The BTL Model

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1 The BTL Model –

Suppose g is a K-dim vector, with one and only one component to be equal to 1, for each pair, $p(< w, v > |g_k = 1) = p^k(w \succ v) \times \prod_{k' \neq k} p^{k'}(w \succeq v)$. then the probability of generating a session observation d given the hidden aspect a is defined as:

$$p(d|g,\theta,V,U) = p(d|\Theta^t,g) = \prod_{w \in W^d, v \in L^d, \mathbf{w} \succeq_{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{v}} a_{r_i}^{\mathbf{K}} \frac{w_k}{w_k + \theta^t v_k} \prod_{k' \neq k} \frac{\theta^t w_{k'}}{v_{k'} + \theta^t w_{k'}}$$
(1)

where $w \succ_R v$ is the ranking pair in R relation existing in session d. e.g. $r1 \in R$: buy v.s. click, $r2 \in R$: buy v.s. add to cart ... And a is the given value. Besides,

$$p(g|d, \Theta^t) \qquad \propto p(g|u, \Theta^t) p(d|g, \Theta^t)$$

$$p(g_k = 1|d, \Theta^t) \qquad \propto u_k^t \frac{w_k^t}{w_t^t + \theta^t l_k^t} \prod_{k' \neq k} \left[\frac{\theta^t w_{k'}^t}{l_{t', t'}^t + \theta^t w_{t'}^t} \right]$$

$$(2)$$

First, let's use $\gamma(d, k, \Theta^t)$ to denote the conditional probability $p(g_k = 1|d, \Theta^t)$ given parameters in the t-th round, when the current session specific favorite aspect is $g_k = 1$, defined as follows

$$\gamma(d, k, \Theta^t) = \frac{p(d, g|\Theta^t)}{\Sigma_g p(d, g|\Theta^t)} = \frac{p(g|\Theta^t)p(d|\Theta^t, g)}{\Sigma_g p(g|\Theta^t)p(d|\Theta^t, g)}$$

$$= \frac{u_k \Pi_{w \in W^d, v \in L^d, \mathbf{w} \succeq_{\mathbf{R}} v} a_{r_i}^K \frac{w_k}{w_k + \theta^t v_k} \Pi_{k' \neq k} \frac{\theta^t w_{k'}}{v_{k'} + \theta^t w_{k'}}}{\Sigma_{k=1}^K u_k \Pi_{w \in W^d, v \in L^d, \mathbf{w} \succeq_{\mathbf{R}} v} a_{r_i}^K \frac{w_k}{w_k + \theta^t v_k} \Pi_{k' \neq k} \frac{\theta^t w_{k'}}{v_{k'} + \theta^t w_{k'}}}$$
(3)

Note that $\forall d, \Sigma_k \gamma(d, k, \Theta^t) = 1$.