$$\chi = r \cosh t + \int l^2 - r^2 \sin^2 \omega t$$

$$= r \cosh t + \int l - \frac{r^2}{l^2} \sin^2 \omega t$$

→ Taylor 居开, 多略二門小堂. $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r}{L} \right)^{2} \sin^{2} \omega t \right] dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r}{L} \right)^{2} \sin^{2} \omega t \right] dt = 0$

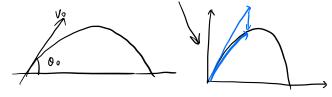
$$S. X = Voswt + U \left[1 - \frac{r^2}{2L^2} sin^2 wt \right]$$

$$V(X) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt} = -rw \left[sinwt + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r}{L} \right)^2 sin^2 ut \right]$$

$$a(t) = \frac{dv(t)}{t} = \cdots$$

2.
$$\frac{1}{2}v3$$
: $a = \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{dv}{dx} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{Vdv}{dx}$

81-2



$$\begin{cases} 1-3. \\ 1 \stackrel{?}{a} = \stackrel{?}{a}_{t} + \stackrel{?}{a}_{n}. \\ \downarrow \\ to = \frac{dv}{dt} \stackrel{?}{e}_{t} \end{cases} \stackrel{12}{e}_{n} \stackrel{12}{e}_{n}$$

2.
$$\vec{q}_n = \frac{v^2}{\rho} \vec{e}_n$$
, $\rho \Rightarrow \vec{b} \neq \hat{k}$

は向前处处据向国の

3. 岁知道曲线(轨迹方韵)时, 可以考虑对轨迹才打求争力 得出 a= Jan2+at· i たっかは另一下 an or at る角室所有

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\text{dep} & \begin{cases}
x' = x - ut \\
y' = y \\
z' = z \\
t' = t
\end{cases}$$

2 注意是用 U 车地 远走 V地车 二类反向

8 1-5

$$1 = \frac{d\bar{p}}{dt} = m \frac{d^2\bar{r}}{dt^2}$$

4 路物的方部中部的时间设备 + C

t. 当 X= fudt 不知表示. 可考压净过来 $v = \frac{dx}{dt}$, 13 v R d x d sGeg: dt= dx , dx=vdt

也即是沙克, 不是假有 v-+ 意达式呵闹. v-x 也是-7 6.一个排落物的代接:

当两个力(或其他··) 所差无 n时(设为 Fa. FB) 可军用如下好族:

$$\begin{cases}
F_1 + F_2 \approx 2F_2 \\
F_1 - F_2 = dF_1
\end{cases}$$

Bit. B d0 > 0. Sin d0 = d0
$$\checkmark$$

cos d0 = $(-\sin\frac{d\theta^2}{2}) \rightarrow = 177 \text{ M/z}$

可是小结

1. 分段计算 a/v/- 时, 在v-t/a-t

图中记忆 积分上下新问题和



$$V = \left[\int_{0}^{\infty} dt \right] = \left[$$

2. 用绍矢表示学标在本 an/an对效果报的.

An
$$x = 3t$$
, $y = 12 - 3t^2$.

$$\vec{r} = (3t)\vec{i} + (12-3t^2)\vec{j}$$

$$\vec{v} = \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} = 3\vec{i} + (-6t)\vec{j}$$
, $\vec{E} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot (-6t)^2$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{d^2 \vec{r}}{dt^2} = -6 \vec{j} , \vec{a} = 42 / 5 -6.$$

$$a_{\tau} = \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{3 \cdot d}{dt} \left(\sqrt{4t^2 + 1} \right)$$

$$= 3 \cdot \frac{4 \cdot 2t}{2t} = \frac{12t}{2t}$$

$$= 3. \frac{4.24}{2\sqrt{4t^2+1}} = \frac{12t}{\sqrt{4t^2+1}}$$

$$\omega = \frac{v}{r}$$

Three
$$d = \frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{v}{r} \right)$$

表出对V·r的是t的函数、的各常量