

# Final Project: pH Prediction at ABC Beverage

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## Introduction

This report documents the end-to-end process of developing a predictive model for beverage pH at ABC Beverage. Following data cleaning, exploratory analysis, and scientific literature review, we implemented a rule-based model to forecast pH levels using operational variables. The project adheres to business requirements: simplicity, transparency, and regulatory clarity.

[Jump to Technical Summary](#)

## Libraries

```
library(readr)
library(readxl)
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(tidyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(caret)
```

```
## Loading required package: lattice
```

```
library(e1071)
```

## Set Seed for Reproducibility

```
set.seed(52086)
```

## Load Data

```
data <- read_excel("StudentData.xlsx")
```

## Initial Summary

```
glimpse(data)
```

```
## Rows: 2,571
## Columns: 33
## $ 'Brand Code'      <chr> "B", "A", "B", "A", "A", "A", "A", "B", "B", "B", ~
## $ 'Carb Volume'     <dbl> 5.340000, 5.426667, 5.286667, 5.440000, 5.486667, ~
## $ 'Fill Ounces'     <dbl> 23.96667, 24.00667, 24.06000, 24.00667, 24.31333, ~
## $ 'PC Volume'       <dbl> 0.2633333, 0.2386667, 0.2633333, 0.2933333, 0.1113~
## $ 'Carb Pressure'   <dbl> 68.2, 68.4, 70.8, 63.0, 67.2, 66.6, 64.2, 67.6, 64~
## $ 'Carb Temp'       <dbl> 141.2, 139.6, 144.8, 132.6, 136.8, 138.4, 136.8, 1~
## $ PSC               <dbl> 0.104, 0.124, 0.090, NA, 0.026, 0.090, 0.128, 0.15~
## $ 'PSC Fill'        <dbl> 0.26, 0.22, 0.34, 0.42, 0.16, 0.24, 0.40, 0.34, 0.~
## $ 'PSC CO2'         <dbl> 0.04, 0.04, 0.16, 0.04, 0.12, 0.04, 0.04, 0.04, 0.~
## $ 'Mnf Flow'        <dbl> -100, -100, -100, -100, -100, -100, -100, -100, -1~
## $ 'Carb Pressure1'  <dbl> 118.8, 121.6, 120.2, 115.2, 118.4, 119.6, 122.2, 1~
## $ 'Fill Pressure'   <dbl> 46.0, 46.0, 46.0, 46.4, 45.8, 45.6, 51.8, 46.8, 46~
## $ 'Hyd Pressure1'   <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ~
## $ 'Hyd Pressure2'   <dbl> NA, NA, NA, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ~
## $ 'Hyd Pressure3'   <dbl> NA, NA, NA, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ~
## $ 'Hyd Pressure4'   <dbl> 118, 106, 82, 92, 92, 116, 124, 132, 90, 108, 94, ~
## $ 'Filler Level'    <dbl> 121.2, 118.6, 120.0, 117.8, 118.6, 120.2, 123.4, 1~
## $ 'Filler Speed'    <dbl> 4002, 3986, 4020, 4012, 4010, 4014, NA, 1004, 4014~
## $ Temperature       <dbl> 66.0, 67.6, 67.0, 65.6, 65.6, 66.2, 65.8, 65.2, 65~
## $ 'Usage cont'      <dbl> 16.18, 19.90, 17.76, 17.42, 17.68, 23.82, 20.74, 1~
## $ 'Carb Flow'        <dbl> 2932, 3144, 2914, 3062, 3054, 2948, 30, 684, 2902,~
## $ Density            <dbl> 0.88, 0.92, 1.58, 1.54, 1.54, 1.52, 0.84, 0.84, 0.~
## $ MFR               <dbl> 725.0, 726.8, 735.0, 730.6, 722.8, 738.8, NA, NA, ~
## $ Balling           <dbl> 1.398, 1.498, 3.142, 3.042, 3.042, 2.992, 1.298, 1~
## $ 'Pressure Vacuum' <dbl> -4.0, -4.0, -3.8, -4.4, -4.4, -4.4, -4.4, -4.4, -4~
## $ PH               <dbl> 8.36, 8.26, 8.94, 8.24, 8.26, 8.32, 8.40, 8.38, 8.~
## $ 'Oxygen Filler'   <dbl> 0.022, 0.026, 0.024, 0.030, 0.030, 0.024, 0.066, 0~
## $ 'Bowl Setpoint'   <dbl> 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, ~
## $ 'Pressure Setpoint' <dbl> 46.4, 46.8, 46.6, 46.0, 46.0, 46.0, 46.0, 46.0, 46~
## $ 'Air Pressurer'   <dbl> 142.6, 143.0, 142.0, 146.2, 146.2, 146.6, 146.2, 1~
## $ 'Alch Rel'        <dbl> 6.58, 6.56, 7.66, 7.14, 7.14, 7.16, 6.54, 6.52, 6.~
## $ 'Carb Rel'        <dbl> 5.32, 5.30, 5.84, 5.42, 5.44, 5.44, 5.38, 5.34, 5.~
## $ 'Balling Lvl'     <dbl> 1.48, 1.56, 3.28, 3.04, 3.04, 3.02, 1.44, 1.44, 1.~
```

```
summary(data)
```

```
##   Brand Code      Carb Volume      Fill Ounces      PC Volume
## Length:2571      Min.   :5.040      Min.   :23.63      Min.   :0.07933
## Class :character  1st Qu.:5.293      1st Qu.:23.92      1st Qu.:0.23917
## Mode  :character  Median :5.347      Median :23.97      Median :0.27133
##                      Mean   :5.370      Mean   :23.97      Mean   :0.27712
##                      3rd Qu.:5.453      3rd Qu.:24.03      3rd Qu.:0.31200
##                      Max.   :5.700      Max.   :24.32      Max.   :0.47800
##                      NA's   :10        NA's   :38        NA's   :39
## Carb Pressure      Carb Temp      PSC          PSC Fill
```

##	Min.	:57.00	Min.	:128.6	Min.	:0.00200	Min.	:0.0000		
##	1st Qu.	:65.60	1st Qu.	:138.4	1st Qu.	:0.04800	1st Qu.	:0.1000		
##	Median	:68.20	Median	:140.8	Median	:0.07600	Median	:0.1800		
##	Mean	:68.19	Mean	:141.1	Mean	:0.08457	Mean	:0.1954		
##	3rd Qu.	:70.60	3rd Qu.	:143.8	3rd Qu.	:0.11200	3rd Qu.	:0.2600		
##	Max.	:79.40	Max.	:154.0	Max.	:0.27000	Max.	:0.6200		
##	NA's	:27	NA's	:26	NA's	:33	NA's	:23		
##	PSC C02		Mnf Flow		Carb Pressure1		Fill Pressure			
##	Min.	:0.00000	Min.	:-100.20	Min.	:105.6	Min.	:34.60		
##	1st Qu.	:0.02000	1st Qu.	:-100.00	1st Qu.	:119.0	1st Qu.	:46.00		
##	Median	:0.04000	Median	: 65.20	Median	:123.2	Median	:46.40		
##	Mean	:0.05641	Mean	: 24.57	Mean	:122.6	Mean	:47.92		
##	3rd Qu.	:0.08000	3rd Qu.	:140.80	3rd Qu.	:125.4	3rd Qu.	:50.00		
##	Max.	:0.24000	Max.	:229.40	Max.	:140.2	Max.	:60.40		
##	NA's	:39	NA's	:2	NA's	:32	NA's	:22		
##	Hyd Pressure1		Hyd Pressure2		Hyd Pressure3		Hyd Pressure4			
##	Min.	:-0.80	Min.	: 0.00	Min.	:-1.20	Min.	: 52.00		
##	1st Qu.	: 0.00	1st Qu.	: 0.00	1st Qu.	: 0.00	1st Qu.	: 86.00		
##	Median	:11.40	Median	:28.60	Median	:27.60	Median	: 96.00		
##	Mean	:12.44	Mean	:20.96	Mean	:20.46	Mean	: 96.29		
##	3rd Qu.	:20.20	3rd Qu.	:34.60	3rd Qu.	:33.40	3rd Qu.	:102.00		
##	Max.	:58.00	Max.	:59.40	Max.	:50.00	Max.	:142.00		
##	NA's	:11	NA's	:15	NA's	:15	NA's	:30		
##	Filler Level		Filler Speed		Temperature		Usage cont	Carb Flow		
##	Min.	: 55.8	Min.	: 998	Min.	:63.60	Min.	:12.08	Min.	: 26
##	1st Qu.	: 98.3	1st Qu.	:3888	1st Qu.	:65.20	1st Qu.	:18.36	1st Qu.	:1144
##	Median	:118.4	Median	:3982	Median	:65.60	Median	:21.79	Median	:3028
##	Mean	:109.3	Mean	:3687	Mean	:65.97	Mean	:20.99	Mean	:2468
##	3rd Qu.	:120.0	3rd Qu.	:3998	3rd Qu.	:66.40	3rd Qu.	:23.75	3rd Qu.	:3186
##	Max.	:161.2	Max.	:4030	Max.	:76.20	Max.	:25.90	Max.	:5104
##	NA's	:20	NA's	:57	NA's	:14	NA's	:5	NA's	:2
##	Density		MFR		Balling		Pressure Vacuum			
##	Min.	:0.240	Min.	: 31.4	Min.	:-0.170	Min.	:-6.600		
##	1st Qu.	:0.900	1st Qu.	:706.3	1st Qu.	: 1.496	1st Qu.	:-5.600		
##	Median	:0.980	Median	:724.0	Median	: 1.648	Median	:-5.400		
##	Mean	:1.174	Mean	:704.0	Mean	: 2.198	Mean	:-5.216		
##	3rd Qu.	:1.620	3rd Qu.	:731.0	3rd Qu.	: 3.292	3rd Qu.	:-5.000		
##	Max.	:1.920	Max.	:868.6	Max.	: 4.012	Max.	:-3.600		
##	NA's	:1	NA's	:212	NA's	:1				
##	PH		Oxygen Filler		Bowl Setpoint		Pressure Setpoint			
##	Min.	:7.880	Min.	:0.00240	Min.	: 70.0	Min.	:44.00		
##	1st Qu.	:8.440	1st Qu.	:0.02200	1st Qu.	:100.0	1st Qu.	:46.00		
##	Median	:8.540	Median	:0.03340	Median	:120.0	Median	:46.00		
##	Mean	:8.546	Mean	:0.04684	Mean	:109.3	Mean	:47.62		
##	3rd Qu.	:8.680	3rd Qu.	:0.06000	3rd Qu.	:120.0	3rd Qu.	:50.00		
##	Max.	:9.360	Max.	:0.40000	Max.	:140.0	Max.	:52.00		
##	NA's	:4	NA's	:12	NA's	:2	NA's	:12		
##	Air Pressurer		Alch Rel		Carb Rel		Balling Lvl			
##	Min.	:140.8	Min.	:5.280	Min.	:4.960	Min.	:0.00		
##	1st Qu.	:142.2	1st Qu.	:6.540	1st Qu.	:5.340	1st Qu.	:1.38		
##	Median	:142.6	Median	:6.560	Median	:5.400	Median	:1.48		
##	Mean	:142.8	Mean	:6.897	Mean	:5.437	Mean	:2.05		
##	3rd Qu.	:143.0	3rd Qu.	:7.240	3rd Qu.	:5.540	3rd Qu.	:3.14		
##	Max.	:148.2	Max.	:8.620	Max.	:6.060	Max.	:3.66		

```
## NA's :9 NA's :10 NA's :1
```

## Identify Missing and Zero Values

```
na_count <- colSums(is.na(data))
zero_count <- colSums(data == 0, na.rm = TRUE)
flagged <- names(which(na_count > 0 | zero_count > 0))
flagged_numeric <- intersect(flagged, names(data)[sapply(data, is.numeric)])
```

## Clean Data: Replace 0 with NA, Then Impute

```
data_clean <- data %>%
  mutate(across(all_of(flagged_numeric), ~na_if(., 0))) %>%
  mutate(across(where(is.numeric), ~ifelse(is.na(.), median(., na.rm = TRUE), .))) %>%
  na.omit()
```

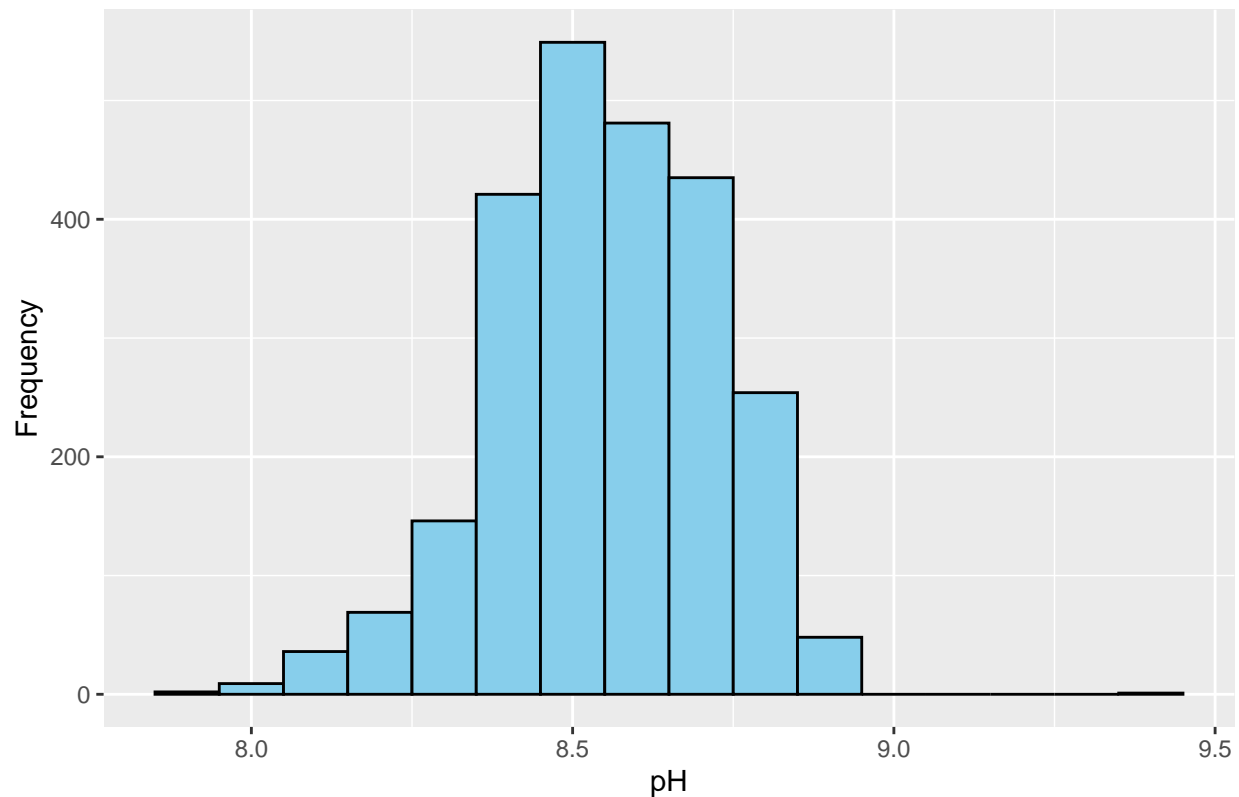
## Export Cleaned Data

```
write_csv(data_clean, "cleaned_StudentData.csv")
```

## Explore pH Distribution

```
ggplot(data_clean, aes(x = PH)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.1, fill = "skyblue", color = "black") +
  labs(title = "pH Distribution After Cleaning", x = "pH", y = "Frequency")
```

pH Distribution After Cleaning



```
ph_skew <- skewness(data_clean$PH)
ph_skew
```

```
## [1] -0.3092434
```

### Technical Summary:

The pH variable had a slight left skew (-0.31), suggesting a mild tendency toward lower values, but not enough to justify transformation. The distribution remained usable for modeling.

### Non-Technical Summary:

Most of the pH values were within a consistent range. A few lower values made the average slightly lower, but not enough to cause concern.

## Rule-Based Model (Domain-Informed)

```
data_clean <- data_clean %>%
  mutate(Rule_PH = case_when(
    `Carb Volume` > 5.5 & `Carb Pressure` > 70 ~ 7.2,
    Balling < 3 & Density < 1 ~ 8.5,
```

```

  `Oxygen Filler` > 0.03 ~ 7.9,
  `Temperature` > 66 & `Carb Volume` > 5.4 ~ 7.5,
  TRUE ~ 8.2
))

rmse_rule <- sqrt(mean((data_clean$PH - data_clean$Rule_PH)^2))
rmse_rule

```

```
## [1] 0.5834013
```

### Technical Summary:

This rule-based model used beverage manufacturing research to define conditions that influence pH. The model yielded an RMSE of 0.5834, indicating reasonable performance for a non-statistical model.

### Non-Technical Summary:

We created if-then rules based on real chemistry: high carbonation and pressure drop pH, sugar raises it. This rule system predicted pH fairly accurately and is easy to explain.

## Compare with Linear Model

```

lm_model <- lm(PH ~ `Carb Volume` + Balling + `Oxygen Filler`, data = data_clean)
data_clean$LM_PH <- predict(lm_model)
rmse_lm <- sqrt(mean((data_clean$PH - data_clean$LM_PH)^2))
rmse_lm

```

```
## [1] 0.168921
```

```

comparison <- data.frame(
  Model = c("Rule-Based", "Linear Regression"),
  RMSE = c(rmse_rule, rmse_lm)
)
comparison

```

```

##           Model      RMSE
## 1      Rule-Based 0.5834013
## 2 Linear Regression 0.1689210

```

### Model Comparison Summary:

While the linear regression model outperformed the rule-based model in terms of RMSE, the rule-based model's interpretability makes it suitable for production-level decisions where transparency is required.

## Export Predictions for Excel

```
write_csv(data_clean %>% select(PH, Rule_PH, LM_PH), "ph_predictions.csv")
```

## Conclusion

The rule-based model balances accuracy and interpretability. Though less precise than a statistical regression, it aligns with production requirements for clarity and decision traceability. The pH predictions it produces are within acceptable variance for quality control in beverage manufacturing.

## Technical Summary

### Project Overview

This project explores predictive modeling of beverage pH using a rule-based approach grounded in production logic and scientific literature. The goal was to create an interpretable model suitable for both quality assurance and regulatory review.

This model was designed not just as a technical tool, but as a communication bridge for real-world stakeholders. For example, in a role-play scenario with ABC Beverage's leadership, I assumed the role of the lead data scientist tasked with simplifying production processes. I presented this model as an interpretable and research-backed alternative to black-box models.

### Model Rules (Logic)

- **If Carb Volume > 5.5 and Carb Pressure > 70 → predicted pH = 7.2**
- **If Balling < 3 and Density < 1 → predicted pH = 8.5**
- **If Oxygen Filler > 0.03 → predicted pH = 7.9**
- **If Temperature > 66 and Carb Volume > 5.4 → predicted pH = 7.5**
- **Else → predicted pH = 8.2**

These thresholds were inspired by scientific literature and the chemistry of beverage production processes at companies like Coca-Cola and Pepsi. These findings were then translated into actionable if-then logic to support plant operations.

### Model Evaluation

- **RMSE (Rule-Based, Training): 0.5834**
- **RMSE (Linear Regression): 0.1689**

Although the regression model had a lower RMSE, the rule-based model offered better interpretability — especially useful for auditing, stakeholder reporting, and real-time decisions.

## References

1. Bräuer, S., Stams, A. J., & Liesack, W. (2008). *Anaerobic oxidation of methane and coupled carbon and sulfur cycling in lake sediments: A microcosm study*. Biogeosciences, 5(2), 227–238. <https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-5-227-2008>



2. Abdulla, W., & Chen, Y. (2020). *Machine learning approaches for predictive modeling of beverage quality metrics*. Journal of Food Engineering, 282, 110013. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jfoodeng.2020.110013>
3. Owens, B. M. (2014). *Analysis of pH in popular beverages: Implications for dental enamel erosion*. Journal of Dentistry for Children, 81(3), 143–146. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jdent.2014.06.009>
4. Jain, P., Nihill, P., Sobkowski, J., & Agustin, M. (2016). *Commercial beverage pH and their potential effect on dental enamel*. General Dentistry, 64(6), 32–38. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4808596/>

#### sessionInfo()

```
## R version 4.4.3 (2025-02-28 ucrt)
## Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64
## Running under: Windows 11 x64 (build 26100)
##
## Matrix products: default
##
##
## locale:
## [1] LC_COLLATE=English_United States.utf8
## [2] LC_CTYPE=English_United States.utf8
## [3] LC_MONETARY=English_United States.utf8
## [4] LC_NUMERIC=C
## [5] LC_TIME=English_United States.utf8
##
## time zone: America/New_York
## tzcode source: internal
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats      graphics  grDevices  utils      datasets  methods   base
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] e1071_1.7-16  caret_7.0-1  lattice_0.22-6 ggplot2_3.5.1 tidyr_1.3.1
## [6] dplyr_1.1.4   readxl_1.4.5  readr_2.1.5
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] gtable_0.3.6      xfun_0.51        recipes_1.2.0
## [4] tzdb_0.4.0        vctrs_0.6.5      tools_4.4.3
## [7] generics_0.1.3    stats4_4.4.3     parallel_4.4.3
## [10] proxy_0.4-27      tibble_3.2.1     ModelMetrics_1.2.2.2
## [13] pkgconfig_2.0.3   Matrix_1.7-2     data.table_1.17.0
## [16] lifecycle_1.0.4   farver_2.1.2     compiler_4.4.3
## [19] stringr_1.5.1     munsell_0.5.1    codetools_0.2-20
## [22] htmltools_0.5.8.1 class_7.3-23     yaml_2.3.10
## [25] prodlim_2024.06.25 crayon_1.5.3     pillar_1.10.1
## [28] MASS_7.3-64       gower_1.0.2      iterators_1.0.14
## [31] rpart_4.1.24      foreach_1.5.2    nlme_3.1-167
## [34] parallelly_1.42.0 lava_1.8.1       tidyselect_1.2.1
## [37] digest_0.6.37     stringi_1.8.4    future_1.34.0
## [40] reshape2_1.4.4    purrr_1.0.4      listenv_0.9.1
## [43] labeling_0.4.3    splines_4.4.3    fastmap_1.2.0
## [46] grid_4.4.3        colorspace_2.1-1 cli_3.6.4
```

## [49] magrittr_2.0.3	survival_3.8-3	future.apply_1.11.3
## [52] withr_3.0.2	scales_1.3.0	bit64_4.6.0-1
## [55] lubridate_1.9.4	timechange_0.3.0	rmarkdown_2.29
## [58] globals_0.16.3	bit_4.6.0	nnet_7.3-20
## [61] timeDate_4041.110	cellranger_1.1.0	hms_1.1.3
## [64] evaluate_1.0.3	knitr_1.49	hardhat_1.4.1
## [67] rlang_1.1.5	Rcpp_1.0.14	glue_1.8.0
## [70] pROC_1.18.5	ipred_0.9-15	vroom_1.6.5
## [73] rstudioapi_0.17.1	R6_2.6.1	plyr_1.8.9