

# Associations

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**Patrick Schroeder**  
SOFTWARE ENGINEER



# Overview



**Associations explained**

**Types of associations**

**Methods for building associations**

**Express routes**



# Associations Explained

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# Associations

Associations form relationships between tables. These relationships are used to create joins.



Joins merge data.



## Users Table

Users	
<b>Id</b>	<b>integer</b>
<b>name</b>	<b>string</b>
<b>email</b>	<b>string</b>
<b>password</b>	<b>string</b>

## Posts Table

Posts	
<b>Id</b>	<b>integer</b>
<b>UserId</b>	<b>integer</b>
<b>title</b>	<b>string</b>
<b>content</b>	<b>text</b>



```
[  
  {  
    "id": 1,  
    "title": 'Post name',  
    "content": 'Post content',  
    "UserId": 2  
    "User": {  
      "name": 'Joe'  
      ...(other attributes)  
    }  
  }  
]
```

◀ Data from Post row

◀ Data from User row



```
// adds UserId column to Posts table  
Post.belongsTo(User);
```

Post	
Id	integer
UserId	integer

```
Post.findById('1', {  
  include: [User]  
})
```

## Creating Association

1. Define association between models.
2. Add include property with value as associated model.





```
Post.findById('1', {  
  include: [{  
    model: User  
    attributes: ['name'] // specify attributes here  
  }]  
})
```

## Creating Association

1. Define association between models.
2. Add include property with value as associated model.



# Add belongsTo() Association

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# Foreign Keys

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# Posts Table

Posts	
<b>Id</b>	<b>integer</b>
<b>UserId</b>	<b>integer</b>
<b>title</b>	<b>string</b>
<b>content</b>	<b>text</b>

Foreign key →



```
// foreignKey of userId added to Post table  
Post.belongsTo(User, { foreignKey: 'userId' });
```

## Foreign Key

Used to link two tables together.



# Model Alias

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# Alias

Renames the model when it's used as an association.



```
[  
  {  
    "id": 1,  
    "title": 'Post name',  
    "content": 'Post content',  
    "UserId": 2  
    "UserRef": {  
      "name": 'Joe'  
      ...(other attributes)  
    }  
  }  
]
```





```
Post.belongsTo(User, { as: 'UserRef', foreignKey: 'userId' });  
Post.findById('1', {  
  include: [{  
    model: User, as: 'UserRef'  
  }]  
})
```

## Alias

Used to rename model with associations.



# Types of Associations

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# Types of Associations

One-to-One

One-to-Many

Many-to-Many



# Association Comparison

## One-to-One

`belongsTo()` or  
`hasOne()`

Single item retrieved

```
User.hasOne(Post);
```

## One-to-Many

`hasMany()`

Array of items retrieved

```
User.hasMany(Post);
```

## Many-to-Many

`belongsToMany()`

Join table

Array of items retrieved

```
User.belongsToMany(Post)  
Post.belongsToMany(User)
```



# One-to-many Association

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```
// foreignKey = PostId in Comments table
```

```
Post.hasMany(Comment, { as: 'All_Comments' });
```

```
Post.findById('1', {  
  include: Comment, as: 'All_Comments'  
})
```

## One-to-many Association

1. Define association between models.
2. Add include property with value as associated model.



```
{  
  "id": 1,  
  "title": 'Post name',  
  "content": 'Post content'  
  "All_Comments": [{  
    "the_comment": 'first'  
  }, {  
    "the_comment": 'hi'  
  }, {  
    "the_comment": 'sup yo'  
  }]  
}
```

◀ Single post

◀ Array of comments



# Many-to-many Association

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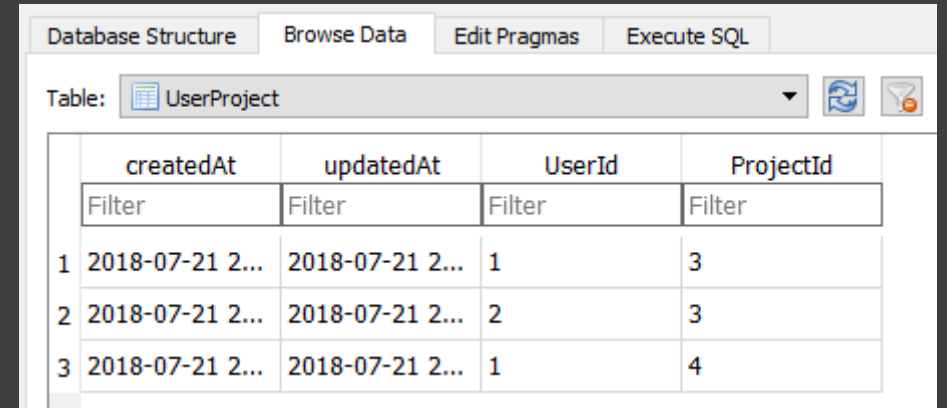


```
// foreignKey = ProjectId and UserId in UserProject table
```

```
User.belongsToMany(Project, { as: 'Tasks', through: 'UserProject' });
```

```
Project.belongsToMany(User, { as: 'Workers', through: 'UserProject' });
```

```
User.findById('1', {  
  include: Project, as: 'Tasks'  
}))
```



The screenshot shows a database management interface with tabs for 'Database Structure', 'Browse Data', 'Edit Pragmas', and 'Execute SQL'. The 'Table:' dropdown is set to 'UserProject'. Below the table name, there is a table structure view with columns: 'createdAt', 'updatedAt', 'UserId', and 'ProjectId'. Each column has a 'Filter' button. Below the structure, there is a data view showing three rows of data.

	createdAt	updatedAt	UserId	ProjectId
1	2018-07-21 2...	2018-07-21 2...	1	3
2	2018-07-21 2...	2018-07-21 2...	2	3
3	2018-07-21 2...	2018-07-21 2...	1	4

## Many-to-many Association

1. Define association between 2 tables.

2. Add include property with value as associated model.



```
// foreignKey = ProjectId and UserId in UserProject table  
User.belongsToMany(Project, { as: 'Tasks', through: 'UserProject' });  
Project.belongsToMany(User, { as: 'Workers', through: 'UserProject' });  
  
User.findById('1', {  
  include: Project, as: 'Tasks', attributes: ['name']  
})
```

## Many-to-Many Association

1. Define association between 2 tables.
2. Add include property with value as associated model.
3. Add in optional attributes for either model.



```
{  
  "id": 1,  
  "name": 'Hakeem',  
  "email": '1234@email.com'  
  "Tasks": [{  
    "name": 'project 1'  
  }, {  
    "name": 'project 4'  
  }  
}]  
}
```

◀ User

◀ Array of projects

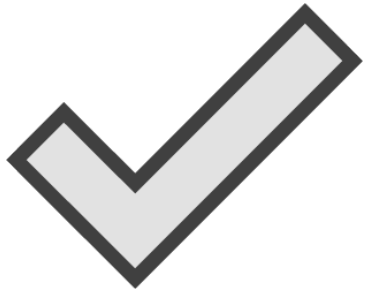


# Getters / Setters

Methods used perform CRUD on members of association.



# Getters / Setters



set

add

get

remove



# Getters / Setters



## set

- setWorkers([])

## add

- addWorkers()

## get

- getWorkers()

## remove

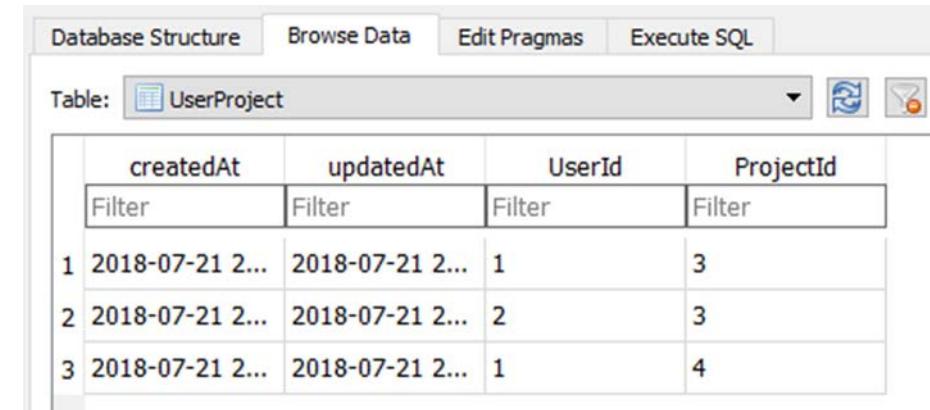
- removeWorkers()



```
Project.create({  
  name: 'project name'  
}).then((project) => {  
  project.setWorkers([1, 2]);  
})
```

```
app.put('/addWorker', (req, res)  
=> { Project.findById(4)  
      .then((project) => {  
        project.addWorkers(5);  
      })
```

## ◀ Set a new Worker



The screenshot shows a database browser interface with tabs for 'Database Structure', 'Browse Data', 'Edit Pragmas', and 'Execute SQL'. The 'Browse Data' tab is active, showing a table named 'UserProject'. The table has four columns: 'createdAt', 'updatedAt', 'UserId', and 'ProjectId'. Each column has a 'Filter' button below it. The table contains three rows of data.

	createdAt	updatedAt	UserId	ProjectId
1	2018-07-21 2...	2018-07-21 2...	1	3
2	2018-07-21 2...	2018-07-21 2...	2	3
3	2018-07-21 2...	2018-07-21 2...	1	4

## ◀ Add a Worker



# Summary



## Associations

- belongsTo, hasOne
- hasMany
- belongsToMany

## Foreign key

## Test response





Join Table

UserProjects	
ProjectId	integer
UserId	integer

User	
Id	integer
name	string
email	string
password	string

Project	
Id	integer
title	string

Post.belongsTo(User)

Post	
UserId	integer
title	string
content	text

Post.hasMany(Comment)

Comment	
PostId	integer
the_comment	integer

