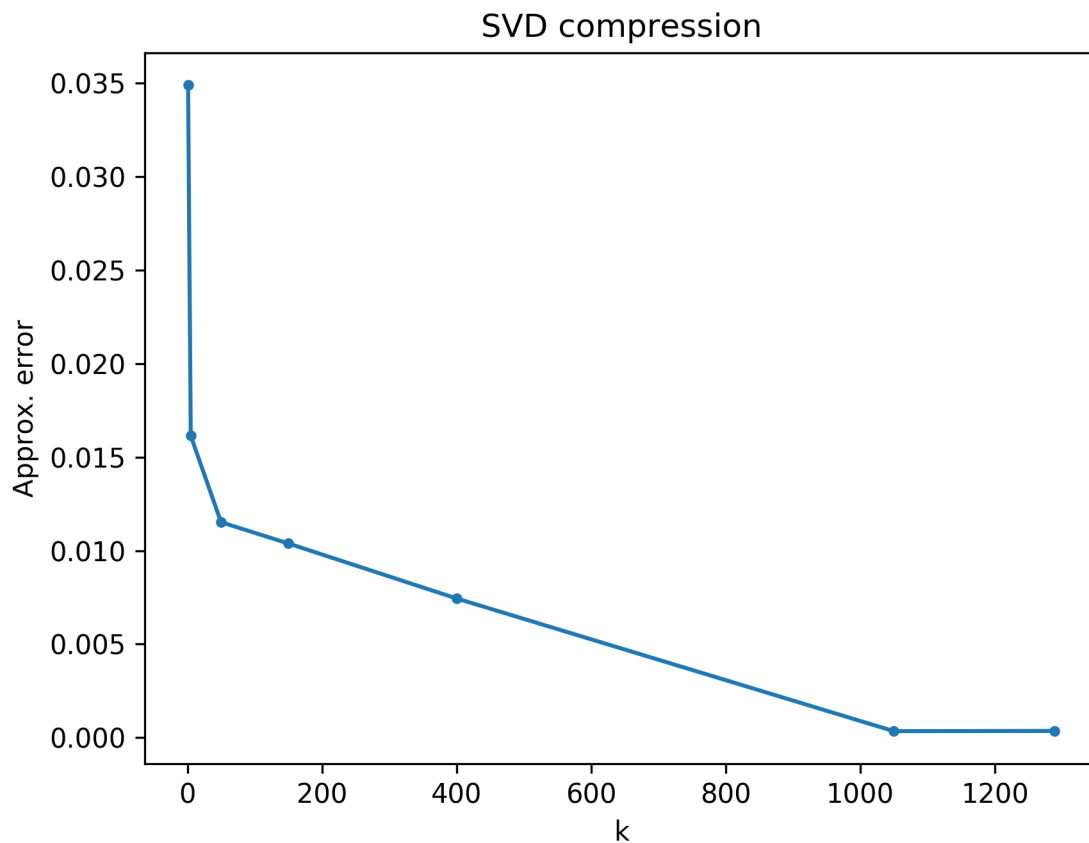


1. A plot includes curve describing the relation of k and approximation error



2. Analyze the rank of R channel of the provided image and explain how you analyze.

1, 5, 50, 150, 400, 1050, 1065 °

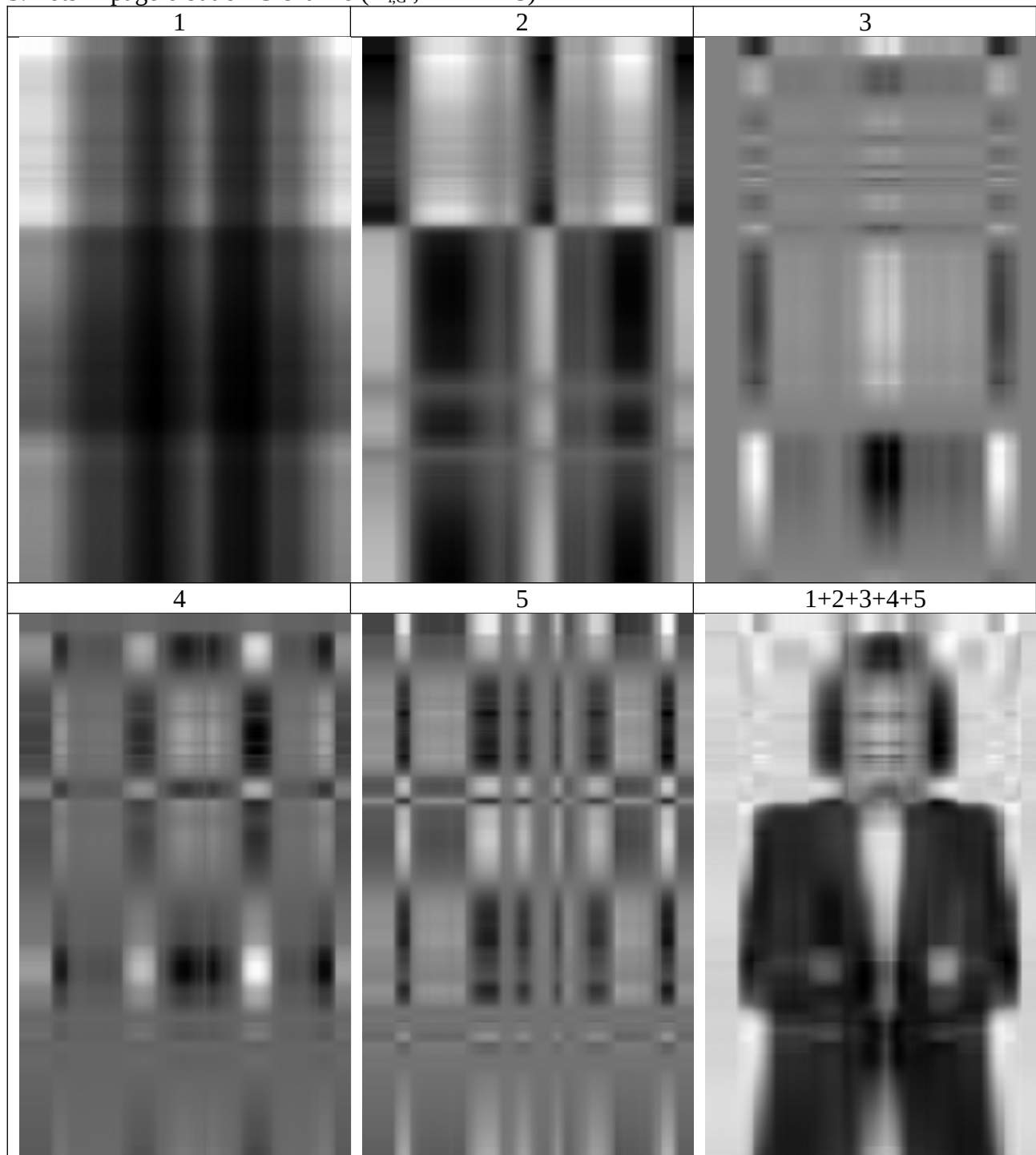
```
Perform SVD for k=1 ...  
rank = 1  
Perform SVD for k=5 ...  
rank = 5  
Perform SVD for k=50 ...  
rank = 50  
Perform SVD for k=150 ...  
rank = 150  
Perform SVD for k=400 ...  
rank = 400  
Perform SVD for k=1050 ...  
rank = 1050  
Perform SVD for k=1289 ...  
rank = 1065
```

取 rank 的方法就是直接用 numpy.linalg 的 matrix_rank :

```
if ch == 1:  
    print('\nrank =', np.linalg.matrix_rank(imArr_compressed[:, :, 1]))
```

而值得注意的是當 k=1289 時，rank 並非 1289，而是 1065，這是因為原本 svd 裡 sigma 那項就含有 0，因此 rank 才會比 k 值小。

3.Plots in page 6 but on G channel($A_{i,G}$, $\forall 1 \leq i \leq 5$)



註：是灰階而不是綠色是因為我把他降一個維度，這部份的 code 寫在 py 檔的 `__main__` (但註解掉了，避免執行上會發生奇怪的錯誤)。