

##Topic 5 - Loop, Conditional Statement & Function Assignment

Loop

Write a "for" loop to iterate and print value from 100 to 200 (Points 5)

```
for i in range (100,200):  
    print(i)
```

```
100  
101  
102  
103  
104  
105  
106  
107  
108  
109  
110  
111  
112  
113  
114  
115  
116  
117  
118  
119  
120  
121  
122  
123  
124  
125  
126  
127  
128  
129  
130  
131  
132  
133  
134  
135  
136  
137  
138  
139
```

140
141
142
143
144
145
146
147
148
149
150
151
152
153
154
155
156
157
158
159
160
161
162
163
164
165
166
167
168
169
170
171
172
173
174
175
176
177
178
179
180
181
182
183
184
185
186
187
188
189

190
191
192
193
194
195
196
197
198
199

Write a for loop to iterate and print the **odd numbers** between from 0 to 100 (Points 10)

```
for i in range(100):  
    if (i%2==1):  
        print(i)
```

1
3
5
7
9
11
13
15
17
19
21
23
25
27
29
31
33
35
37
39
41
43
45
47
49
51
53
55
57
59
61
63
65
67

69
71
73
75
77
79
81
83
85
87
89
91
93
95
97
99

Write a "While" loop to iterate and print value from 0 to 50 (Points 5)

```
i=0
while i < 50:
    print(i)
    i=i+1
```

0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26

27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49

Loop with Conditional Statement

Given the list below

```
age=[10,15,30,90,100,10,20]
```

Loop through the list and print all of the value (Points 5)

```
age=[10,15,30,90,100,10,20]
```

```
for x in age:  
    print(x)
```

10
15
30
90
100
10
20

Using loop and conditional statement, print **all the value higher than 50** (Points 10)

```
for x in age:  
    if (x>50):  
        print(x)
```

```
90
100
```

Using loop and conditional statement, replace **all the value lower than 50** into "Low Value" (Points 15)

```
new_age=[]
for x in age:
    if(x<50):
        new_age.append("Low Value")
    else:
        new_age.append(x)
new_age

['Low Value', 'Low Value', 'Low Value', 90, 100, 'Low Value', 'Low Value']
```

Function

Create a function to find the area of a rectangle. (Points 15)

```
def area(l,w):
    result=l*w
    return result
```

```
area(3,4)
```

```
12
```

Create a function to transform string into uppercase. This function will have one parameter input:

x= string of word

i.e x="I love food" => x="I LOVE FOOD"

(Points 15)

```
def UC(x):
    x=x.upper()
    return x
```

```
UC("I love food")
```

```
'I LOVE FOOD'
```

Create a function called "calculate". This function will have three parameter input :

1. a= a number input
2. b= a number input
3. method = "+", "-", "*", "/"

The function will return the value based on the method chosen. i.e if "+" is in input parameter then the function will return a+b (Points 20)

```
def calculate(a,b,method):  
    if (method == "+"):  
        result=a+b  
    elif (method == "-"):  
        result=a-b  
    elif (method == "*"):  
        result=a*b  
    elif (method == "/"):  
        result=a/b  
    return result
```

```
print(calculate(15,3,"+"))  
print(calculate(15,3,"-"))  
print(calculate(15,3,"*"))  
print(calculate(15,3,"/"))
```

```
18  
12  
45  
5.0
```