

Problem

One control task J_c and two tasks J_1 and J_2 are executed on a preemptive CPU. The tasks have the release time zero and the following characteristics:

Task	T_i	D_i	C_i
J_1	3	3	1
J_2	4	4	1
J_c	8	8	3

- Determine the utilization factor and the schedule length? [2p]
- Are the tasks J_1 , J_2 and J_c schedulable under earliest deadline first (EDF) scheduling algorithm? What is the worst case response time for J_1 , J_2 and J_c [4p]
- Are the tasks J_1 , J_2 and J_c schedulable under rate monotonic (RM) scheduling? What is the worst case response time for J_1 , J_2 and J_c . [4p]

Hint: $2^{1/3} = 1.26$.

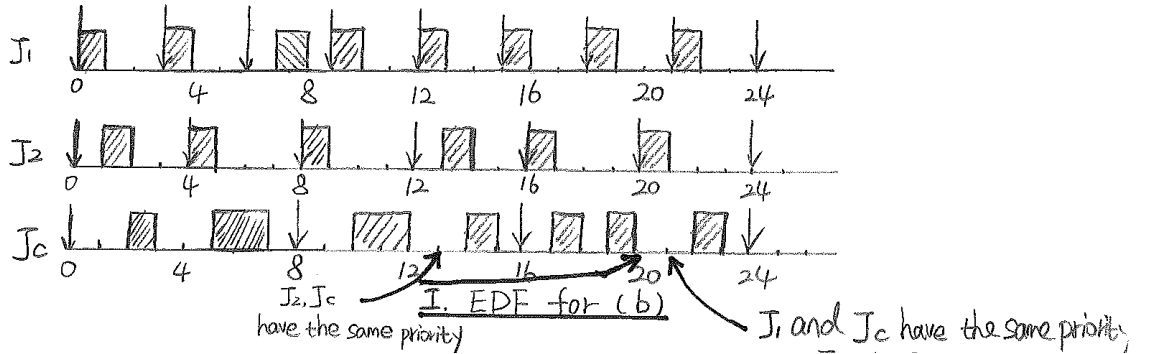
Solution

- The utilization factor is determined by

$$U = \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{C_i}{T_i} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{8} \approx 0.96.$$

The schedule length is $lcm(3, 4, 8) = 24$.

- Tasks J_1 , J_2 and J_c are schedulable by EDF as the utilization factor 0.96 is less than 1. *Worst-case response time* for a task is the largest time between release and termination. For EDF, it can only be determined by drawing the corresponding schedule:



The worst response time for J_1 , J_2 and J_c are 2, 2 and 7.

- Since the utilization factor is higher than $3(2^{1/3} - 1) = 0.78$, we cannot conclude if the tasks are schedulable by RM. Let the worst-case response time of J_1 , J_2 and J_c be denoted R_1 , R_2 and R_c . The fixed priority is assigned that J_1 has the highest priority, J_2 medium priority and J_c lowest priority.

For task J_1 , $R_1 = C_1 = 1 \leq D_1 = 3$.

For task J_2 ,

$$R_2^0 = C_2 = 1$$

$$R_2^1 = C_2 + \left\lceil \frac{R_2^0}{T_1} \right\rceil C_1 = 1 + \left\lceil \frac{1}{3} \right\rceil 1 = 2$$

$$R_2^2 = C_2 + \left\lceil \frac{R_2^1}{T_1} \right\rceil C_1 = 1 + \left\lceil \frac{2}{3} \right\rceil 1 = 2 \leq D_2 = 4$$

For task J_c ,

$$R_c^0 = C_c = 3$$

$$R_c^1 = C_c + \left\lceil \frac{R_c^0}{T_1} \right\rceil C_1 + \left\lceil \frac{R_c^0}{T_2} \right\rceil C_2 = 3 + \left\lceil \frac{3}{3} \right\rceil 1 + \left\lceil \frac{3}{4} \right\rceil 1 = 5$$

$$R_c^2 = C_c + \left\lceil \frac{R_c^1}{T_1} \right\rceil C_1 + \left\lceil \frac{R_c^1}{T_2} \right\rceil C_2 = 3 + \left\lceil \frac{5}{3} \right\rceil 1 + \left\lceil \frac{5}{4} \right\rceil 1 = 7$$

$$R_c^3 = C_c + \left\lceil \frac{R_c^2}{T_1} \right\rceil C_1 + \left\lceil \frac{R_c^2}{T_2} \right\rceil C_2 = 3 + \left\lceil \frac{7}{3} \right\rceil 1 + \left\lceil \frac{7}{4} \right\rceil 1 = 8$$

$$R_c^4 = C_c + \left\lceil \frac{R_c^3}{T_1} \right\rceil C_1 + \left\lceil \frac{R_c^3}{T_2} \right\rceil C_2 = 3 + \left\lceil \frac{8}{3} \right\rceil 1 + \left\lceil \frac{8}{4} \right\rceil 1 = 8 \leq D_c = 8.$$

Thus the three tasks are schedulable with rate monotonic, as the worst response time $R_1 = 1 \leq D_1$, $R_2 = 2 \leq D_2$, and $R_c = 8 \leq D_c$. It can also be verified by the schedule below:

