## **VB-LKMR - Case Study**

## Overview:

We present a mean field variational Bayes procedure for lagged kernel machine regression (LKMR), with the aim of identifying time windows of susceptibility to exposures of complex metal mixtures. VB-LKMR identifies critical exposure windows of chemical mixtures, and accounts for complex nonlinear and non-additive effects of the mixture at any given exposure window.

This page presents an overview of using VB-LKMR code to run a case study of simulated data.

We simulate data for a sample size of N = 100. For each individual, 5 environmental exposures are measured at 3 time windows, for a total of 15 time-varying environmental exposures per individual. This simulated data structure is similar to the real data application in the manuscript. In this simulated dataset,  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  exert an effect at all three time windows, while  $Z_4$  exerts an effect at the third time window.

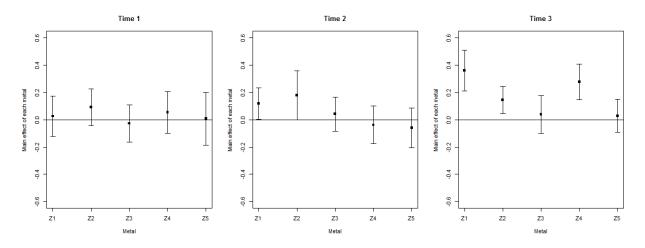
## Case study example:

1) Open the dataset and run the MFVB-LKMR procedure.

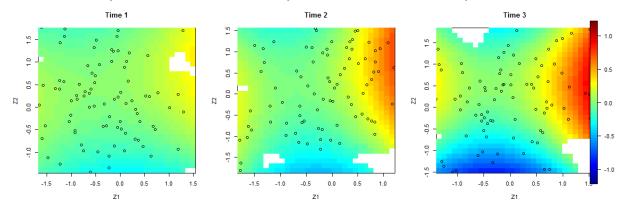
Run `VB\_AnalysisCode.R` to create the dataset and run the algorithm.

2) Make plots, analogous to Figures 4-7 of the manuscript.

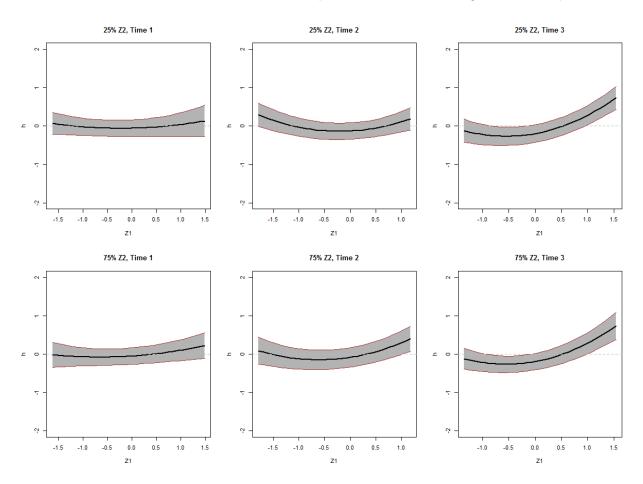
Run `VB\_RelativeImportance\_5Metals.R` to create the 1x3 panel of main effects of five metals at 3 time points.



Run `VB\_Heatmap\_5Metals.R` to create the 1x3 panel of Z<sub>1</sub>-Z<sub>2</sub> effects for 3 time points.



 $Run \ \ \ \ VB\_{\it CrossSection\_5Metals.R.} \ \ to \ create \ the \ 2x3 \ panel \ of \ Z_1 \ effects \ at \ low/high \ Z_2 \ for \ 3 \ time \ points.$ 



 $Run \ `VB\_{\it Interaction\_5Metals.R`} \ to \ create \ the \ plot \ of \ the \ overall \ interaction \ between \ Z_1-Z_2 \ at \ 3 \ time \ points.$ 

