- 1. I have used syn before for a few classes.
- 2. I have used the command prompt in Linux for a class.
- 3. Add adds files that will be committed with the next commit.
- 4. Commit commits files to the local repository.
- 5. Push commits to the remote repository.
- 6. There are 2 people on my team. There are 3 copies of our repository. Each of us has a local copy and there is a shared remote repository.
- 7. There are 2 commits with a merge.
- 8. I did the second commit (sheltotj).
- 9. It added a new file and merged with the previous contents.
- 10. 2 members. 3 branches, 1 for each member and a master branch
- 11. There are none in the master and one in each member's branch.
- 12. branch creates a new branch that has everything that was in master when it branched as well as any new files added to that branch.
- 13. checkout lets you enter a branch.
- 14. There are 3 different versions: 1 in master and 1 in each of our branches.
- 15. 2 members. We did 2 merges. 1 was fastforward and the other was manual.
- 16. There are 3 branches.
- 17. They are not. This is because the master took what was in the other branch when merging, not the other way around.