# PROJECT ASSIGNMENT PRESENTATION

2024/02/21

# HOW AND WHAT WE USE

- 使用 Python 撰寫 parser 來統計 title 和 keyword 數量
- 運用 set 和 dictionary(map)

### **ASSIGNMENT 2.1**

#### Code

```
iterate through each file
 or file_path in file_paths:
   with open(file_path, 'r', encoding="utf-8") as file:
       # initialize title and insideTI
       title = ""
       insideTI = False
       # iterate through each line
       for line in file:
           if line.startswith("TI "):
               insideTI = True
               title += line[3:].strip()
           elif line.startswith(" ") and insideTI:
               title += line[3:].strip()
               if title in titles:
                   print("---")
                   print(f'Title "{title}" appears in "{file_path}".')
                   print(f'Title "{title}" appears in "{title_file[title]}".')
                   print("---")
               if title != "":
                   count += 1
                   titles.add(title)
                   title_file[title] = file_path
               # re-initialize title and insideTI
               title = ""
               insideTI = False
print(f"Number of titles: {count}")
print(f"Number of unique titles: {len(titles)}")
```

### Output

Number of titles: 26287

Number of unique titles: 26269

### **ASSIGNMENT 2.2**

#### Code

```
or file_path in file_paths:
   with open(file_path, 'r', encoding="utf-8") as file:
       keyword = ""
       insideDE = False
       for line in file:
           if line.startswith("DE "):
               insideDE = True
               keyword += line[3:].strip()
           # contents inside the DE tag
           elif line.startswith(" ") and insideDE:
               keyword += line[3:].strip()
               # add each keyword into the set and dictionary
               if keyword != "":
                   keyword = keyword.split(';')
                   for word in keyword:
                      word = word.strip() # .lower() to avoid same keywords but with different upper/lower characters
                       # if word in keyword_count, increase keyword_count[word] by one
                       if keyword_count.get(word, False):
                           keyword_count[word] += 1
                           keyword_count[word] = 1
               keyword = ""
               insideDE = False
sorted_keywords = sorted(keyword_count.items(), key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
 ith open('output.txt', 'w') as file:
   for key, value in sorted_keywords:
       print(f"{key}({value})", file=file)
```

### Output

```
autonomous vehicles(2885)
     autonomous vehicle(1102)
3 autonomous driving(982)
     autonomous aerial vehicles(911)
     path planning(737)
     deep learning(723)
     vehicle dynamics(721)
     trajectory(715)
     optimization(620)
     task analysis(591)
     safety(585)
     sensors(571)
     autonomous underwater vehicle(566)
     navigation(529)
     collision avoidance(520)
     roads (498)
     reinforcement learning(451)
     uav(447)
     object detection(435)
     machine learning(415)
     auv(414)
     autonomous underwater vehicles(398)
     feature extraction(359)
     planning(356)
25 artificial intelligence(328)
     unmanned aerial vehicles(327)
     localization(322)
     autonomous underwater vehicle (auv)(320)
     computer vision(315)
     cameras(305)
```

# PROJECT ASSIGNMENT PRESENTATION

2024/03/06

## SEARCH RESULTS FOR AUTONOMOUS VEHICLE

■ 搜尋 Autonomous Vehicle 的資料筆數截圖(截取時間 2024/01/26)

26,287 results from Web of Science Core Collection for:

Q Autonomous Vehicle (Topic)

### **DUPLICATE TITLES**

#### Code

```
if line.startswith("AF "):
    insideAF = True
    author.append(line[3:].strip())
# contents inside the AF tag
elif line.startswith(" ") and insideAF:
   author.append(line[3:].strip())
   insideAF = False
if line.startswith("TI "):
   insideTI = True
   title += line[3:].strip()
elif line.startswith(" ") and insideTI:
   title += line[3:].strip()
   if title in titles:
       print("---")
        print(f'Title "{title}" appears in "{file_path}".')
       print(f'Title "{title}" appears in "{title_file[title]}".')
        # check if the authors are same
        print(len(author))
        for i in author:
           print(i, end=" ")
        print()
        for i in title_author[title]:
           print(i, end=" ")
        if len(set(author).intersection(title_author[title])) == len(author):
           print(f'All Same!')
           print(f'Different!')
    # add title count and add title, author into the set and dictionary
    if title != "" and len(author) != 0:
        count += 1
        titles.add(title)
        title_file[title] = file_path
        title_author[title] = author
        # re-initialize author and insideAF
        author = []
```

### Partial Output

```
Title "SoftPOSIT: Simultaneous pose and correspondence determination" appears in "autonomous_vehicle_data_records/18.txt". Title "SoftPOSIT: Simultaneous pose and correspondence determination" appears in "autonomous_vehicle_data_records/17.txt". 4

David, P Dementhon, D Duraiswami, R Samet, H David, P DeMenthon, D Duraiswami, R Samet, H Different!

---

Title "Collaborative Motion Planning Based on the Improved Ant Colony Algorithmfor Multiple Autonomous Vehicles" appears in "autonomous_vehicle_data_records/26.txt". Title "Collaborative Motion Planning Based on the Improved Ant Colony Algorithmfor Multiple Autonomous Vehicles" appears in "autonomous_vehicle_data_records/1.txt". 4

Alomari, Hakam W. Al-Badarneh, Amer F. Al-Alaj, Abdullah Khamaiseh, Samer Y. Su, Shengchao Ju, Xiang Xu, Chaojie Dai, Yufeng Different!

---

Title "Some statistical challenges in automated driving systems" appears in "autonomous_vehicle_data_records/21.txt". Title "Some statistical challenges in automated driving systems" appears in "autonomous_vehicle_data_records/2.txt". 3

Caballero, William N. Insua, David Rios Naveiro, Roi All Same!
```

# **DUPLICATE TITLES**

### Results

- II duplicate title papers have the same author, while the other 7 have different
- 2 of the II papers have the author name not completely same

### TRENDS

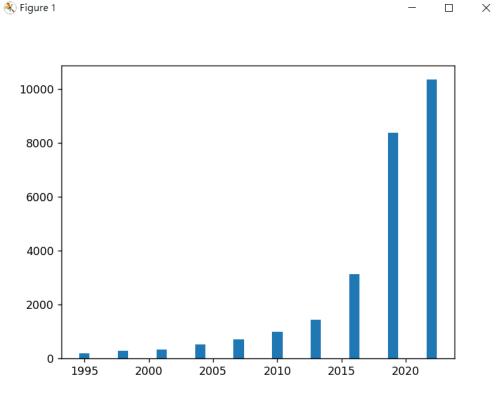
- 使用 Python 中的 Matplotlib 來呈現圖表
- 選取幾個比較有代表性的關鍵字來觀察
- 以下圖表皆以三年為一區間 (1995 ~ 2024)

```
while x <= 2024:
    x_{axis.append(x)}
    x+=y
y_axis=[0] * 10
for k, v in coun.items():
    y_axis[k]=v
plt.bar(x_axis, y_axis)
plt.title(s)
plt.yticks(range(0, max(y_axis)+25, 25))
plt.show()
```

# TRENDS(AMOUNT OF PAPERS BY YEAR)

Code

### Graph



# **TRENDS**

### Code

```
else:
    # add each keyword into the set and dictionary
    if keyword != "":
        keyword = keyword.split(';')
        for word in keyword:
            word = word.strip().lower() # .lower() to avoid same keywords bu
            if(word==s):
                line = file.readline()
                while line.startswith("PY ") != True:
                    line = file.readline()
                if line.startswith("PY "):
                        z+=1
                       year=line[3:].strip()
                        ke = int((int(line[3:].strip()) - x) / y)
                        if ke in coun:
                            coun[ke] += 1
                        else:
                            coun[ke] = 1
    # re-initialize keyword and insideDE
    keyword = ""
    insideDE = False
```

# **TRENDS**

