

\*\* Reading Assignment: Chap. 3 and Chap.5 in A.V. Oppenheim and R.W. Schaffer, 1999.

Homework Problems in the Text book by A.V. Oppenheim and R.W. Schaffer, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 1999.

1. Problem 3.8

**3.8.** The system function of a causal linear time-invariant system is

$$H(z) = \frac{1 - z^{-1}}{1 + \frac{3}{4}z^{-1}}.$$

The input to this system is

$$x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n] + u[-n - 1].$$

- (a) Find the impulse response of the system,  $h[n]$ .
- (b) Find the output  $y[n]$ .
- (c) Is the system stable? That is, is  $h[n]$  absolutely summable?

2. Problem 3.9

**3.9.** A causal LTI system has impulse response  $h[n]$ , for which the  $z$ -transform is

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + z^{-1}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 + \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}\right)}.$$

- (a) What is the region of convergence of  $H(z)$ ?
- (b) Is the system stable? Explain.
- (c) Find the  $z$ -transform  $X(z)$  of an input  $x[n]$  that will produce the output

$$y[n] = -\frac{1}{3}\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u[n] - \frac{4}{3}(2)^n u[-n - 1].$$

- (d) Find the impulse response  $h[n]$  of the system.

3. Problem 3.18

**3.18.** A causal LTI system has the system function

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1} + z^{-2}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)(1 - z^{-1})}.$$

- (a) Find the impulse response of the system,  $h[n]$ .
- (b) Find the output of this system,  $y[n]$ , for the input

$$x[n] = e^{j(\pi/2)n}.$$

4. Problem 3.23

**3.23.** An LTI system is characterized by the system function

$$H(z) = \frac{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-2})}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1})}, \quad |z| > \frac{1}{2}.$$

- (a) Determine the impulse response of the system.
- (b) Determine the difference equation relating the system input  $x[n]$  and the system output  $y[n]$ .

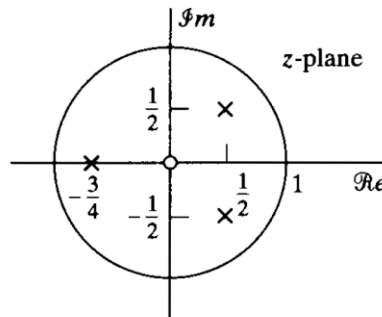
5. Problem 3.28

**3.28.** Determine the inverse  $z$ -transform of each of the following. You should find the  $z$ -transform properties in Section 3.4 helpful.

- (a)  $X(z) = \frac{3z^{-3}}{(1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1})^2}, \quad x[n] \text{ left sided}$
- (b)  $X(z) = \sin(z), \quad \text{ROC includes } |z| = 1$
- (c)  $X(z) = \frac{z^7 - 2}{1 - z^{-7}}, \quad |z| > 1$

6. Problem 3.32

**3.32.** The pole-zero diagram in Figure P3.32-1 corresponds to the  $z$ -transform  $X(z)$  of a causal sequence  $x[n]$ . Sketch the pole-zero diagram of  $Y(z)$ , where  $y[n] = x[-n+3]$ . Also, specify the region of convergence for  $Y(z)$ .



**Figure P3.32-1**

7. Problem 3.34

**3.34.** Consider an LTI system that is stable and for which  $H(z)$ , the  $z$ -transform of the impulse response, is given by

$$H(z) = \frac{3 - 7z^{-1} + 5z^{-2}}{1 - \frac{5}{2}z^{-1} + z^{-2}}.$$

Suppose  $x[n]$ , the input to the system, is a unit step sequence.

- (a) Find the output  $y[n]$  by evaluating the discrete convolution of  $x[n]$  and  $h[n]$ .
- (b) Find the output  $y[n]$  by computing the inverse  $z$ -transform of  $Y(z)$ .

8. Problem 3.44

**3.44.** When the input to a causal LTI system is

$$x[n] = -\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^n u[n] - \frac{4}{3} 2^n u[-n-1],$$

the  $z$ -transform of the output is

$$Y(z) = \frac{1 + z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1}) \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} z^{-1}\right) (1 - 2z^{-1})}.$$

- (a)** Find the  $z$ -transform of  $x[n]$ .
- (b)** What is the region of convergence of  $Y(z)$ ?
- (c)** Find the impulse response of the system.
- (d)** Is the system stable?