

Loading Files

Recap

Packages are a collection of functions and data sets

1. You **install** the package once; must be connected to the internet
2. You **load** the package every time you use it; do not need to be connected to the internet

How do you find the function you need? How do you now what package it's in?

- **G-o-o-g-l-e!**
- "structural equation modeling in R"

How do you know how to use the function? What are the function's arguments?

- Help documentation in R
- `? function.name`

Today we will talk about how to get your data files into R

Directories

Your computer is made up of a series of folders



File paths

These are the instructions that tell the computer where to find your file. What series of folders does the computer need to look to find your stuff?

`/Users/Coop/Box Sync/S55-5962_RSkillLab_Spring2020`



File paths

In order to get the actual file, include the name in the file path

`/Users/Coop/Box Sync/S55-5962_RSkillLab_Spring2020/day1.pptx`



R is lazy!

Working Directory

- Where R is going to *look for* files
- Where R is going to *save* files

Working directory

How do you know your working directory?

- `getwd()`

How do you change your working directory?

- `setwd("/your/path/goes/here")`
- Note the quotes!
- *HINT: press tab within the quotes and see what happens!*

An Alternative: RProjects

Getting and setting your working directory can be a pain in the \$%^

- What happens if you reorganize your computer and you want to move the files?

RProjects provides a nice alternative with several added benefits

1. It syncs to Github. Excellent for version control and open science!
2. Your project is it's own contained ecosystem. If you move it on your computer, it doesn't matter. No need to get/set your working directory.
3. Easy to look for files within that project (rather than the entire computer)
4. *(If you work with things that require randomly doing something--like generate a random dataset--RProjects makes it easier)*

Demo of making a RProject & using Github

Resources for setting up Github

.R files

- text files
- contain the code that you've written
- (equivalent to syntax files in SPSS)
- Also called **scripts**

Why use them?

- Keep track of what functions you use
- Save only the commands/functions/progress that is useful
- Make notes to yourself!
 - **# Updated code for R class!**
 - **# reliability estimates for depression scale**
 - **# scatter plot for BMI predicting diabetes diagnosis**
- Share your analyses with collaborators and readers

Other file types

- `.R` (script)
- `.RProject` -- not where you would write any form of code
- `.Rmd` -- aka "RMarkdown" or "RNotebook"; will talk about for reproducibility!
- Your data!

Your data

Original data files

- Most of the time, these will either be `.csv` or `.txt`, depending on how you collect the data

These are *NOT* altered by `R`! (*different from SPSS*)

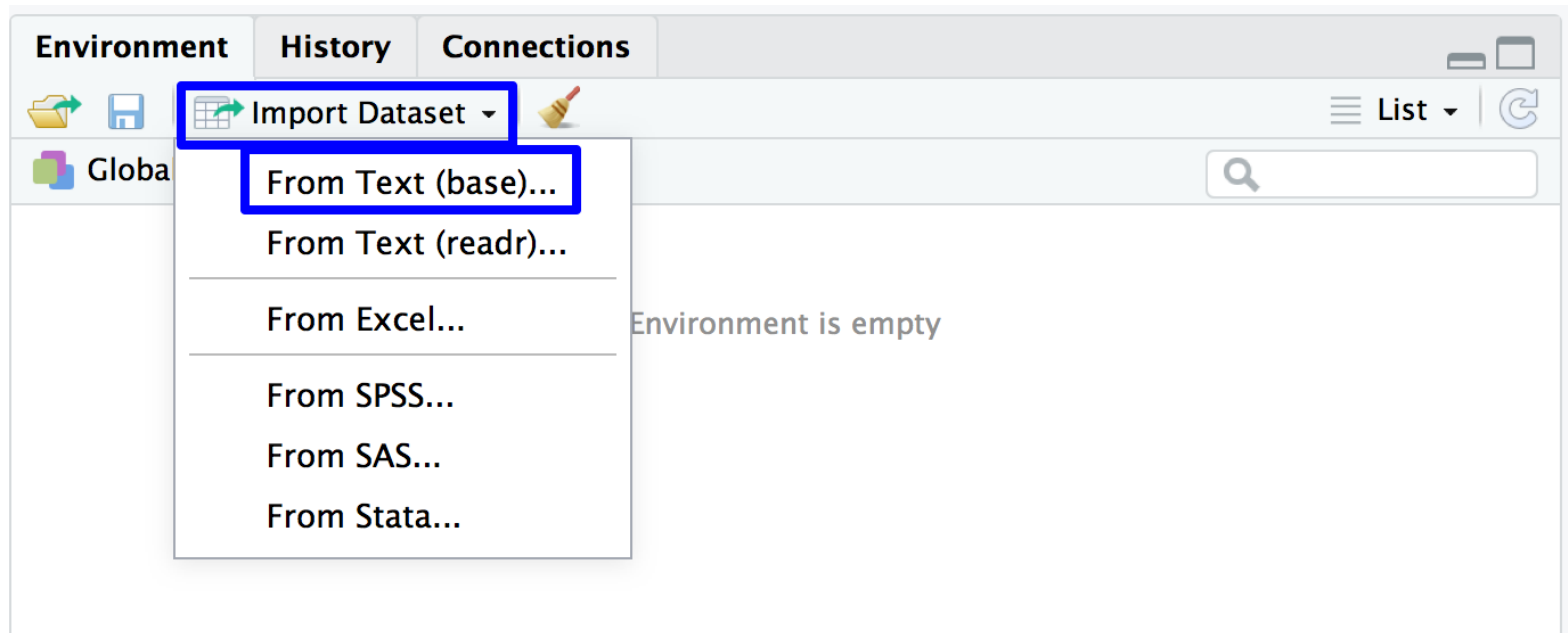
If your data is not one of these two formats, don't worry! `R` can do a lot of stuff!

We will work with `.csv` to keep things simple.

Loading .csv files



Loading .csv files



Loading .csv files

Loading .csv files

The following line of code will appear in your console:

```
midus <- read.csv("~/Desktop/rSkillLab/midus.csv")
```

**I STRONGLY recommend copying/pasting
this line of code into your script (.R) file!**

Typical workflow in R

1. Open a script (new or existing)
2. Prepare to run analyses:
 - Set your working directory (if not using RProject)
 - Load your data
 - Load any packages you might want to use in the analyses
3. Write code/run analyses
4. Save your script!
 - Make sure that this includes the code to open your **.csv** from your **Dropbox/Box/Github** etc.
 - Again, note: **R** doesn't change the original data file!

Typical format of .R file



The image shows a screenshot of an R script editor window. The title bar at the top reads "sample script format.R* x". Below the title bar is a toolbar with icons for navigation (back, forward), file operations (open, save), and execution (run, source). The main editing area contains R code with line numbers on the left. The code includes a header comment, two library calls, a working directory setting, and two data manipulation commands. The code is as follows:

```
1 ##### Summarizing Happiness Survey Data #####
2
3 # get the mean and standard deviation of the age for all subjects that
4 # filled out the survey
5
6 library(psych)
7 library(dplyr)
8
9 setwd("~/Box Sync/R-Workshop")
10
11 happiness <- read.csv("~/Box Sync/R-Workshop/happiness.csv")
12
13 meanAge <- mean(happiness$Age)
14
```