

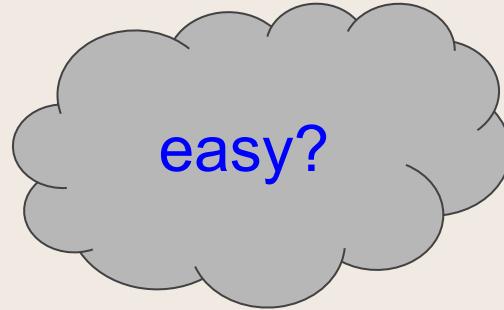
# Big data: An architecture for the real-time analysis

wshen24@asu.edu

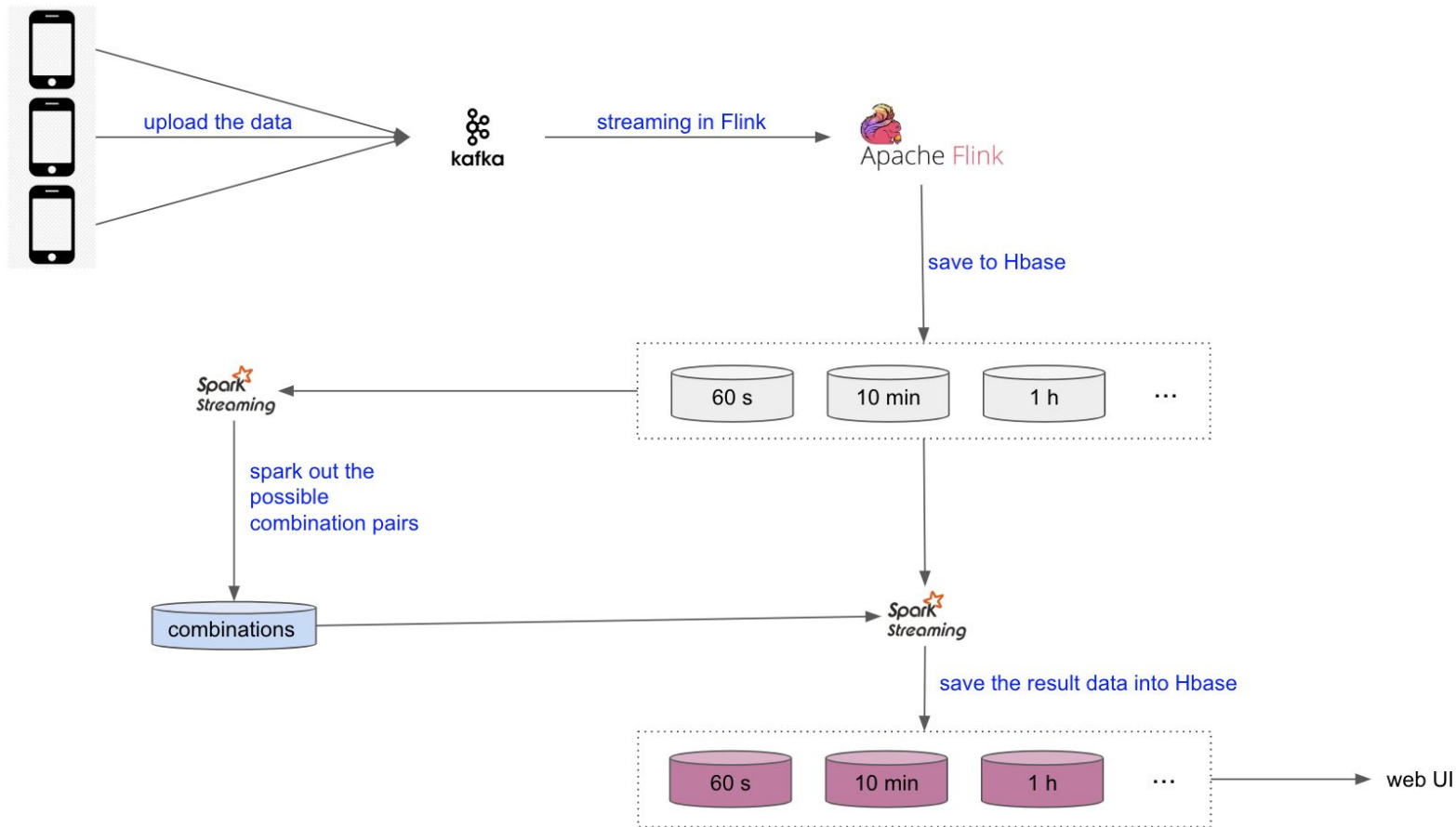
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# Purpose

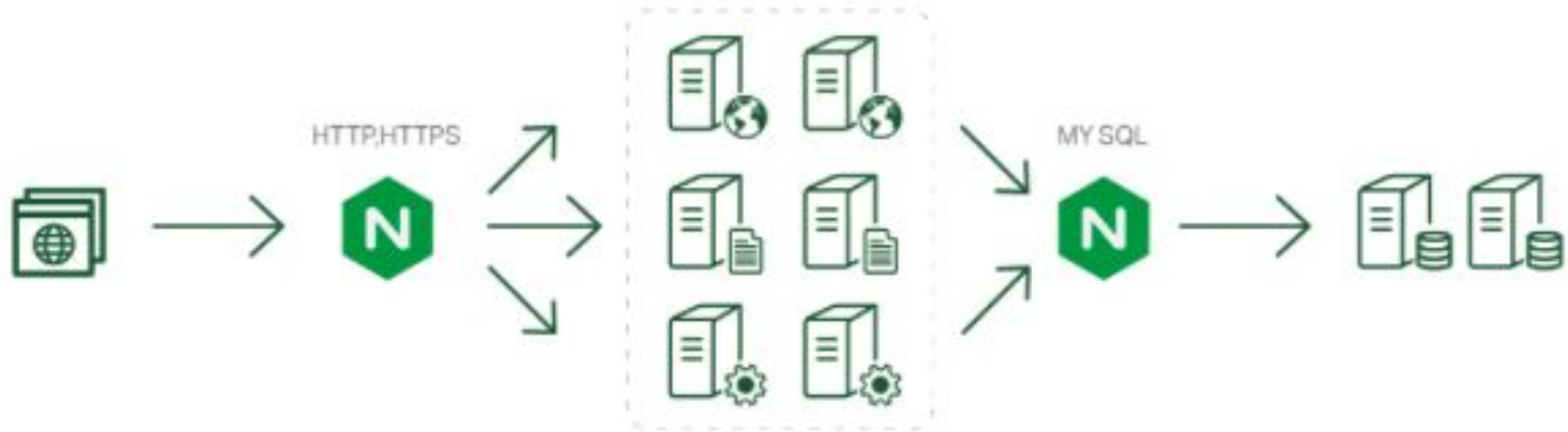
Get the number of particular users (location, mobile or age etc) in a reasonable time



## Overall architecture: Hbase cluster, Kafka cluster, Flink Cluster, Spark cluster, Python server ...



# Old-fashioned architecture



However, what happens if the page review speed at [1 million/s](#)?

What happens if we want to know more detailed information, when, where and how etc.

What can we know those information in reasonable real time?

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How can we get the page views during a period of time?

```
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM table.logs WHERE time = '2019-01-20'
```

If more details, visitor from AZ and using iPhone?

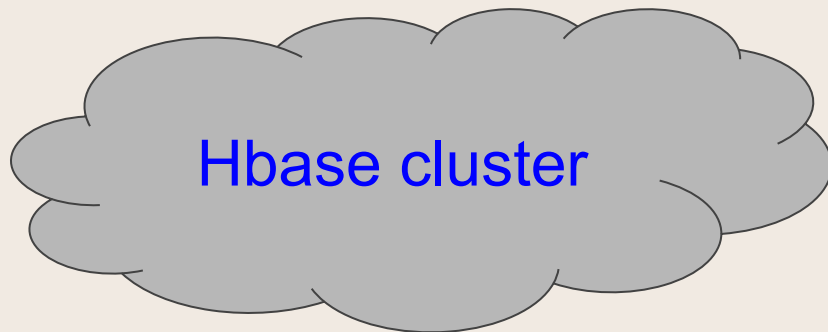
```
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM table.logs WHERE time = '2019-01-20' AND location = 'LA' AND device = 'iPhone'
```

It is not always the case when data is  
over 1 billions even 1, 000 billions

# Storage

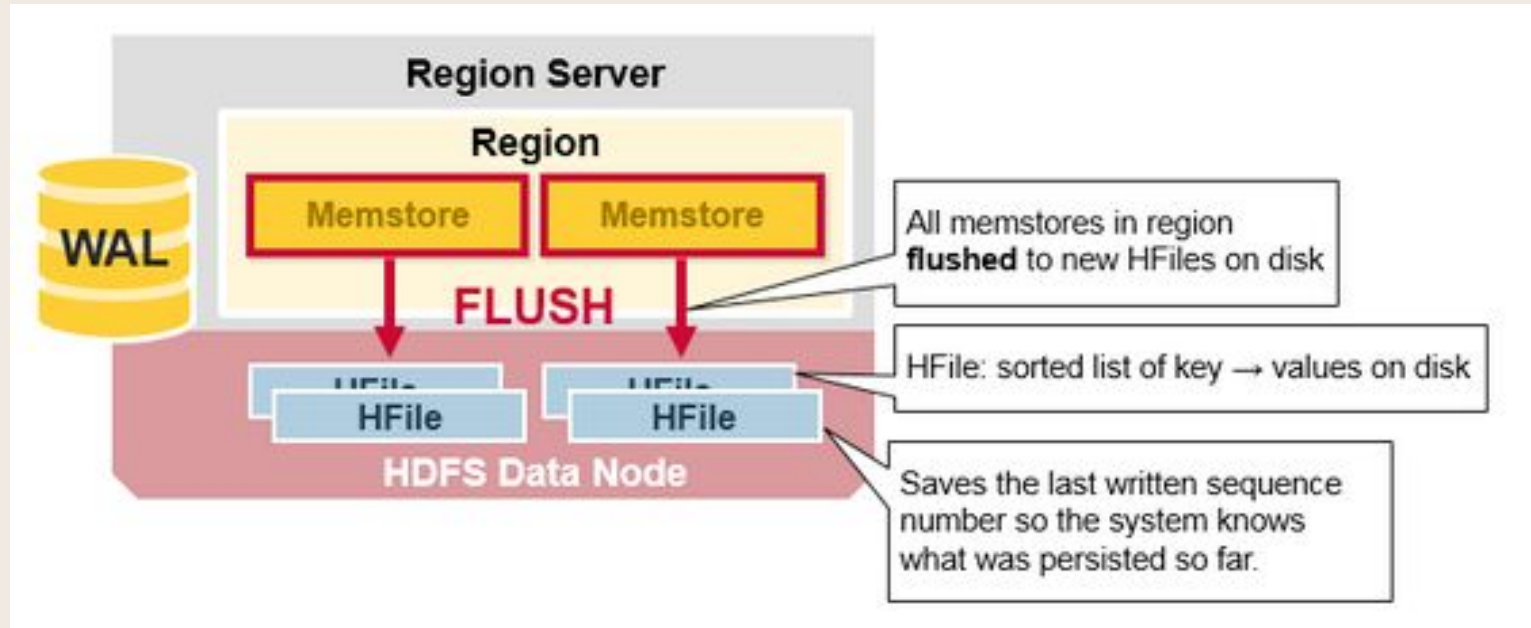
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1,000, 000, 000 new messages every day !!!



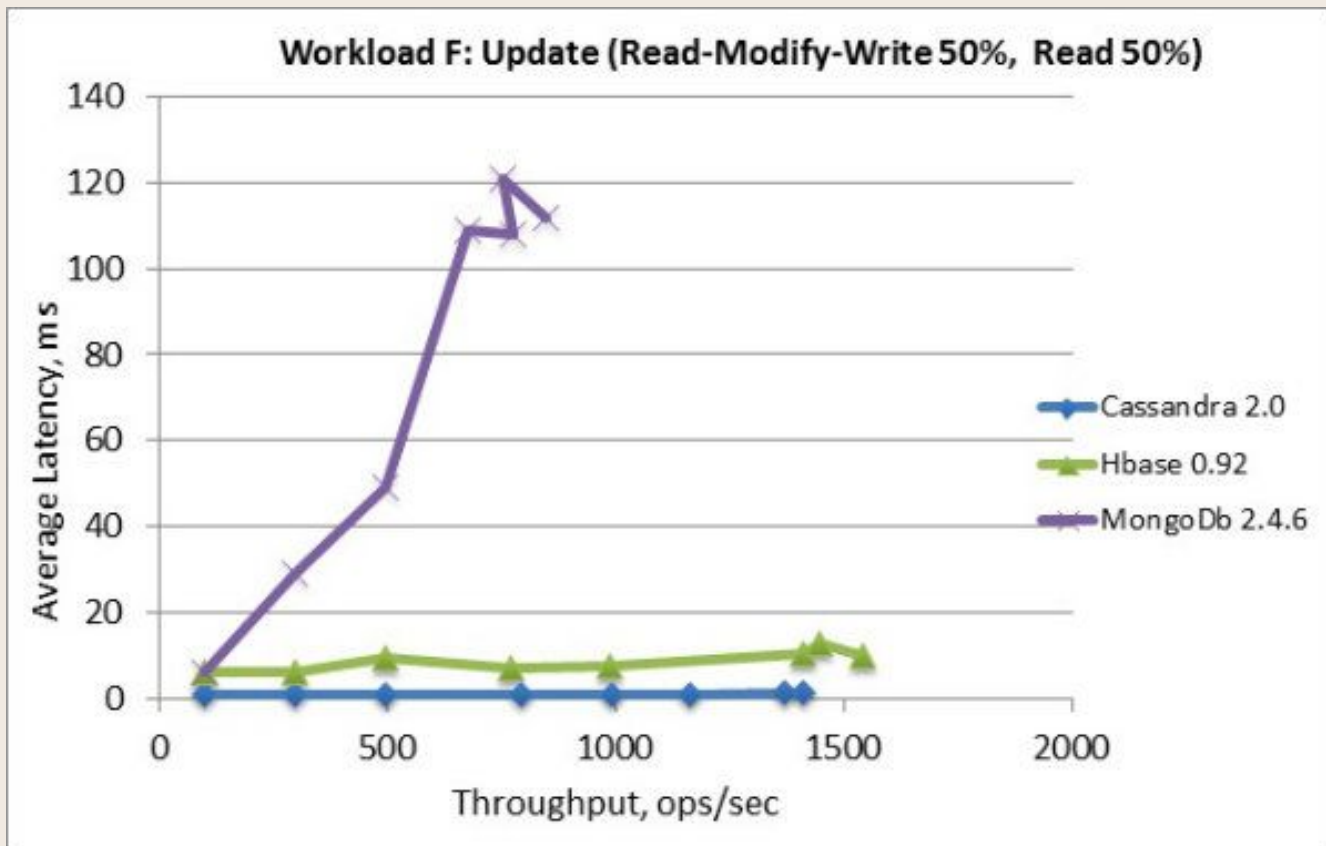


## WAL: Write-Ahead-Log



Great Performance on Writing with huge data !!!

## Read performance



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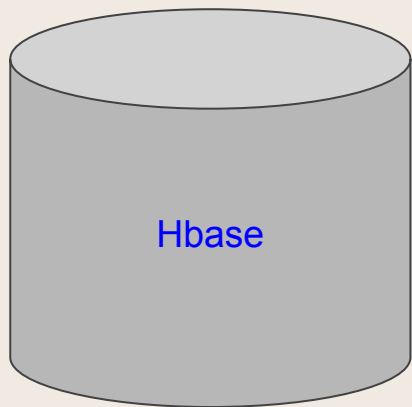


Key-Value !!!  
Calibrate keys

# The design of key

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```
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM table.logs WHERE time = '2019-01-20' AND location = 'LA' AND device = 'iPhone'
```



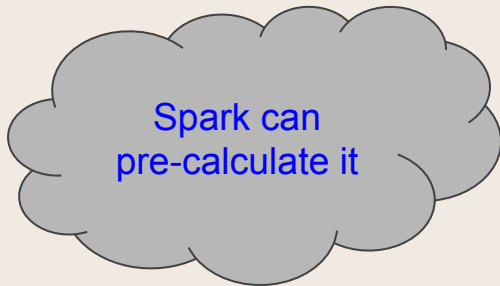
Key:

`{cluster_id}#{date}#{app_id}#{location->LA}#{device->iPhone}`

Value:

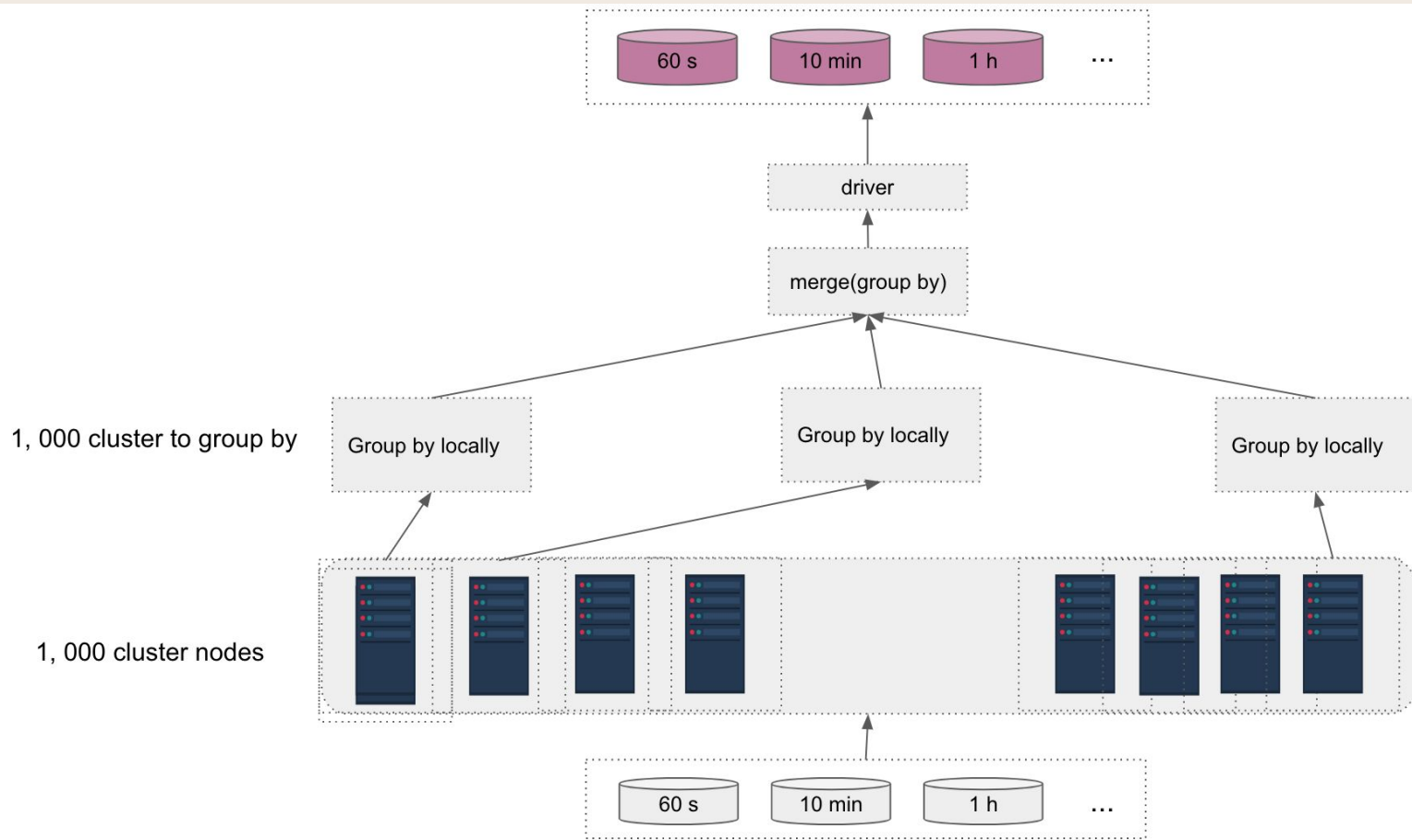
Integer

How to get that Key and Value?

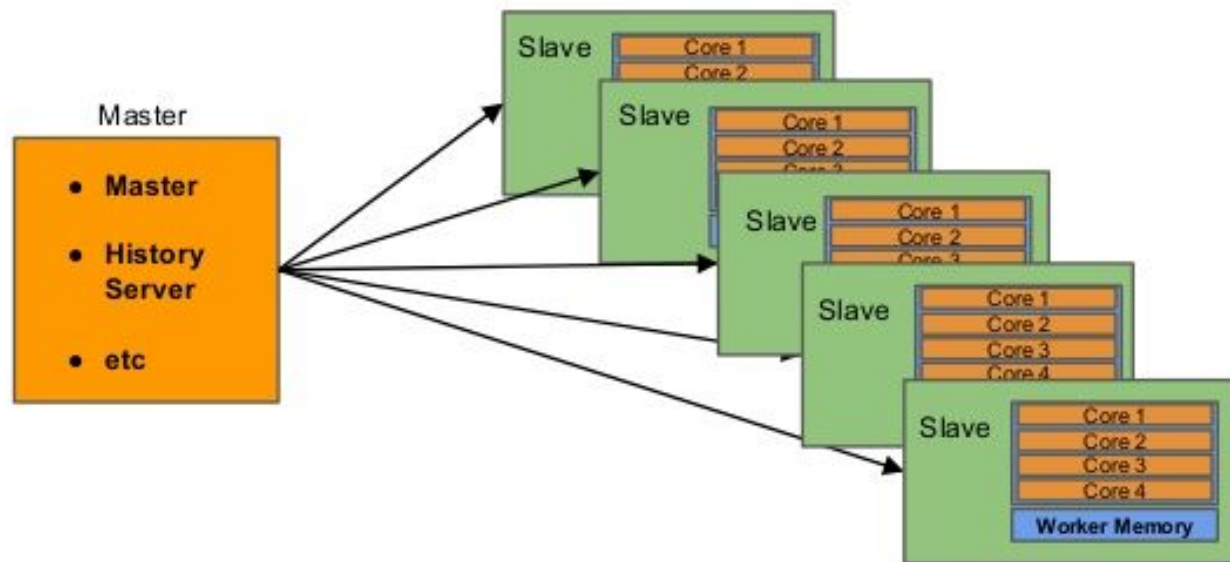


Reference: <http://hbase.apache.org/book.html#rowkey.design>

# Spark flow



## Spark Standalone Cluster - Architecture



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Congratulations! It's a patent now!





**End**