

笨办法学新概念3

Learn English the Hard Way



Lesson 3 An unknown goddess

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Lesson 3 An unknown goddess

Some time ago, an interesting discovery was made by archaeologists on the Aegean island of Kea. An American team explored a temple which stands in an ancient city on the promontory of Ayia Irini. The city at one time must have been prosperous, for it enjoyed a high level of civilization. Houses -- often three storeys high -- were built of stone. They had large rooms with beautifully decorated walls. The city was equipped with a drainage system, for a great many clay pipes were found beneath the narrow streets.

The temple which the archaeologists explored was used as a place of worship from the fifteenth century B.C. until Roman times. In the most sacred room of temple, clay fragments of fifteen statues were found. Each of these represented a goddess and had, at one time, been painted. The body of one statue was found among remains dating from the fifteenth century B.C. It's missing head happened to be among remains of the fifth century B.C. This head must have been found in Classical times and carefully preserved. It was very old and precious even then. When the archaeologists reconstructed the fragments, they were amazed to find that the goddess turned out to be a very modern-looking woman. She stood three feet high and her hands rested on her hips. She was wearing a full-length skirt which swept the ground. Despite her great age, she was very graceful indeed, but, so far, the archaeologists have been unable to discover her identity.

Lesson 3 An unknown goddess

Some time ago, an interesting discovery was made by archaeologists on the Aegean island of Kea. 【SV】

sometimes: adv

- Sometimes I do some jogging.
- I went to our school library sometimes.

some times: n (adv)

- I have seen David Tao some times this year.
- After the divorce, he visited his son some times every year.

some time: n

- I spent some time doing homework.
- I studied English for some time last year.

sometime: adv

- This book is great. I'll read it sometime.
- I'll beat Larry sometime.

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Some time ago, an interesting discovery was made by archaeologists on the Aegean island of Kea. 【SV】

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不久以前，在爱琴海的基亚岛上，考古学家有一项有趣的发现。

Some time ago, an interesting discovery was made by archaeologists on the Aegean island of Kea.

不久以前，爱琴海基亚岛上的考古学家有一项有趣的发现。

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An American team explored a temple which stands in an ancient city on the promontory of Ayia Irini. [SVO]

- An American team explored a temple which stands in an ancient city on the promontory of Ayia Irini.
- An American team explored a temple standing in an ancient city on the promontory of Ayia Irini.
- I ran into a little girl who stood by the door.
- I ran into a little girl standing by the door.
- The girl who stood there was named Sally.
- The girl standing there was named Sally.

Lesson 3 An unknown goddess

The city at one time must have been prosperous, for it enjoyed a high level of civilization. 【SVP】

Houses -- often three storeys high -- were built of stone. 【SV】

英语中破折号的用法

Hyphen -

Used without spaces to connect words that work together:

- It was an **awe-inspiring** sight.
- This is a **well-known** fact.
- My **brother-in-law** is so **big-headed**!
- Few **twenty-one-year-olds** have their whole lives planned out.
- Your **ex-husband** is here.

En dash –

Used with spaces to mark a break in sentence structure or parenthetical statement in UK English:

- I'll be there – I promise!
- Dark, leafy greens – such as spinach – are an important part of a healthy diet.

Used without spaces in numerical ranges and to mean "to" in other contexts:

- Add **10–20** mg to the solution.
- I'm taking the **Amsterdam–London** train.

Em dash —

Used without spaces to mark a break in sentence structure or parenthetical statement in US English:

- I'll be there—I promise!
- Dark, leafy greens—such as spinach—are an important part of a healthy diet.

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英语中破折号的用法

An *em dash* is a punctuation mark that can be used to replace commas, parentheses, colons, and semicolons. In general, the *em dash* is seen as being more interruptive or striking than other punctuation, so it is often used stylistically to draw a reader's attention to a particular bit of information.

破折号可以用来替代逗号、括号、冒号、以及分号。总体而言，和其他标点符号相比，破折号有更大的停顿感，也更加引人注目，因此通常被用来介绍某些特定信息，以此吸引读者的注意力。

- Jay Chou—the best musician in China—is loved everywhere.
- Jay Chou—my beloved!—is planning a tour!
- After listening to Jay Chou's concert, she realized she had forgotten the most important thing—to post on her Moments.
- Jay Chou didn't sing Hair Like Snow at the concert—it was the biggest regret of my concert experience of all time.

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英语中破折号的用法

◆ 代替逗号

- Jay Chou, the best musician in China, is loved everywhere.
- Jay Chou—the best musician in China—is loved everywhere.

◆ 代替括号 (parentheses)

- Jay Chou(my beloved!)is planning a tour!
- Jay Chou—my beloved!—is planning a tour!

◆ 代替冒号

- After listening to Jay Chou's concert, she realized she had forgotten the most important thing: to post on her Moments.
- After listening to Jay Chou's concert, she realized she had forgotten the most important thing—to post on her Moments.

◆ 代替分号

- Jay Chou didn't sing Hair Like Snow at the concert; it was the biggest regret of my concert experience of all time.
- Jay Chou didn't sing Hair Like Snow at the concert—it was the biggest regret of my concert experience of all time.

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The city **was equipped** **with a drainage system,** **for a great many clay pipes**
were found beneath the narrow streets. 【SV】

- **A great many clay pipes were found** **beneath the narrow streets.**
- **A great many clay pipes were found** **lying beneath the narrow streets.**
- **A great many clay pipes were found** **undamaged.**
- **A great many clay pipes were found** **undamaged beneath the narrow streets.**

- **Puma fur was found** **clinging to bushes.**
- **Puma fur was found** **in bushes.**
- **Puma fur was found** **more beautiful.**

- **Some people found** **puma fur clinging to bushes.**
- **Puma fur was found** **clinging to bushes** (by some people).

Lesson 3 An unknown goddess

The temple which the archaeologists explored was used as a place of worship from the fifteenth century B.C. until Roman times. 【SV】

In the most sacred room of temple, clay fragments of fifteen statues were found. 【SV】

Each of these represented a goddess and had, at one time, been painted. 【SVO + SV】

Lesson 3 An unknown goddess

The body of one statue was found among remains dating from the fifteenth century B.C. 【SV】

◆ date的用法

- What's the **date** of this old house. 【n】
- This E-mail **was dated** October 15, 2022. 【vt】
- Sally **dates** a lot of pretty boys. 【vt】
- Sally can **date** all those rocks. 【vt】
- Archaeologists have **dated** this site **to** the Ming dynasty. 【vt, 人作主语】
- This statue **dates (back) to** the fifteenth century B.C. 【vt, 物品作主语】
- That **dates** you! 【vt, 物品作主语】
- 马督公's stuff **doesn't date**. 【vt, 物品作主语】

Lesson 3 An unknown goddess

It's missing head happened to be among remains of the fifth century B.C.

【SVP】

This head must have been found in Classical times and carefully preserved.

【SV+SV】

It was very old and precious even then. 【SVP】

When the archaeologists reconstructed the fragments, they were amazed to find that the goddess turned out to be a very modern-looking woman. 【SVP】

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She stood three feet high and her hands rested on her hips. 【SVP+SV】

She was wearing a full-length skirt which swept the ground. 【SVO】

◆ 【数字 + 量词】 + tall/long/...

- This building is 80 feet high/tall.
- Larry gave a speech that was 10 pages long.
- The door is three feet wide.
- ...

◆ 一般过去时 VS 过去进行时

- She **wore** a full-length skirt sweeping the ground.
- She **was wearing** a full-length skirt sweeping the ground.
- The day dawned, and birds **chirped**.
- The day dawned, and birds **were chirping**.
- The baby **cried**, and the mother came over to pick him up.
- The baby **was crying**, and the mother came over to pick him up.

四个类别的动词 + 三个类别的时间状语

- 第一类动词：状态动词 (states) **know, love, have, want...**
 - 第二类动词：活动动词 (activities) **walk, swim, write, read...**
 - 第三类动词：过程动词 (accomplishments) **build, persuade, prepare...**
 - 第四类动词：瞬间动词 (achievements) **kill, drop, catch, arrive...**
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- 第一类时间状语：时间点： **tomorrow morning at 11, three years ago...**
 - 第二类时间状语：定位时间段： **since 2018, during the first half of last year...**
 - 第二类时间状语：不定位时间段： **for one year, for three days...**

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Despite her great age, she was very graceful indeed, but, so far, the archaeologists have been unable to discover her identity. [SVP + SVP]

◆ 语气副词 **indeed** 的用法

- Larry is **indeed** a good guy. 【 “的确” 】
- That's a good car **indeed**. 【 “的确” 】
- She is very beautiful **indeed**. 【 “的确” 】

- Most netizens, and **indeed** those Biu-s, have been brainwashed. 【 “甚至” “尤其” 】
- I checked Larry's channel, and this guy is cool **indeed**! 【 “果然” “真的” 】
- ---峰哥 has gone to the Golden Triangle. ---**Indeed**! 【 “我了个去!” “好家伙!” 】