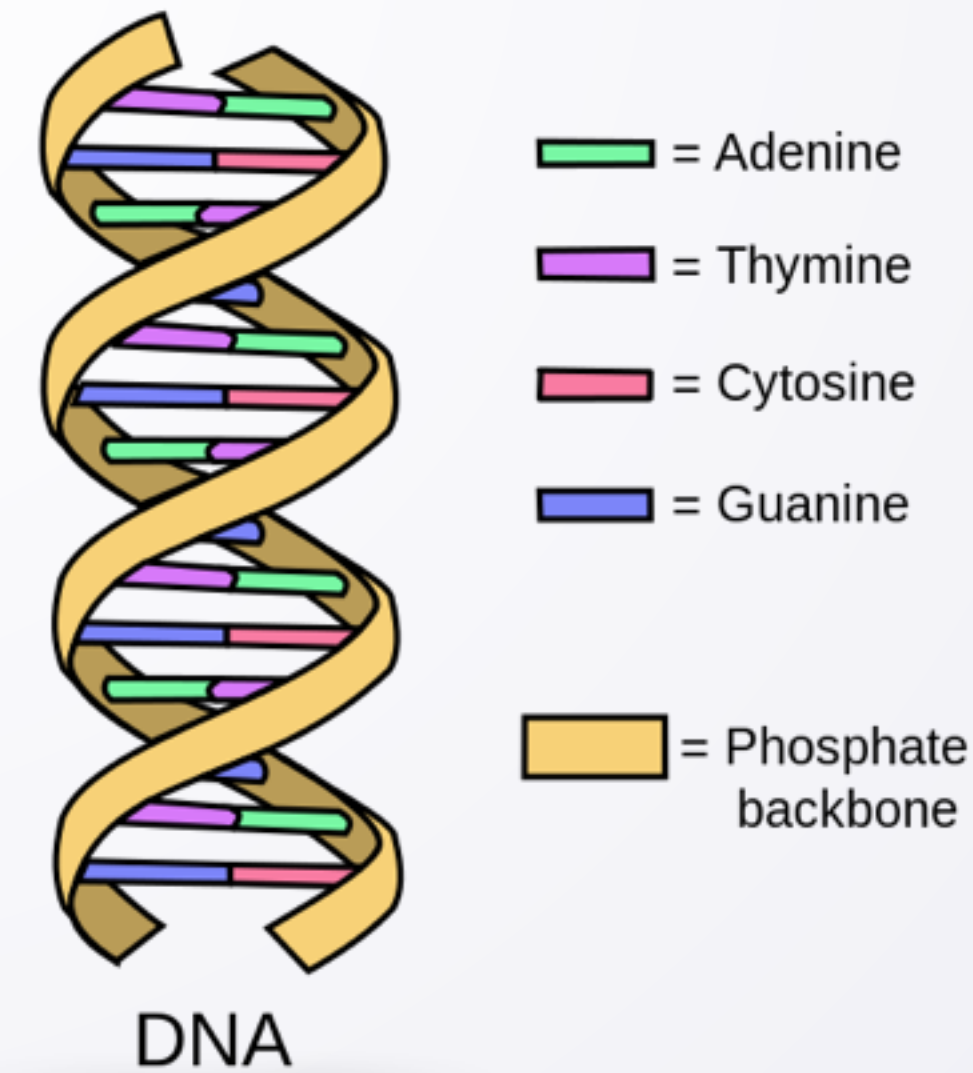


Finding a Gene in DNA

Developing an Algorithm

Algorithms for Finding Genes

- Genes help make proteins; finding genes models searching in a string
 - Could search for tags on a web page
 - Could search for videos on YouTube
- Simple version of gene finding
 - String methods
 - Integer arithmetic
 - Seven Step Process



Needles in Haystacks—Genes in DNA

ATCGTATACTGAAAACAGCTTTGAGATTGTTAAACACCGAAGAGTTATGATTT
TCAGCGTTGAGGTCTAACCCTCAGCGATTATAGATGTGGAGGGTCTCTTCGC
TGTAAGCATACGACGGTCTAGAGCTGGGATGAGGCCCGAACACTGTTATGGGT
ACGGTTGTAAGTCTTGAAACGTCTTGGAGGGTGGGCCGCCCAAGTACTTGTCC
CAGGCGCGGGGTACCCGTATGCTTATCTTAAGGAGACGCGGTGAGAGTGGTCC
GAAAGCCCTGGATTCATCTTAGCATGCGGGAAATCCGAAGTTGGAAGGTGAGG
GACAGGAAACAATCTGATATGACCCTGTAGATCAACTCTGAACCCCGACATGT
CCGAGCGATACCGACTCTACACGGGTGATGCATATCGTTGCGCTCTCTTTATA
GAGATGATGCTGAATGGAAGAAAACCGCCACCCATCTCTAAGCGAACAGATTC
AATAATGGAACCGGCCGAACCTATTTTCATAGAATGCAACGACGTTTGACAAATA
ATGGCGTTCTATCCACTCAAATCTCCGTATACTAGCGTTATCACAGTCGCATA
ATTAAACGCCAAAAACAAAACGTATATGGCGTTGTAACGCTGCACATTACCCG
ACATCGTACAGTGCATCATTCTCCGGGAACCAAGCACAAATGACTACTAAGCAT
TACCAGGGAACGCAGATGTCTATCAGCACACCCGTTTTGATTGAGAGACAGCT
TAATGTACGCAATTTGAGTAATACACCCTTCATGGTAGGGGACATGGAAGCCA
TACTGCAACCCTAGTATCACCTTAGAACGGCTACACACATTCGCACTTTCTCC
TACGCGGCAACTTGTCGACGTTCTTGAGACGCTGTCGAGTGTTCCCAGCTAGC
CTGGTCGGGACAATTATGACAACGGCAGTCCAGCATCATATGCCGCGAGCCGC
ACATTGGCTCCGTGTCACGCGCGATTGCTAGATCCGGGCA

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ATCGTATACTGAAAACAGCTTTGAGATTGTTAAACACCGAAGAGTTATGATTT
TCAGCGTTGAGGTCTAACCCTCAGCGATTATAGATGTGGAGGGTCTCTTCGC
TGTAAGCATACGACGGTCTAGAGCTGGGATGAGGCCCGAA TATGGGT
ACGGTTGTAAGTCTTGAAACGTCTTGGAGGGTGGGCCGCC **Gene** CTTGTCC
CAGGCGCGGGGTACCCGTATGCTTATCTTAAGGAGACGCGGTGAGAGTGGTCC
GAAAGCCCTGGATTCATCTTAGCATGCGGGAAATCCGAAGTTGGAAGGTGAGG
GACAGGAAACAATCTGATATGACCCTGTAGATCAACTCTGAACCCCGACATGT
CCGAGCGATACCGACTCTACACGGGTGATGCATATCGTTGCGCTCTCTTTATA
GAGATGATGCTGA **ATG** AGAAAACCCACCCATCTCTAAGCGAACAGATTC
AATAATGGAACCGGCTACTATTTTCATAGAATGCAACGACGTTTGACAAATA
ATGGCGTTCTATCCACTCAATCTCCGTATACTAGCGTTATCACAGTCGCATA
ATTAAACGCCAAAAACAAAACGTATATGGCGTTGTAACGCTGCACATTACCCG
ACATCGTACAGTGCATCATTCTCCGGGAACCAAGCACAAATGACTACTAAGCAT
TAGGAGCGGAACGCAGATGTCTATCAGCACACCCGTTTTTGATTGAGAGACAGCT
TAA TACGCAATTTGAGTAATACACCCTTCATGGTAGGGGACATGGAAGCCA
TACTGCAACCCTAGTATCACCTTAGAACGGCTACACACATTCGCACCTTCTCC
TACGCGGCAACTTGTCGACGTTCTTGAGACGCTGTCGAGTGTTCCCAGCTAGC
CTGGTCGGGACAATTATGACAACGGCAGTCCAGCATCATATGCCGCGAGCCGC
ACATTGGCTCCGTGTCACGCGCGATTGCTAGATCCGGGCA

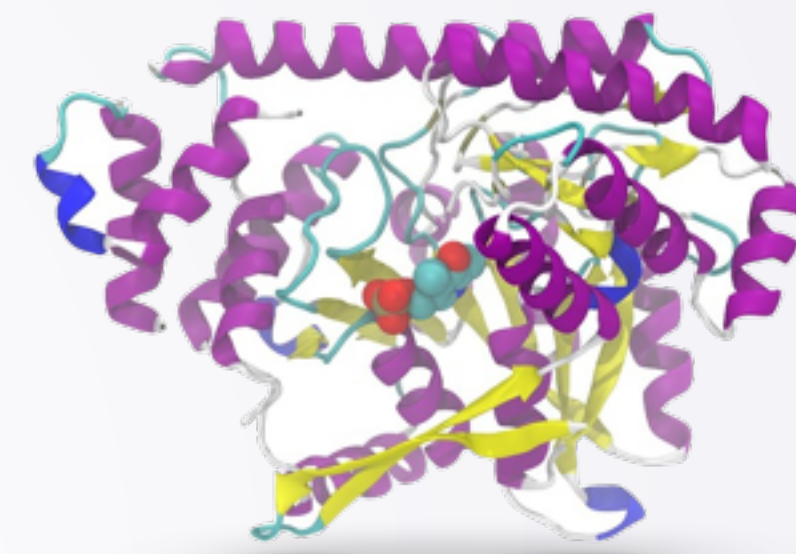
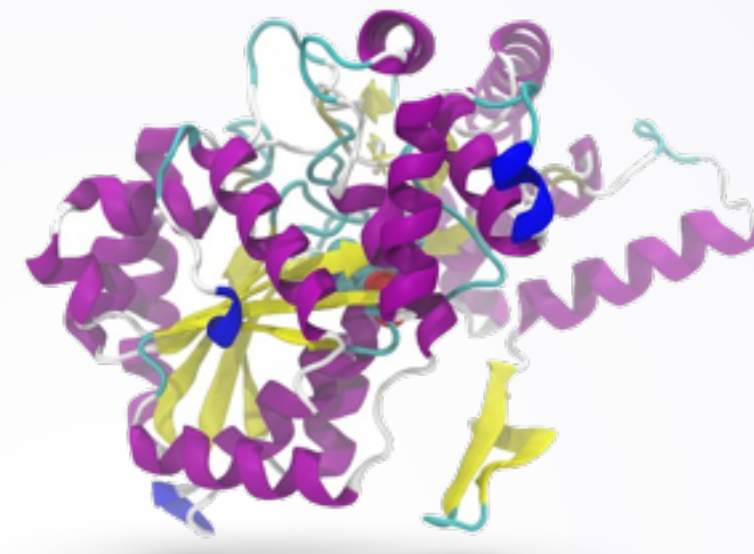
String Method Overview

- String s = "dukeprogramming";
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4

method	value
s.length()	15
s.indexOf("program")	4
s.indexOf("g")	7
s.indexOf("f")	-1
s.indexOf("g", 8)	14
s.startsWith("duke")	true
s.endsWith("king")	false
s.substring(4, 7)	"pro"
s.toUpperCase()	DUKEPROGRAMMING

Problem and Algorithm

- Write a method that returns the index of a gene in a strand of DNA
 - Start codon "ATG"
 - Stop codon "TGA"
 - Later also "TAA", "TAG"
 - Separated by 3N nucleotides
- ..ATGCGATACGCTTGA..
- ..ATGCGATACGTGA..



DNA

— = Adenine
— = Thymine
— = Cytosine
— = Guanine

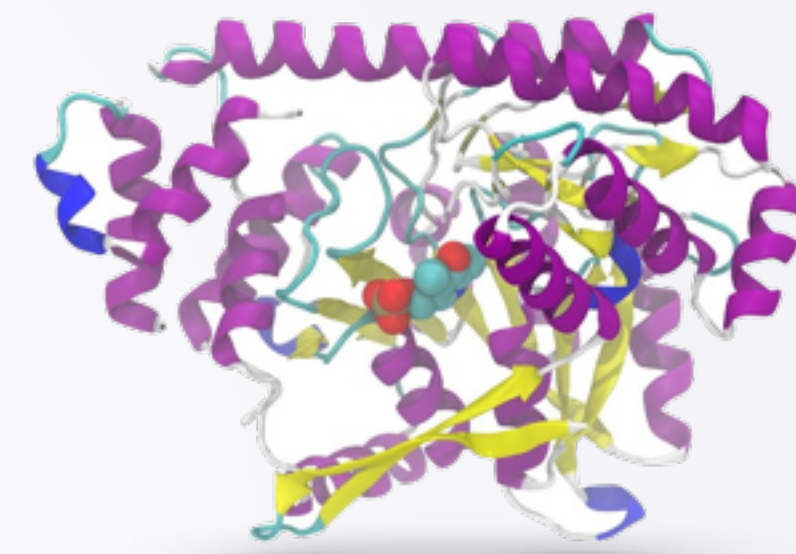
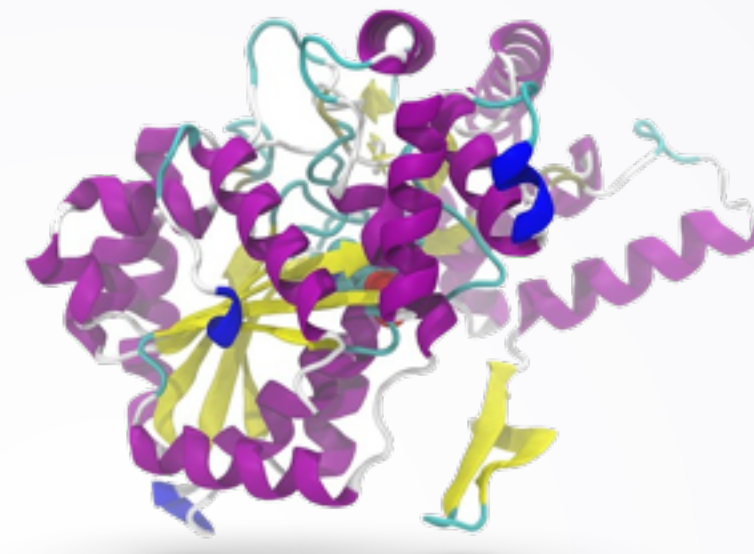
— = Phosphate backbone

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DNA

— = Adenine
— = Thymine
— = Cytosine
— = Guanine

— = Phosphate backbone

First Four Steps

- 1 Work Example By Hand
- 2 Write Down What You Did
- 3 Find Patterns
- 4 Check By Hand

- **CTACGATGCCTGATGA**

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5

- Use specific strand to reason
- Find index of start codon ATG: 5
- Stop codon TGA after 7: 13
- Multiple of 3? NO
- Steps change with different DNA strands?

