iBeacon

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關於 iBeacon

權限設定

為了

- 偵測 iPhone 進入某個 iBeacon 範圍(Raging monitoring) &
- 量測 iPhone & iBeacon 間的距離 (iBeacon ranging),

我們需在Info.plist 頁面加入以下兩種權限的存取文字說明,

- Privacy Location Always and When In Use Usage Description
- Privacy Location When In Use Usage Description

使用 CoreLocation 來登記 iBeacon Region

實作 CordLocationManagementDelegate

```
func locationManager(_ manager: CLLocationManager, didEnterRegion region: CLRegion) {
   print("enter region")
}
func locationManager(_ manager: CLLocationManager, didExitRegion region: CLRegion) {
   print("exit region")
}
```

進入/離開區域時通知

```
let content = UNMutableNotificationContent()

content.title = "歡迎光臨"

content.subtitle = "\((region as! CLBeaconRegion).minor)"

content.badge = 1

content.sound = UNNotificationSound.default

let request = UNNotificationRequest(identifier: "notification", content: content, trigger: nil)

UNUserNotificationCenter.current().add(request, withCompletionHandler: nil)

if CLLocationManager.isRangingAvailable() {

locationManager.startRangingBeacons(in: region as! CLBeaconRegion)

}
```

側測 Beacons

```
locationManager.startRangingBeacons(in: region)

func locationManager(_ manager: CLLocationManager, didRangeBeacons beacons: [CLBeacon], in region:
CLBeaconRegion) {

for beacon in beacons{
    print(beacon.proximityUUID, beacon.major, beacon.minor)
}
}
```

Beacon 距離

```
switch beacon.proximity {
    case .immediate:
        print("immediate")
    case .near:
        print("near")
    case .far:
        print("far")
    case .unknown:
        print("unknown")
    @unknown default:
        print("@unknown default")
}
```

beacon.accuracy

海龍公式計算座標

// c 為 Beacon1 與 Beacon 2 的距離, a 為 手機與 Beacon1 的 距離, b 為 Beacon2 的 var s = (a + b + c)/2 //由三角形三邊長取得海龍公司參數, 用來計算面積 var area = sqrt(s*(s-a)*(s-b)*(s-c)) //**取得面積** let y = area * 2 / c //由三角形面積估算Y 座標 let x = sqrt((a*a)-(y*y)) // 使用畢氏定理(勾股定理)計算x 座標 print("x:\(x) y:\(y)")