

堆栈、队列(Stack、Queue)



本节内容

- 1. Stack First In First Out (FIFO)
 - Array or Linked List
- 2. Queue First In Last Out (FILO)
 - Array or Linked List

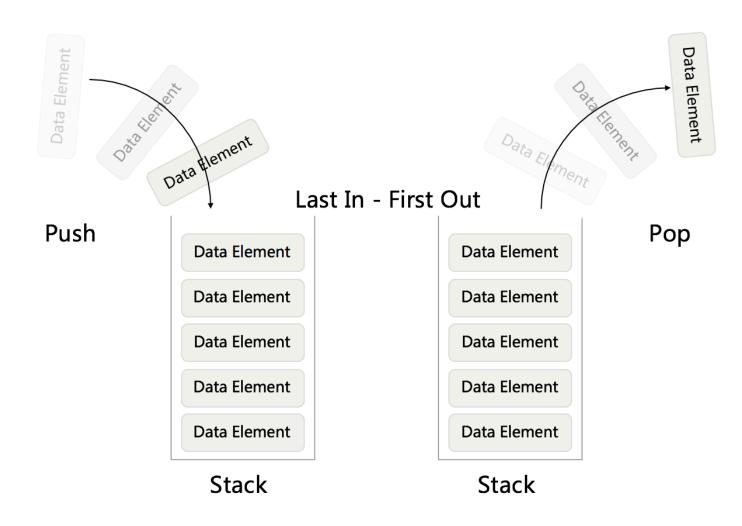


Stack





Stack

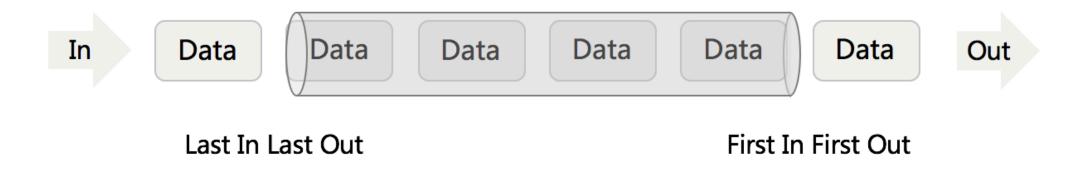




Queue







Queue

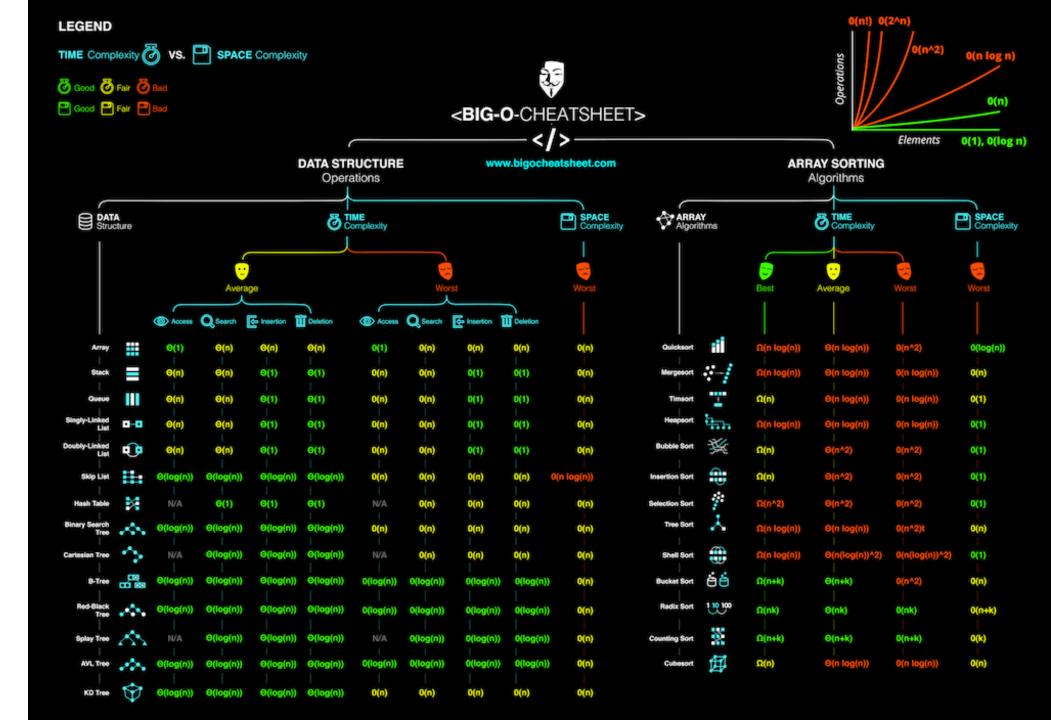
Common Data Structure Operations



Data Structure	Time Complexity								Space Complexity
	Average				Worst				Worst
	Access	Search	Insertion	Deletion	Access	Search	Insertion	Deletion	
Array	Θ(1)	<mark>Θ(n)</mark>	Θ(n)	<mark>Θ(n)</mark>	0(1)	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)
<u>Stack</u>	Θ(n)	Θ(n)	Θ(1)	Θ(1)	0(n)	0(n)	0(1)	0(1)	0(n)
Queue	Θ(n)	<mark>Θ(n)</mark>	Θ(1)	Θ(1)	0(n)	0(n)	0(1)	0(1)	0(n)
Singly-Linked List	Θ(n)	<mark>Θ(n)</mark>	Θ(1)	Θ(1)	0(n)	0(n)	0(1)	0(1)	0(n)
Doubly-Linked List	Θ(n)	Θ(n)	Θ(1)	Θ(1)	0(n)	0(n)	0(1)	0(1)	0(n)
Skip List	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)	0(n log(n))
Hash Table	N/A	Θ(1)	Θ(1)	Θ(1)	N/A	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)
Binary Search Tree	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)
Cartesian Tree	N/A	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	N/A	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)
B-Tree	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	O(log(n))	0(log(n))	0(log(n))	0(log(n))	0(n)
Red-Black Tree	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	O(log(n))	0(log(n))	0(log(n))	0(log(n))	0(n)
Splay Tree	N/A	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	N/A	0(log(n))	0(log(n))	0(log(n))	0(n)
AVL Tree	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	O(log(n))	O(log(n))	0(log(n))	0(log(n))	0(n)
KD Tree	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	Θ(log(n))	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)	0(n)

图片来源: http://www.bigocheatsheet.com/

Big O Cheat Sheet





实战题目

- 1. https://leetcode.com/problems/implement-queue-using-stacks/solution/
- 2. https://leetcode.com/problems/implement-stack-using-queues/description/
- 3. https://leetcode.com/problems/valid-parentheses/description/