1}", "DP\overline{1}")
       If Not oDatumShape Is Nothing Then
               Set\ pObject = oDatumShape
              oDatumShape.RepresentationId = ReferenceGeometry
              Set oDesignEquipment = pMemberDescription.CAO
              oDesignEquipment.AddShape oDatumShape
               GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oDesignEquipment
               PositionAndOrientDP1 oDesignEquipment, oDatumShape
       End If
       Set oDesignEquipment = Nothing
       Set oDatumShape = Nothing
       Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
       HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructDP1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructDP1"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

```
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsDP1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsDP1"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Evaluate:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateDP1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateDP1"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Geometry Evaluate:

This method is in charge of moving the datum shape relative to the equipment. Use the PositionAndOrientDP1 function to maintain the datum shape position relative to the Equipment.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryDP1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryDP1"

LogCalls METHOD

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment

Dim oDatumShape As IJShape

Set oDatumShape = oPropertyDescription.Object

Set oEquipment = oPropertyDescription.CAO

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment

PositionAndOrientDP1 oEquipment, oDatumShape

Set oDatumShape = Nothing

Set oEquipment = Nothing
```

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
Set oDatumShape = Nothing
Set oEquipment = Nothing
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub

Custom method Conditional:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

Public Sub CMConditionalDP1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)
Const METHOD = "CMConditionalDP1"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub

Custom Method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

Public Sub CMReleaseDP1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseDP1"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (pipe nozzle). Use CreateNozzleGivenIndex() method to create the pipe nozzle given the nozzle index. The nozzle data are retrieved from the part. Use the CreateOrientationAndSetRelations() function to set the nozzle default position and nozzle default orientation

```
Set oNozzle = pObject
oNozzle.Length = 0.3
Set oOrientation = m_oEquipCADHelper.CreateOrientationAndSetRelations(Nothing, oNozzle)

'Set the default values
oOrientation.PlacementType = Radial
oOrientation.N1 = 0
oOrientation.N2 = m_VesselDiameter / 2 + oNozzle.Length
oOrientation.OR1 = pMemberDescription.index * (2 * PI / m_NoOfPipePorts)

Set oNozzle = Nothing
Set oOrientation = Nothing
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Inputs:

This method is used to set the input arguments to the member object. Use IJDMemberDescription to get the appropriate shape (Datum shape) in order to set the relations with the pipe nozzle.

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
  Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsNozzleN1"
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
    Dim l As Long
    Dim oShape As IJShape
    Dim oSmartOcc As IJSmartOccurrence
    Dim oMemberobjects As IJDMemberObjects
    Dim oMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription
    Dim oOrientation As IJNozzleOrientation
    Dim oNozzle As IJDNozzle
    Set\ oSmartOcc = pMemberDesc.CAO
    Set \ oMemberobjects = oSmartOcc
    For l = 1 To oMemberobjects. Count
      Set\ oMemberDesc = oMemberobjects.MemberDescriptions.Item(l)
      If oMemberDesc.Name = "DP1" Then
        Set\ oShape = oMemberobjects.Item(l)
```

```
Exit For
End If
Next l

'Set the nozzle orientation
Set oOrientation = m_oEquipCADHelper.CreateOrientationAndSetRelations(oShape,
pMemberDesc.Object)

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Evaluate:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateNozzleN1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Geometry Evaluate:

Set oOrientation = Nothing

This method is in charge of reposition the pipe ports relative to the equipment. Use the Relation helper service to access the nozzle orientation attributes of the pipe port.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryNozzleN1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryNozzleN1"
```

```
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oOrientation As IJNozzleOrientation
  Dim oNozzle As IJDNozzle
  Dim oObject As IJDObject
  Dim oAssocRelation As IJDAssocRelation
  Dim oTargetObjCol As IJDTargetObjectCol
  Set \ oNozzle = oPropertyDescription.Object
  Set\ oObject = oNozzle
  Set\ oAssocRelation = oNozzle
  Set oTargetObjCol = oAssocRelation.CollectionRelations("IJPort", "NozzleOrientation")
  Set \ oOrientation = oTargetObjCol.Item(1)
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oPropertyDescription.CAO
  oNozzle.Length = 0.3
  oOrientation.PlacementType = Radial
  oOrientation.N1 = 0
  oOrientation.N2 = m \ VesselDiameter/2 + oNozzle.Length
  oOrientation.OR1 = oPropertyDescription.index * (2 * PI / m_NoOfPipePorts)
```

```
Set oNozzle = Nothing
Set oObject = Nothing
Set oAssocRelation = Nothing
Set oTargetObjCol = Nothing

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Count:

This custom method read the global variable m_VesselDiameter to determine total number of members to be created.

```
Public Sub CMCountNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef Count As Long)
Const METHOD = "CMCountNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray pMemberDesc.CAO

If m_VesselDiameter < 3 Then
    m_NoOfPipePorts = 3
Else
    m_NoOfPipePorts = 5
End If

Count = m_NoOfPipePorts

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
    HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Conditional:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMConditionalNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)

Const METHOD = "CMConditionalNozzleN1"

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub
```

Custom Method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMReleaseNozzleN1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseNozzleN1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

```
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

24. Add the following subroutine to convert the array of inputs in a set of global variables.

```
Private Sub GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray(SmartOccurrence As IJSmartOccurrence)
Const METHOD = "GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs = m_oEquipCADHelper.GetSymbolArrayOfInputs(SmartOccurrence)

'Inputs, from equipment symbol code
'Set m_oPartFclt = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(1)
m_VesselDiameter = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(2)
m_VesselTantoTan = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(3)
m_dInsulationThickness = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(4)

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

25. Add the following subroutine to position and orient the shape with respect to the equipment.

Private Sub PositionAndOrientDP1(Equipment As IJEquipment, Shape As IJShape)

```
Dim oPosition As IJDPosition
Set oPosition = New DPosition

oPosition.Set 0, 0, m_VesselTantoTan / 2

m_oEquipCADHelper.PositionAndOrientShape Equipment, Shape, oPosition, m_oElevation, m_oNorth
Set oPosition = Nothing

End Sub
```

26. Add the following subroutine to position and orient the member with respect to the equipment.

```
Private Sub TransformFromECStoGCS(Equipment As IJEquipment, Object As Object)

Const METHOD = "TransformFromECStoGCS"

LogCalls METHOD

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim oEqpMatrix As IJDT4x4

Dim oShapeMatrix As IJDT4x4

Dim otransform As IJDGeometry

Dim oShape As IJShape

If Not Object Is Nothing Then

If TypeOf Object Is IJDGeometry Then

Equipment.GetMatrix oEqpMatrix

Set otransform = Object

otransform.DTransform oEqpMatrix
```

```
Set \ otransform = Nothing
          Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
        End If
      End If
      Set otransform = Nothing
      Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
      Set \ oShape = Nothing
      Set\ oShapeMatrix = Nothing
      Exit Sub
    ErrorHandler:
      Set otransform = Nothing
      Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
      Set \ oShape = Nothing
      Set\ oShapeMatrix = Nothing
      HandleError MODULE, METHOD
    End Sub
27. Add the following subroutine to set the naming relation and generate a name based on the
    default naming rule.
    Public Sub SetObjNameRule(ByRef obj As Object, ByRef CLASSNAME As String)
    ' Apply the namerule using the IJDNamingRulesHelper helper interface
    Const METHOD = "SetNameRule"
    On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
      Dim NameRule As String
      Dim NamingRules As IJElements
      Dim oNameRuleHlpr As GSCADNameRuleSemantics.IJDNamingRulesHelper
    'Returns a collection of the naming rules available in the catalog database
    'for the given object
      Set\ oNameRuleHlpr=New\ GSCADNameRuleHlpr.NamingRulesHelper
      Call oNameRuleHlpr.GetEntityNamingRulesGivenName(CLASSNAME, NamingRules)
    'get the first namerule from the collection
      Dim oNameRuleHolder As GSCADGenericNamingRulesFacelets.IJDNameRuleHolder
      Set\ oNameRuleHolder = NamingRules.Item(1)
    'Create relations "NamedEntity" and "EntityNamingRule" and obj
      Dim oNameRuleAE As GSCADGenNameRuleAE.IJNameRuleAE
      Call oNameRuleHlpr.AddNamingRelations(obj, oNameRuleHolder, oNameRuleAE)
      GoTo CleanObjects
    ErrorHandler:
      HandleError MODULE, METHOD
    CleanObjects:
      Set \ oNameRuleHlpr = Nothing
      Set oNameRuleHolder = Nothing
      Set oNameRuleAE = Nothing
      Set\ NamingRules = Nothing
    End Sub
```

28. Add the following subroutine to log any error.

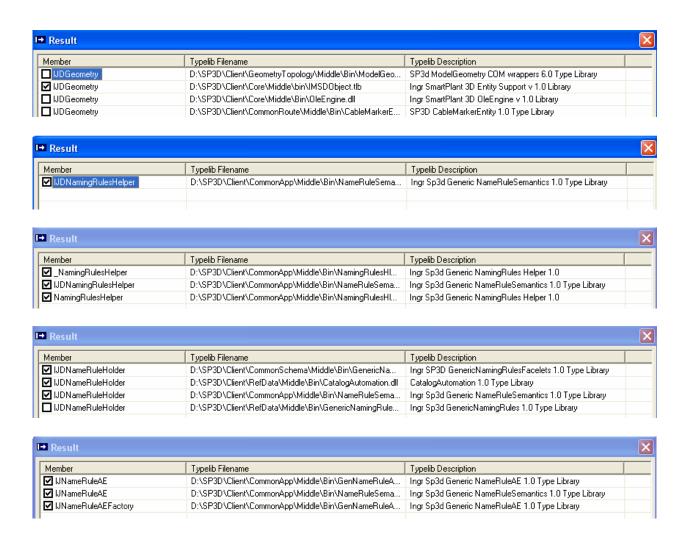
Private Sub LogCalls(sMethod As String)

```
If Not m_oEditErrors Is Nothing Then
m_oEditErrors.Add 5000, m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName & "." &
m_oEquipCADHelper.CLASSNAME, "Entering" & sMethod
End If
```

End Sub

29. Compile the Visual Basic project and save the dll as SP3DTank6Asm.dll in the c:\Train\lab6

Note: Use the SP3D Reference Tool to attach the missing reference libraries.



One of the most important steps in Visual Basic programming is to preserve the binary compatibility of your program. Save the final version of your dll file to be binary compatibility in order to preserve the CLSID.

30. Save the Visual Basic SP3DTank6Asm project.

31. Open the SP3DTemplate.xls workbook. Go the R-Hierarchy sheet and add the following row.

Head	Relation Source	RelationDestination
Start		
	CatalogRoot	RefDataEquipmentRoot
	RefDataEquipmentRoot	Training
а	Training	SP3DTank6Asm
End	_	

32. Go to the SP3DTemplateAsm sheet and rename it as SP3DTank5Asm.

33. Go to the Class definition section and add/edit as follows:

In the Definition Section rows:

Definition PartClassType		<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	UserClassName	<u>OccClassName</u>	Symbolicon	
a	EquipmentAssemblyClass	SP3DTank6Asm.CSP3DTank6Sym	Tank6Asm	Tank6Asm	Symbollcons\Tank6Asm.gif	

Note:

• Creating the bmp or gif file is optional. You can use Microsoft Paint to create the file and save it under your \\machine\symbols\SymbolIcons

Occurrence attributes:

oa:InsulationThickness		oa:VesselDiameter		0	oa:VesselTantoTan						
		<u> </u>									
Nozzle(1):ld	Nozzle(1):Type	Nozzie(2):ld	Nozzle(2):Type	Nozzle((3):ld	Nozzle(3):Type	Nozzl	e(4):ld	Nozzle(4):Type	Nozzle(5):ld	Nozzle(5):Type
N1	Piping	\12	Piping	N3		Piping	N4		Piping	N5	Piping

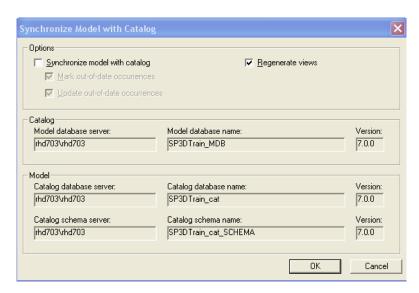
In the Part Section rows:

Head	<u>Name</u>	<u>PartDescription</u>	<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	<u>Definition</u>	VesselDiameter	VesselTantoTan
Start						
a	Tank601_Asm			SP3DTank6Asm.CSP3DTank	k6Def 1524mm	2286mm
End						
Nozzle(1):Np		Type Nozzle(1):EndP		dard Nozzle(1):ScheduleThickness		Nozzle(1):FlowDirection
	4 in		21	5	150	3
Nozzle(2):Np	d Nozzle(2):NpdUni	tType Nozzle(2):Endl	Prep Nozzle(2):EndStar	dard Nozzle(2):ScheduleThickness	Nozzle(2):PressureRating	Nozzle(2):FlowDirection
	4 in		21	5	150	3

Nozzle(3):Npd	Nozzle(3):NpdUnitType	Nozzle(3):EndPrep	Nozzle(3):EndStandard	Nozzle(3):ScheduleThickness	Nozzle(3):PressureRating	Nozzle(3):FlowDirection
4	in	21	5		150	3
Nozzle(4):Npd	Nozzle(4):NpdUnitType	Nozzle(4):EndPrep	Nozzle(4):EndStandard	Nozzle(4):ScheduleThickness	Nozzle(4):PressureRating	Nozzle(4):FlowDirection
4		04	_		450	2
4	in	21	5		150	3
Nozzle(5):Npd	Nozzle(5):NpdUnitType	Nozzle(5):EndPrep	Nozzle(5):EndStandard	Nozzle(5):ScheduleThickness	Nozzle(5):PressureRating	Nozzle(5):FlowDirection
4	in	21	5		150	3

- 34. Save the Excel workbook as SP3DTank6Asm.xls in the c:\Train\lab6.
- 35. Optional step: Create the Tank6Asm.gif file and place it under \\<MachineName>\Symbols\SymbolIcons
- 36. Load the information into the catalog using the Add/Modify/Delete Mode. Once the bulkload process is completed, review the log file.
- 37. Run the Project Management Task. Select the Model in the hierarchy.
- 38. Select Tools -> Synchronize Model with the Catalog.
- 39. Uncheck the Synchronize Model with the Catalog option.

Note: You just need to update the views in the model.



- 40. Hit "OK" Button.
- 41. Once the process is completed, Right click the training plant icon and select "Regenerate the Reports database" option to re-create the views in the report database.
- 42. Go to the Equipment Task and place the SP3DTank6Asm

Lab 8: Structure objects as members of the Equipment (Optional)

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Create a catalog equipment symbol made of equipment components and structure objects
- Learn to use the Symbol Helper service to create the symbol definition
- Use the Equipment CAD Helper to define the Custom Assembly Definition
- Learn to use the IJDAggregatorDescription, IJDMemberDescriptions, and IJDPropertyDescriptions to define the behaviors of the custom assembly occurrence (CAO)
- Use the IJEquipUserAttrMgmt Interface to show the equipment component attributes as read only in the property page.
- Use IJDNamingRulesHelper interface to create the naming relations between a naming rule and the object
- Use IJDAttributes interface to get a collection of attributes property
- Use IJDAttribute to get an object's attribute
- Use SPSMemberFactory to create the structure member systems
- Use GetStructureCrossSectionDefinition service to get the cross section
- Use the CMCount to create variable members

In this lab, you will create an equipment symbol as shown below. You start by using the SP3DEqpTemplateAsm template provided by the instructor to create the symbol. This symbol consists of one equipment component and structure members to define the symbol's output. Use the Equipment Custom Assembly Definition (CAD) Helper to create the members.

Stringer

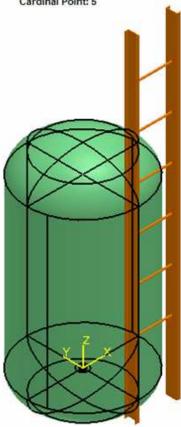
Section Library: AISC-LRFD-3.1 Member Category: Beam Member Type: Beam Cross Section: C6x13 Material: Steel - Carbon Grade: A

Grade: A Cardinal Point: 4

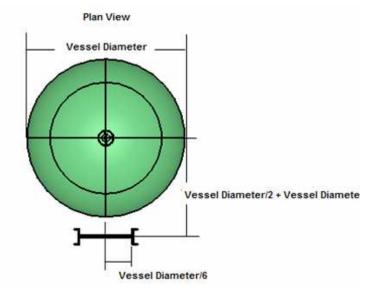
Rod

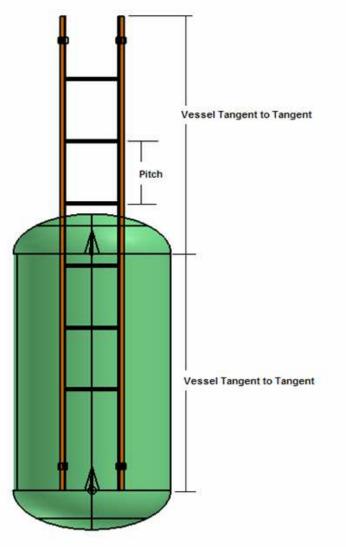
Section Library: Misc Member Category: Beam Member Type: Beam Cross Section: CS1 Material: Steel - Carbon

Grade: A Cardinal Point: 5



Isometric View





Elevation View

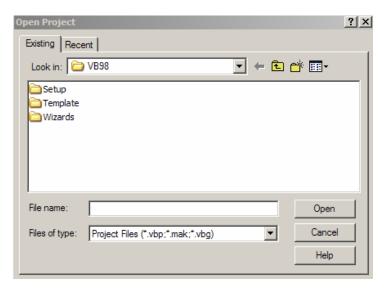
1. Create a directory called lab4 as follows:

 $c:\langle train \rangle lab7$

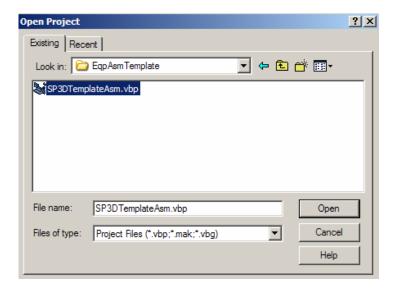
- 2. Run Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0
- 3. Close the Microsoft New Project dialog box.



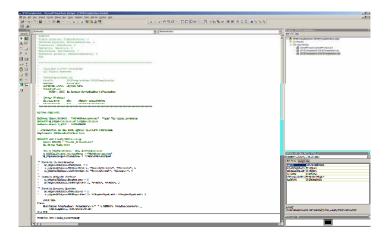
4. Select File -> Open Project option to open the Open Project Dialog box



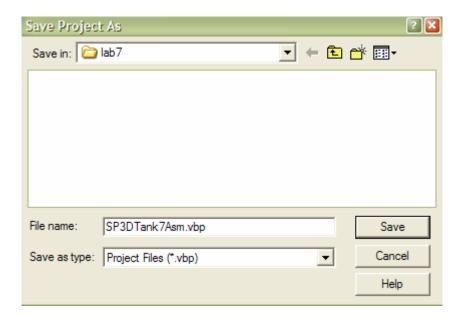
5. Navigate to c:\train\EqpAsmTemplate and open the SP3DTemplateAsm Template project



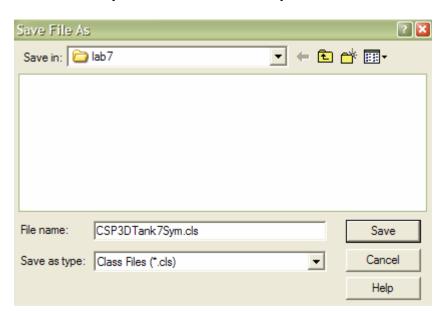
6. Setup the Visual Basic Development Environment as shown below:



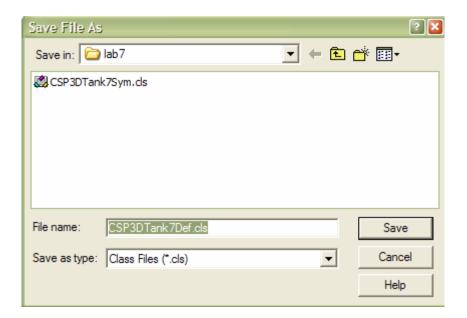
7. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the Project node. Select *File -> Save Project As* option to save the project as SP3DTank7Asm.vbp under the lab7 directory



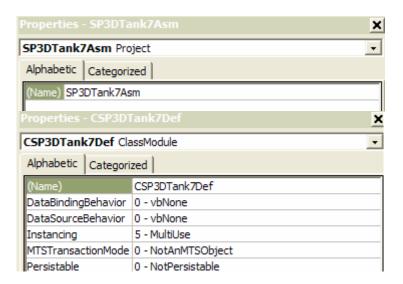
8. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateSym class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateSym.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank7Sym.cls under lab7 directory

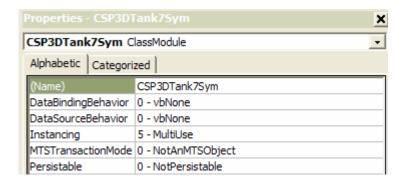


9. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateDef class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateDef.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank7Def.cls under lab7 directory



- 10. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSimplePhysical class file in the tree. Select *File -> Save CSimplePhysical.cls As* option to save the class module as CSimplePhysical.cls under lab7 directory. Repeat the procedure for the two bas modules.
- 11. Go to the Properties Window and change the name of the Project and both Class Modules as follows:





12. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank7Sym module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from "CSP3DTemplateAsm:" to "CSP3DTank7Asm:"

```
Private Const MODULE = "CSP3DTank7Asm:" 'Used for error messages
```

13. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
Set m_oSymbolHelper = New SymbolServices
m_oSymbolHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank7Asm"
m_oSymbolHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank7Sym"
```

14. In this Class_Initialize() routine, add the following code to define the inputs and aspects definition for this symbol. Note: there is no outputs section.

```
'Inputs Section

m_oSymbolHelper.NumInputs = 4

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 1, "VesselDiameter", "VesselDiameter", 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 2, "VesselTantoTan", "VesselTantoTan", 3

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 3, "InsulationThickness", "InsulationThickness", 0.06

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 4, "Pitch", "Pitch", 0.1

'Aspects Section

m_oSymbolHelper.NumAspects = 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddAspectDef 1, "SimplePhysical", "SimplePhysical", 1
```

- 15. Go to CSimplePhysical Class module/Run subroutine and make sure there is no code to get the inputs.
- 16. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank7Def module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from ""SP3DTemplateAsm:CSP3DTemplateDef" to "SP3DTank7Asm:CSP3DTank7Def"
- 17. Go to the top of the CSP3DTank7Def module and declare the following variables

```
Private Const MODULE = "SP3DTank7Asm:CSP3DTank7Def"

Private Const IID_IJDATTRIBUTES = "{B25FD387-CFEB-11D1-850B-080036DE8E03}"

Private Const IID_IJDGEOMETRY = "{A1732CBF-5136-11D1-9770-080036754203}"
```

Private m_oEquipCADHelper As IJEquipCADHelper Private m_oEditErrors As IJEditErrors

Private m avSymbolArrayOfInputs() As Variant

VDrum
Private m_VesselDiameter As Double
Private m_VesselTantoTan As Double
Private m_dInsulationThickness As Double
Private m_Pitch As Double

18. Declare the CLSID for the Assemblymembers1Relationship

Private Const AssemblyMembers1RelationshipCLSID = "{45E4020F-F8D8-47A1-9B00-C9570C1E0B17}"

19. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank7Asm"
m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank7Def"
```

20. Go to CSP3DTank7Def Class module. Declare the appropriate custom methods to manage the drum and the structure objects as follows:

'Add your code here for the declaration of the Public Custom Methods used to manage new members 'Add new member(VDrum) to the definition

Set oMemberDescription = Nothing

Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("VDrum", 1, "CMConstructVDrum", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB)

oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMSetInputsVDrum" oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMFinalConstructVDrum" oMemberDescription.SetCMConditional imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMConditionalVDrum" oMemberDescription.SetCMRelease imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMReleaseVDrum"

Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing

Set oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription

oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "VDrumProperties", 1, IID_IJDATTRIBUTES,

"CMEvaluateVDrum", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB

oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "VDrumGeometryProperties", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY,

"CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB

'Add new member(SPSSTR1MemSys) to the definition

Set oMemberDescription = Nothing

Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("SPSSTRMemSys1", 2,

"CMConstructSPSSTR1", imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB)

oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMSetInputSPSSTR1" oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMFinalConstructSPSSTR1" oMemberDescription.RelationshipClsid = AssemblyMembers1RelationshipCLSID

Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing

Set oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription

```
oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "SPSSTR1Properties", 1, IID_IJDATTRIBUTES,
      "CMEvaluateSPSSTR1", imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB
        oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "SPSSTR1ModifiedbyMemberSys", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY,
      "CMEvaluateGeometrySPSSTR1", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
        'Add new member(SPSSTR2MemSys) to the definition
        Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
        Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("SPSSTRMemSys2", 3,
      "CMConstructSPSSTR2", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB)
        oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMSetInputSPSSTR2"
        oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMFinalConstructSPSSTR2"
        oMemberDescription.RelationshipClsid = AssemblyMembers1RelationshipCLSID
        Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing
        Set oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription
        oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "SPSSTR2Properties", 1, IID_IJDATTRIBUTES,
      "CMEvaluateSPSSTR2", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
        oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "SPSSTR2ModifiedbyMemberSys", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY,
      "CMEvaluateGeometrySPSSTR2", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
        'Add new member(Rod) to the definition
        Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
        Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("SPSRod", 4, "CMConstructSPSRod",
      imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB)
        oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMSetInputSPSRod"
        oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMFinalConstructSPSRod"
        oMemberDescription.SetCMCount imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMCountSPSRod"
        oMemberDescription.SetCMConditional imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMConditionalRod"
        oMember Description. Relationship Clsid = Assembly Members 1 Relationship CLSID\\
        Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing
        Set oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription
        oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "SPSSTRRodProperties", 1, IID IJDATTRIBUTES,
      "CMEvaluateSPSRod", imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB
        oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "SPSSTRRodModified", 2, IID IJDGEOMETRY,
      "CMEvaluateGeometrySPSRod", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
21. Go to IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad function and add the following code. Use the
```

IJEquipAttrDescriptor interface to set the equipment component properties read only.

```
Private Function IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad(ByVal pIJDAttrs As IJDAttributes, ByVal
CollAllDisplayedValues As Object) As String
  Const METHOD = "IJEquipUserAttrMgmt OnPreLoad"
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription

```
Set oMemberDescription = m_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(pIJDAttrs)
Dim oAttrCollection As Collection
Dim oAttributeDescriptor As IJEquipAttrDescriptor
Dim m As Long
```

' set dimension and deletable attributes to read only.

```
Set oAttrCollection = CollAllDisplayedValues
    Select Case oMemberDescription.Name
    Case "VDrum"
      For m = 1 To oAttrCollection.Count
        Set\ oAttributeDescriptor = oAttrCollection.Item(m)
        Select Case UCase(oAttributeDescriptor.InterfaceName)
           Case "IJUAVESSELDIAMETER"
            oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case "IJUAVESSELTANTOTAN"
            oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case "IJDELETABLEMEMBER"
            oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case Else
        End Select
      Next
    Case Else
    End Select
  Set oAttrCollection = Nothing
  Set oAttributeDescriptor = Nothing
  Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad = ""
  Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad = "ERROR"
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Function
```

22. Go to the end of CSP3DTank7Def Class module. Add the custom methods to manage the drum and the structure objects as follows:

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (VDrum 01-EC). Use EquipCADHelper CreateEquipmentComponent () method to create the member given the equipment component part number. Use the *SetObjNameRule* function to get a name from the default naming rule.

```
'Create Equipment Component
Set pObject = m_oEquipCADHelper.CreateEquipmentComponent(pMemberDescription,
pResourceManager, "VDrum 01-EC", "VDrum")
'create name for the member
SetObjNameRule pObject, "CPEquipmentComponent"

Set oEquipment = Nothing

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the attribute values to the member object.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateVDrum(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oPropertyDescription.CAO

Dim oAttribs As IJDAttributes
Dim oSmartOcc As IJSmartOccurrence

Set oSmartOcc = oPropertyDescription.Object
Set oAttribs = oSmartOcc '.ItemObject
```

```
oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselDiameter").Item("VesselDiameter").Value = m_VesselDiameter
oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselTantoTan").Item("VesselTantoTan").Value = m_VesselTantoTan
oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJInsulationThickness").Item("InsulationThickness").Value = m_dInsulationThickness

Set oAttribs = Nothing
Set oSmartOcc = Nothing

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Geometry Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the transformation matrix to move the member object relative to the equipment. Use the TransformFromECStoGCS function to maintain the VDrum member coordinate system relative to the Equipment coordinate system.

Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

```
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
LogCalls METHOD
```

'Add the following code to avoid the eqp component to move alone

```
Dim oEqpComp As IJEquipmentComponent
Dim oEqpCompMatrix As IJEquipment
Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
Set oEqpComp = oPropertyDescription.Object
oEqpComp.GetParent oEquipment
Set oEqpCompMatrix = oEqpComp
```

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment

```
Dim otransform As IngrGeom3D.IJDT4x4
Set otransform = New DT4x4
Dim iVector As IJDVector
Set iVector = New DVector
otransform.LoadIdentity
iVector.x = 0
```

iVector.y = 0
iVector.z = 0
otransform.Translate iVector
oEqpCompMatrix.SetMatrix otransform

 $TransformFromECS to GCS\ o Equipment,\ o Eqp Comp Matrix$

```
Set oEquipment = Nothing
Set oEqpComp = Nothing
Set oEqpCompMatrix = Nothing
Set iVector = Nothing
Set otransform = Nothing
```

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom method Conditional:

This method checks if the member is conditional based on the CanBeDeleted flag. Remember, we added code in the CMEvaluate to make the member deletable.

Public Sub CMConditionalVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)

Const METHOD = "CMConditionalVDrum"

LogCalls METHOD

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

IsNeeded = m_oEquipCADHelper.CheckMemberConditional(pMemberDesc)

Exit Sub ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

Public Sub CMReleaseVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)

Const METHOD = "CMReleaseVDrum"

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO structure member system 1. Use *SPSMembers.SPSMemberFactory* to create the member. Use the *SetObjNameRule* function to get a name from the default naming rule.

'retrieve the inputs of the custom assembly occurrence

Dim oDesignParent As IJDesignParent Set oDesignParent = pMemberDescription.CAO Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment Set oEquipment = pMemberDescription.CAO

'get cross section and its ref standard

```
Dim LegSecStandard As String, LegSectionName As String
LegSecStandard = "AISC-LRFD-3.1"
LegSectionName = "C6x13"
'get cross section object
Dim oCrossSection As IJCrossSection
Set oCrossSection = GetCrossSection(LegSecStandard, LegSectionName)
Dim strMaterial As String, strGrade As String
strMaterial = "Steel - Carbon"
strGrade = "A"
Dim oMaterialDefinition As Object
Set\ oMaterialDefinition = GetMaterialObject(strMaterial,\ strGrade)
' get the equipment positional coordinates
Dim eqPos As AutoMath.DPosition
Set \ eqPos = New \ AutoMath.DPosition
GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
eqPos.Set m_VesselDiameter / 6, -m_VesselDiameter / 2 - m_VesselDiameter / 8, 0
Dim oMemberFactory As SPSMembers.SPSMemberFactory
Dim oMemberSystem As SPSMembers.ISPSMemberSystem
Dim oMemberPart As SPSMembers.ISPSMemberPartPrismatic
Set oMemberFactory = New SPSMembers.SPSMemberFactory
Set oMemberSystem = oMemberFactory.CreateMemberSystemPrismaticLinear(pResourceManager)
Set\ oMemberPart = oMemberSystem.DesignPartAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisEnd)
Set\ oMemberPart.CrossSection.Definition = oCrossSection
oMemberPart.CrossSection.CardinalPoint = 4
oMemberPart.MemberType.TypeCategory = 1
oMemberPart.MemberType.Type = 100
Set\ oMemberPart.MaterialDefinition = oMaterialDefinition
oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalStartPoint eqPos.x, eqPos.y, eqPos.z
oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalEndPoint eqPos.x, eqPos.y, eqPos.z + m_VesselTantoTan * 2
oDesignParent.AddChild oMemberSystem
Dim oFrmConnE As ISPSFrameConnection
Set\ oFrmConnE = oMemberSystem.FrameConnectionAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisStart)
SetObjNameRule oFrmConnE, "CSPSFrameConnection"
Set\ oFrmConnE = oMemberSystem. Frame ConnectionAtEnd (SPSMemberAxisEnd)
SetObjNameRule oFrmConnE, "CSPSFrameConnection"
Set \ oFrmConnE = Nothing
'create name for the member
SetObjNameRule oMemberPart, "CSPSMemberPartPrismatic"
SetObjNameRule oMemberSystem, "CSPSMemberSystemLinear"
Set pObj = oMemberSystem 'return the created structure member object to the custom assembly
Set oMemberSystem = Nothing
```

Set oMemberPart = Nothing Set oMemberFactory = Nothing Set oCrossSection = Nothing Set oMaterialDefinition = Nothing Set oDesignParent = Nothing Set oEquipment = Nothing

 $Set \ eqPos = Nothing$

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

Public Sub CMFinalConstructSPSSTR1(pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructSPSSTR1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom Method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

Public Sub CMSetInputSPSSTR1(pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputSPSSTR1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom Method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the attribute values to the member object.

Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment Set oEquipment = pPropertyDescriptions.CAO

' get the equipment positional coordinates Dim eqPos As AutoMath.DPosition Set eqPos = New AutoMath.DPosition

```
GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  eqPos.Set m_VesselDiameter / 6, -m_VesselDiameter / 2 - m_VesselDiameter / 8, 0
  Dim oMemberPart As ISPSMemberPartPrismatic
  Dim oMemberSystem As ISPSMemberSystem
  Set oMemberSystem = pObject
  Set oMemberPart = oMemberSystem.DesignPartAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisEnd)
  oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalStartPoint eqPos.x, eqPos.y, eqPos.z
  oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalEndPoint eqPos.x, eqPos.y, eqPos.z + m_VesselTantoTan * 2
  oMemberSystem.Rotation.Mirror = True
  oMemberSystem.Rotation.SetOrientationVector 0, 1, 0
  Transform From ECS to GCS\ o Equipment,\ pObject
  Set oMemberSystem = Nothing
  Set\ oMemberPart = Nothing
  Set oEquipment = Nothing
  Set \ eqPos = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Geometry Evaluate:

This method is in charge of maintaining the structure member system relative to the equipment.

Custom Method Construct:

End Sub

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO structure member system 2. Use *SPSMembers.SPSMemberFactory* to create the member. Use the *SetObjNameRule* function to get a name from the default naming rule.

```
Public Sub CMConstructSPSSTR2(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, _
ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _
ByRef pObj As Object)
```

```
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  'retrieve the inputs of the custom assembly occurrence
  Dim oDesignParent As IJDesignParent
  Set oDesignParent = pMemberDescription.CAO
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Set oEquipment = pMemberDescription.CAO
  'get cross section and its ref standard
  Dim LegSecStandard As String, LegSectionName As String
  LegSecStandard = "AISC-LRFD-3.1"
  LegSectionName = "C6x13"
  'get cross section object
  Dim oCrossSection As IJCrossSection
  Set oCrossSection = GetCrossSection(LegSecStandard, LegSectionName)
  Dim strMaterial As String, strGrade As String
  strMaterial = "Steel - Carbon"
  strGrade = "A"
  Dim oMaterialDefinition As Object
  Set oMaterialDefinition = GetMaterialObject(strMaterial, strGrade)
  ' get the equipment positional coordinates
  Dim eqPos As AutoMath.DPosition
  Set \ eqPos = New \ AutoMath.DPosition
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  eqPos.Set -m_VesselDiameter / 6, -m_VesselDiameter / 2 - m_VesselDiameter / 8, 0
  Dim oMemberFactory As SPSMembers.SPSMemberFactory
  Dim oMemberSystem As SPSMembers.ISPSMemberSystem
  Dim oMemberPart As SPSMembers.ISPSMemberPartPrismatic
  Set oMemberFactory = New SPSMembers.SPSMemberFactory
  Set \ oMember System = oMember Factory. Create Member System Prismatic Linear (pResource Manager)
  Set oMemberPart = oMemberSystem.DesignPartAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisEnd)
  Set\ oMemberPart.CrossSection.Definition = oCrossSection
  oMemberPart.CrossSection.CardinalPoint = 4
  oMemberPart.MemberType.TypeCategory = 1
  oMemberPart.MemberType.Type = 100
  Set\ oMemberPart.MaterialDefinition = oMaterialDefinition
  oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalStartPoint eqPos.x, eqPos.y, eqPos.z
  oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalEndPoint eqPos.x, eqPos.y, eqPos.z + m_VesselTantoTan * 2
  oDesignParent.AddChild oMemberSystem
  Dim oFrmConnE As ISPSFrameConnection
```

 $Set\ oFrmConnE = oMemberSystem.FrameConnectionAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisStart)$

Const METHOD = "CMConstructSPSSTR2"

SetObjNameRule oFrmConnE, "CSPSFrameConnection"

 $Set \ oFrmConnE = oMemberSystem.FrameConnectionAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisEnd)$

SetObjNameRule oFrmConnE, "CSPSFrameConnection"

 $Set \ oFrmConnE = Nothing$

'create name for the member

SetObjNameRule oMemberPart, "CSPSMemberPartPrismatic"

SetObjNameRule oMemberSystem, "CSPSMemberSystemLinear"

Set pObj = oMemberSystem 'return the created structure member object to the custom assembly

 $Set\ oMemberSystem = Nothing$

 $Set\ oMemberPart = Nothing$

 $Set\ oMemberFactory = Nothing$

Set oCrossSection = Nothing

 $Set\ oMaterialDefinition = Nothing$

Set oDesignParent = Nothing

Set oEquipment = Nothing

 $Set\ eqPos = Nothing$

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

Public Sub CMFinalConstructSPSSTR2(pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)

Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructSPSSTR2"

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom Method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

Public Sub CMSetInputSPSSTR2(pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)

Const METHOD = "CMSetInputSPSSTR2"

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub

Custom Method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the attribute values to the member object.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateSPSSTR2(pPropertyDescriptions As IJDPropertyDescription,
                 pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateSPSSTR2"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Set \ oEquipment = pPropertyDescriptions.CAO
  ' get the equipment positional coordinates
  Dim eqPos As AutoMath.DPosition
  Set\ eqPos = New\ AutoMath.DPosition
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  eqPos.Set -m_VesselDiameter / 6, -m_VesselDiameter / 2 - m_VesselDiameter / 8, 0
  Dim oMemberPart As ISPSMemberPartPrismatic
  Dim oMemberSystem As ISPSMemberSystem
  Set oMemberSystem = pObject
  Set oMemberPart = oMemberSystem.DesignPartAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisEnd)
  oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalStartPoint eqPos.x, eqPos.y, eqPos.z
  oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalEndPoint eqPos.x, eqPos.y, eqPos.z + m_VesselTantoTan * 2
  oMemberSystem.Rotation.Mirror = False
  oMemberSystem.Rotation.SetOrientationVector 0, 1, 0
  TransformFromECStoGCS oEquipment, pObject
  Set\ oMemberSystem = Nothing
  Set\ oMemberPart = Nothing
  Set oEquipment = Nothing
  Set \ eqPos = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
Custom Method Geometry Evaluate:
This method is in charge of maintaining the structure member system relative to the
equipment.
Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometrySPSSTR2(pPropertyDescriptions As IJDPropertyDescription, _
                     pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometrySPSSTR2"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Call CMEvaluateSPSSTR2(pPropertyDescriptions, pObject)
```

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

End Sub

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of all the rods. Use *SPSMembers.SPSMemberFactory* to create the members. Use the *SetObjNameRule* function to get a name from the default naming rule.

```
Public Sub CMConstructSPSRod(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription,
                 ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown,
                 ByRef pObj As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMConstructSPSRod"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  'retrieve the inputs of the custom assembly occurrence
  Dim oDesignParent As IJDesignParent
  Set oDesignParent = pMemberDescription.CAO
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Set oEquipment = pMemberDescription.CAO
  'get cross section and its ref standard
  Dim LegSecStandard As String, LegSectionName As String
  LegSecStandard = "Misc"
  LegSectionName = "CS1"
  'get cross section object
  Dim oCrossSection As IJCrossSection
  Set oCrossSection = GetCrossSection(LegSecStandard, LegSectionName)
  Dim strMaterial As String, strGrade As String
  strMaterial = "Steel - Carbon"
  strGrade = "A"
  Dim oMaterialDefinition As Object
  Set\ oMaterialDefinition = GetMaterialObject(strMaterial,\ strGrade)
  ' get the equipment positional coordinates
  Dim eqPos As AutoMath.DPosition
  Set \ eqPos = New \ AutoMath.DPosition
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  eqPos.Set m_VesselDiameter / 6, -m_VesselDiameter / 2 - m_VesselDiameter / 8, m_VesselTantoTan * 2 -
m Pitch * pMemberDescription.index
  Dim oMemberFactory As SPSMembers.SPSMemberFactory
  Dim oMemberSystem As SPSMembers.ISPSMemberSystem
  Dim oMemberPart As SPSMembers.ISPSMemberPartPrismatic
  Set oMemberFactory = New SPSMembers.SPSMemberFactory
  Set oMemberSystem = oMemberFactory.CreateMemberSystemPrismaticLinear(pResourceManager)
  Set oMemberPart = oMemberSystem.DesignPartAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisEnd)
  Set\ oMemberPart.CrossSection.Definition = oCrossSection
  oMemberPart.CrossSection.CardinalPoint = 5
  oMemberPart.MemberType.TypeCategory = 1
  oMemberPart.MemberType.Type = 100
```

 $Set\ oMemberPart.MaterialDefinition = oMaterialDefinition$

oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalStartPoint eqPos.x, eqPos.y, eqPos.z oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalEndPoint eqPos.x - m_VesselDiameter / 3, eqPos.y, eqPos.z

oDesignParent.AddChild oMemberSystem

Dim oFrmConnE As ISPSFrameConnection
Set oFrmConnE = oMemberSystem.FrameConnectionAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisStart)
SetObjNameRule oFrmConnE, "CSPSFrameConnection"

Set oFrmConnE = oMemberSystem.FrameConnectionAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisEnd) SetObjNameRule oFrmConnE, "CSPSFrameConnection" Set oFrmConnE = Nothing

'create name for the member SetObjNameRule oMemberPart, "CSPSMemberPartPrismatic" SetObjNameRule oMemberSystem, "CSPSMemberSystemLinear"

Set pObj = oMemberSystem 'return the created structure member object to the custom assembly

Set oMemberSystem = Nothing Set oMemberPart = Nothing Set oMemberFactory = Nothing Set oCrossSection = Nothing Set oMaterialDefinition = Nothing Set oDesignParent = Nothing Set oEquipment = Nothing Set eqPos = Nothing

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

Public Sub CMFinalConstructSPSRod(pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructSPSRod"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom Method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

Public Sub CMSetInputSPSRod(pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputSPSRod"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

```
Exit Sub
```

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom Method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the attribute values to the member object.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateSPSRod(pPropertyDescriptions As IJDPropertyDescription, _
                 pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateSPSRod"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
  Set \ oEquipment = pPropertyDescriptions.CAO
  ' get the equipment positional coordinates
  Dim eqPos As AutoMath.DPosition
  Set\ eqPos = New\ AutoMath.DPosition
  GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
  eqPos.Set m_VesselDiameter / 6, -m_VesselDiameter / 2 - m_VesselDiameter / 8, m_VesselTantoTan * 2 -
m_Pitch * pPropertyDescriptions.index
  Dim oMemberPart As ISPSMemberPartPrismatic
  Dim oMemberSystem As ISPSMemberSystem
  Set oMemberSystem = pObject
  Set oMemberPart = oMemberSystem.DesignPartAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisEnd)
  oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalStartPoint eqPos.x, eqPos.y, eqPos.z
  oMemberSystem.LogicalAxis.SetLogicalEndPoint eqPos.x - m_VesselDiameter / 3, eqPos.y, eqPos.z
  oMemberSystem.Rotation.Mirror = False
  oMemberSystem.Rotation.SetOrientationVector 0,1,0
  TransformFromECStoGCS oEquipment, pObject
  Set\ oMemberSystem = Nothing
  Set\ oMemberPart = Nothing
  Set oEquipment = Nothing
  Set\ eqPos = Nothing
  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
```

Custom Method Geometry Evaluate:

End Sub

This method is in charge of maintaining the structure member system relative to the equipment.

Custom Method Count:

This custom method read the global variable m_Pitch and m_vesselTantoTan to determine total number of rods need to be created.

```
Public Sub CMCountSPSRod(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef Count As Long)
Const METHOD = "CMCountSPSRod"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray pMemberDesc.CAO
Count = Int(m_VesselTantoTan * 2 / m_Pitch) - 1

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Conditional:

This method makes sure that the system will not construct the rod if the count is less or equal to zero.

```
Public Sub CMConditionalRod(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)
Const METHOD = "CMConditionalRod"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

If pMemberDesc.index <= 0 Then
IsNeeded = False
Else
IsNeeded = True
End If

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

23. Add the following subroutine to get the cross section object given the library and section name.

```
Public Function GetCrossSection(ByVal SectionStandard As String, _
ByVal SectionName As String) As Object
```

```
Const METHOD = "GetCrossSection"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim oCrossSec As Object
Dim oStructServices As New RefDataMiddleServices.StructCrossSectionServices
oStructServices.GetStructureCrossSectionDefinition GetCatalogResourceManager, SectionStandard, "",
SectionName, oCrossSec

Set GetCrossSection = oCrossSec

Set oCrossSec = Nothing
Set oStructServices = Nothing
Exit Function
ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Function
```

24. Add the following subroutine to convert the array of inputs in a set of global variables.

```
Private Sub GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray(SmartOccurrence As IJSmartOccurrence)
Const METHOD = "GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs = m_oEquipCADHelper.GetSymbolArrayOfInputs(SmartOccurrence)

'Inputs, from equipment symbol code
'Set m_oPartFclt = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(1)

m_VesselDiameter = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(2)

m_VesselTantoTan = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(3)

m_dInsulationThickness = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(4)

m_Pitch = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(5)

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub
```

25. Add the following subroutine to position and orient the member with respect to the equipment.

```
Private Sub TransformFromECStoGCS(Equipment As IJEquipment, Object As Object)

Const METHOD = "TransformFromECStoGCS"

LogCalls METHOD

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim oEqpMatrix As IJDT4x4

Dim oShapeMatrix As IJDT4x4

Dim otransform As IJDGeometry

Dim oShape As IJShape

If Not Object Is Nothing Then

If TypeOf Object Is IJDGeometry Then

Equipment.GetMatrix oEqpMatrix

Set otransform = Object

otransform.DTransform oEqpMatrix

Set otransform = Nothing
```

```
Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
        End If
      End If
      Set otransform = Nothing
      Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
      Set\ oShape = Nothing
      Set\ oShapeMatrix = Nothing
      Exit Sub
    ErrorHandler:
      Set \ otransform = Nothing
      Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
      Set\ oShape = Nothing
      Set\ oShapeMatrix = Nothing
      HandleError MODULE, METHOD
    End Sub
26. Add the following subroutine to set the naming relation and generate a name based on the
    default naming rule.
    Public Sub SetObjNameRule(ByRef obj As Object, ByRef CLASSNAME As String)
    ' Apply the namerule using the IJDNamingRulesHelper helper interface
   Const METHOD = "SetNameRule"
    On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
      Dim NameRule As String
      Dim NamingRules As IJElements
      Dim oNameRuleHlpr As GSCADNameRuleSemantics.IJDNamingRulesHelper
    'Returns a collection of the naming rules available in the catalog database
   'for the given object
      Set oNameRuleHlpr = New GSCADNameRuleHlpr.NamingRulesHelper
      Call oNameRuleHlpr.GetEntityNamingRulesGivenName(CLASSNAME, NamingRules)
    'get the first namerule from the collection
      Dim oNameRuleHolder As GSCADGenericNamingRulesFacelets.IJDNameRuleHolder
      Set oNameRuleHolder = NamingRules.Item(1)
    'Create relations "NamedEntity" and "EntityNamingRule" and obj
      Dim oNameRuleAE As GSCADGenNameRuleAE.IJNameRuleAE
      Call oNameRuleHlpr.AddNamingRelations(obj, oNameRuleHolder, oNameRuleAE)
      GoTo CleanObjects
    ErrorHandler:
      HandleError MODULE, METHOD
    CleanObjects:
      Set oNameRuleHlpr = Nothing
      Set oNameRuleHolder = Nothing
      Set oNameRuleAE = Nothing
      Set\ NamingRules = Nothing
    End Sub
```

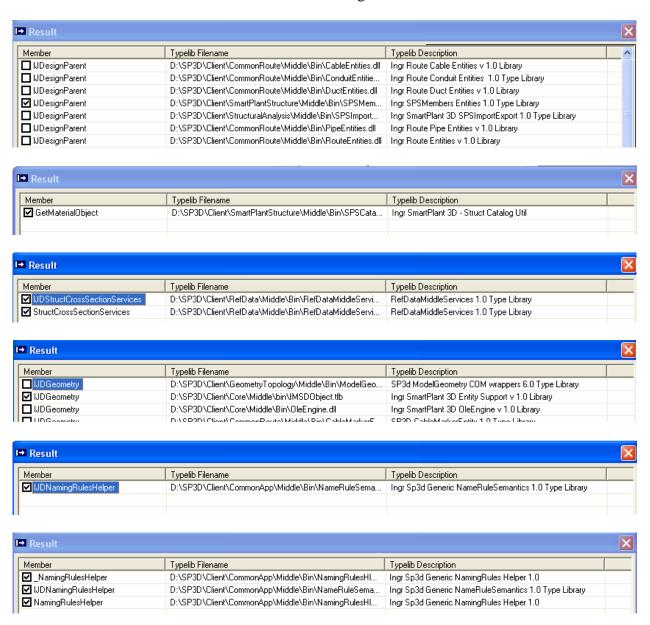
27. Add the following subroutine to log any error.

Private Sub LogCalls(sMethod As String)

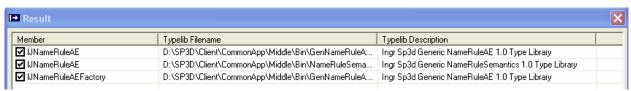
If Not m_oEditErrors Is Nothing Then m_oEditErrors.Add 5000, m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName & "." & m_oEquipCADHelper.CLASSNAME, "Entering " & sMethod End If

End Sub

- 28. Compile the Visual Basic project and save the dll as SP3DTank7Asm.dll in the c:\Train\lab7
- 29. Use the SP3D Reference Tool to attach the missing reference libraries.







One of the most important steps in Visual Basic programming is to preserve the binary compatibility of your program. Save the final version of your dll file to be binary compatibility in order to preserve the CLSID.

- 30. Save the Visual Basic SP3DTank7Asm project.
- 31. Open the SP3DTemplate.xls workbook. Go the R-Hierarchy sheet and add the following entry.

Head	Relation Source	RelationDestination
Start		
	CatalogRoot	RefDataEquipmentRoot
	RefDataEquipmentRoot	Training
а	Training	SP3DTank7Asm
End	-	

32. Go to the SP3DTemplateAsm sheet and rename it as SP3DTank7Asm.

CustomInterfaces SP3DTank7Asm (ClassNodeType (R-Hierarchy (GUIDs /

- 33. Go to the Class definition section and add/edit as follows:
- 34. In the Definition Section rows:

Definition PartClassType		<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	UserClassName	<u>OccClassName</u>	Symbolicon
a	EquipmentAssemblyClass	SP3DTank7Asm.CSP3DTank7Sym	Tank7Asm	Tank7Asm	Symbollcons\Tank7Asm.gif

Note:

• Creating the bmp or gif file is optional. You can use Microsoft Paint to create the file and save it under your \\machine\symbols\SymbolIcons

Occurrence attributes:

oa:InsulationThickness	oa:VesselDiameter	oa:VesselTantoTan	oa:Pitch

35. In the Part Section rows:

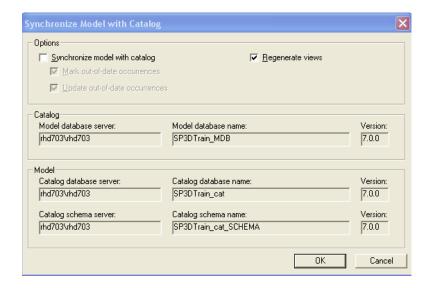
Head	Name	<u>PartDescription</u>	<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	<u>Definition</u>	VesselDiameter	VesselTantoTan	Pitch
Start							
а	Tank701_Asm			SP3DTank7Asm.CSP3DTank7Def	1524mm	2286mm	0.6m
End							

36. Create a new interface called IJUADrumSmart3Asm. Go to the Custom Interface sheet and add the following entries:



- 37. Save the Excel workbook as SP3DTank7Asm.xls in the c:\Train\lab7.
- 38. Optional step: Create the Tank7Asm.gif file and place it under \\<MachineName>\Symbols\SymbolIcons
- 39. Load the information into the catalog using the Add/Modify/Delete Mode. Once the bulkload process is completed, review the log file.
- 40. Run the Project Management Task. Select the Model in the hierarchy.
- 41. Select Tools -> Synchronize Model with the Catalog.
- 42. Uncheck the Synchronize Model with the Catalog option.

Note: You just need to update the views in the model.



- 43. Hit "OK" Button.
- 44. Once the process is completed, Right click the training plant icon and select "Regenerate the Reports database" option to re-create the views in the report database.
- 45. Go to the Equipment Task and place the SP3DTank7Asm.

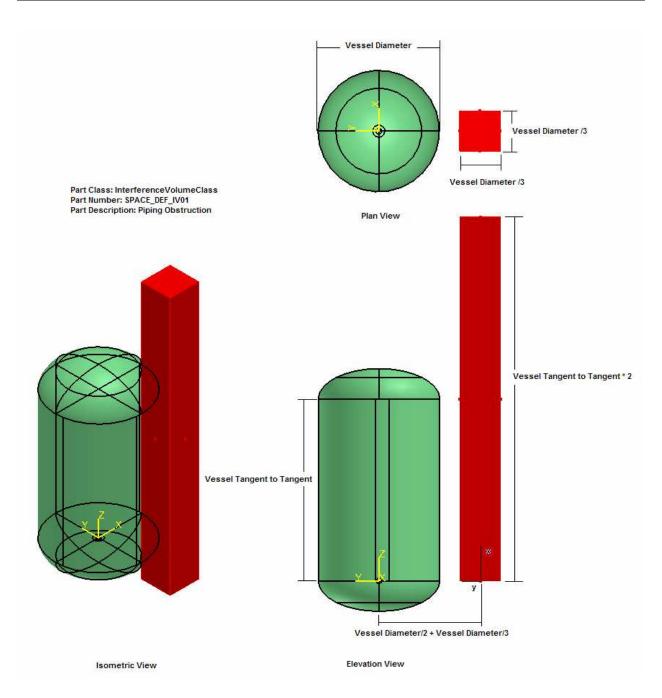
Lab 9: Spatial object as member of the Equipment (Optional)

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Create a catalog equipment symbol made of equipment components and a spatial object
- Learn to use the Symbol Helper service to create the symbol definition
- Use the Equipment CAD Helper to define the Custom Assembly Definition
- Learn to use the IJDAggregatorDescription , IJDMemberDescriptions, and
 IJDPropertyDescriptions to define the behaviors of the custom assembly occurrence (CAO)
- Use the MakeMemberDeletable method to make the member deletable
- Use the IJEquipUserAttrMgmt Interface to show the equipment component attributes as read only in the property page.
- Use IJDNamingRulesHelper interface to create the naming relations between a naming rule and the object
- Use IJDAttributes interface to get a collection of attributes property
- Use IJDAttribute to get an object's attribute
- Use the IJDSpaceFactory to create the space object

In this lab, you will create an equipment symbol as shown below. You start by using the SP3DEqpTemplateAsm template provided by the instructor to create the symbol. This symbol consists of one equipment component and a space object to define the symbol's output. Use the Equipment Custom Assembly Definition (CAD) Helper to create the members.



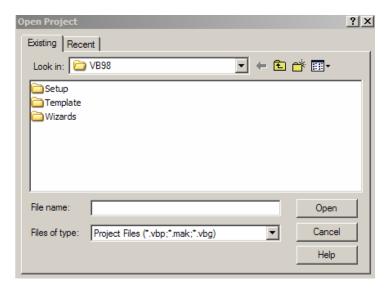
1. Create a directory called lab8 as follows:

 $c:\langle train \rangle lab8$

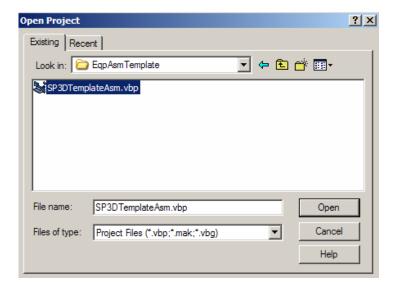
- 2. Run Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0
- 3. Close the Microsoft New Project dialog box.



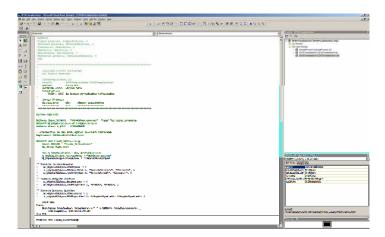
4. Select File -> Open Project option to open the Open Project Dialog box



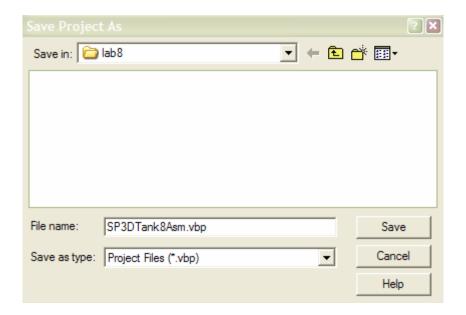
5. Navigate to c:\train\EqpAsmTemplate and open the SP3DTemplateAsm Template project



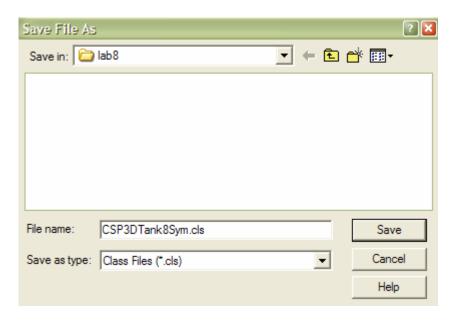
6. Setup the Visual Basic Development Environment as shown below:



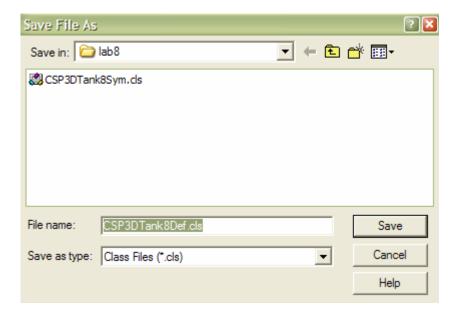
7. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the Project node. Select *File -> Save Project As* option to save the project as SP3DTank8Asm.vbp under the lab8 directory



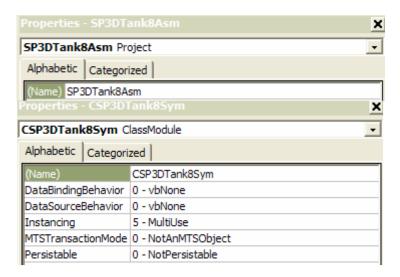
8. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateSym class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateSym.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank8Sym.cls under lab8 directory

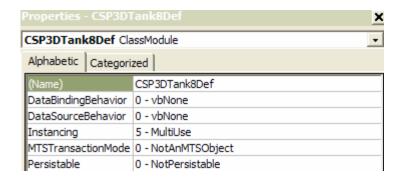


9. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSP3DTemplateDef class node. Select *File -> Save CSP3DTemplateDef.cls As* option to save the class module as CSP3DTank8Def.cls under lab8 directory



- 10. Go to the Visual Basic Explorer Window and select the CSimplePhysical class node. Select *File -> Save CSimplePhysical.cls As* option to save the class module as CSimplePhysical.cls under lab8 directory.
- 11. Go to the Properties Window and change the name of the Project and both Class Modules as follows:





12. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank8Sym module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from "CSP3DTemplateAsm:" to "CSP3DTank8Asm:"

```
Private Const MODULE = "CSP3DTank8Asm:" 'Used for error messages
```

13. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
Set m_oSymbolHelper = New SymbolServices
m_oSymbolHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank8Asm"
m_oSymbolHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank8Sym"
```

14. In this Class_Initialize() routine, add the following code to define the inputs and aspects definition for this symbol. Note: there is no outputs section.

```
'Inputs Section

m_oSymbolHelper.NumInputs = 3

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 1, "VesselDiameter", "VesselDiameter", 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 2, "VesselTantoTan", "VesselTantoTan", 3

m_oSymbolHelper.AddInputDef 3, "InsulationThickness", "InsulationThickness", 0.06

'Aspects Section

m_oSymbolHelper.NumAspects = 1

m_oSymbolHelper.AddAspectDef 1, "SimplePhysical", "SimplePhysical", 1
```

- 15. Go to CSimplePhysical Class module/Run subroutine and make sure there is no code to get the inputs.
- 16. Go to the General Declarations section in CSP3DTank8Def module and change the value of the *Constant Module variable* from ""SP3DTemplateAsm:CSP3DTemplateDef" to "SP3DTank8Asm:CSP3DTank8Def"
- 17. Go to the top of the CSP3DTank8Def module and declare the following variables

```
Private Const MODULE = "SP3DTemplateAsm: CSP3DTemplateDef"

Private Const IID_IJDATTRIBUTES = "{B25FD387-CFEB-11D1-850B-080036DE8E03}"

Private Const IID_IJDGEOMETRY = "{A1732CBF-5136-11D1-9770-080036754203}"

Private m_oEquipCADHelper As IJEquipCADHelper

Private m_oEditErrors As IJEditErrors
```

Private m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs() As Variant

```
VDrum
Private m_VesselDiameter As Double
Private m_VesselTantoTan As Double
Private m_dInsulationThickness As Double
```

Private m_oNorth As IJDVector Private m_oEast As IJDVector Private m_oElevation As IJDVector

Private m_FolderName As String

18. Declare the BYPRIMITIVEPROGID

Private Const BYPRIMITIVEPROGID = "SpaceMgmtSemantics.SpaceByPrimitiveAE.1"

19. Go to the Class_Initialize() routine, rename the project name and class name as shown below:

```
m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName = "SP3DTank8Asm"
m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName = "CSP3DTank8Def"
```

20. In this Class_Initialize() routine, initialize the following variable:

```
Set m_oEast = New DVector

m_oEast.x = 1

m_oEast.y = 0

m_oEast.z = 0

Set m_oNorth = New DVector

m_oNorth.x = 0

m_oNorth.y = 1

m_oNorth.z = 0

Set m_oElevation = New DVector

m_oElevation.x = 0

m_oElevation.y = 0

m_oElevation.z = 1
```

21. Go to the Class_Terminate() routine and use the Set statement to clear the references from all object variables.

```
Private Sub Class_Terminate()

Set m_oNorth = Nothing
Set m_oEast = Nothing
Set m_oElevation = Nothing

Set m_oEditErrors = Nothing
Set m_oEquipCADHelper = Nothing
End Sub
```

22. Go to CSP3DTank8Def Class module. Declare the appropriate custom methods to manage the drum and the space objects as follows:

```
'Add your code here for the declaration of the Public Custom Methods used to manage new members
  'Add new member(VDrum) to the definition
  Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
  Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("VDrum", 1, "CMConstructVDrum",
imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB)
  oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMSetInputsVDrum"
  oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMFinalConstructVDrum"
  oMemberDescription.SetCMConditional imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMConditionalVDrum"
  oMemberDescription.SetCMRelease imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMReleaseVDrum"
  Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing
  Set oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription
  oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "VDrumProperties", 1, IID_IJDATTRIBUTES, "CMEvaluateVDrum",
imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
  oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "VDrumGeometryProperties", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY,
"CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
  'Add new member(Volume1) to the definition
  Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
  Set oMemberDescription = oMemberDescriptions.AddMember("Volume1", 2, "CMConstructVolume1",
imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB)
  oMemberDescription.SetCMSetInputs imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMSetInputsVolume1"
  oMemberDescription.SetCMFinalConstruct imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB, "CMFinalConstructVolume1"
  oMemberDescription.SetCMConditional imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMConditionalVolume1"
  oMemberDescription.SetCMRelease imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB, "CMReleaseVolume1"
  Set oPropertyDescriptions = Nothing
  Set oPropertyDescriptions = oMemberDescription
  oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "Volume1Properties", 1, IID_IJDATTRIBUTES,
"CMEvaluateVolume1", imsCOOKIE_ID_USS_LIB
  oPropertyDescriptions.AddProperty "Volume1GeometryProperties", 2, IID_IJDGEOMETRY,
"CMEvaluateGeometryVolume1", imsCOOKIE ID USS LIB
```

23. Go to IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad function and add the following code. Use the IJEquipAttrDescriptor interface to set the equipment component properties read only.

```
Private Function IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad(ByVal pIJDAttrs As IJDAttributes, ByVal CollAllDisplayedValues As Object) As String
Const METHOD = "IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription

Set oMemberDescription = m_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(pIJDAttrs)
Dim oAttrCollection As Collection
Dim oAttributeDescriptor As IJEquipAttrDescriptor
Dim m As Long

^{&#}x27; set dimension and deletable attributes to read only.

```
Set oAttrCollection = CollAllDisplayedValues
    Select Case oMemberDescription.Name
    Case "VDrum"
      For m = 1 To oAttrCollection.Count
         Set\ oAttributeDescriptor = oAttrCollection.Item(m)
        Select Case UCase(oAttributeDescriptor.InterfaceName)
           Case "IJUAVESSELDIAMETER"
             oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case "IJUAVESSELTANTOTAN"
             oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case "IJDELETABLEMEMBER"
             oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = adsReadOnly
           Case Else
         End Select
      Next
    Case Else
    End Select
  Set oAttrCollection = Nothing
  Set oAttributeDescriptor = Nothing
  Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt OnPreLoad = ""
  Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt\_OnPreLoad = "ERROR"
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Function
```

24. Go to the end of CSP3DTank8Def Class module. Add the custom methods to manage the drum and the space objects as follows:

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO member object (VDrum 01-EC). Use EquipCADHelper CreateEquipmentComponent () method to create the member given the equipment component part number. Use the *SetObjNameRule* function to get a name from the default naming rule.

```
Set pObject = m_oEquipCADHelper.CreateEquipmentComponent(pMemberDescription, pResourceManager, "VDrum 01-EC", "VDrum")
    'create name for the member
    SetObjNameRule pObject, "CPEquipmentComponent"

Set oEquipment = Nothing

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
    HandleError MODULE, METHOD

End Sub
```

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the attribute values to the member object.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateVDrum(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oPropertyDescription.CAO

Dim oAttribs As IJDAttributes
Dim oSmartOcc As IJSmartOccurrence

Set oSmartOcc = oPropertyDescription.Object
Set oAttribs = oSmartOcc '.ItemObject

oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselDiameter").Item("VesselDiameter").Value = m_VesselDiameter
```

```
oAttribs. CollectionOfAttributes("IJUAVesselTantoTan"). Item("VesselTantoTan"). Value = 1.00 and 1.00 are also as a constant of the constant
m VesselTantoTan
         oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJInsulationThickness").Item("InsulationThickness").Value =
m dInsulationThickness
        oAttribs.CollectionOfAttributes("IJDeletableMember").Item("CanBeDeleted").Value = True
' set member deletable
         Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
         Set\ oMemberDescription = m\_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(oAttribs)
         m_oEquipCADHelper.MakeMemberDeletable oMemberDescription, oAttribs, True
         Set\ oAttribs = Nothing
         Set \ oSmartOcc = Nothing
        Set \ oMemberDescription = Nothing
        Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
         HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Geometry Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the transformation matrix to move the member object relative to the equipment. Use the TransformFromECStoGCS function to maintain the VDrum member coordinate system relative to the Equipment coordinate system.

Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

```
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryVDrum"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
LogCalls METHOD
```

'Add the following code to avoid the eqp component to move alone

```
Dim oEqpComp As IJEquipmentComponent
Dim oEqpCompMatrix As IJEquipment
Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment
Set oEqpComp = oPropertyDescription.Object
oEqpComp.GetParent oEquipment
Set oEqpCompMatrix = oEqpComp

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
Dim otransform As IngrGeom3D.IJDT4x4
Set otransform = New DT4x4
Dim iVector As IJDVector
Set iVector = New DVector
otransform.LoadIdentity
iVector.x = 0
iVector.y = 0
iVector.z = 0
```

otransform.Translate iVector

oEqpCompMatrix.SetMatrix otransform

TransformFromECStoGCS oEquipment, oEqpCompMatrix

```
Set oEquipment = Nothing
Set oEqpComp = Nothing
Set oEqpCompMatrix = Nothing
Set iVector = Nothing
Set otransform = Nothing
Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Conditional:

This method checks if the member is conditional based on the CanBeDeleted flag. Remember, we added code in the CMEvaluate to make the member deletable.

```
Public Sub CMConditionalVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)
```

```
Const METHOD = "CMConditionalVDrum"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

 $IsNeeded = m_oEquipCADHelper.CheckMemberConditional(pMemberDesc)$

```
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMReleaseVDrum(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseVDrum"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Construct:

This method is in charge of the creation of the CAO IFC space object. Use *IJDSpaceFactory* to create the member. Use the *SetObjNameRule* function to get a name from the default naming rule.

```
Public Sub CMConstructVolume1(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, _
ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _
ByRef pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMConstructVolume1"
```

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler Dim oSpacePrimitiveFactory As IJDSpacePrimitiveFactory Dim oSpaceNodeService As IJSpaceNodeService Dim oSpaceFactory As IJDSpaceFactory Dim oSpacePrimitive As IJDSpacePrimitive Dim oSpaceCreation As IJSpaceCreation Dim oSpacePart As IJDPart Dim oSpace As IJSpaceParent Dim oShapePart As IJDPart Dim oShape As IJShape Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment Dim oParent As Object Dim oCollElements As IJElements Dim oSmartOccurrence As IJSmartOccurrence Dim oCatalogResourceMgr As IUnknown Dim oAttributes As IJDAttributes Dim dblDummy() As Double Dim sPartDesc As String Dim i As Integer 'Create Volume Set oSmartOccurrence = pMemberDescription.CAO Set oEquipment = pMemberDescription.CAO 'Identify the parent (by default the plant) Set oSpaceNodeService = New SpatialFunctions '****Client tier**** Set oParent = oSpaceNodeService.GetConfigShipClass() '****Client tier**** Dim oSpaceFolderFactory As IJDSpaceFolderFactory Dim oSpaceFolder As IJDSpaceFolder Dim NodeTypeNone As SpaceNodeType Dim strNodeName As String strNodeName = "EqpVolumeFolder" Set oSpaceFolderFactory = New CSpaceFolderFactory Set oSpaceFolder = oSpaceFolderFactory.CreateEntity(SpaceFactorySystem, NodeTypeNone, strNodeName, oParent, pResourceManager) 'Access Catalog Set oCatalogResourceMgr = oSmartOccurrence.CatalogResourceMgr 'Choose a space part Set oSpacePart = GetPartFromPartNumber(oCatalogResourceMgr, "SPACE_DEF_IV01", pResourceManager) 'Choose a shape part Set oShapePart = GetPartFromPartNumber(oCatalogResourceMgr, "RectangularSolid 001", pResourceManager) 'Create space object. Possible values for progid are: "AreaEntity.Area.1", "ZoneEntity.Zone.1", "InterferenceVolumeEntity.InterferenceVolume.1" Set oSpaceFactory = New SpaceFactory $Set\ oSpace = oSpaceFactory. CreateEntity("InterferenceVolumeEntity. InterferenceVolume. 1", oSpaceFolder, and oSpaceF$ oSpacePart) $Set\ pObject = oSpace$

 $Set\ oParent = Nothing$ $Set\ oSpacePart = Nothing$ 'Assign a name to the space object $Set \ oSpaceCreation = oSpace$ SetObjNameRule oSpace, "CPInterferenceVolume" $Set\ oSpace = Nothing$ Set oSpacePrimitiveFactory = New SpacePrimitiveFactory 'Create SpacePrimitive object Set oSpacePrimitive = oSpacePrimitiveFactory.CreateSpacePrimitive(oShapePart, pResourceManager) $Set\ oShapePart = Nothing$ If oSpacePrimitive Is Nothing Then Exit Sub $Set\ oShape = oSpacePrimitive$ 'Set dimension of the shape, use interface IJUARectSolid dim A along X, B along Y symetrical centered, C along Z symetrical centered $Set\ oAttributes = oShape$ $oAttributes. CollectionOfAttributes("IJUARectSolid"). Item("A"). Value = m_VesselTantoTan * 2$ $oAttributes. CollectionOfAttributes("IJUARectSolid"). Item("B"). Value = m_VesselDiameter / 3$ oAttributes.CollectionOfAttributes("IJUARectSolid").Item("C").Value = m_VesselDiameter/3 $Set \ oAttributes = Nothing$ 'Set the position of the shape PositionAndOrientVolume1 oEquipment, oShape $Set\ oShape = Nothing$ 'Add spaceprimitive object to the collection Set oCollElements = New JObjectCollection '***Client Tier*** oCollElements.Add oSpacePrimitive oSpaceCreation.SetInputs BYPRIMITIVEPROGID, 1, oCollElements, dblDummy $Set\ oSpacePrimitive = Nothing$ Set oCollElements = Nothing 'Create the relationship SpaceAssociation to allow the transform of the Space with the equipment. CreateSpaceOrientationRelation oSpaceCreation, oEquipment, pResourceManager Set oEquipment = Nothing Set oSpaceCreation = Nothing Set oSpaceNodeService = Nothing Set oSmartOccurrence = Nothing Set oCatalogResourceMgr = Nothing $Set\ oParent = Nothing$ $Set\ oSpacePart = Nothing$ $Set \ oSpace = Nothing$ $Set\ oShapePart = Nothing$ Set oSpaceFactory = Nothing Set oSpaceCreation = Nothing Set oSpacePrimitiveFactory = Nothing $Set\ oSpaceFolderFactory = Nothing$

 $Set\ oSpaceFolder = Nothing$

```
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  Set oEquipment = Nothing
  Set \ oSpaceCreation = Nothing
  Set oSpaceNodeService = Nothing
  Set oSmartOccurrence = Nothing
  Set\ oCatalogResourceMgr = Nothing
  Set oParent = Nothing
  Set oSpacePart = Nothing
  Set\ oShape = Nothing
  Set oSpace = Nothing
  Set oShapePart = Nothing
  Set\ oSpaceFactory = Nothing
  Set oSpaceCreation = Nothing
  Set oSpacePrimitiveFactory = Nothing
  Set oSpacePrimitive = Nothing
  Set oCollElements = Nothing
  Set \ oAttributes = Nothing
  Set oSpaceFolderFactory = Nothing
  Set\ oSpaceFolder = Nothing
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Final:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMFinalConstructVolume1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMFinalConstructVolume1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Inputs:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method.

```
Public Sub CMSetInputsVolume1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMSetInputsVolume1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

Custom Method Evaluate:

This method is in charge of setting the attribute values to the member object.

Public Sub CMEvaluateVolume1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateVolume1"

```
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

```
Dim oEquipment
                          As IJEquipment
  Dim oSpace
                        As IJSpaceCreation
  Dim oVolumeShape
                            As IJShape
  Dim oParentCollElements
                             As IJElements
  Dim varDummy()
                           As Variant
  Dim oAttributes
                         As IJDAttributes
  Set oSpace = oPropertyDescription.Object
  Set \ oEquipment = oPropertyDescription.CAO
  If Not oSpace Is Nothing Then
     Set oParentCollElements = New IMSElements.DynElements
     oSpace.GetInputs oParentCollElements, varDummy
     Set \, oVolumeShape = oParentCollElements.Item(1)
                                                        'If the space is not created by Primitives, it would
fail here.
     GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment
     Set\ oAttributes = oVolumeShape
     oAttributes. CollectionOfAttributes("IJUARectSolid"). Item("A"). Value = m_VesselTantoTan * 2
     oAttributes. CollectionOfAttributes("IJUARectSolid"). Item("B"). Value = m_VesselDiameter / 3
     oAttributes.CollectionOfAttributes("IJUARectSolid").Item("C").Value = m_VesselDiameter/3
  End If
  Set\ oSpace = Nothing
  Set oVolumeShape = Nothing
  Set oEquipment = Nothing
  Set oParentCollElements = Nothing
  Set\ oAttributes = Nothing
  Exit Sub
```

Custom Method Geometry Evaluate:

HandleError MODULE, METHOD

ErrorHandler:

End Sub

This method is in charge of maintaining the space object relative to the equipment by calling the Evaluate custom method.

```
Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryVolume1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)
Const METHOD = "CMEvaluateGeometryVolume1"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Call CMEvaluateVolume1(oPropertyDescription, pObject)
Exit Sub
```

ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom method Conditional:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMConditionalVolume1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)
```

Const METHOD = "CMConditionalVolume1" On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub ErrorHandler: HandleError MODULE, METHOD End Sub

Custom method Release:

There is no need to add any code for this custom method

```
Public Sub CMReleaseVolume1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription)
Const METHOD = "CMReleaseVolume1"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

25. Add the following subroutine to get the part from the catalog given the part number. Use the NamingContextObject object to get the object moniker of the part in the catalog. Then, use the Persistent Object Manager interface (POM) to retrieve the proxy (part occurrence) from the model.

```
Private Function GetPartFromPartNumber(ByVal CatalogResourceMgr As Object, ByVal PartNumber As
String, ByVal ModelResourceMgr As Object) As Object
  Const METHOD = "GetPartFromPartNumber"
  On Error GoTo ErrHandler
  Dim oPart As IJDPart
  Dim oModelPOM As IJDPOM
  Dim oNamingCntxObject As IJDNamingContextObject
 Set oNamingCntxObject = New NamingContextObject
  If Trim(PartNumber) <> vbNullString Then
    Set oPart = oNamingCntxObject.ObjectMoniker(CatalogResourceMgr, PartNumber)
    ' Get the proxy of the part in model
    Set\ oModelPOM = ModelResourceMgr
    Set \ GetPartFromPartNumber = oModelPOM.GetProxy(oPart, True)
 End If
 Set oPart = Nothing
  Set\ oModelPOM = Nothing
 Set oNamingCntxObject = Nothing
```

Exit Function

```
ErrHandler:
Set oPart = Nothing
Set oModelPOM = Nothing
Set oNamingCntxObject = Nothing
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Function
```

26. Add the following subroutine to define the position and orientation of the volume object with respect to the equipment.

```
Private Sub PositionAndOrientVolume1(Equipment As IJEquipment, Shape As Object)
  Dim oVolumeShapeLCS As IJLocalCoordinateSystem
  Dim oAttributes As IJDAttributes
  'We want:
  'the X (primary) of the shape on the Z or Elevation of the equipment (ECS)
  'the Y (secondary) of the shape on the Y or North of the equipment (ECS)
  Set oVolumeShapeLCS = Shape
  oVolumeShapeLCS.XAxis = m\_oElevation
  oVolumeShapeLCS.YAxis = m\_oNorth
  Set\ oAttributes = Shape
  Shape.SetOrigin 0, -m_VesselDiameter / 2 - m_VesselDiameter / 3, 0
  'The shape is persisted in GCS (actually we transform the space)
  TransformFromECStoGCS Equipment, Shape
  Set oVolumeShapeLCS = Nothing
  Set\ oAttributes = Nothing
End Sub
```

27. Add the following subroutine to associate the space object with the equipment (graphic entity). Use *SpaceAssociationAEFactory* object to create the Active Entity and then associates the space with the Active Entity.

```
Private Sub CreateSpaceOrientationRelation(ByRef Space As Object, ByRef Equipment As Object,
ResourceManager As Object)
  Const METHOD = "CreateSpaceOrientationRelation"
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oCoordinateSys
                          As IJLocalCoordinateSystem
  Dim oSpaceAssocFactory
                           As SpaceAssociationAEFactory
  Dim oSpaceAssocAE
                          As SpaceAssociationAE
  Dim oDT4x4
                       As IJDT4x4
  Set\ oCoordinateSys = Equipment
  Set oSpaceAssocFactory = New SpaceAssociationAEFactory
  'Get or create the AE
  Set\ oSpaceAssocAE = oSpaceAssocFactory.ActiveEntity(ResourceManager,\ oCoordinateSys)
  oSpaceAssocAE.ObjectMatrix = BuildMatrix(oCoordinateSys)
```

```
oSpaceAssocAE.AddAssociatedSpace Space
```

```
'Clear everything
Set oSpaceAssocAE = Nothing
Set oSpaceAssocFactory = Nothing
Set oCoordinateSys = Nothing
Set oDT4x4 = Nothing

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
```

End Sub

28. Add the following subroutine to build the object matrix.

```
Private Function BuildMatrix(oLCS As IJLocalCoordinateSystem) As IJDT4x4
  Const METHOD = "BuildMatrix"
  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
  Dim oXVect
                       As IJDVector
                       As IJDVector
  Dim oYVect
                       As IJDVector
  Dim oZVect
  Dim dblMat(0 To 15)
                           As Double
  Dim oPosition
                        As IJDPosition
  Dim dX
                     As Double
  Dim dY
                     As Double
  Dim dZ
                     As Double
  Dim oCS
                      As IJLocalCoordinateSystem
  Dim oDT4x4
                        As IJDT4x4
  Dim index
                      As Integer
  Set \ oCS = oLCS
  'Get X,Y,Z vectors from the coordinate system
  Set \ oXVect = oCS.XAxis
  Set \ oYVect = oCS. YAxis
  Set \ oZVect = oCS.ZAxis
  'Get the position from the Coordinate system
  Set\ oPosition = oCS.Position
  For index = 1 To 14
    dblMat(index) = 0\#
  Next index
  dblMat(0) = 1#
  dblMat(5) = 1#
  dblMat(10) = 1#
  dblMat(15) = 1#
  'Build the matrix using X,Y,Z vectors and the position
  oXVect.Get dblMat(0), dblMat(1), dblMat(2)
```

oYVect.Get dblMat(4), dblMat(5), dblMat(6) oZVect.Get dblMat(8), dblMat(9), dblMat(10)

```
oPosition.Get dX, dY, dZ
  dblMat(12) = dX
  dblMat(13) = dY
  dblMat(14) = dZ
  Set \ oDT4x4 = New \ DT4x4
  'Load the matrix as identity matrix
  oDT4x4.LoadIdentity
  oDT4x4.Set dblMat(0)
  Set BuildMatrix = oDT4x4
  Set \ oDT4x4 = Nothing
  Set \ oXVect = Nothing
  Set \ oYVect = Nothing
  Set\ oZVect = Nothing
  Set \ oPosition = Nothing
  Set \ oCS = Nothing
  Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Function
```

29. Add the following subroutine to convert the array of inputs in a set of global variables.

```
Private Sub GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray(SmartOccurrence As IJSmartOccurrence)
Const METHOD = "GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray"
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs = m_oEquipCADHelper.GetSymbolArrayOfInputs(SmartOccurrence)

'Inputs, from equipment symbol code
'Set m_oPartFclt = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(1)
m_VesselDiameter = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(2)
m_VesselTantoTan = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(3)
m_dInsulationThickness = m_avSymbolArrayOfInputs(4)

Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Sub
```

30. Add the following subroutine to position and orient the member with respect to the equipment.

```
Private Sub TransformFromECStoGCS(Equipment As IJEquipment, Object As Object)
Const METHOD = "TransformFromECStoGCS"
LogCalls METHOD
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim oEqpMatrix As IJDT4x4
Dim oShapeMatrix As IJDT4x4
Dim otransform As IJDGeometry
```

```
Dim oShape As IJShape
      If Not Object Is Nothing Then
        If TypeOf Object Is IJDGeometry Then
          Equipment.GetMatrix oEqpMatrix
          Set otransform = Object
          otransform.DTransform oEqpMatrix
          Set otransform = Nothing
          Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
        End If
      End If
      Set otransform = Nothing
      Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
      Set\ oShape = Nothing
      Set\ oShapeMatrix = Nothing
      Exit Sub
    ErrorHandler:
      Set \ otransform = Nothing
      Set\ oEqpMatrix = Nothing
      Set\ oShape = Nothing
      Set\ oShapeMatrix = Nothing
      HandleError MODULE, METHOD
    End Sub
31. Add the following subroutine to set the naming relation and generate a name based on the
    default naming rule.
    Public Sub SetObjNameRule(ByRef obj As Object, ByRef CLASSNAME As String)
    'Apply the namerule using the IJDNamingRulesHelper helper interface
    Const METHOD = "SetNameRule"
    On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
      Dim NameRule As String
      Dim NamingRules As IJElements
      Dim oNameRuleHlpr As GSCADNameRuleSemantics.IJDNamingRulesHelper
    'Returns a collection of the naming rules available in the catalog database
    'for the given object
      Set\ oNameRuleHlpr = New\ GSCADNameRuleHlpr.NamingRulesHelper
      Call oNameRuleHlpr.GetEntityNamingRulesGivenName(CLASSNAME, NamingRules)
    'get the first namerule from the collection
      Dim oNameRuleHolder As GSCADGenericNamingRulesFacelets.IJDNameRuleHolder
      Set\ oNameRuleHolder = NamingRules.Item(1)
    'Create relations "NamedEntity" and "EntityNamingRule" and obj
      Dim oNameRuleAE As GSCADGenNameRuleAE.IJNameRuleAE
      Call oNameRuleHlpr.AddNamingRelations(obj, oNameRuleHolder, oNameRuleAE)
      GoTo CleanObjects
    ErrorHandler:
      HandleError MODULE, METHOD
    CleanObjects:
```

```
Set\ oNameRuleHlpr = Nothing
  Set \ oNameRuleHolder = Nothing
  Set\ oNameRuleAE = Nothing
  Set\ NamingRules = Nothing
End Sub
```

32. Add the following subroutine to log any error.

```
Private Sub LogCalls(sMethod As String)
```

```
If Not m_oEditErrors Is Nothing Then
    m_oEditErrors.Add 5000, m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName & "." &
m_oEquipCADHelper.CLASSNAME, "Entering" & sMethod
  End If
```

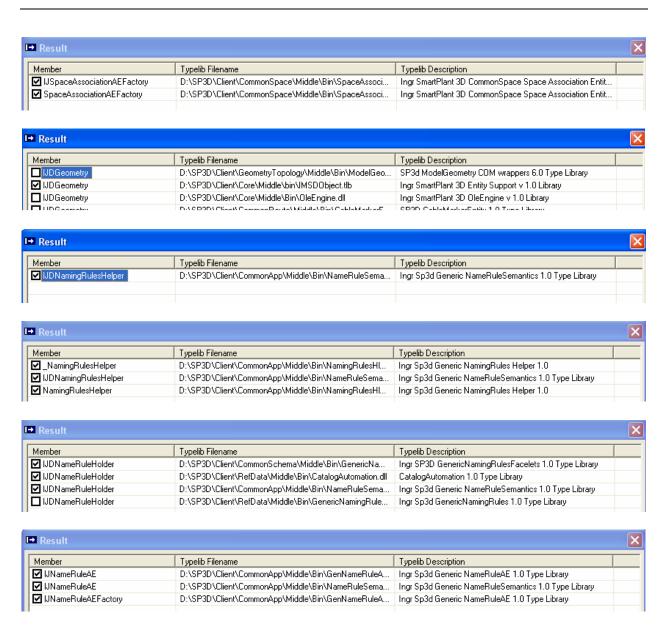
End Sub

- 33. Compile the Visual Basic project and save the dll as SP3DTank8Asm.dll in the c:\Train\lab8
- 34. Note: Use the SP3D Reference Tool to attach the missing reference libraries.



I Result		Σ
Member	Typelib Filename	Typelib Description
☑ DynElements	D:\SP3D\Client\Core\Client\Bin\ClientCollections.dll	Ingr SmartPlant 3D ClientCollections v 1.0 Library

Result			X
Member	Typelib Filename	Typelib Description	
□IJDPOM	D:\SP3D\Client\Drawings\Middle\Bin\RuntimeViewGener	SP3DDwgRuntimeViewGens 1.0 Type Library	
☑ IJDPOM	D:\SP3D\Client\Core\Middle\Bin\ResPom.dll	Ingr SmartPlant 3D POM (Persistent Object Manager) v 1.0	
□IJDPOM	D:\SP3D\Client\Drawings\Middle\Bin\DrawingDefinitions.dll	Ingr SPDrawings Definitions and Interfaces 1.0 Type Library	
□NDPOM	D:\SP3D\Client\Drawings\Middle\Bin\DrawingDefinitions.dll	Ingr SPDrawings Definitions and Interfaces 1.0 Type Library	



One of the most important steps in Visual Basic programming is to preserve the binary compatibility of your program. Save the final version of your dll file to be binary compatibility in order to preserve the CLSID.

- 35. Save the Visual Basic SP3DTank8Asm project.
- 36. Open the SP3DTemplate.xls workbook. Go the R-Hierarchy sheet and add the following entry.

Head	<u>RelationSource</u>	<u>RelationDestination</u>
Start		
	CatalogRoot	RefDataEquipmentRoot
	RefDataEquipmentRoot	Training
а	Training	SP3DTank8Asm
End		

37. Go to the SP3DTemplateAsm sheet and rename it as SP3DTank8Asm.

CustomInterfaces SP3DTank8Asm ClassNodeType R-Hierarchy GUIDs /

- 38. Go to the Class definition section and add/edit as follows:
- 39. In the Definition Section rows:

Definition	PartClassType	<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	UserClassName	<u>OccClassName</u>	Symbolicon
a	EquipmentAssemblyClass	SP3DTank8Asm.CSP3DTank8Sym	Tank8Asm	Tank8Asm	Symbollcons\Tank8Asm.gif

Note:

• You can use Microsoft Paint to create the file and save it under your \machine\symbols\SymbolIcons

Occurrence attributes:

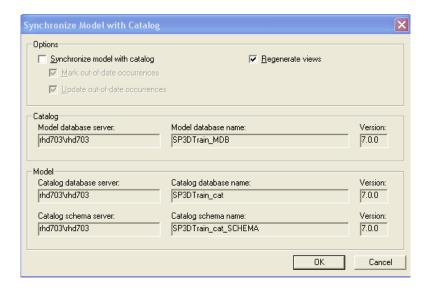
oa:InsulationThickness	oa:VesselDiameter	oa:VesselTantoTan	

40. In the Part Section rows:

Head	<u>Name</u>	PartDescription	<u>SymbolDefinition</u>	<u>Definition</u>	VesselDiameter	VesselTantoTan
Start						
a	Tank801_Asm			SP3DTank8Asm.CSP3DTank8Def	1524mm	2286mm
End						

- 40. Save the Excel workbook as SP3DTank8Asm.xls in the c:\Train\lab8.
- 41. Optional steps: Create the Tank8Asm.gif file and place it under \\<MachineName>\Symbols\SymbolIcons
- 42. Load the information into the catalog using the Add/Modify/Delete Mode. Once the bulkload process is completed, review the log file.
- 43. Run the Project Management Task. Select the Model in the hierarchy.
- 44. Select Tools -> Synchronize Model with the Catalog.
- 45. Uncheck the Synchronize Model with the Catalog option.

Note: You just need to update the views in the model.



- 46. Hit "OK" Button.
- 47. Once the process is completed, Right click the training plant icon and select "Regenerate the Reports database" option to re-create the views in the report database.
- 48. Go to the Equipment Task and place the SP3DTank8Asm.

Appendix

Symbol Helper Reference

The Symbol Helper Reference provides documentation for symbol math functions and properties.

IJSymbolHelper

This interface provides methods to help in creating the definition of a VB symbol. It provides the implementation of the IJDUserSymbolServices interface as well as provides support for declaring the inputs and outputs of the symbol. Call this interface when you want to:

- Instantiate a symbol definition in a datastore.
- Update an existing symbol definition.
- Compute the symbol using a function.
- Edit the symbol occurrence.

Methods

AddInputDef(Count As Integer, Name As String, Description As String, DefaultValue As Double)		
Description:	Adds the input definition to the collection of inputs defined for the symbol	
Parameters:		
[in] count	Index for the input parameter	
[in] Name	Name of the input parameter	
[in] Description	Description of the input parameter	
[in] DefaultValue	Default value for the input parameter	

AddOutputDef(Count As Integer, Name As String, Description As String, aspect as integer)		
Description:	Adds the output definition to the collection of outputs defined for the symbol	
Parameters:		
[in] count	Index for the output parameter	
[in] Name	Name of the output parameter	
[in] Description	Description of the output parameter	
[in] aspect	Aspect number for the output	

AddAspectDef (0	AddAspectDef (Count As Integer, Name As String, Description As String, aspect as integer)	
Description:	Adds the aspect definition to the symbol	
Parameters:		
[in] count	Index for the aspect	
[in] Name	Name of the aspect	
[in] Description	Description of the aspect	
[in] aspect	Aspect number for the output	

InstanciateDefinition (ByVal CodeBase As String, ByVal defParameters As Variant, ByVal ActiveConnection As		
Object)		
Description:	This method will create a symbol definition entity and initialize it. It will also set the progid and	
	the code base values on the definition. It will take the same set of parameters as the method on	
	the interface 'IJDUserSymbolServices'.	
Parameters:		
[in] CodeBase	Specifies the URL (or UNC) of the .cab file that can provides the dll associated to the symbol	
	definition object (ActiveX control packaging).	
[in]	Definition parameters.	
defParameters		
[in]	Resource manager to which the symbol definition will be connected	
ActiveConnection		

InitializeSymbolI	Definition(ByRef pSymbolDefinition As IJDSymbolDefinition)
Description:	This method will define the inputs for the symbol definition, define the required number of
	representations and add the outputs defined to the correct representation. The input collection as
	well as the output collection can be made a 'VARIABLECOLLECTION' if required.
Parameters:	
pSymbolDefinition	on Symbol definition passed by reference that will be initialized in this method.

InvokeRepresenta	tion(ByVal sblOcc As Object, ByVal repName As String, ByVal outputcoll As Object, ByRef
arrayOfInputs())	
Description:	This method will create the object that contains the implementation details for the required representation. The wizard follows a specific convention like so: ProjectName. <representationname>. So the helper function can obtain the progid given this rule and create the object and then call the method 'Run' on the IDispatch interface of this object. This method will also take all the parameters in addition to an array of strings that contain the names of outputs belonging to that representation.</representationname>
Parameters:	
[in] sblOcc	Symbol occurrence that calls the method.
[in] repName	Name of the representation requested on the symbol.
[in] outputcoll	Collection object to which the generated outputs will be attached.
[in] arrayOfInputs	A safearray of inputs defined as VARIANT.

Properties

NumInputs as Integer		
Description:	Number of inputs for the symbol	
Modifiability:	Read/write	
NumOutputs as I	nteger	
Description:	Number of outputs for the symbol.	
Modifiability:	Read/write	
NumAspects as I	integer	
Description:	Number of aspects defined for the symbol	
Modifiability:	Read/write	
ProjectName as S	String	
Description:	Project Name for the symbol	
Modifiability:	Read/write	
ClassName as String		
Description:	Class name for the symbol	
Modifiability:	Read/write	

IJSymbol Geometry Helper

This interface provides methods to help in creating simple geometric primitives like Cylinder (given center, radius and length), Cone (given the 4 points), Sphere (center and radius), Torus (center, major radius, minor radius). The other geometric primitives are not yet implemented.

Methods

AddGeometry(Output As String, Aspect As Long, Geometry As Object)	
Description:	Adds the Geometry Object to the Output Collection.
Parameters:	
[in] Output	Required Output as string
[in] Aspect	Required long value
[in] Geometry	Required Object Geometry

CreateChildPartOcc(Output As String, ChildPart As Object, Position As IJDPosition, VecX As IJDVector, VecY As IJDVector, VecZ As IJDVector) As Object		
Description:		
Parameters:	Parameters:	
[in] Output	Required Output as string	
[in] ChildPart	Required Object ChildPart	
[in] Position	Required IJDPosition Position	
[in] VecX	Required IJDVector VecX	
[in] VecY	Required IJDVector VecY	
[in] VecZ	Required IJDVector VecZ	

CreateCone(Output As String, PosStart As IJDPosition, PosEnd As IJDPosition, diameterStart As Double,	
diameterEnd As Double, Optional Offset As Double = 0#) As Object	
Description:	Creates the Cone Object and adds it to the output collection
Parameters:	
[in] Output	Required Output as string
[in] PosStart	Required IJDPosition Start
[in] PosEnd	Required IJDPosition End
[in] diameterStart	Required double value
[in] diameterEnd	Required double value
[in,	Optional double value – is an optional parameter
defaultvalue(0)]	
Offset	

CreateCylinder(Output As String, PosStart As IJDPosition, PosEnd As IJDPosition, Diameter As Double) As		
Object	Object	
Description:	Creates the Cylinder Object and adds it to the output collection	
Parameters:		
[in] Output	Required Output as string	
[in] PosStart	Required IJDPosition Start	
[in] PosEnd	Required IJDPosition End	
[in] Diameter	Required double value – diameter of the Cylinder	

CreateMiteredTorus(Output As String, Origin As IJDPosition, NormalAxis As IJDVector, MajorAxis As IJDVector, Radius As Double, Angle As Double, Diameter As Double, NumberOfCuts As Long) As Object		
Description:	Creates the CreateMiteredTorus Object and adds it to the output collection	
Parameters:	Parameters:	
[in] Output	Required Output as string	
[in] Origin	Required IJDPosition Origin	
[in] NormalAxis	Required IJDVector NormalAxis	
[in] MajorAxis	Required IJDVector MajorAxis	
[in] Radius	Required double value	
[in] Angle	Required double value	
[in] Diameter	Required double value	
[in] NumberOfCuts	Required long value	

CreatePolygon(Output As String, NumberOfSides As Long, SideLength As Double, Depth As Double, Object As Object)	
Description:	Creates the CreatePolygon Object and adds it to the output collection
Parameters:	
[in] Output	Required Output as string
[in] NumberOfSides	Required long value
[in] SideLength	Required double value
[in] Depth	Required double value

CreatePrism(Output As String, Width As Double, Depth As Double, Length As Double, Width2 As Double,		
Depth2 As Double, Optional Offset As Double = 0#) As Object		
Description:	Creates the CreatePrism Object and adds it to the output collection	
Parameters:		
[in] Output	Required Output as string	
[in] Width	Required double value	
[in] Depth	Required double value	
[in] Length	Required double value	
[in] Width2	Required double value	
[in] Depth2,	Required double value	
[in, defaultvalue(0)] Offset	Optional double value	

	CreateProjectedRectangle(Output As String, PosStart As IJDPosition, PosEnd As IJDPosition, Axis As IJDVector, Width As Double, Depth As Double) As Object		
Description:	Creates the CreateProjectedRectangle Object and adds it to the output collection		
Parameters:	Parameters:		
[in] Output	Required Output as string		
[in] PosStart	Required IJDPosition Start		
[in] PosEnd	Required IJDPosition End		
[in] Axis	Required IJDVector Axis		

[in] Width	Required double value
[in] Depth	Required double value

CreateProjectedShape(Output As String, Length As Double, Curve As Object) As Object	
Description:	Creates the CreateProjectedShape Object and adds it to the output collection
Parameters:	
[in] Output	Required Output as string
[in] Length	Required double value
[in] Curve	Required object curve

CreateProjectedShapeByPoints(Output As String, NumberOfPoints As Long, Length As Double, Points As		
IJElements) As O	IJElements) As Object	
Description:	Creates the CreateProjectedShapeByPoints Object and adds it to the output collection	
Parameters:		
[in] Output	Required Output as string	
[in]	Required long value	
NumberOfPoints		
[in] Length	Required double value	
[in] Points	Required point objects as IJElements collection	

CreateProjectedTriangle(Output As String, PosStart As IJDPosition, PosEnd As IJDPosition, Axis As		
IJDVector, Width As Double, Depth As Double) As Object		
Description:	Creates the CreateProjectedTriangle Object and adds it to the output collection	
Parameters:	Parameters:	
[in] Output	Required Output as string	
[in] PosStart	Required IJDPosition start	
[in] PosEnd	Required IJDPostion end	
[in] Axis	Required IJDVector Axis	
[in] Width	Required double value	
[in] Depth	Required double value	

CreateRectangularTorus(Output As String, Radius As Double, SweepAngle As Double, Width As Double,			
Depth As Double) As Object			
Description:	Creates the CreateRectangularTorus Object and adds it to the output collection		
Parameters:	Parameters:		
[in] Output	Required Output as string		
[in] Radius	Required double value		
[in] SweepAngle	Required double value		
[in] Width	Required double value		
[in] Depth	Required double value		

CreateSemiEllipsoid(Output As String, Origin As IJDPosition, NormalAxis As IJDVector, MajorAxis As		
IJDVector, AxisDiameter As Double, MinorAxisRadius As Long) As Object		
Description:	Creates the CreateSemiEllipsoid Object and adds it to the output collection	
Parameters:		

[in] Output	Required Output as string
[in] Origin	Required IJDPosition Origin
[in] NormalAxis	Required IJDVector NormalAxis
[in] MajorAxis	Required IJDVector MajorAxis
[in] AxisDiameter	Required double value
	Required long value
MinorAxisRadius	

CreateSphere(Output As String, Origin As IJDPosition, Radius As Double) As Object		
Description:	Creates the CreateSphere Object and adds it to the output collection	
Parameters:		
[in] Output	Required Output as string	
[in] Origin	Required IJDPosition Origin	
[in] Radius	Required double value	

CreateTorus(Output As String, Origin As IJDPosition, NormalAxis As IJDVector, MajorAxis As IJDVector,		
Radius As Double	Radius As Double, Angle As Double, Diameter As Double) As Object	
Description:	Creates the CreateTorus Object and adds it to the output collection	
Parameters:		
[in] Output	Required Output as string	
[in] Origin	Required IJDPosition Origin	
[in] NormalAxis	Required IJDVector NormalAxis	
[in] MajorAxis	Required IJDVector MajorAxis	
[in] Radius	Required double value	
[in] Angle	Required double value	
[in] Diameter	Required double value	

CreateTransitionalElement(Output As String, Width As Double, Depth As Double, Length As Double,		
Radius As Double, Offset As Double) As Object		
Description:	Creates the CreateTransitionalElement Object and adds it to the output collection	
Parameters:	Parameters:	
[in] Output	Required Output as string	
[in] Width	Required double value	
[in] Depth	Required double value	
[in] Length	Required double value	
[in] Radius	Required double value	
[in] Offset	Required double value	

Properties

AutoTransformUpdate() As Boolean	
Description:	Adding or getting the AutoTransformUpdate boolean value
Modifiability:	Read/write

OutputCollection() As IJDOutputCollection	
Description:	Adding or getting created output objects in the output collection

Modifiability:	Read/write	
Transform() As IJDT4x4		
Description:	Adding or getting the transformation matrix IJDT4x4	
Modifiability:	Read/write	

Geometry Factory Programming Reference

The Geometry Factory Programming Reference provides documentation of Geom3d.dll, which includes the objects, methods, and properties for the geometry factory.

Description

The GeometryFactory object is the class factory for the creation of geometry entities. The factory implements properties that return "collection-like" interfaces for each of the geometry types. These interfaces have creation methods that the application programmer can use to create, initialize, and optionally specify a persistent database connection for the object.

If the objects are created with a NULL database connection, the object is created as a "transient." Transient objects can be displayed and added to the highlight system, but they do not participate in transactions or relationships.

IJGeometryFactory

Use this interface when you want to create transient or persistent geometry objects

Properties

Points3d () as IPoints3d		
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>IPoints3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
Lines3d() as IL	ines3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>ILines3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
Arcs3d () as IAr	rcs3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>IArcs3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
Circles3d () as I	Circles3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>ICircles3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
Ellipses3d() as	IEllipses3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>IEllipses3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
EllipticalArcs3d	() as IEllipticalArcs3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>IEllipticalArcs3d</u> interface of the first element in the	
	collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	

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) as ILineStrings3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>ILineStrings3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
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	d () as IBSplineCurves3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>IBSplineCurves3d</u> interface of the first element in the	
N. 1. C. 1 . 1	collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
Complex Strings	3d () as IComplexStrings3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>IComplexStrings3d</u> interface of the first element in the	
Description.	collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
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Planes3d () as II	Planes3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>IPlanes3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
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Cones3d () as IO	Cones3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>ICones3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
Projections3d()	as IProjections3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>IProjections3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
Revolutions3d () as IRevolutions3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>IRevolutions3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
5.1.0 0 0		
	l () as IRuledSurfaces3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>IRuledSurfaces3d</u> interface of the first element in the	
	collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
Cmb amag 2 d ()	ICub mas 2 d	
Spheres3d () as	*	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>ISpheres3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
Tori3d () as ITori3d		
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>ITori3d</u> interface of the first element in the collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
pviodinability.	mead Only	
BSplineSurfaces	3d () as IBSplineSurfaces3d	
Description:	Returns a pointer (pVal) to the <u>IBSplineSurfaces3d</u> interface of the first element in the	
	collection.	
Modifiability:	Read Only	
<u> </u>		

Methods:

CreateBSplineSurfaceByParametersWCaps Method

Description

The CreateBSplineSurfaceByParametersWCaps method creates and returns a BSplineSurface3d object based on a desired order, a set of poles, and optional caps. Weights and knots are optional and are set to NULL, or an empty array. The output will be the surface, then the caps.

If the order is equal to the number of poles, the curve evolves into the control polygon of a Bezier curve.

B-spline weights can be considered a gravitational type force with the magnitude of the weight equal to the pulling force. The weights are always normalized. If no weights are present, the curve is considered to be non-rational and may be NULL. Non-rational curves have weights with a value of 1.

The B-spline knots define the parameterization of the curve, and they may be periodic. Knots, also known as knot vectors, must be monotonic and strictly increasing. Monotonic refers to the successive terms as non-decreasing or non-increasing.

The Order property determines the relative accuracy of the poles with regard to the points that are entered to create the curve. The order returned evaluates as a polynomial degree plus one. For example, an order of 4 defines cubic. Since it is more efficient to use even-order b-spline curves, the number of poles (and knots) are maximized by increasing the order to the next even number.

Syntax object. CreateBSplineSurfaceByParametersWCaps(pConnection, uNumPoles, vNumPoles, Poles, Weights, uOrder, vOrder, uKnots, vKnots, uPeriodic, vPeriodic, ReverseNor, Solid, WCaps, numCaps)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
uNumPoles	long	Required. This argument is the number of poles in the u-direction. The type is long.
vNumPoles	long	Required. This argument is the number of poles in the v-direction. The type is long.
Poles	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of poles. The type is double.
Weights	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of weights. The type is double.
uOrder	long	Required. This argument is the order in the u-direction. The type is long.
vOrder	long	Required. This argument is the order in the v-direction. The type is long.
uKnots	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of knots. The type is double.
vKnots	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of Knots. The type is double.
uPeriodic	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether the surface is periodic in u.
vPeriodic	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the surface is periodic in v.
ReverseNor	Boolean	Required. This argument specifies the outward normal. It is False when the outward normal is U X V. It is True when the outward normal is U (curve) cross V (proj vector). The type is Boolean.
Solid	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object is solid. Possible values are: 0 - Set normal as hollow; 1 - Set normal as solid; 2 - Set normal according to input point; 3 - Just toggle the outward normal (no checks).
WCaps	Boolean	Required. This argument specifies whether or not the object has caps. If the value is False, the surface does not have caps; if the value is True, the surface has caps.
numCaps	Int	Required. This argument is the number of caps. The type is integer.

CreateBy2Points Method

Description

The CreateBy2Points method creates and returns a Line3d object defined by two points.

Svntax

object.CreateBy2Points(pConnection, StartX, StartY, StartZ, EndX, EndY, EndZ)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
StartX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the starting point. The type is double.
StartY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the starting point. The type is double.
StartZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the starting point. The type is double.
EndX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the ending point. The type is double.
EndY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the ending point. The type is double.
EndZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the ending point. The type is double.

CreateBy3Points Method (IArcs3d)

Description

The CreateBy3Points method creates and returns an Arc3d object given three non-colinear points along the arc.

Syntax

object.CreateBy3Points(pConnection, StartX, StartY, StartZ, AlongX, AlongY, AlongZ, EndX, EndY, EndZ)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
StartX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the starting point on the arc. The type is double.
StartY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the starting point on the arc. The type is double.
StartZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the starting point on the arc. The type is double.
AlongX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the middle point on the arc. The type is double.
AlongY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the middle point on the arc. The type is double.
AlongZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the middle point on the arc. The type is double.
EndX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the ending point on the arc. The type is double.
EndY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the ending point on the arc. The type is double.
EndZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the ending point on the arc. The type is double.

CreateBy3Points Method (ICircles3d)

Description

The CreateBy3Points method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJCircle interface of a Circle3d object. This method uses three inscribed non-colinear points to create the circle.

Svntax

object.CreateBy3Points(pConnection, X1, Y1, Z1, X2, Y2, Z2, X3, Y3, Z3)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
X1	double	Required. This argument is the first X-coordinate value. The type is double.
Y1	double	Required. This argument is the first Y-coordinate value. The type is double.
Z1	double	Required. This argument is the first Z-coordinate value. The type is double.
X2	double	Required. This argument is the second X-coordinate value. The type is double.
Y2	double	Required. This argument is the second Y-coordinate value. The type is double.
Z2	double	Required. This argument is the second Z-coordinate value. The type is double.
X3	double	Required. This argument is the third X-coordinate value. The type is double.
Y3	double	Required. This argument is the third Y-coordinate value. The type is double.
Z3	double	Required. This argument is the third Z-coordinate value. The type is double.

CreateBy4Pts Method

Description

The CreateBy4Pts method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJCone interface of a full bounded Cone3d. This method takes as input a base center point, a top center point, a base starting point, and a top starting point. The axis runs through the top center point and base center point, and the cone follows the right-hand rule about the axis.

The base ellipse must not be degenerate, so the base center point cannot be the same as the base starting point. To create a point cone, set the top center point to the top starting point.

Syntax

object.CreateBy4Pts(pConnection, CenterBx, CenterBy, CenterBz, CenterTx, CenterTy, CenterTz, StartBx, StartBy, StartBz, StartTx, StartTy, StartTz, Solid)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CenterBx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the base center point. The type is double.
CenterBy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the base center point. The type is double.
CenterBz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the base center point. The type is double.
CenterTx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the top center point. The type is double.
CenterTy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the top center point. The type is double.

CenterTz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the top center point. The type is double.
StartBx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the base starting point. The type is double.
StartBy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the base starting point. The type is double.
StartBz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the base starting point. The type is double.
StartTx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the top starting point. The type is double.
StartTy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the top starting point. The type is double.
StartTz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the top starting point. The type is double.
Solid	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag indicating whether the cone is solid or not.

CreateByAxisMajorMinorRadius Method

Description

The CreateByAxisMajorMinor method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJTorus interface of a Torus3d object. This method defines a torus by a point on the axis at the center of the torus, an axis vector, a vector toward the center of a minor circle (determining the origin of UV space), a major radius, and a minor radius. Set major radius = -major radius if the center of the torus is on the left-hand side of the axis, indicating the torus is a lemon shape.

Syntax

object.CreateByAxisMajorMinorRadius(pConnection, AxisCenterX, AxisCenterY, AxisCenterZ, AxisVecX, AxisVecY, AxisVecZ, OriginDirX, OriginDirY, OriginDirZ, MajorRadius, MinorRadius, Solid)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
AxisCenterX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the point on the center axis. The type is double.
AxisCenterY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the point on the center axis. The type is double.
AxisCenterZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the point on the center axis. The type is double.
AxisVecX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point along the axis vector. The type is double.
AxisVecY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point along the axis vector. The type is double.
AxisVecZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point along the axis vector. The type is double.
OriginDirX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point along the vector toward the center of the minor circle. The type is double.
OriginDirY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point along the vector toward the center of the minor circle. The type is double.
OriginDirZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point along the vector toward the center of the minor circle. The type is double.
MajorRadius	double	Required. This argument is the length of the major radius. The type is double.
MinorRadius	double	Required. This argument is the length of the minor radius. The type is double.
Solid	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag indicating whether or not the torus is solid.

CreateByAxisMajorMinorRadiusSweep Method

Description

The CreateByAxisMajorMinorRadiusSweep method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJTorus interface of a Torus3d object. This method defines a partial torus by a point on the axis at the center of the torus, an axis vector, a vector toward the center of the minor circle (determining the origin of UV space), a major radius, a minor radius, and a sweep angle. Set the major radius = -major radius if the center of the torus is on the left-hand side of the axis, indicating the torus is a lemon shape.

Syntax

object.CreateByAxisMajorMinorRadiusSweep(pConnection, AxisCenterX, AxisCenterY, AxisCenterZ, AxisVecX, AxisVecY, AxisVecZ, OriginDirX, OriginDirY, OriginDirZ, MajorRadius, MinorRadius, SwAngle, Solid)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
AxisCenterX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point on the center axis. The type is double.
AxisCenterY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point on the center axis. The type is double.
AxisCenterZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point on the center axis. The type is double.
AxisVecX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point along the axis vector. The type is double.
AxisVecY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point along the axis vector. The type is double.
AxisVecZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point along the axis vector. The type is double.
OriginDirX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point along the vector toward the center of the minor circle. The type is double.
OriginDirY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point along the vector toward the center of the minor circle. The type is double.
OriginDirZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point along the vector toward the center of the minor circle. The type is double.
MajorRadius	double	Required. This argument is the length of the major radius. The type is double.
MinorRadius	double	Required. This argument is the length of the minor radius. The type is double.
SwAngle	double	Required. This argument is the sweep angle in radians. The type is double.
Solid	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag indicating whether or not the torus is a solid.

CreateByCenterAxisRadEnds Method

Description

The CreateByCenterAxisRadEnds method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJCone interface of a bounded partial Cone3d. This method takes as input a base center point, axis, base starting point, base ending point, and a top radius.

The cone follows the right-hand rule about the axis.

The axis vector must contain the height of the cylinder.

The base ellipse must not be degenerate, so the base center point cannot be the same as the base starting point.

To create a point cone, set the top radius length to zero.

Syntax

object.CreateByCenterAxisRadEnds(pConnection, CenterBx, CenterBy, CenterBz, AxisVx, AxisVy, AxisVz, RadiusT, StartBx, StartBy, StartBz, EndBy, EndBy, EndBz, Solid)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CenterBx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the base center point. The type is double.
CenterBy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the base center point. The type is double.
CenterBz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the base center point. The type is double.
AxisVx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point on the axis vector. The type is double.
AxisVy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point on the axis vector. The type is double.
AxisVz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point on the axis vector. The type is double.
RadiusT	double	Required. This argument is the top radius value. The type is double.
StartBx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the base starting point. The type is double.
StartBy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the base starting point. The type is double.
StartBz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the base starting point. The type is double.
EndBx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the base ending point. The type is double.
EndBy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the base ending point. The type is double.
EndBz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the base ending point. The type is double.
Solid	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag indicating whether the cone is solid or not.

$Create By Center Normal Maj Axis Ratio Angle\ Method$

Description

The CreateByCenterNormalMajAxisRatioAngle method creates and returns an EllipticalArc3d object given a center point, normal axis, major axis containing length, minor/major ratio, start angle, and sweep angle (angles in radians).

Syntax

object.CreateByCenterNormalMajAxisRatioAngle(pConnection, CenterX, CenterY, CenterZ, NormalX, NormalY, NormalZ, MajorX, MajorY, MajorZ, MMRatio, StartAngle, SwAngle)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CenterX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.
CenterY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.
CenterZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.
NormalX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point on the normal vector. The type is double.
NormalY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point on the normal vector. The type is double.
NormalZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point on the normal vector. The type is double.

MajorX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point on the major axis vector. The type is double.
MajorY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point on the major axis vector. The type is double.
MajorZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point on the major axis vector. The type is double.
MMRatio	double	Required. This argument is the minor axis to major axis ratio. The type is double.
StartAngle	double	Required. This argument is the start angle in radians. The type is double.
SwAngle	double	Required. This argument is the sweep angle in radians. The type is double.

CreateByCenterNormalRadius Method

Description

The CreateByCenterNormalRadius method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to an IJCircle interface of a Circle3d object, given the center, normal unit vector, and radius.

Syntax

object.CreateByCenterNormalRadius(pConnection, CenterX, CenterY, CenterZ, NormalX, NormalY, NormalZ, Radius)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CenterX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the center of the circle. The type is double.
CenterY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the center of the circle. The type is double.
CenterZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the center of the circle. The type is double.
NormalX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point on the normal vector. The type is double.
NormalY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point on the normal vector. The type is double.
NormalZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point on the normal vector. The type is double.
Radius	double	Required. This argument is the radius of the circle. The type is double.

$Create By Center Norm Maj Axis Ratio\ Method$

Description

The CreateByCenterNormMajAxisRatio method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJEllipse interface of an Ellipse3d object, given a center point, normal axis, major axis containing length, and minor/major ratio.

Syntax

object.CreateByCenterNormMajAxisRatio(pConnection, CenterX, CenterY, CenterZ, NormalX, NormalY, NormalZ, MajorY, MajorY, MajorZ, MMRatio)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CenterX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.
CenterY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.

CenterZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.
NormalX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point on the normal vector. The type is double.
NormalY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point on the normal vector. The type is double.
NormalZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point on the normal vector. The type is double.
MajorX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point on the major axis vector. The type is double.
MajorY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point on the major axis vector. The type is double.
MajorZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point on the major axis vector. The type is double.
MMRatio	double	Required. This argument is the minor axis to major axis ratio. The type is double.

CreateByCenterRadius Method

Description

The CreateByCenterRadius method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJSphere interface of a Sphere3d object, based on a center point and a radius.

Syntax

object.CreateByCenterRadius(pConnection, CenterX, CenterY, CenterZ, Radius, Solid)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CenterX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.
CenterY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.
CenterZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.
Radius	double	Required. This argument is the length of the radius. The type is double.
Solid	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag indicating whether or not the sphere is solid.

$CreateByCenterStartEnd\ Method$

Description

The CreateByCenterStartEnd method creates an Arc3d object according to the specified inputs.

The center and start coordinates define the radius. A non-colinear ending point defines the sweep angle and plane (this returns an arc between 0 and P1).

Syntax

object.CreateByCenterStartEnd(pConnection, CenterX, CenterY, CenterZ, StartX, StartY, StartZ, EndX, EndY, EndZ)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CenterX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the center point on the arc. The type is double.
CenterY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the center point on the arc. The type is double.

CenterZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the center point on the arc. The type is double.
StartX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the starting point on the arc. The type is double.
StartY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the starting point on the arc. The type is double.
StartZ	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the starting point on the arc. The type is double.
EndX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the ending point on the arc. The type is double.
EndY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the ending point on the arc. The type is double.
EndZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the ending point on the arc. The type is double.

CreateByComplexString Method

Description

The CreateByComplexString method creates and returns a pointer (ppObject) to the interface of a BSplineCurve3d object. This method works by converting an input complex string.

Syntax

object.CreateByComplexString(pConnection, pCS)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
pCS	IJComplexString	Required. This argument is a pointer to IJComplexString.

CreateByCtrNormStartEnd Method

Description

The CreateByCtrNormStartEnd method creates and returns an Arc3d object given the center, normal vector, start and end points, radius, and direction.

Syntax

object.CreateByCtrNormStartEnd(pConnection, CenterX, CenterY, CenterZ, NormalX, NormalY, NormalZ, StartX, StartY, StartZ, EndX, EndY, EndZ)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CenterX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the center point of the arc. The type is double.
CenterY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the center point of the arc. The type is double.
CenterZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the center point of the arc. The type is double.
NormalX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for a point on the normal vector. The type is double.
NormalY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for a point on the normal vector. The type is double.
NormalZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for a point on the normal vector. The type is double.
StartX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the starting point on the arc. The type is double.
StartY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the starting point on the arc. The type is double.

StartZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the starting point on the arc. The type is double.
EndX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the ending point on the arc. The type is double.
EndY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the ending point on the arc. The type is double.
EndZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the ending point on the arc. The type is double.

CreateByCurve Method (IProjections3d)

Description

The CreateByCurve method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJProjection interface of a Projection3d object based on a planar curve, direction, and length.

Syntax

object.CreateByCurve(pConnection, CurveObject, uvX, uvY, uvZ, Length, Capped)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CurveObject	Object	Required. This argument is the IDispatch interface of the planar curve.
uvX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the point along the curve in the plane. The type is double.
uvY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the point along the curve in the plane. The type is double.
uvZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the point along the curve in the plane. The type is double.
Length	double	Required. This argument is the length of the projection in the direction of the point. The type is double.
Capped	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag indicating whether or not the object is capped.

CreateByCurve Method (IRevolutions3d)

Description

The CreateByCurve method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJRevolution interface of a Revolution3d object based on a curve to revolve, an axis vector, and a point on the axis.

Syntax

object.CreateByCurve(pConnection, CurveObject, AxisX, AxisY, AxisZ, CenterX, CenterY, CenterZ, SwAngle, Capped)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CurveObject	Object	Required. This argument is the IDispatch interface of the planar curve.
AxisX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point on the axis vector. The type is double.
AxisY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point on the axis vector. The type is double.
AxisZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point on the axis vector. The type is double.

CenterX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the center point on the axis. The type is double.
CenterY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the center point on the axis. The type is double.
CenterZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the center point on the axis. The type is double.
SwAngle	double	Required. This argument is the sweep angle in radians. The type is double.
Capped	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag indicating whether or not the object is capped. If capped, then the result is either a closed planar curve revolved partially or an open planar curve revolved fully.

CreateByCurves Method (IComplexStrings3d)

Description

The CreateByCurves method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJComplexString interface of a ComplexString3d object. The input to this method is an array of Curves. Allowable open curve types include Line3d, Arc3d, EllipticalArc3d, LineString3d, ComplexString3d, and BsplineCurve3d.

Syntax

object.CreateByCurves(pConnection, pIJCurveElements)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
pIJCurveElements	IJElements	Required. This argument is a pointer to the first element in an array of Curves.

CreateByCurves Method (IRuledSurfaces3d)

Description

The CreateByCurves method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJRuled interface of a RuledSurface3d object based on a base curve and a top curve.

Syntax

object.CreateByCurves(pConnection, CurveObjectBase, CurveObjectTop, Capped)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CurveObjectBase	Object	Required. This argument is the IDispatch interface of the base planar curve.
CurveObjectTop	Object	Required. This argument is the IDispatch interface of the top planar curve. The type is double.
Capped	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag indicating whether or not the object is capped. If capped, then the result is either two closed planar curves or one degenerate and the other closed and planar.

${\bf Create By Fit Curve\ Method}$

Description

The CreateByFitCurve method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the interface of a BSplineCurve3d object. This method works by direct fitting a set of points.

The start and end tangent constraints are optional. These constraints should be set to 0.0 if they are not needed. The Order property determines the relative accuracy of the poles with regard to the points that are entered to create the curve. The order returned evaluates as a polynomial degree plus one. For example, an order of 4 defines cubic.

Since it is more efficient to use even-order b-spline curves, the number of poles (and knots) are maximized by increasing the order to the next even number.

Syntax

object.CreateByFitCurve(pConnection, Order, PointCount, Points, Start_vX, Start_vY, Start_vZ, End_vX, End_vY, End_vZ, Closed, periodic)

	Lina_v2, Closed, periodic)		
Parameter	Data Type	Description	
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.	
Order	long	Required. This argument is the order of the curve. The type is long.	
PointCount	long	Required. This argument is the number of points along the curve. The type is long.	
Points	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of points along the curve. The type is double.	
Start_vX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the starting point of the curve. The type is double.	
Start_vY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the starting point of the curve. The type is double.	
Start_vZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the starting point of the curve. The type is double.	
End_vX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the ending point of the curve. The type is double.	
End_vY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the ending point of the curve. The type is double.	
End_vZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the ending point of the curve. The type is double.	
Closed	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the curve is closed.	
periodic	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the curve is periodic.	

CreateByFitSurface Method

Description

The CreateByFitSurface method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to an interface for a BSplineSurface3d object. This method does a direct fit of a B-spline surface through a set of points. The points are ordered (as surface poles are) in the u-direction by v-direction.

Syntax

object.CreateByFitSurface(pConnection, vNumPoints, uNumPoints, Points, uOrder, vOrder, uClosedForm, vClosedForm)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
vNumPoints	long	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of the v-number of points along the surface. The type is double.
uNumPoints	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of the u-number of points along the surface. The type is double.
Points	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of points along the surface. The type is double.
uOrder	long	Required. This argument is the u order of the surface, which must be greater than 1. The type is long.

vOrder	long	Required. This argument is the v-order of the surface, which must be greater than 1. The type is long.
uClosedForm	long	Required. This argument specifies the smoothness at the start and end of a closed B-spline surface in the u-direction. The type is long. If 0: no smoothness requirements, 1: closed with tangent continuity (no tangents input) (this value is not currently supported), 2: closed and periodic.
vClosedForm	long	Required. This argument specifies the smoothness at the start and end of a closed B-spline surface in the v-direction. The type is long. If 0: no smoothness requirements, 1: closed with tangent continuity (no tangents input) (this value is not currently supported), 2: closed and periodic.

$Create By Least Square Fit Curve\ Method$

Description

The CreateByLeastSquareFitCurve method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the interface of a BSplineCurve3d object. This method fits a set of points using least squares.

The start and end tangent constraints are optional. You should set these constraints to 0.0 if they are not needed.

Syntax

object.CreateByLeastSquareFitCurve(pConnection, Order, PointCount, Points, Start_vX, Start_vY, Start_vZ, End_vX, End_vY, End_vZ, Closed, periodic, opt, nseg, tol)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
Order	long	Required. This argument specifies the order of the curve. The type is long.
PointCount	long	Required. This argument is the number of points along the curve. The type is long.
Points	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of points along the curve. The type is double.
Start_vX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the starting point of the curve. The type is double.
Start_vY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the starting point of the curve. The type is double.
Start_vZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the starting point of the curve. The type is double.
End_vX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the ending point of the curve. The type is double.
End_vY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the ending point of the curve. The type is double.
End_vZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the ending point of the curve. The type is double.
Closed	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the curve is closed.
periodic	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the curve is periodic.
opt	Boolean	Required. This argument is an option that specifies the fit of the curve. Its type is Boolean. If this option is 0, it means fit within the given tolerance; if it is 1, it means fit with the given number of segments.
nseg	long	Required. This argument is the number of segments used in the fitting, if opt=1. The type is long.
tol	double	Required. This argument is the tolerance used in the fitting, if opt = 0 . The type is double.

CreateByLeastSquareFitSurface Method

Description

The CreateByLeastSquareFitSurface method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to an interface for a a BSplineSurface3d object. This method does a least square fit of a B-spline surface through a set of points. The points are ordered (as surface poles are) in the u-direction by v-direction.

Syntax

object.CreateByLeastSquareFitSurface(pConnection, vNumPoints, uNumPoints, vOrder, vOrder, vPeriodic, vPeriodic, uNseg, vNseg)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
vNumPoints	long	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of the v-number of points along the surface. The type is double.
uNumPoints	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of the u-number of points along the surface. The type is double.
Points	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of points along the surface. The type is double.
uOrder	long	Required. This argument is the u-order of the surface, which must be greater than 1. The type is long.
vOrder	long	Required. This argument is the v-order of the surface, which must be greater than 1. The type is long.
uPeriodic	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the surface is periodic in u.
vPeriodic	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether the surface is periodic in v.
uNseg	long	Required. This argument is the number of segments in u. The type is long.
vNseg	long	Required. This argument is the number of segments in v. The type is long.

CreateByOffset Method

Description

The CreateByOffset method creates and returns an offset curve.

Syntax

object.CreateByOffset(pConnection, Obj, DPtx, DPty, DPtz, OffsetDist, code)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
Obj	Object	Required. This argument is the curve to offset. The type is Object.
DPtx	double	Required. This argument is the vector component in the X-direction. The type is double.
DPty	double	Required. This argument is the vector component in the Y-direction. The type is double.
DPtz	double	Required. This argument is the vector component in the Z-direction. The type is double.
OffsetDist	double	Required. This argument is the distance for the offset. The type is double.

code	Int	Required. This argument is an integer that describes the offset curve. Possible values are: 0 - extend; 1 - fillet.	
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CreateByOuterBdry Method

Description

The CreateByOuterBdry method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJPlane interface of an infinite Plane3d object, based on a point and a normal.

Syntax

object.CreateByOuterBdry(pConnection, CurveObject)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CurveObject	Object	Required. This argument is the IDispatch interface of the planar curve.

CreateByParameters Method (IBSplineCurves3d)

Description

The CreateByParameters method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the interface of a BSplineCurve3d object. This method uses order, poles, weights, and knots. The weights and knots are optional; they should be set to NULL if not needed

If the order is equal to the number of poles, the curve evolves into the control polygon of a Bezier curve.

B-spline weights can be considered a gravitational type force with the magnitude of the weight equal to the pulling force. The weights are always normalized. If no weights are present, the curve is considered to be non-rational and may be NULL. Non-rational curves have weights with a value of 1.

The B-spline knots define the parameterization of the curve, and they may be periodic. Knots, also known as knot vectors, must be monotonic and strictly increasing. Monotonic refers to the successive terms as non-decreasing or non-increasing.

The Order property determines the relative accuracy of the poles with regard to the points that are entered to create the curve. The order returned evaluates as a polynomial degree plus one. For example, an order of 4 defines cubic. Since it is more efficient to use even-order b-spline curves, the number of poles (and knots) are maximized by increasing the order to the next even number.

Syntax

object.CreateByParameters(pConnection, Order, PoleCount, Poles, Weights, Knots, periodic)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
Order	long	Required. This argument specifies the order of the curve. The type is long.
PoleCount	long	Required. This argument is the number of poles. The type is long.
Poles	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of poles. The type is double.
Weights	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of weights. The type is double.
Knots	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of knots. The type is double. Generally, this value is the number of poles plus the order value.
periodic	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the curve is periodic.

CreateByParameters Method (IBSplineSurfaces3d)

Description

The CreateByParameters method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to an interface for a BSplineSurface3d object based on the desired order and a set of poles (weights and knots are optional).

If periodic knots are passed in, but periodic is set to False, the knots will be converted to multiple end knots.

The outward normal is generally U cross V, but if the reverse normal is desired, set ReverseNor to True.

The poles are ordered in the u-direction by v-direction. Weights and knots are optional. The number of poles (u or v) must be greater than or equal to the order in that direction.

Syntax

object.CreateByParameters(pConnection, uNumPoles, vNumPoles, Poles, Weights, uOrder, vOrder, uKnots, vKnots, uPeriodic, vPeriodic, ReverseNor)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
uNumPoles	long	Required. This argument is the number of poles in the u-direction. The type is long.
vNumPoles	long	Required. This argument is the number of poles in the v-direction. The type is long.
Poles	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of poles. The type is double.
Weights	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of weights. The type is double.
uOrder	long	Required. This argument is the u-order of the surface, which must be greater than 1. The type is long.
vOrder	long	Required. This argument is the v-order of the surface, which must be greater than 1. The type is long.
uKnots	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of knots. The type is double.
vKnots	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of knots. The type is double.
uPeriodic	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether the surface is periodic in u.
vPeriodic	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether the surface is periodic in v.
ReverseNor	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the direction of the normal is reversed.

CreateByPartOfCurve Method

Description

The CreateByPartOfCurve method creates and returns a part of the input curve.

Note: It is possible to cross the seam.

Syntax

object.CreateByPartOfCurve(pConnection, Obj, startPar, dirPar, endPar)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
Obj	Object	Required. This argument is the IDispatch interface of the top planar curve.
startPar	double	Required. This argument is the start of the part of the curve.

dirPar	double	Required. This argument is a point as the direction of the part of the curve that is returned.
endPar	double	Required. This argument is the end of the part of the curve.

CreateByPoint Method

Description

The CreateByPoint method creates and returns an interface for a Point3d object, given X-, Y- and Z-coordinates.

Syntax

object.CreateByPoint(pConnection, x, y, z)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
X	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate. The type is double.
у	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate. The type is double.
Z	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate. The type is double.

CreateByPointNormal Method

Description

The CreateByPointNormal method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the IJPlane interface of an infinite Plane3d object, based on a point and a normal.

Syntax

object.CreateByPointNormal(pConnection, PointX, PointY, PointZ, NormalX, NormalY, NormalZ)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
PointX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the point. The type is double.
PointY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the point. The type is double.
PointZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the point. The type is double.
NormalX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of a point on the normal. The type is double.
NormalY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of a point on the normal. The type is double.
NormalZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of a point on the normal. The type is double.

CreateByPoints Method

Description

The CreateByPoints method creates and returns a pointer (ppObj) to the interface of a LineString3d object. This method takes as input an array of points. The array is a one-dimensional array of doubles containing the X-, Y-, and Z-coordinates of the vertex points.

Syntax

object.CreateByPoints(pConnection, PointCount, Points)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
PointCount	long	Required. This argument is the number of points in the array. The type is long.
Points	double	Required. This argument is a SAFEARRAY of points. The type is double.

CreateByPtVectLength Method

Description

The CreateByPtVectLength method creates and returns a Line3d object, given the starting point, direction vector, and length.

Syntax

object.CreateByPtVectLength(pConnection, StartX, StartY, StartZ, uvX, uvY, uvZ, Length)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
StartX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the starting point. The type is double.
StartY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the starting point. The type is double.
StartZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the starting point. The type is double.
uvX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the ending point. The type is double.
uvY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the ending point. The type is double.
uvZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the ending point. The type is double.
Length	double	Required. This argument is the length of the line from the starting point. The type is double.

CreateBySingleSweepWCaps Method

Description

The CreateBySingleSweepWCaps method creates a collection of swept surfaces with the option of caps. The output is surfaces, and then caps.

Syntax

object.CreateBySingleSweepWCaps(pConnection, TrObj, CsObj, cornerOpt, BrkCv, StartOpt, StNorm, EdNorm, WCaps, numCaps)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
TrObj	Object	Required. This argument is the trace curve. The type is Object.
CsObj	Object	Required. This object is the cross section curve or curve to sweep. It can be one curve, or it can be a plane object that contains boundary curves, where the boundary curves are each swept to make a separate surface; the first boundary of the plane is always the region, and any following boundaries are holes. The type for CsObj is Object.
cornerOpt	SkinningCornerOptions	Required. This argument is an option on how to handle trace curves that are line strings. If the value is 0, the method averages the left/right tangent to get the plane for

		placing the cross section. If the value is 1, the method turns around the trace cusp with an arc.
BrkCv	SkinningBreakOptions	Required. This argument specifies whether or not the curves have breaks. Possible values include: 0 - No breaks. 1 - If the cross is a GComplexString, then break and create separate surfaces. 2 - If the trace is a GComplexString, then break and create separate surfaces. 3 - Break cross and trace.
StartOpt	SkinningCrossSectionStart	Required. This argument is the starting option. Possible values are: 0 - No breaks; 1 - If the cross is a GComplexString, then break and create separate surfaces; 2 - If the trace is a GComplexString, then break and create separate surfaces; 3 - Break cross and trace.
StNorm	double	Required. This argument specifies the starting normal. It is a SAFEARRAY of type double.
EdNorm	double	Required. This argument specifies the ending normal. It is a SAFEARRAY of type double.
WCaps	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the surfaces have caps. If the value is False, there are no caps; if the value is True, there are caps.
numCaps	Int	Required. This argument is the number of caps. The type is integer.

CreateBySkinning Method

Description

The CreateBySkinning method creates a skinned surface with the option of caps. The output is caps and the skin surface.

Syntax

object.CreateBySkinning(pConnection, pTrElements, pCsElements, WCaps)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
	31	•
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
pTrElements	IJElements	Required. This argument is a pointer to the trace curves (can be more than 1). If there is one trace only, the trace curve does not have to touch the cross section, but must cross the plane containing the cross section. If there is more than one trace, then the trace curves must touch the cross sections.
pCsElements	IJElements	Required. This argument is a pointer to the cross section curves The value can be more than 1. Cross sections are placed exactly how they are to be skinned.
WCaps	Int	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object has caps. If the value is False, there are no caps; if True, there are caps.

CreateConeBy4PtsWCaps Method

Description

The CreateConeBy4PtsWCaps method creates and returns a bounded Cone3d object based on four points - base center point, top center point, base starting point, and top starting point. Caps are optional. The output is the surface, and then caps.

Syntax

object.CreateConeBy4PtsWCaps(pConnection, CenterBx, CenterBy, CenterBz, CenterTx, CenterTy, CenterTz, StartBx, StartBy, StartBz, StartTx, StartTy, StartTz, Solid, WCaps, numCaps)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CenterBx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the base ellipse center point. The type is double.
CenterBy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the base ellipse center point. The type is double.
CenterBz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the base ellipse center point. The type is double.
CenterTx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the top ellipse center point. The type is double.
CenterTy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the top ellipse center point. The type is double.
CenterTz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the top ellipse center point. The type is double.
StartBx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the base ellipse starting point. The type is double.
StartBy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the top ellipse starting point. The type is double.
StartBz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the base ellipse starting point. The type is double.
StartTx	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate for the top ellipse starting point. The type is double.
StartTy	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate for the top ellipse starting point. The type is double.
StartTz	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate for the top ellipse starting point. The type is double.
Solid	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object is solid. Possible values are: 0 - Set normal as hollow; 1 - Set normal as solid; 2 - Set normal according to input point; 3 - Toggle the outward normal (no checks).
WCaps	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object has caps. If the value is False, there are no caps; if True, there are caps.
numCaps	Int	Required. This argument is the number of caps. The type is integer.

$Create Projection By Curve W Caps\ Method$

Description

The CreateProjectionByCurveWCaps method creates a Projection3d object from a curve, direction, and length. Valid curves are Line, Arc, Circle, Ellipse, EllipticalArc, LineString, ComplexString, and BSplineCurve. Caps are optional. The output is the surface, and then the caps.

Syntax

object.CreateProjectionByCurveWCaps(pConnection, CurveObject, uvX, uvY, uvZ, Length, Solid, WCaps, numCaps)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.
CurveObject	Object	Required. This argument is the curve to project. The type is Object.
uvX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the point that specifies the vector. The type is double.
uvY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the point that specifies the vector. The type is double.

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uvZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the point that specifies the vector. The type is double.	
Length	double	Required. This argument is the projection distance. The type is double.	
Solid	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object is solid. Possibly values are: 0 - Set normal as hollow; 1 - Set normal as solid; 2 - Set normal according to input point; 3 - Toggle the outward normal (no checks).	
WCaps	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object has caps. If the value is False, there are no caps; if True, there are caps.	
numCaps	Int	Required. This argument is the number of caps. The type is integer.	

$Create Revolution By Curve W Caps\ Method$

Description

The CreateRevolutionByCurveWCaps method creates a Revolution3d object from a curve, axis vector, point on axis, and sweep angle (radians). Valid curves are Line, Arc, Circle, Ellipse, EllipticalArc, LineString, ComplexString, and BSplineCurve. Caps are optional. Output is the surface, and then the caps.

Syntax object. CreateRevolutionByCurveWCaps(pConnection, CurveObject, AxisX, AxisY, AxisZ, CenterX, CenterY, CenterZ, SwAngle, Solid, WCaps, numCaps)

Parameter	Data Type	Description	
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.	
CurveObject	Object	Required. This argument is the curve from which to create the revolution. The type is Object.	
AxisX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the point that specifies the axis direction. The type is double.	
AxisY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the point that specifies the axis direction. The type is double.	
AxisZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the point that specifies the axis direction. The type is double.	
CenterX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.	
CenterY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.	
CenterZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the center point. The type is double.	
SwAngle	double	Required. This argument is the sweep angle. The type is double.	
Solid	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object is solid. Possible values are: 0 - Set normal as hollow; 1 - Set normal as solid; 2 - Set normal according to input point; 3 - Toggle the outward normal (no checks).	
WCaps	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object has caps. If the value is False, there are no caps; if True, there are caps.	
numCaps	Int	Required. This argument is the number of caps. The type is integer.	

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CreateRuledByCurvesWCaps Method

Description

The CreateRuledByCurvesWCaps method creates a RuledSurface3d object from a base curve and a top curve. Valid curves are Line, Arc, Circle, Ellipse, EllipticalArc, LineString, ComplexString, and BSplineCurve. Caps are optional. The output is the surface, and then the caps.

Syntax

object.CreateRuledByCurvesWCaps(pConnection, CurveObjectBase, CurveObjectTop, Solid, WCaps, numCaps)

Parameter	Data Type	Description	
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.	
CurveObjectBase	Object	Required. This argument is the base curve.	
CurveObjectTop	Object	equired. This argument is the top curve.	
Solid	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object is solid. Possible values are: 0 - Set normal as hollow; 1 - Set normal as solid; 2 - Set normal according to input point; 3 - Toggle the outward normal (no checks).	
WCaps	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object has caps. If the value is False, there are no caps; if True, there are caps.	
numCaps	Int	Required. This argument is the number of caps. The type is integer.	

$Create Torus By Axis Major Minor Radius Sweep W Caps\ Method$

Description

The CreateTorusByAxisMajorMinorRadiusSweepWCaps method creates and returns a Tori3d (torus) object based on an axis, a center point on the axis, the direction to the origin in UV space (orthogonal to the axis), a major radius, and a minor radius. Caps are optional. The output is the surface, and then the caps.

Syntax

object.CreateTorusByAxisMajorMinorRadiusSweepWCaps(pConnection, AxisCenterX, AxisCenterY, AxisCenterZ, AxisVecX, AxisVecY, AxisVecZ, OriginDirX, OriginDirY, OriginDirZ, MajorRadius, MinorRadius, SwAngle, Solid, WCaps, numCaps)

Parameter	Data Type	Description	
pConnection	Unknown	Required. This argument is a pointer to IUnknown. It creates a transient object.	
AxisCenterX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the axis center point. The type is double.	
AxisCenterY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the axis center point. The type is double.	
AxisCenterZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the axis center point. The type is double.	
AxisVecX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the point that specifies the axis direction. The type is double.	
AxisVecY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the point that specifies the axis direction. The type is double.	
AxisVecZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the point that specifies the axis direction. The type is double.	
OriginDirX	double	Required. This argument is the X-coordinate of the point that specifies the origin direction. The	

		type is double.	
OriginDirY	double	Required. This argument is the Y-coordinate of the point that specifies the origin direction. The type is double.	
OriginDirZ	double	Required. This argument is the Z-coordinate of the point that specifies the origin direction. The type is double.	
MajorRadius	double	Required. This argument is the major radius for the torus. The type is double.	
MinorRadius	double	Required. This argument is the minor radius for the torus. The type is double.	
SwAngle	double	Required. This argument is the sweep angle. The type is double.	
Solid	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object is solid. Possible values are: 0 - Set normal as hollow; 1 - Set normal as solid; 2 - Set normal according to input point; 3 - Toggle the outward normal (no checks).	
WCaps	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean flag that specifies whether or not the object has caps. If the value is False, there are no caps; if True, there are caps.	
numCaps	Int	Required. This argument is the number of caps. The type is integer.	

The following section shows some examples on how to create some geometry components:

GeometryFactory.Ellipses3dCreateByCenterNormMajAxisRatio

Creates/returns an Ellipse given the center point, normal axis, major axis containing length, and minor/major ratio.

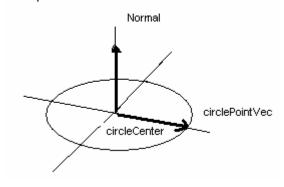
Function Ellipses3d.CreateByCenterNormMajAxisRatio(pConnection As Unknown, CenterX As Double, CenterY As Double, CenterZ As Double, NormalX As Double, NormalY As Double, NormalZ As Double, MajorX As Double, MajorY As Double, MajorZ As Double, MMRatio As Double) As Ellipse3d

Define the collection item: m_outputColl.ResourceManager
Define the center of the ellipse: CenterX, CenterY, CenterZ
Define the normal vector: NormalX, NormalY, NormalZ

Define the major axis vector: MajorPointVecX, MajorPointVecY, MajorPointVecZ

Define the axis ratio: MMRatio

Example:



Dim ellipse As IngrGeom3D.Ellipse3d Dim circlePointVecX As Double, circlePointVecY As Double, circlePointVecZ As Double Dim circleNormalX As Double, circleNormalY As Double, circleNormalZ As Double Dim projVecX As Double, projVecY As Double, projVecZ As Double

```
circleCenterX = 0#
circleCenterY = 0#
circleCenterZ = 0#

circleNormalX = 0#
circleNormalY = 0#
circleNormalZ = 1#

circlePointVecX = 0#
circlePointVecY = diameter * 0.5
circlePointVecZ = 0#
axesRation 1.0
```

Set ellipse = geomFactory.Ellipses3d.CreateByCenterNormMajAxisRatio(m_outputColl.ResourceManager, _ circleCenterX, circleCenterY, circleCenterZ, _ circleNormalX, circleNormalY, circleNormalZ, _ circlePointVecX, circlePointVecY, circlePointVecZ, _ axesRatio)

GeomFactory.Projections3d.CreateByCurve

Creates and returns a Projection3d based on a curve, direction and length. Valid curve objects are Line, Arc, Circle, Ellipse, EllipticalArc, LineString, ComplexString, and BSplineCurve.

Function Projections3d. CreateByCurve(pConnection As Unknown, CurveObject As Object, projvecX As Double, projvecY As Double, projvecZ As Double, Length As Double, Capped As Boolean) As Projection3d

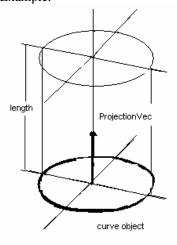
Define the collection item: m_outputColl.ResourceManager

Define the CurveObject to be projected: CurveObject As Object

Define the projection vector: projVecX, projVecY, projVecZ As Double

Define the projection sidtance: Length As Double Set the ends to be capped true or false: Capped As Boolean

Example:



Dim projection As IngrGeom3D.Projection3d Dim projVecX As Double, projVecY As Double, projVecZ As Double Dim length As Double

```
projVecX = 0\#

projVecY = 0\#

projVecZ = 1\#
```

 $Set\ projection = geomFactory. Projections 3d. Create By Curve (m_output Coll. Resource Manager,\ ellipse, _proj Vec X,\ proj Vec Y,\ proj Vec Z,\ length,\ True)$

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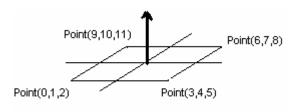
GeomFactory.Planes3d.CreateByPoints

Creates and returns a bounded Plane3d based on 3 or more non-linear, coplanar points. The points must be oriented such that the orientation of the points defines the normal(follows the right hand rule).

Function Planes3d.CreateByPoints(pConnection As Unknown, PointCount As Long, Points() As Double) As Plane3d

Define the collection item: m_outputColl.ResourceManager

Define the numbe of point in the collection: PointCount As Long Input an array of Points(): Points as Double



Example:

Dim plane As IngrGeom3D.Plane3d Dim Points(0 To 11) As Double

Points(0) = MinX

Points(1) = MinY

Points(2) = 0#

Points(3) = MaxX

Points(4) = MinY

Points(5) = 0#

Points(6) = MaxX

Points(7) = MaxY

Points(8) = 0#

Points(9) = MinX

Points(10) = MaxY1

Points(11) = 0#

 $Set\ plane = geomFactory.Planes3d.CreateByPoints(m_outputColl.ResourceManager,\ 4,\ Points)$

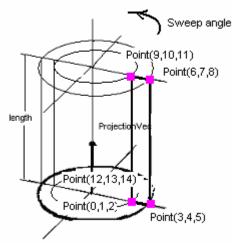
GeomFactory.Revolutions3d.CreateByCurve

Creates and returns a Revolution3d based on a curve to revolve, axis vector, point on axis and sweep angle(radians). Valid curve objects are Line, Arc, Circle, Ellipse, EllipticalArc, LineString, ComplexString, and BSplineCurve.

Function Revolutions3d. CreateByCurve(pConnection As Unknown, CurveObject As Object, AxisX As Double, AxisY As Double, AxisZ As Double, CenterX As Double, CenterY As Double, CenterZ As Double, SwAngle As Double, Capped As Boolean) As Revolution3d

Define the Projection vector to be revolved: AxisX, AxisY, AxisZ as Double Define the point on axis: CenterX, CenterY, CenterZ as Double Define sweep angle as Double Set the ends to be capped true or false: Capped As Boolean

Example:



Dim axisCenterX As Double, axisCenterY As Double, axisCenterZ As Double Dim axisVecX As Double, axisVecY As Double, axisVecZ As Double Dim oRevolution As IngrGeom3D.Revolution3d

axisCenterX = 0# axisCenterY = 0# axisCenterZ = 0# axisVecX = 0# axisVecY = 0# axisVecZ = 1#

Dim oLineString As IngrGeom3D.LineString3d Dim planePoints(0 To 14) As Double

```
planePoints(0) = diameter / 2
planePoints(1) = 0
planePoints(2) = 0
planePoints(3) = diameter / 2 + dInsulationThickness
planePoints(4) = 0
planePoints(5) = 0
planePoints(6) = diameter / 2 + dInsulationThickness
planePoints(7) = 0
planePoints(8) = length
```

```
planePoints(9) = diameter / 2
planePoints(10) = 0
planePoints(11) = length
planePoints(12) = diameter / 2
planePoints(13) = 0
planePoints(14) = 0

Set oLineString = geomFactory.LineStrings3d.CreateByPoints(m_outputColl.ResourceManager, 5,_
planePoints)

Set oRevolution = geomFactory.Revolutions3d.CreateByCurve(m_outputColl.ResourceManager, _
oLineString, axisVecX, axisVecY, axisVecZ, axisCenterX, axisCenterY, axisCenterZ, _
2 * PI, False)
```

Equipment Symbol CAD Helper Reference

The Equipment Symbol CAD Helper Reference provides documentation for the interfaces, methods, and properties of IJEquipCADHelper.dll.

IJEquipCADHelper

Description

The IJEquipCADHelper interface is the helper for the Custom Assembly Definition (a class that implements IJDUserSymbolServices) for Equipment.

Remarks

The CADServices class of the SP3DEquipCADHelper Component provides the default implementation of the methods and the properties defined in the interface IJEquipCADHelper.

CADServices is a member of SP3DEqpCADHelper, which is unique implementation class of the interface IJEquipCADHelper.

SP3DEqpCADHelper library, SP3DEqpCADHelper.dll, is named the Ingr SmartPlant 3D Equipment Custom Assembly Definition Helper v 1.0.

Properties

ClassName Property

Description

The ClassName property sets or returns the Custom Assembly Definition module class name. This class name, as part of a ProgID, must be referenced in the column 'Definition' for each part in the bulkloaded spreadsheets.

Syntax

object.ClassName

Remarks

The length of ClassName concatenated to ProjectName must not exceed 39 characters.

Private Sub Class_Initialize()

```
Set m_oEquipCADHelper = New CADServices
m oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName = "MyEqpProjName"
```

m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName = "CMyPartClassDef"

 $m_oEquip CADHelper. Occurrence Root Class = orc Equipment$

End Sub

Private Function IJDUserSymbolServices_GetDefinitionName(ByVal definitionParameters As Variant) As String

^{&#}x27;Use case for let

^{&#}x27;Use case for get:

 $IJDUserSymbolServices_GetDefinitionName = m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName \ \& "." \ \& m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName$

End Function

OccurrenceRootClass Property

Description

The OccurrenceRootClass property sets or returns the type of Custom Assembly Occurrence root class. It must be in sync with the part class type used in the bulkloaded spreadsheets.

Syntax

object.OccurrenceRootClass
'///////////
' Use case for let

Private Sub Class_Initialize()
...

Set m_oEquipCADHelper = New CADServices
m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName = "MyEqpProjName"
m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName = "CMyPartClassDef"
m_oEquipCADHelper.OccurrenceRootClass = orcEquipment

OccurrenceRootClassGUID Property Description

The OccurrenceRootClassGUID property returns the CLSID of the Custom Assembly Occurrence root class and is read-only.

Syntax

object.OccurrenceRootClassGUID

Remarks

This property must be used in IJDUserSymbolServices_InitialSymbolDefinition method of the CAD for setting the AggregatorClsid. The helper assigns the OccurrenceRootClassGUID internally when the property OccurrenceRootClass is let, which must occur previously (usually done in the Class_Initialize method).

' Use case for get

Private Sub IJDUserSymbolServices_InitializeSymbolDefinition(oSymbolDefinition As IMSSymbolEntities.IJDSymbolDefinition)

Dim oPropertyDescriptions As IJDPropertyDescriptions
Dim oMemberDescriptions As IJDMemberDescriptions
Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
Dim oAggregatorDescription As IJDAggregatorDescription

'Set up the aggregator
Set oAggregatorDescription = oSymbolDefinition
oAggregatorDescription.AggregatorClsid = m_oEquipCADHelper.OccurrenceRootClassGUID()
...
End Sub

ProjectName Property

Description

The ProjectName property sets or returns the Custom Assembly Definition Visual Basic project name. This project name, as part of a ProgID, must be referenced in the column 'Definition' for each part in the bulkloaded spreadsheets.

Syntax

object.ProjectName

Remarks

The length of ClassName concatenated to ProjectName must not exceed 39 characters.

```
' /////////////
```

```
Private Sub Class_Initialize()
```

```
Set m_oEquipCADHelper = New CADServices
m_oEquipCADHelper.ProjectName = "MyEqpProjName"
m_oEquipCADHelper.ClassName = "CMyPartClassDef"
m_oEquipCADHelper.OccurrenceRootClass = orcEquipment
...
End Sub
```

'Use case for get:

Private Function IJDUserSymbolServices_GetDefinitionName(ByVal definitionParameters As Variant) As String

End Function

Methods

CheckMemberConditional Method

Description

The CheckMemberConditional method checks whether the member is conditional based on the CanBeDeleted flag in the MakeMemberDeletable method.

Syntax

object.CheckMemberConditional(MemberDescription)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
MemberDescription	IJDMemberDescription	Required. This argument specifies the equipment or equipment component member.

Remarks

The implementation of the smart-occurrence in Equipment provides the ability to delete members that are considered optional.

^{&#}x27;Use case for let:

In order to accomplish this:

- 1. The type of member must implement the interface IJDeletableMember. This is done by default for all type of ports, shapes, and equipment components.
- 2. When the property is changed, call MakeMemberDeletable to forward the setting to the equipment.
- 3. When the condition of the member is evaluated, call CheckMemberConditional

Notes: From the user standpoint, the workflow is as follows:

- 1. Edit the member to be deleted
- 2. Set the CanBeDeleted flag in MakeMemberDeletable to True and OK the change.
- 3. Use the Delete command to delete the member.

At this point, the member cannot "come back", unlike a regular conditional member.

Public Sub CMConditionalDP1(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)

 $Is Needed = m_oEquip CAD Helper. Check Member Conditional (pMember Desc) \\$

End Sub

CreateEquipmentComponent Method

Description

The CreateEquipmentComponent method creates an equipment component and adds it to the Equipment.

Syntax

 $object. Create Equip ment Component ({\it Member Description, Resource Manager, Equip Comp Part Number, Equip Component Occ Name)}$

Parameter	Data Type	Description
MemberDescription	IJDMemberDescription	Required. This argument specifies the equipment or equipment component member.
ResourceManager	Object	Required. Resource Manager of the Model or Catalog connection depending on whether created under plant/ship or catalog.
EquipCompPartNumber	String	Required.
EquipComponentOccName	String	Required.

Remarks

This method must be called from the CMConstruct method of a member.

Public Sub CMConstructTyB(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, _ ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _

^{&#}x27;Use case

^{&#}x27; Use case:

```
ByRef pObject As Object)
...
'Create Equipment Component
Set pObject = m_oEquipCADHelper.CreateEquipmentComponent(pMemberDescription, pResourceManager,
"FrontEndTypeB 01-EC", "TyB")
...
End Sub
```

CreateNozzleFromPH Method

Description

The CreateNozzleFromPH method creates a pipe nozzle from a nozzle placeholder defined in the equipment symbol.

Syntax

object.CreateNozzleFromPH(MemberDescription, ResourceManager, Nozzle, NozzleIndex)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
MemberDescription	IJDMemberDescription	Required. This argument specifies the equipment or equipment component member.
ResourceManager	Object	Required. Resource Manager of the Model or Catalog connection depending on whether created under plant/ship or catalog.
Nozzle	Object	Required. This argument specifies the nozzle object.
NozzleIndex	long	Required. This argument specifies the nozzle object index.

Remarks

It is assumed that a place holder with the same name of the member or same index (if specified) is created as an output by the symbol. The nozzle data are retrieved from the part at the given index (internally retrieved by the name if not specified).

This type of creation is used when the position and the orientation of the nozzle are driven totally or partially by the symbol along with the rest of the geometry. The nozzle is considered to be placed by point.

Accordingly, all or some of the properties, such as nozzle placement type nozzle position and orientation, must be made read-only in attribute management functions calls.

Note: Creating a nozzle directly using the factory is discouraged. Apparent successful behavior must not be considered. The methods of the Equipment CAD Helper perform complementary operations that provide internal behavior common with other nozzles.

CreateNozzleGivenIndex Method

Description

The CreateNozzleGivenIndex method creates the nozzle given the index of the nozzle on the Equipment Part.

Syntax

object.CreateNozzleGivenIndex(MemberDescription, NozzleIndex, ResourceManager, PortType, Nozzle, LightWeightGraphics)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
MemberDescription	IJDMemberDescription	Required. This argument specifies the equipment or equipment component member.
NozzleIndex	long	Required. This argument specifies the nozzle object index.
ResourceManager	Object	Required. Resource Manager of the Model or Catalog connection depending on whether created under plant/ship or catalog.
PortType	DistribPortType	Required.
Nozzle	Object	Required. This argument specifies the nozzle object.
LightWeightGraphics	Boolean	Required.

Remarks

No placeholder from the symbol is required. The nozzle data are retrieved from the part at the given index. This type of creation is used in conjunction with the creation of another member of type shape relative to which an orientation is given. This allows giving more control to the symbol designer and at the same time more freedom to the positioning and orientation of the nozzle by the user.

Any placement type can be used to place the nozzle.

Accordingly, none or some of the properties such as nozzle placement type or nozzle position and orientation can be made read-only in attribute management functions calls.

 $Public\ Sub\ CMC on struct Nozzle VVA Noz11 (By Val\ pMember Description\ As\ IJD Member Description,\ _$

ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _

ByRef pObject As Object)

. . .

Dim oOrientation As IJNozzleOrientation

Dim oNozzle As IJDNozzle

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray pMemberDescription.CAO

'Create Nozzle

 $m_oEquip CAD Helper. Create Nozzle Given Index\ pMember Description,\ 1,\ pResource Manager,\ Distrib Port Type_DUCT,\ pObject,\ False$

Set oNozzle = pObject oNozzle.Length = 0.1905

'Create the nozzle orientation and set it on the nozzle Set oOrientation = . . .

End Sub

^{&#}x27;Use case

CreateOrientationAndSetRelations Method

Description

The CreateOrientationAndSetRelations method creates a nozzle orientation and sets the relations with the reference geometry and nozzle.

Syntax

object.CreateOrientationAndSetRelations(ReferenceGeometry, Nozzle)

Parameter	Data Type	Description	
ReferenceGeometry	Object	Required.	
Nozzle	Object	Required. This argument specifies the nozzle object.	

Remarks

This method is called in the CMContruct method of the nozzle being oriented. It is assumed that a reference geometry (a shape) has already been created as member.

```
Public Sub CMConstructNozzleVVANoz11(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, _ ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _ ByRef pObject As Object)
```

. . .

'Create the nozzle orientation and set it on the nozzle

 $Set\ oOrientation = m_oEquipCADHelper. CreateOrientationAndSetRelations (Nothing,\ oNozzle)$

```
'Set the default values
oOrientation.PlacementType = Axial

oOrientation.N1 = 0.9875
oOrientation.N2 = 0.123
oOrientation.OR1 = PI / 2
oOrientation.OR2 = 0#

Set oNozzle = Nothing
Set oOrientation = Nothing
...
End Sub
```

CreateShape Method

Description

The CreateShape method creates a shape. The shape name is equivalent to a part number.

Syntax

object.CreateShape(MemberDescription, ResourceManager, ShapeName, ShapeOccName)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
MemberDescription	IJDMemberDescription	Required. This argument specifies the equipment or equipment component member.
ResourceManager	Object	Required. Resource Manager of the Model or Catalog connection depending on whether created under plant/ship or catalog.

^{&#}x27; Use case

ShapeName	String	Required.
ShapeOccName	String	Required.

Remarks

The positioning and orientation of the shape can be freed like a manually added shape; or can be made a function of the symbol inputs; or a mix of both.

Accordingly, either none or some of the properties, such as IsAssociative, position, and orientation, can be made read-only in attribute management functions calls.

· ////////i

Public Sub CMConstructDP1(ByVal pMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription, _

ByVal pResourceManager As IUnknown, _

ByRef pObject As Object)

. . .

Dim oDatumShape As IJShape

Dim oDesignEquipment As IJDesignEquipment

'Create Datum Shape DP1

 $Set\ oDatumShape = m_oEquipCADHelper. CreateShape (pMemberDescription,\ pResourceManager,\ "DatumShape 001",\ "DP1")$

If Not oDatumShape Is Nothing Then

Set pObject = oDatumShape

oDatumShape.RepresentationId = ReferenceGeometry

 $Set\ oDesignEquipment = pMemberDescription. CAO$

oDesignEquipment.AddShape oDatumShape

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oDesignEquipment

'Use a private method to position and orient

PositionAndOrientDP1 oDesignEquipment, oDatumShape

End If

Set oDesignEquipment = Nothing

 $Set\ oDatumShape = Nothing$

. . .

End Sub

GetMemberDescriptionFromChild Method

Description

The GetMemberDescriptionFromChild method returns the member description of a Custom Assembly Occurence aggregator (Equipment or EquipmentComponent) child.

Syntax

object.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(Child)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
Child	IJDAttributes	Required. This argument specifies the child attribute of the member.

Remarks

This method is useful in the attribute management implementation methods.

^{&#}x27;Use case

GetNozzleDataFromPart Method

Description

The GetNozzleDataFromPart method returns the port definition from the part at a given nozzle index.

Syntax

object.GetNozzleDataFromPart(Part, Portindex)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
Part	IJDPart	Required.
Portindex	long	Required.

Remarks

This method can be used when the placement and orientation of the nozzle depend on its own dimensions.

GetNozzlePlaceHolderByIndex Method

Description

The GetNozzlePlaceHolderByIndex method returns the nozzle placeholder from the symbol at a given nozzle index.

Syntax

 $object. Get Nozzle Place Holder By Index ({\it SmartOcc, Nozzle Index})$

Parameter	Data Type	Description	
SmartOcc	IJSmartOccurrence	Required.	
NozzleIndex	long	Required. This argument specifies the nozzle object index.	

Remarks

This method can be used in CMConditional of a nozzle that is dependant upon a nozzle placeholder that is itself variable output of the symbol (may or may not exist).

Public Sub CMConditionalNozzleN11(ByVal pMemberDesc As IJDMemberDescription, ByRef IsNeeded As Boolean)

. . .

The existence of this nozzle depends on the existence of a nozzle placeholder in the symbol with the same index. If m_oEquipCADHelper.GetNozzlePlaceHolderByIndex(pMemberDesc.CAO, 1) Is Nothing Then

IsNeeded = False

Else

IsNeeded = True

 $Is Needed = m_oEquip CADHelper. Check Member Conditional (pMember Desc)$

End If

. . .

End Sub

^{&#}x27;Use case

GetNozzlePlaceHolderByName Method

Description

The GetNozzlePlaceHolderByName method returns the nozzle placeholder from the symbol for a given symbol output name.

Syntax

object.GetNozzlePlaceHolderByName(SmartOcc, outputName)

Parameter	Data Type	Description	
SmartOcc	IJSmartOccurrence	Required.	
outputName	String	Required. This argument specifies the name of the symbol.	

Remarks

This method can be used in CMConditional of a nozzle that is dependant upon a nozzle placeholder that is itself variable output of the symbol (may or may not exist).

$Get Symbol Array Of Inputs\ Method$

Description

The GetSymbolArrayOfInputs method returns the symbol array of inputs.

This method allows for creating and updating non-nozzle members in the Custom Assembly Definition that take the same inputs as the symbol.

Syntax

object.GetSymbolArrayOfInputs(SmartOcc)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
SmartOcc	IJSmartOccurrence	Required.

Remarks

This method allows for mimic of the inputs management made in the symbol.

InstanciateDefinition Method

Description

The InstanciateDefinition method instantiates the Custom Assembly Definition as a Symbol Definition.

Syntax

object.InstanciateDefinition(CodeBase, DefParameters, ResourceManager)

Parameter	Data Type	Description	
CodeBase	String	Required. This argument is the location where an archive of the software distribution exists.	
DefParameters	VARIANT	Required. This argument specifies the definition parameters for the symbol.	
ResourceManager	Object	Required. Resource Manager of the Model or Catalog connection depending on whether created under plant/ship or catalog.	

Remarks

The InstanciateDefinition method returns a persistent symbol definition object based on indicated parameter input.

If more than one Codebase is specified, then any one of the multiple URLs is valid, and any one of them may be used at random (for load-balancing reasons).

Private Function IJDUserSymbolServices_InstanciateDefinition(ByVal CodeBase As String, _

ByVal defParams As Variant, _

ByVal pResourceMgr As Object) As Object

. . .

Dim oSymbolDefinition As IJDSymbolDefinition

Set oSymbolDefinition = m_oEquipCADHelper.InstanciateDefinition(CodeBase, defParams, pResourceMgr) IJDUserSymbolServices InitializeSymbolDefinition oSymbolDefinition

Set IJDUserSymbolServices_InstanciateDefinition = oSymbolDefinition

. . .

End Function

IsShapeFreeToTransform Method

Description

The IsShapeFreeToTransform method returns a flag indicating whether the Shape follows the symbol inputs or not.

Syntax

object.IsShapeFreeToTransform(Shape)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
Shape	Object	Required.

Remarks

This method is called in the CMEvaluateGeometry of the shape member and checks for the state of the IsAssociative property.

This functionality is provided in order to mimic some PDS behavior for the datum point: When a datum point is moved from the position driven by the EDEN symbol, it looses its ability to follow the symbol inputs. In the software change the IsAssociative property to False, assuming that the following method is used and that the internal logic is coded.

To avoid misleading the user, shapes that are created as members and do not implement such a mechanism should define the IsAssociative property as read-only.

Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryDP1(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

. . .

Dim oEquipment As IJEquipment

Dim oDatumShape As IJShape

Set oDatumShape = oPropertyDescription.Object

'Test if this DatumShape follows the symbol inputs

 $If \ m_oEquip CAD Helper. Is Shape Free To Transform (oDatum Shape) = False \ Then$

Set oEquipment = oPropertyDescription.CAO

GetDimensionsFromSymbolArray oEquipment

PositionAndOrientDP1 oEquipment, oDatumShape

Else

'Do nothing, the equipment will transform the shape for us

End If

^{&#}x27; Use case:

^{&#}x27;Use case

```
Set oDatumShape = Nothing
Set oEquipment = Nothing
```

End Sub

LogError Method

Description

The LogError method logs to the middle tier error log when it is set to exhaustive setting.

Syntax

object.LogError(Description)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
Description	String	Required. This argument is the error string description of the log.

Remarks

This method allows tracing or logging errors and warnings only when the middle tier error log is set to Exhaustive.

MakeMemberDeletable Method

Description

The MakeMemberDeletable method sets the Custom Assembly member deletable or non-deletable depending on the setting of the CanBeDeleted flag.

Syntax

object.MakeMemberDeletable(MemberDescription, Child, CanBeDeleted)

Parameter	Data Type	Description	
MemberDescrip tion	IJDMemberDe scription	Required. This argument specifies the equipment or equipment component member.	
Child	IJDAttributes	Required. This argument specifies the child attribute of the member.	
CanBeDeleted	Boolean	Required. This argument is a Boolean specifying whether the member can be deleted.	

Remarks

The implementation of the smart-occurrence in Equipment symbols provides the ability to delete members that are considered optional.

In order to accomplish this:

- 1. The type of member must implement the interface IJDeletableMember. This is done by default for all type of ports, shapes, and equipment components.
- 2. When the property is changed, call MakeMemberDeletable to forward the setting to the equipment.
- 3. When the condition of the member is evaluated, call CheckMemberConditional.

Note: For a user, the workflow is as follows::

- 1. Edit the member to be deleted.
- 2. Set the CanBeDeleted argument to True and OK the change.
- 3. Use the Delete command to delete the member.

At this point, the member cannot "come back", unlike a regular conditional member.

^{&#}x27;Use case

```
CollAllDisplayedValues As Object, ByVal pAttrToChange As IJEquipAttrDescriptor, ByVal varNewAttrValue As
Variant) As String
  Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
  Set oMemberDescription = m_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(pIJDAttrs)
  Select Case oMemberDescription.name
    Case "DP1"
      Select Case UCase(pAttrToChange.InterfaceName)
        Case "IJDELETABLEMEMBER"
          If UCase(pAttrToChange.AttrName) = "CANBEDELETED" Then
             m_oEquipCADHelper.MakeMemberDeletable oMemberDescription, pIJDAttrs,
CBool(varNewAttrValue)
          End If
        Case Else
      End Select
    Case Else
  End Select
  Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt OnAttributeChange = ""
```

Private Function IJEquipUserAttrMgmt OnAttributeChange(ByVal pIJDAttrs As IJDAttributes, ByVal

PositionAndOrientShape Method

Description

End Function

The PositionAndOrientShape method is used to position and orient the shape of Equipment symbols.

Syntax

object.PositionAndOrientShape(Equipment, Shape, Position, XAxis, YAxis)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
Equipment	IJEquipment	Required.
Shape	Object	Required.
Position	IJDPosition	Required.
XAxis	IJDVector	Required.
YAxis	IJDVector	Required.

Remarks

This method positions and orients the shape of equipment in the coordinate system.

Private Sub PositionAndOrientDP1(Equipment As IJEquipment, Shape As IJShape)

Dim oPosition As IJDPosition

^{&#}x27;Use case

Set oPosition = New DPosition oPosition.Set 0, 0, 0

'We want:

'the X (primary) of the shape on the Z or Elevation of the equipment (ECS)

'the Y (secondary) of the shape on the Y or North of the equipment (ECS)

m_oEquipCADHelper.PositionAndOrientShape Equipment, Shape, oPosition, m_oEast, m_oNorth

Set oPosition = Nothing

End Sub

SetMemberPropertiesAsReadOnly Method

Description

The SetMemberPropertiesAsReadOnly method sets all the properties of a member, except IJEFWCorrelation interface and IJNamedItem properties names, as read-only.

Syntax

object.SetMemberPropertiesAsReadOnly(MemberDescription, CollAllDisplayedValues, IncludesName)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
MemberDescription	IJDMemberDescription	Required. This argument specifies the equipment or equipment component member.
CollAllDisplayedValues	Object	Required. This argument is the collection of displayed property values.
IncludesName	Boolean	Required. This argument specifies a Boolean indicating whether the name will be included in the member properties.

Remarks

This is a shortcut method to setup properties (attributes) for members of the dimension, position, and orientation that are driven by the symbol or the CAD.

SetSmartItemAsInputToSymbol Method

Description

The SetSmartItemAsInputToSymbol method sets the SmartItem (Part) as input to the Custom Assembly Occurrence symbol in order for it to be updated after a bulkload.

This method must be called by the CMSetInputs of the aggregator.

Syntax

object.SetSmartItemAsInputToSymbol(AggregatorDescription)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
AggregatorDescription	IJDAggregatorDescription	Required.

Remarks

This method is a mandatory requirement for Equipment and Equipment Component symbols.

Public Sub CMSetInputsEquipment(ByVal pAggregatorDescription As IJDAggregatorDescription)

^{&#}x27;Use case

 $\label{eq:model} \begin{array}{l} \dots \\ m_oEquip CAD Helper. Set Smart I tem As Input To Symbol\ p Aggregator Description \\ \dots \\ End\ Sub \end{array}$

TransformNozzleWrtPH Method

Description

The TransformNozzleWrtPH method keeps the Nozzle, as a member, always positioned as the matching nozzle placeholder in the symbol.

This method prevents free transformation of the Nozzle when it is called in its CMEvaluate method.

Syntax

object.TransformNozzleWrtPH(PropertyDescription, Nozzle, NozzleIndex)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
PropertyDescription	IJDPropertyDescription	Required.
Nozzle	Object	Required. This argument specifies the nozzle object.
NozzleIndex	long	Required. This argument specifies the nozzle object index.

Public Sub CMEvaluateGeometryNozzleN22(ByVal oPropertyDescription As IJDPropertyDescription, pObject As Object)

. . .

'Transform the nozzle so that it behaves like a rigid body inside the equipment m_oEquipCADHelper. TransformNozzleWrtPH oPropertyDescription, pObject, 2

. . .

End Sub

^{&#}x27;Use case

Equipment User Attribute Management Service

IJEquipUserAttrMgmt

Description

The IJEquipUserAttrMgmt interface is the notification interface triggered by the property page. This interface allows the Custom Assembly Definition (CAD) that implements it to override (at the level of the occurrence) the behavior defined in the metadata.

Note: This interface must be implemented by the CAD in order to interact with the property pages. The property pages call these methods from the ProgID of the CAD.

Following defines its library and filename:

SP3DEquipCADHelperInterfaces library

SP3DEquipCADHelperInterfaces.dll

Ingr SmartPlant 3D Equipment CAD Helper Interfaces v 1.0 Library

Methods

OnAttributeChange Method

Description

The OnAttributeChange method is used each time an attribute is changed.

Syntax

object.OnAttributeChange(pIJDAttrs, CollAllDisplayedValues, pAttrToChange, varNewAttrValue)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pIJDAttrs	IJDAttributes	Required. This argument specifies the collection of attributes to be changed.
CollAllDisplayedValues	Object	Required. This argument is the collection of displayed property values.
pAttrToChange	IJEquipAttrDescriptor	Required. This argument specifies the actual property to be changed.
varNewAttrValue	VARIANT	Required. This argument specifies the new attribute value.

Remarks

This method is used to validate property values. It should not contain middle tier logic.

OnPreLoad Method

Description

The OnPreLoad method is used immediately before the property-page attributes are set.

Syntax

object.OnPreLoad(pIJDAttrs, CollAllDisplayedValues)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pIJDAttrs	IJDAttributes	Required. This argument specifies the collection of attributes to be set.
CollAllDisplayedValues	Object	Required. This argument is the collection of displayed property values.

Damarka

This method must contain the logic for read-only properties.

Properties, which are defined in the metadata as read-only, cannot be reset as read/write.

```
'Use case
Private Function IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad(ByVal pIJDAttrs As IJDAttributes, ByVal
CollAllDisplayedValues As Object) As String
  Dim oMemberDescription As IJDMemberDescription
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad = "ERROR"
  Set oMemberDescription = m_oEquipCADHelper.GetMemberDescriptionFromChild(pIJDAttrs)
  Dim oAttrCollection As Collection
  Dim oAttributeDescriptor As IJEquipAttrDescriptor
  Dim m As Long
  Set oAttrCollection = CollAllDisplayedValues
  Select Case oMemberDescription.name
    Case "DP1"
      For m = 1 To oAttrCollection.Count
        Set oAttributeDescriptor = oAttrCollection.Item(m)
        Select Case UCase(oAttributeDescriptor.InterfaceName)
           Case "IJUADATUMSHAPE"
             oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState = oAttributeDescriptor.AttrState\ Or\ adsReadOnly
           Case Else
        End Select
      Next
      Set oAttrCollection = Nothing
    Case Else
  End Select
Set oMemberDescription = Nothing
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad = ""
  Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
  IJEquipUserAttrMgmt_OnPreLoad = "ERROR"
  HandleError MODULE, METHOD
End Function
```

OnPreCommit Method

Description

The OnPreCommit method is used prior to committing the attribute changes.

Syntax

object.OnPreCommit(pIJDAttrs, CollAllDisplayedValues)

Parameter	Data Type	Description
pIJDAttrs	IJDAttributes	Required. This argument specifies the collection of attributes to be changed.
CollAllDisplayedValues	Object	Required. This argument is the collection of displayed property values.

Custom Assembly Definition

The features and the behaviors of the custom assembly occurrence are defined by the custom assembly definition. The members of custom assembly are specified by several set of data.

- Construction and initialization of a member
 - Constructor (CMConstruct)
 - Set of input arguments (CMSetInputs)
- Relationship that exists between the custom assembly and a member.
- Controlled properties (or portions) of the member
- Controlled Interface
- Evaluate function.

This information is stored by the custom assembly definition. This information is accessible through following interfaces:

- **IJDMemberDescriptions** interface
 - It manages a collection of MemberDescription for the custom assembly
- **IJDMemberDescription** interface
 - It describes a list of custom methods: the CMConditionnal custom method checks if the member should exist. The CMConstruct custom method creates the member
- IJDPropertyDescriptions interface
 - For a member, a set of properties can be controlled. It is the same behavior than the one exposed on the aggregator.

The **RelationshipClsid** property specifies the clsid of a particular relationship type it exists between the CAO and the member. We assume that the CAO is always the origin of the relation.

When a predefined relationship has been selected, the relationclaid is automatically set by the CAD.

CMConditional is the custom method that checks if an optional member is needed or not. This method is used during the creation and the compute of the CAO.

CMConstruct is the custom method in charge of the creation of the CAO member object. This method is used only when the member object has to be created..

CMFinalConstruct is an optional custom method in charge of connecting additional relationship between the created member and other objects of the model.

CMSetInputs is the custom method that set the input arguments to the member object.

IJDPropertyDescriptions

This is the interface to access properties on a member or the aggregator of a custom assembly definition

AddProperty (name as String, dispid as Long, InterfaceID as String, CMEvaluate as Variant, libCookie as Variant, varProcessTime as PDProcessTime) ppPD as IJDPropertyDescription

Description: check if the given property is set in the description of a

property/member description.

Parameters:

[in] name Name of the property. Dispatch id of the property. [in] dispid

[in] InterfaceID Id of the interface controlled by the property.

Name of the custom method to be called to evaluate the [in, optional] CMEvaluate

property.

[in, optional] libCookie [in, optional, defaultvalue

(igPROCESS_PD_BEFORE_SYMBOL_UPDATE)] with respect to the update of the aggregated symbol. This is valid only in the context, where the property is relative

to the Aggregator section of a custom assembly

Identification of the library, hosting the custom method.

Time at which the custom method needs to be excuted

definition.

Created property. [out,retval, optional] ppPD

Add (pPD as IJDPropertyDescription) ppInternalPD as IJDPropertyDescription

Add a property from a property description. Description: [in] pPD Interface on the property allocated by the caller.

[out,retval,optional] Interface on the internal property stored in the collection.

ppInternalPD

varProcessTime

Remove (key as Variant)

Description: Delete an item from the collection specified by key (index or name).

[in] key key (index or name) of the item in the collection.

RemoveByDispid (dispid as Long)

Description: Delete an item from the collection specified by dispatch id.

[in] dispid Dispatch id of the item in the collection.

RemoveAll ()

Description: Delete all the items from the collection.

Properties

Item (key as Variant) as IJDPropertyDescription

Description: Gets the item specified by key (index or name).

Modifiability: Read

[in] key Key (index or name) of the item in the collection.

ItemByDispid (dispid as Long) as IJDPropertyDescription

Description: Gets the item specified by dispatch id).

Read Modifiability:

[in] dispid Dispatch id of the item.

Count () as Long

Description: Gets the count of items in the collection.

Modifiability: Read

IJDPropertyDescription

The IJDPropertyDescription interface is the interface to manipulate a property on a member or the aggregator of a custom assembly definition

Methods

IsPropertySet (prop as Long) pProp as Boolean

Description: check if the given property is set in the description of a property/member

description.

Parameters:

[in] prop A mask on the property to check.
[out, retval] pProp True/False if the property is set or not.

Reset ()

Description: Reset the description of a property/member description.

SetCMEvaluate (libraryCookie as Variant, method as Variant)

Description: Declare the CMEvaluate custom method used to evaluate the property.

Parameters:

[in] libraryCookie Local id of the library, hosting the custom method.
[in] method Dispatch id of the custom method within the library.

Properties

Name () as String

Description: Sets or gets the name of a property/member of a custom assembly definition.

Modifiability: Read/Write

Description () as String

Description: Sets or gets the description of a property/member of a custom assembly

definition.

Modifiability: Read/Write

Properties () as Long

Description: Sets or gets the properties mask of a property/member of a custom assembly

definition.

Modifiability: Read/Write

Dispid () as Long

Description: Sets or gets the Dispatch Id of a property of a custom assembly definition.

Modifiability: Read/Write

InterfaceId () as String

Description: Set or gets the Interface Id of a property of a custom assembly definition.

Modifiability: Read/Write

ProcessTime () as PDProcessTime

Description: Set or gets the time to process the property.

Modifiability: Read/Write

Definition () as Object

Description: Gets the custom assembly definition.

Modifiability: Read

Parent () as Object

Description: Gets the parent PropertyDescriptions object.

Modifiability: Read

Object () as Object

Gets at run-time the member object, when the property is used in the context of a member, or the custom assembly occurrence, when the property is used in the Description:

context of the aggregator.

Modifiability: Read

CAO () as Object

Description: Gets the custom assembly occurrence at run-time.

Modifiability: Read

SPSMemberSystemLinear

The Member System is a sequential set of member parts that share a common axis. It is the design parent of other entities, initially the Member Part and two Frame Connections. As a graphic entity, it consists of an axis that is locatable but not displayable. This curve is the geometrical axis for all Member Parts in this system. The MemberSystem is a SystemChild. Member System supports IJDesignParent but not IJSystem. The purpose is to restrict the class of children that the Member System can own. By using a custom relation, we are also able to add children to an approved system, as in the case of a planning split.

If a user deletes a Member Part, the entire Member System is deleted even if it was split into two parts.

This object keeps it's own copy of the associated logical joint. When the user moves the axis it transforms these positions and the AxisSolver can then compute a constrained position. The notification semantic then updates the physical Axis, after the FrameConnections have computed the offsets, which are delta-vectors between the logical model and the physical model. These offset vectors are computed by the FrameConnection macros.

The Member System class defines generic "system" behavior and is also a specific axis curve type. Implementation of this class should re-use common "System" functions, while also implementing the specific class for the curve type. A linear Member System supports IJLine. The physical axis (offset) is this line, which is kept up to date by the AxisNotifySemantic.

SPSMemberFactory

The member factory object provides the means for constructing a Member System and/or a stand-alone Member Part Prismatic

Methods

CreateMemberSystemPrismaticLinear(IUnknown ResourceManager, ISPSMemberSystem **MemberSystem)

Description: Creates a MemberSystem entity, a MemberPart entity and all required second-class

objects.

Parameters: [in] ResourceManager object related to the data store.

[out,retval] MemberSystem the created Member System

GetDesignPartsAtPosition(double x, double y, double z, ISPSMemberPartPrismatic **PreviousPart, ISPSMemberPartPrismatic **NextPart)

Description: Returns one or two child MemberParts at the given location. If the position is at the

start of the MemberSystem, only NextPart is set. If the position is along the

MemberSystem, then PreviousPart and NextPart are set. If the position is at the end

of the MemberSystem, only PreviousPart is set.

Modifiability Read

Parameters: [in] x x coordinate of desired position

[in] y y coordinate of desired position [in] z z coordinate of desired position

ISPSLogicalAxis

Use the methods in this interface to store, retrieve, and manipulate the logical end points of the member system. The logical end positions are the same as the ending Joints.

Methods

SetLogicalStartPoint(double x, double y, double z)

Description: Sets the coordinates of the member system's logical axis start point.

Parameters: [in] x x coordinate value of the start position.

[in] y y coordinate value of the start position

[in] z z coordinate value of the start position

GetLogicalStartPoint(double *x, double *y, double *z)

Description: Gets the coordinates of the member system's logical axis start point.

Parameters: [out] x - x coordinate value of the start position.

[out] y y coordinate value of the start position [out] z z coordinate value of the start position

ISPSMemberType

Member Parts and the Member System implement this interface. Setting these properties on a MemberSystem will also modify the corresponding properties on its MemberParts. Setting these properties on a MemberPart that is a child of a MemberSystem will also modify the properties on the MemberSystem.

Properties

TypeCategory(long TypeCategory)

Description: Sets or returns the Member's TypeCategory. Values should be those defined in the

StructuralMemberTypeCategory code list.

Modifiability Read/Write

Parameters:

Type(long Type)

Description: Sets or returns the Member's Type. Values should be those defined in the

StructuralMemberType code list.

Modifiability Read/Write

Parameters:

Priority(long Type)

Description: Sets or returns the Member's Priority. Values should be those defined in the

StructuralMemberPriority code list.

Modifiability Read/Write

Parameters:

ISPSMemberPartPrismatic

A Member Part is a contiguous structural element whose volume is described by sweeping a pre-defined cross-section along a curve, which is usually a line. This kind of geometry is a prismatic solid. Additional operations may be applied to trim or extend the solid.

Properties

MemberSystem(ISPSMemberSystem **MemberSystem)

Description: Returns the MemberSystem that is the design parent of the MemberPart, if it is a

child of a MemberSystem.

Modifiability Read

Parameters:

MemberType(ISPSMemberType **MemberType)

Description: Returns the ISPSMemberType interface for the Member Part

Modifiability Read

Parameters:

MaterialDefinition(ISPSMemberType **MemberType)

Description: Sets or returns the MaterialDefinition related to the Member Part

Modifiability Read/Write

Parameters:

CrossSection (ISPSCrossSection **CrossSection)

Description: Returns the ISPSCrossSection interface for the Member Part.

Modifiability Read

Parameters:

PointAtEnd(SPSMemberAxisPortIndex whichEnd, IJPoint **Point)

Description: Returns the IJPoint interface of the logical connection object at the part's end, if the

part is a member of a MemberSystem.

Modifiability Read

Parameters: [in] whichEnd tells which end at which the corresponding point is to be returned

ISPSAxisRotation

ISPSAxisRotation is the interface used to set and retrieve information related to rotation of SPS Members

Properties

Mirror (VARIANT_BOOL bMirror)

Description: Sets or returns whether the cross-section orientation is mirrored. If so, the cross-

section's horizontal axis is reversed.

Modifiability Read/Write

Parameters:

Methods

SetOrientationVector(double x, double y, double z)

Description: Uses the input orientation vector to set the BetaAngle.

Parameters: [in] x x value of orientation vector

[in] y y value of orientation vector [in] z z value of orientation vector

Spatial Entity

The Space Generic Entity is an aggregatable persistent object. This can be aggregated by different kinds of space objects like Area, Zone, Interference Volume and Drawing Volume. It implements IJSpaceCreation interface to able to set and get the inputs and to get the Active Entity used to create the space object. It will have a relation with Space Generic Geometry object, which has graphics. The spatial entity is created by the SpaceFactory object.

IJDSpacePrimitiveFactory

Creates a Space Primitive Entity

Methods

CreateSpacePrimitive (byval Part as IJDPart , byval ResourceMgr as Unknown) as Object Description: Creates the the SpacePrimitive object and add it to Resource

manager. Establishes the relation between SpacePrimitive and Part.

Parameters:

[in] Part Part object to which new SpacePrimitive object associates

[in] ResourceMgr IUnknown Pointer to Resource Manager

IJDSpaceFolderFactory

Creates spatial node based on the input object type and input nodetype

Methods

CreateEntity (byval ObjectType as SpaceFactoryObjectTypes , byval nodeType as SpaceNodeType , byval

SpaceName as String, byval Parent as Unknown, byval Connection as Unknown) as Object

Description: Creates spatial node based on the input object type and input nodetype

Parameters:

[in] ObjectType Type of the SpaceFactory Object (see specific types definition)

[in] nodeType Type of the root node

[in] SpaceName Name of the SpaceFolder Object [in] Parent The parent of the object to be created

[in] Connection

IJDSpaceFactory

Creates a Spatial Entity

Methods

CreateEntity (byval strSpaceTypeProgID as String, byval Parent as Unknown, byval SpacePart as LPPART

) as Object

Description: Creates Spatial Entity based on the input type

Parameters:

[in] strSpaceTypeProgID Type of the space to be created [in] Parent parent of the created space [in] SpacePart Part to be connected to the space

IJSpaceCreation

Set/remove the inputs on the space

Methods

SetInputs (byval bstrAEProgID as String, byval CreationType as short, byval ParentCollection as Object,

byval vMiscArg as Variant)

Description: Set the inputs before creating space

Parameters:

[in] bstrAEProgID ProgID of the active entity to be created

[in] CreationType CreationType (2pts/4pts/etc)

[in] ParentCollection Points in the case of Space By Points Cmd etc...

[in] vMiscArg Miscellanious

SpaceAssociationAEFactory Object

Get (create, if not exists) the AssociationAE associated with the Object(Space or Graphic Entity) and to disconnect either the space or the graphic entity from AE

Properties

ActiveEntity () as Object

Description: It gets the AssociationAE associated with the Object(Space or Graphic Entity).It

creates the AE if it does not exist, already

Modifiability: Read Only

IJSpaceAssociationAE

Set the spaces or objects on the AssociationAE.It helps to associate a collection of spaces with the desired graphic object

Properties

ObjectMatrix () as IJDT4x4

Description: Gets/sets the object matrix

Modifiability: Read/Write

AssociatedSpaces () as IJElements

Description: Gets/sets the requested spaces on the AssociationAE

Modifiability: Read/Write

NamingRulesHelper Object

This is the helper object that implements the IJDNamingRulesHelper interface to query the naming rules for an object type, to create naming relations, and to query for the active naming rule. This is implemented in the middle tier so that both application commands and business objects can use this implementation.

References

Object Library: Ingr Sp3d Generic NamingRules Helper 1.0

Interfaces

Interface Name lang Description

IJDNamingRulesHelper vb/c This is the helper interface with the methods that can be used by application

commands and business objects for defining naming rules for their objects.

IJDNamingRulesHelper

This is a helper interface that can be used to query the naming rules for an object type, to create naming relations, and to query for the active naming rule. The functionality of this interface is accessed by adding a project reference to the "Ingr Sp3d Generic NameRuleSemantics 1.0 Type Library".

This interface inherits from IDispatch.

When To Use

The Visual Basic® NamingRulesHelper Object implements all of the helper functions. This implementation can be used as long as the applications are using the generic naming rules semantic.

Methods

GetEntityNamingRulesGivenName (byval strEntityName as String) as IJElements

Description: It returns a reference (as NamingRules) to the IJElements interface of the first object in

a collection of the naming rules available in the catalog database for the given object

name input.

Parameters:

[in] strEntityName Class(object) name(internal name).

GetEntityNamingRulesGivenProgID (byval strEntityProgID as String) as IJElements

Description: It returns a reference (as NamingRules) to the IJElements interface of the first object in

a collection of the naming rules available in the catalog database for the given object

class ProgID input.

Parameters:

[in] strEntityProgID Object class ProgID.

AddNamingRelations (byval pDispEntity as Object, byval pNameRuleHolder as IJDNameRuleHolder) as

IJNameRuleAE

Description: Adds naming relations "NamedEntity" and "EntityNamingRule" after creating the

Active Entity and returns a reference (as pActiveEntity) to the interface of the active entity object created. The method deletes the Active Entity if it is there before creating the new one so it can also be used to delete the relations. If nothing is sent as the

pNameRuleHolder argument, the method deletes the existing relations.

Parameters:

[in] pDispEntity The IDispatch interface of the object to be named.

[in] pNameRuleHolder The interface of the NamingRule.

GetActiveNamingRule (byval pDispEntity as Object) as IJDNameRuleHolder

Description: This method returns a reference (as pNameRuleHolder) to the interface of the active

naming rule that is being used for naming the input object from the relations. pNameRuleHldr will be nothing if there are no active naming rules on the object.

Parameters:

[in] pDispEntity The IDispatch interface of the named object.

 $Is Generated Name Unique\ (\ by val\ oEntity\ as\ LPDISPATCH\ ,\ by val\ oFilter\ as\ IJS imple Filter\ ,\ by val\ str Gen Name\ as$

String , optional byval strIID as String , optional byval strAttributeName as String) as Boolean

Description: This method returns a boolean value (as pVal) indicating whether the generated

name is unique in the domain specified by the user through the oFilter. True

indicates the name is unique.

The optional arguments strIID and strAttribute Name are to be provided by the users of this function. They are provided so as to give an option to the user to specify the Interface and also the Attribute of the object on which the name

uniqueness has to be ensured.

Parameters:

[in] oEntity The IDispatch interface of the named object.

[in] oFilter The interface of the Filter to use in determining the uniqueness.

[in] strGenName The generated name string.

[in] strIID An optional IID as a string to help in making the determination. If the IID is

provided then strAttributeName has to be provided. Default value is null string.

[in] strAttributeName An optional AttributeName as a string to help in making the determination. Default

value is null string.

Return error codes:

E_FILTER_NOT_SPECIFIED The Filter was not specified.

Attribute Helper service

CollectionHlp

The role of this object is to operate on one instantiated collection of attributes. A CollectionHlp object is returned by most of the methods of the IJDAttributes and IJAttributes interfaces. A collection of attributes maps to an interface definition, i.e., it gathers all the properties that belong to an interface.

References

Object Library: Ingr SmartPlant 3D Attributes 1.0 Type Library

Interfaces

<u>Interface Name</u> <u>lang</u> <u>Description</u>

IJDAttributesCol vb/c Visual Basic® Interface used to manipulate a collection of attributes.

IJDAttributesCol

This interface is used to get information from an item or items in a collection of attributes.

This interface inherits from IDispatch.

When To Use

Call this interface when you want to:

Access an item of a collection of attributes.

Access all the items of a collection of attributes.

Count the items of a collection.

Get the metadata about a collection of attributes.

Properties

Item (byval VItem as Variant) as IJDAttribute

Description: Returns the IJDAttribute interface of the attribute as ppAttribute. Note that: The For

Each loop is the preferred implementation to iterate through a collection instead of

using a simple index because the DispatchID is NOT a sequential list (1, 2, 3, ...).

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] VItem The VItem can be the DispatchID of the attribute or its name.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

EnumItem () as LPUNKNOWN

Description: Enumerates all the attributes of this collection by returning ppEnumUnk.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

InterfaceInfo () as IJDInterfaceInfo

Description: Returns ppInfo, the IJDInterfaceInfo interface of an InterfaceInfo Object for this

collection.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail). Count () as Long

Description: Returns the number of attributes of this Collection.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

IJDAttributes

This interface is used to get a CollectionOfAttributes property. This interface is implemented by any component that is attributes-enabled and aggregates the AttributeHelper object.

When To Use

Call this interface when you want to access the CollectionOfAttributesproperty of an object.

Properties

CollectionOfAttributes(byval InterfaceType as Variant) as IJDAttributesCol

Description: Returns a pointer (ppIAttributesCol) to the IJDAttributesCol interface of the

CollectionHlp Object (collection of attributes).

If the UserTypeCLSID property was set to an acceptable value, the method checks to see that this collection is allowed for this UserType according to the metadata. If UserTypeCLSID is set to CLSID_NULL, the method only checks to see that this

collection/Interface is described in the metadata.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] InterfaceType The InterfaceType is a variant that contains a string with the formatted hexa value of

the IID: "{24E1A26B-1275-11d2-A684-00A0C96F81B9}", or with the interface

name IID: "IJGeometry", or a GUID structure.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

E_NOINTERFACE The interface is not implemented by the UserType class. The AttributesCol is set to

NULL in this case.

Count () as Long

Description: Returns the number of collections of this object.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Attribute

The role of this object is to operate on one instantiated attribute. The Attribute object is returned by most of the methods of the IJDAttributesCol interface.

References

Object Library: Ingr SmartPlant 3D Attributes 1.0 Type Library

Interfaces

Interface Name lang Description

IJDAttribute vb/c Visual Basic® Interface used to manipulate an attribute

IJDAttribute

This interface is used to manipulate the value of an attribute.

This interface inherits from IDispatch.

When To Use

Call this interface when you want to: Access the value of an attribute. Get the metadata about an attribute.

Properties

Value () as Variant

Description: Allows you to get or set the value of an attribute. The method using this property is the

generic way to access the value of an attribute. It is not responsible to check and see if the caller is allowed to write in this field. If one uses put_Value with Val.vt =

the caller is allowed to write in this field. If one uses put_Value with Val.vt = VT NULL or VT EMPTY, the attribute is removed from the database. For

Hierarchical Code Lists, if one uses put_Value with val.vt = VT_BSTR (implying that the ShortString value has been passed), it is automatically converted to the ValueID (val.vt = VT_I4). If one uses get_Value on a removed attribute, the returned variant will have its vt flag set to VT_EMPTY. This confusion of the VT_EMPTY and VT_NULL flag allows us to save database space. See the Specific Types Definition

below for the definitions.

Modifiability: Read/Write

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

AttributeInfo () as IJDAttributeInfo

Description: Returns the IJDAttributeInfo interface of an AttributeInfo object for this attribute.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Specific Types Definition

```
Enum tagSQLTypes
SQL VB CHAR = 1
                                  // CHAR, VARCHAR, DECIMAL, NUMERIC = VT BSTR =
                                  SOL C CHAR = SOL CHAR
                                  // long int = VT_I4 = SQL_C_LONG = SQL_INTEGER
SQL VB LONG = 4
SQL_VB_SHORT = 5
                                  // shrt int = VT_I2 = SQL_C_SHORT = SQL_SMALLINT
                                  // float = VT_R4 = SQL_C_FLOAT = SQL_REAL
SOL VB FLOAT = 7
                                  // double = VT_R8 = SQL_C_DOUBLE = SQL_DOUBLE
SQL VB DOUBLE = 8
SQL_VB_BIT = -7
                                 // boolean = VT_BOOL = SQL_C_BIT
SQL_VB_DATE = 9
                                  // date = VT_DATE = SQL_C_DATE
End Enum
```

Note about tagSQLTypes: The type of the attribute is defined in the METADATALib in terms of SQL_C_Types. The value of an attribute is a VARIANT. We use the correspondence table above. If the type of the VARIANT does not match the VT type, we try to coerce it using MS API VariantChangeType. If the attribute is hard coded, the coercion is done by the MS API invoke.

IJDCodeListMetaData

This interface is used to access the codelist metadata and is exported in the COM map of the business object that aggregates the attribute helper. The method calls are delegated to the POM. This interface inherits from IDispatch.

When To Use

Call this interface when you want to access the metadata about a codelist.

Properties

ShortStringValue (byval TableName as String, byval ValueID as Long) as String

Description: Gets the short string of a codelist.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] TableName Name of the table. Can be either Namespace: TableName (i.e.,

PackageName: TableName) or just TableName. When there are two tables with same name in different packages and no namespace is specified, an error will be returned.

[in] ValueID Index of the codelist in the table.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded, ShortString returned.
S_FALSE Operation succeeded, no ShortString returned.

E_FAIL (1) No TableName is provided; (2) Duplicated TableNames are found in Metadata

database (need Namespee); (3) Operation failed for other reasons.

Note: This API returns S FALSE if the CodelistTable does not exist or the CodelistTable

does not have ValueID as its value.

LongStringValue (byval TableName as String, byval ValueID as Long) as String

Description: Gets the long text string of a codelist.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] TableName Name of the table. Can be either Namespace: TableName (i.e.,

PackageName: TableName) or just TableName. When there are two tables with same name in different packages and no namespace is specified, an error will be returned.

[in] ValueID Index of the codelist in the table.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded, longString returned.
S_FALSE Operation succeeded, no longString returned.

E_FAIL (1) No TableName is provided; (2) Duplicated TableNames are found in Metadata

database (need Namespee); (3) Operation failed for other reasons.

Note: This API returns S_FALSE if the CodelistTable does not exist or the CodelistTable

does not have ValueID as its value.

ParentValueID (byval TableName as String , byval ValueID as Long) as Long

Description: Gets the ParentValueID of a codelist. Returns -1 in case a valid ValueID does not have

a ParentValueID.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] TableName Name of the table. Can be either Namespace: TableName (i.e.,

PackageName: TableName) or just TableName. When there are two tables with same name in different packages and no namespace is specified, an error will be returned.

[in] ValueID Index of the codelist in the table.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded, ParentValueID returned.
S_FALSE Operation succeeded, no ParentValueID returned.

E FAIL (1) No TableName is provided; (2) Duplicated TableNames are found in Metadata

database (need Namespce); (3) Operation failed for other reasons.

Note: This API returns S_FALSE if the CodelistTable does not exist or the CodelistTable

does not have ValueID as its value.

CodelistValueCollection (byval TableName as String) as IJDInfosCol

Description: Returns (pEnumCodeList as RetVal) the IJDInfosCol interface of the first item of the

collection of tables. The IJDInfosCol is a collection of IJDCodelistValue.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] TableName Name of the table. Can be either Namespace: TableName (i.e.,

PackageName: TableName) or just TableName. When there are two tables with same name in different packages and no namespace is specified, an error will be returned.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_INVALIDARG No TableName provided.

E_FAIL (1) Duplicated TableNames are found in Metadata database (need Namespee); (2)

Operation failed for other reasons.

Note: This API returns a codelist value collection cotaining "Unidentified" if a non-existing

Codelist table name is passed in.

ChildValueCollection (byval TableName as String, byval ValueID as Long) as IJDInfosCol

Description: Returns (pEnumCodeList as RetVal) the IJDInfosCol interface of the first item of the

collection of tables associated with a specific ValueID. The IJDInfosCol

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] TableName Name of the table. Can be either Namespace: TableName (i.e.,

PackageName: TableName) or just TableName. When there are two tables with same name in different packages and no namespace is specified, an error will be returned.

[in] ValueID Index of the codelist in the table.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded.

S_FALSE TableName does not have a ChildTable.

E_FAIL (1) TableName has duplicates in Metadata; (2) Operation failed for other reasons (no

detail).

ParentTable (byval TableName as String) as String

Description: Gets ParentTable name of a given a codelist table.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] TableName Name of the table. Can be either Namespace: TableName (i.e.,

PackageName: TableName) or just TableName. When there are two tables with same name in different packages and no namespace is specified, an error

will be returned.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded, ParentTable returned.
S_FALSE Operation succeeded, no ParentTable returned.
E_CL_TABLENAMEDUPLICATED TableName has duplicates in Metadata database.

E FAIL More than one ParentTable name is found (require namespace); Operation

failed (no detail).

ChildTable (byval TableName as String) as String

Description: Gets ChildTable name of a given a codelist table.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] TableName Name of the table. Can be either Namespace: TableName (i.e.,

PackageName: TableName) or just TableName. When there are two tables with same name in different packages and no namespace is specified, an error

will be returned.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded, ChildTable returned.
S_FALSE Operation succeeded, no ChildTable returned.
E_CL_TABLENAMEDUPLICATED TableName has duplicates in Metadata database.

E_FAIL More than one ChildTable name is found (require namespace); Operation

failed (no detail).

TableDescription (byval TableName as String) as String

Description: Gets the description of the codelist table.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] TableName Name of the table. Can be either Namespace: TableName (i.e.,

PackageName: TableName) or just TableName. When there are two tables with same name in different packages and no namespace is specified, an error

will be returned.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded, TableDescription returned.
S_FALSE Operation succeeded, no TableDescription returned.
E_CL_TABLENAMEDUPLICATED TableName has duplicates in Metadata database.

E FAIL More than one ChildTable name is found (require namespace); Operation

failed (no detail).

TableCollection () as Unknown

Description: Returns (pEnumCodeList as RetVal) the IUnknown interface of the first item of the

collection of tables. Gets an enumerated collection of CodeList tables.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Note: This API returns S OK no matter if a TableCollection is reurned or not.

ValueIDByShortString (byval TableName as String, byval ShortStringValue as String) as Long

Description: Returns the ValueID of a codelist entry given the codelist TableName and the

ShortStringValue of the entry.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] TableName Name of the table. Can be either Namespace: TableName (i.e.,

PackageName: TableName) or just TableName. When there are two tables with same name in different packages and no namespace is specified, an error will be returned.

[in] ShortStringValue The short string value of a codelist.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded, ValueId returned.
S_FALSE Operation succeeded, no ValueId returned.
E INVALIDARG No TableName or ShortString is provided.

E_FAIL More than one TableName is found in Metadata database (require namespace);

Operation failed (no detail).

Relation Helper service

DRelationHelper

In the MS repository model of relationships, the Automation object CollectionHelper can be retrieved from any component that is relationships-enabled by getting the CollectionRelations property of the interface that the relationship is established to.

References

Object Library: Ingr SmartPlant 3D Relation 1.0 Type Library

Interfaces

Interface NamelangDescriptionIJDAssocRelationvb/cVisual Basic® Interface used to access a CollectionOfRelations property.IJDTargetObjectColvb/cDual interface to manipulate the collection of target objects.

IJDRelationshipCol vb/c Dual interface to manipulate the collection of relationships.

LJDAssocRelation

This interface accesses the Collection of Relations in which a business object participates. It should be implemented by any business object that is relationship-enabled.

The relationship types are defined between interfaces of the two participant objects, and that relationships are gathered per homogenous collections. The Core uses this alternative accessor as an interface on the business object where both the interface and the property are input arguments when asking for the collection. This interface inherits from IDispatch.

When To Use

Call this interface when you want to access a collection of relationships on a business object.

Properties

CollectionRelations (byval InterfaceID as Variant, byval CollectionName as String) as Object

Description: Returns the IDispatch interface of the Collection of relationships. This collection should

implement the interfaces IJDRelationshipCol and IJDTargetObjectCol. If using the provided RelationHelper Object, the returned object is of the type CollectionHelper

Object.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] InterfaceID IID that the collection is associated to. This variant contains a string with the formatted

hexa value of the IID: "{24E1A26B-1275-11d2-A684-00A0C96F81B9}" or with the

interface name IID: "IJGeometry", or a GUID structure.

[in] CollectionName Name of the collection.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

IJDRelationshipCol

This is one of the two basic interfaces that collections of relationships should implement.

This interface inherits from IDispatch.

When To Use

Use this interface to manage the relationships that belong to a particular relationship collection. This includes the set of relationships that:

Is of the same type.

Is attached to a particular source object.

Have objects playing the same role, have the same origin, or the same destination in the relationship.

With this interface, you can:

Get a count of the number of relationships in the collection.

Add and remove relationships to and from the collection.

If the collection is sequenced (which requires it to be an origin collection), place a relationship in a specific spot in the collection sequence or modify the sequencing of the collection.

Retrieve a specific relationship from the collection.

Obtain information about the collection and the relation to which it is associated.

Methods

Add (byval TargetObject as Unknown, byval Name as String) as IJDRelationship

Description: Adds a relationship between the source object containing this collection

of relationships and the given target object. Returns the

IJDRelationship interface (CreatedRelationship) of the created relationship. If the business object is aggregating a RelationHelper Object, this object is a RelationshipHelper Object. Following the Repository API, if the relationship is of the ordered type, the added

relationship is always added at the end of the existing ones.

Parameters:

[in] TargetObject Target Object to be connected.

[in] Name Name of the relationship. This requires the relation to support naming.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded.
S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

E_OBJECTS_NOT_WITHIN_SAME_DB The error is returned when DBContainment flag on relation metadata is

WITHIN_DB and a relation is being created between objects belonging

to different databases.

Insert (byval TargetObject as Unknown, byval Index as Long, byval Name as String) as IJDRelationship

Description: Adds a relationship between the source object containing this collection of relationships

and the given target object. Returns the IJDRelationship interface (CreatedRelationship) of the inserted relationship. If the business object is aggregating a RelationHelper Object, this object is a RelationshipHelper Object. This method can only be used when

the origin side of the relation supports ordering.

Parameters:

[in] TargetObjectTarget object to be connected.[in] IndexIndex of the new relationship.[in] NameName of the relationship.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

IsSourceOrigin()

Description: Returns if the source (i.e., the object that the collection has been retrieved from) is the

origin of the relationships contained by the collection.

Return error codes:

S_OK Source is origin in the relationships.
S_FALSE Source is destination in the relationships.

Remove (byval TargetItem as Variant)

Description: Remove a relationship.

Parameters:

[in] TargetItem Identifies the Relationship to be removed by an index of type long or by a string

(BSTR) when the relation supports unique naming and requires the collection to be the

origin of the relation.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Move (byval oldIndex as Long, byval newIndex as Long)

Description: Move a relationship in a sequenced origin colelction.

Parameters:

[in] oldIndex Identifies the relationship to be moved by it's index.
[in] newIndex Identifies the index to which the relation should be moved.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Refresh ()

Description: Refresh the collection with the current data from the database.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Note: That method refreshs only a non associative collection. The method does nothing for an

associative relation.

Properties

Count () as Long

Description: Returns the count of relationships.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Infos (InterfaceID as Variant, pCollectionName as String)

Description: Returns the name of the collection and the interface that the collection is associated to.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[out] InterfaceID The IID of the interface with which the collection is associated.

[out] pCollectionName The name of the collection.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Item (byval TargetItem as Variant) as IJDRelationship

Description: Returns the IJDRelationship interface of an object describing the requested relationship.

If using the provided helpers, this object is a RelationshipHelper.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] TargetItem Either the name or the index.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Note: The TargetItem value identifies the relationship to be returned by a string (BSTR) when

the relation supports unique naming and requires the collection to be origin of the

relation or by an index of type long.

ItemByKey (byval Key as String) as IJDRelationship

Description: Returns the IJDRelationship interface of an object describing the requested relationship.

If using the provided helpers, this object is a RelationshipHelper.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] Key The relation key relative to the origin collection.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Note: This property requires the collection to be the origin of the relation.

Source () as Unknown

Description: Returns the IUnknown interface of the source object. This is the object that the

collection of relationships is associated to.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Type () as Variant

Description: Returns the GUID identifying the relation to which the current collection is associated.

Then the interface IJRelationMetaData on the source of the collection permits access to

the complete meta-data information of this relation type.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

IJDTargetObjectCol

This is one of the two basic interfaces that collections of relationships should implement.

With this interface, you can:

Get a count of the number of destinations in the collection.

Add and remove relationships to and from the collection.

If the collection is sequenced (which requires it to be an origin collection), place a relationship in a specific spot in the collection sequence, or modify the sequencing of the collection.

Retrieve a specific relationship from the collection.

Obtain information about the collection and the relation with which it is associated.

This interface inherits from IDispatch.

When To Use

Use this interface to manage the objects that are the destination of a particular relationship collection. This is the set of objects that are related to the source object (from which the current collection has been retrieved) by relationships:

of the same type.

attached to this particular source object.

where the objects in the relationship play the same role, origin, or destination.

Methods

Add (byval TargetObject as Unknown , byval Name as String , byval CreatedRelationship as IJDRelationship)

Description: Adds a relationship between the source object containing this collection

of relationships and the given target object. Following the Repository API, if the relationship is of the ordered type, the added relationship is

always added at the end of the existing ones.

Parameters:

[in] TargetObject Target Object to be connected.
[in] Name Name of the relationship.

[in] CreatedRelationship Pointer to the created relationship. If the business object is aggregating

a RelationHelper, this object is a RelationshipHelper.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

E OBJECTS NOT WITHIN SAME DB The error is returned when DBContainment flag on relation metadata is

WITHIN_DB and a relation is being created between objects belonging

to different databases.

Insert (byval TargetObject as Unknown , byval Index as Long , byval Name as String , byval CreatedRelationship

as IJDRelationship)

Description: Adds a relationship between the source object containing this collection of

relationships and the given target object. This method could only be used when the

origin side of the relationship supports ordering.

Parameters:

[in] TargetObject Target object to be connected.
[in] Index Index of the new relationship.

[in] Name Name of the relationship.

[in] CreatedRelationship Pointer to the created relationship. If the business object is aggregating a

RelationHelper, this object is a RelationshipHelper.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

IsSourceOrigin ()

Description: Returns if the source (i.e., the object that the collection has been retrieved from) is the

origin of the relationships contained by the collection.

Return error codes:

S_OK Source is origin in the relationships.
S_FALSE Source is destination in the relationships.

Move (byval ActualIndex as Long, byval NewIndex as Long)

Description: Moves the relationship to another location (for sequenced relations).

Parameters:

[in] ActualIndex The index before the move where it actually is.

[in] NewIndex The index to move it to.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Remove (byval TargetItem as Variant)

Description: Removes a relationship.

Parameters:

[in] TargetItem Identifies the Relationship to be removed by: - a string (BSTR) when the relation

supports unique naming (requiring the collection to be the origin of the relation). - an

index (long).

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

EnumTargetMoniker (byval ppEnumMoniker as LPENUMMONIKER *)

Description: Enumerates monikers of target objects.

Parameters:

[in] ppEnumMoniker Enumerates monikers of target objects. This enumeration will be sometimes useful in

avoiding binding all target objects. This enumeration can be used in VB also (see code

example below).

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Properties

Count () as Long

Description: Returns the count of target entities.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Infos (byval InterfaceID as Variant) as String

Description: Returns the name of the collection and the interface that the collection is associated to.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] InterfaceID The InterfaceID value passed out is the IID of the interface with which the collection is

associated.

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. S_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Item (byval TargetItem as Variant) as Unknown

Description: Returns the IUnknown interface of a target object.

Modifiability: Read Only

Parameters:

[in] TargetItem TargetItem value passed in identifies the Relationship to be removed by: - a string

(BSTR) when the relation supports unique naming (requiring the collection to be the

origin of the relation). - an index (long).

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded.

E_ACCESSDENIED Access to the target is denied. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Source () as Unknown

Description: Returns the IUnknown interface of the source object.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

Type () as Variant

Description: Returns the GUID identifying the relationship with which the current collection is

associated. Then use the interface IJRelationMetaData on the source of the collection

to have access to the complete metadata information of this relation type.

Modifiability: Read Only

Return error codes:

S_OK Operation succeeded. E_FAIL Operation failed (no detail).

SP3D References Tool

The software consists of hundreds of type libraries that provide the programmatic interfaces to the data model and its underlying data. These libraries consist of the data model's interfaces and their methods and properties.

The ability to integrate user-definable components into the environment is a key capability of the software. The mechanism of creating custom commands provides this extensibility.

To reference the available type libraries in Visual Basic:

• Click **Project > References**.

To perform the task of referencing your type libraries more quickly and efficiently:

• Click **Project > SP3D References**.

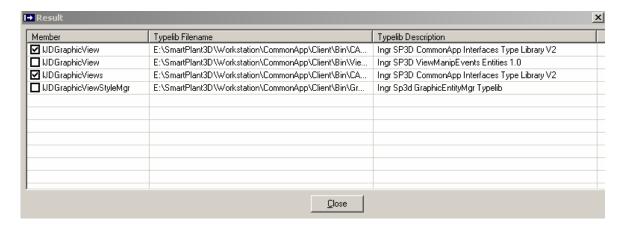
Using the SP3D References Tool

The SP3D References tool is a very useful utility that you can use to locate and reference type libraries quickly and easily. You only need to know the name of your class object or variable in which to perform a search.

- 1. Open Visual Basic.
- 2. Click Add-Ins > Add-In Manager....
- 3. Select **SP3D References** and make sure that the **Loaded/Unloaded** and **Load on Startup** boxes under **Load Behavior** are both checked.
- 4. Click **OK**.
- 5. Click **Project > SP3D References** to invoke the dialog.



- 6. Enter a class or variable name to search..
- 7. Click Find.



8. Check the appropriate type libraries.

Note: If this is the first time that you have invoked the tool, it begins reading your system to generate a data file that contains information about all existing registered type libraries.

Debugging Your Code

No matter how carefully you create your code, errors can occur. To handle these errors, you need to add error-handling code to your procedures.

You perform the process of locating and fixing bugs in applications by *debugging* the code. Visual Basic provides several tools to help analyze how your application operates. These debugging tools are useful in locating the source of bugs, but you can also use the tools to experiment with changes to your application or to learn how other applications work.

Note: You must add the TaskHost project to the integrated development environment (IDE) before you can debug your Visual Basic project.

Before you can use the TaskHost project, you must set new paths in your computer's environment variables. Click Start -> Settings -> Control Panel -> System. Select the Advanced tab and then click Environment Variables. Finally add the following path statements according to the location in which you installed the software:

PATH=[Product Directory]\Core\Runtime; [Product Directory]\GeometryTopology\Runtime

Adding the TaskHost Project to your Project

- 1. Open your Visual Basic .vbp project to debug.
- 2. Click File > Add Project.
- 3. Select the Existing tab.
- 4. Open SP3DTaskHost.vbp in the following path: ..\Debug\Container\Src\Host
- 5. In the Project window, right-click over SP3DTaskHost and then select Set as Start Up.
- 6. Right-click again on SP3DTaskHost and then select SP3DtaskHost Properties...
- 7. On the Project Properties dialog, change the Project Type to Standard EXE.
- 8. Set the breakpoint in your project to debug.
- 9. Click Run and wait for processing to begin. Your Visual Basic project becomes active when the breakpoint is reached.
- 10. Click to view <your project>, which returns you back to the code view. Then step through your code.

Important

Do not stop the debug process by clicking the End command. If you end processing this way, you will throw an exception, crash all the software that is running, and lose your changes. To safely end processing, click File > Exit from the SmartPlant 3D TaskHost software.