AN546

Using the Analog-to-Digital (A/D) Converter

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INTRODUCTION

This application note is intended for PIC16C7X users with some degree of familiarity with analog system design. The various sections discuss the following topics:

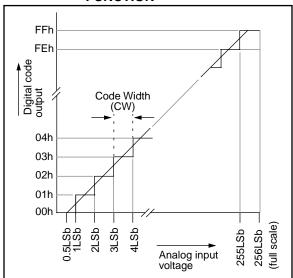
- · Commonly used A/D terminology
- How to configure and use the PIC16C71 A/D
- Various ways to generate external reference voltage (VREF)
- · Configuring the RA3:RA0 pins

COMMONLY USED A/D TERMINOLOGY

The Ideal Transfer Function

In an A/D converter, an analog voltage is mapped into an N-bit digital value. This mapping function is defined as the transfer function. An ideal transfer is one in which there are no errors or non-linearity. It describes the "ideal" or intended behavior of the A/D. Figure 1 shows the ideal transfer function for the PIC16C7X A/D.

FIGURE 1: PIC16C7X IDEAL TRANSFER FUNCTION



Note that the digital output value is 00h for the analog input voltage range of 0 to 1LSb. In some converters, the first transition point is at 0.5LSb and not at 1LSb as shown in Figure 2. Either way, by knowing the transfer function the user can appropriately interpret the data.

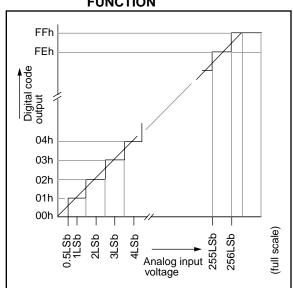
Transition Point

The analog input voltage at which the digital output switches from one code to the next is called the "Transition Point." The transition point is typically not a single threshold, but rather a small region of uncertainty (Figure 3). The transition point is therefore defined as the statistical average of many conversions. Stated differently, it is the voltage input at which the uncertainty of the conversion is 50%.

Code Width

The distance (voltage differential) between two transition points is called the "Code Width." Ideally the Code Width should be 1LSb (Figure 1).

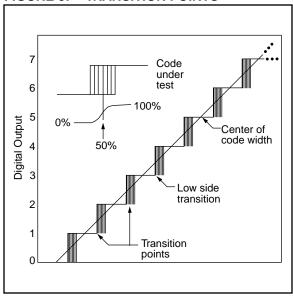
FIGURE 2: ALTERNATE TRANSFER FUNCTION



Center of Code Width

The midpoint between two transition points is called the "Center of Code Width" (Figure 3).

FIGURE 3: TRANSITION POINTS



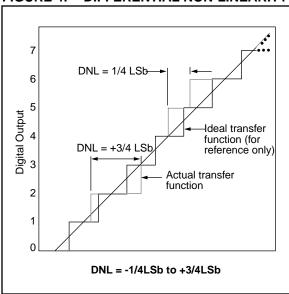
Differential Non-Linearity (DNL)

It is the deviation in code-width from 1LSb (Figure 4). The difference is calculated for each and every transition. The largest difference is reported as DNL.

It is important to note that the DNL is measured after the transfer function is normalized to match offset error and gain error.

Note that the DNL cannot be any less than -1LSb. In the other direction, DNL can be >1LSb.

FIGURE 4: DIFFERENTIAL NON-LINEARITY



Absolute Error

The maximum deviation between any transition point from the corresponding ideal transfer function is defined as the absolute error. This is how it is measured and reported in the PIC16C7X (Figure 5). The notable difference between absolute error and integral non-linearity (INL) is that the measured data is not normalized for full scale and offset errors in absolute error.

Absolute Error is probably the first parameter the user will review to evaluate an A/D. Sometimes absolute error is reported as the sum of offset, full-scale and integral non-linearity errors.

Total Unadjusted Error

Total Unadjusted Error is the same as absolute error. Again, sometimes it is reported as the sum of offset, full-scale and integral non-linearity errors.

No Missing Code

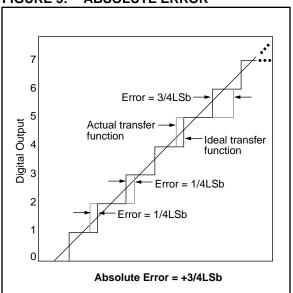
No missing code implies that as the analog input voltage is gradually increased from zero to full scale (or vice versa), all digital codes are produced. Stated otherwise, changing analog input voltage from one quantum of the analog range to the next adjacent range will not produce a change in the digital output by more than one code count.

Monotonic

Monotonicity guarantees that an increase (or decrease) in the analog input value will result in an equal or greater digital code (or less). Monotonicity does not guarantee that there are no missing codes. However, it is an important criterion for feedback control systems. Non-monotonicity may cause oscillations in such systems.

The first derivative of a monotonic function always has the same sign.

FIGURE 5: ABSOLUTE ERROR



Ratiometric Conversion

Ratiometric Conversion is the A/D conversion process in which the binary result is a ratio of the supply voltage or reference voltage, the latter being equal to full-scale value by default. The PIC16C7X is a ratiometric A/D converter where the result depends on VDD or VREF.

In some A/Ds, an absolute reference is provided resulting in "absolute conversion".

Sample and Hold

In sample and hold type A/D converters, the analog input has a switch (typically a FET switch in CMOS) which is opened for a short duration to capture the analog input voltage onto an on-chip capacitor. Conversion is typically started after the sampling switch is closed.

Track and Hold

Track and Hold is basically the same as sample and hold, except the sampling switch is typically left on. Therefore the voltage on the on-chip holding capacitor "tracks" the analog input voltage. To begin a conversion, the sampling switch is closed.

The PIC16C7X A/D falls in this category.

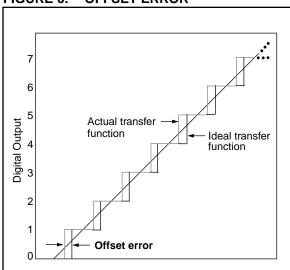
Sampling Time

Sampling Time is the time required to charge the on-chip holding capacitor to the same value as is on the analog input pin. The sampling time depends on the magnitude of the holding capacitor and the source impedance of the analog voltage input.

Offset Error (or Zero Error)

Offset Error is the difference between the first actual (measured) transition point and the first ideal transition point as shown in Figure 6. It can be corrected (by the user) by subtracting the offset error from each conversion result.

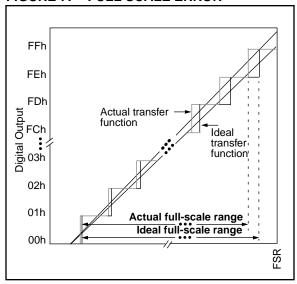
FIGURE 6: OFFSET ERROR



Full Scale Error (or Gain Error)

Full Scale Error is the difference between the ideal full scale and the actual (measured) full scale range (Figure 7). It is also called gain error, because the error changes the slope of the ideal transfer function creating a gain factor. It can be corrected (by the user) by multiplying each conversion result by the inverse of the gain.

FIGURE 7: FULL SCALE ERROR

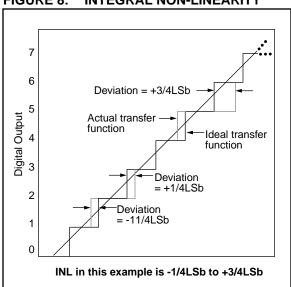


Integral Non-Linearity (INL), or Relative Error

The deviation of a transition point from its corresponding point on the ideal transfer curve is called "Integral Non-Linearity" (Figure 8). The maximum difference is reported as the INL of the converter.

It is important to note that Full Scale Error and the Offset Error are normalized to match end transition points before measuring the INL.

FIGURE 8: INTEGRAL NON-LINEARITY



HOW TO USE THE PIC16C71 A/D

The A/D in the PIC16C71 is easy to set up and use. There are a few considerations:

- Select either VDD or VREF as reference voltage. (More on using VREF input later)
 - Select A/D conversion clock (TAD): 2ToSC, 8ToSC, ToSC or TRC (internal RC clock). For the first three options, make sure that TAD $\geq 2.0~\mu s$. If deterministic conversion time is required, select ToSC time-base. If conversion during SLEEP is required, select TRC.
- Channel Selection: If only one A/D channel is required, program the ADCON1 register to 03h. This configures the A/D pins as digital I/O. If multiple channels are required, prior to each conversion the new channel must be selected.
- 3. Sampling and Conversion: After a new channel is selected, a minimum amount of sampling time must be allowed before the GO/DONE bit in ADCON0 is set to begin conversion. Once conversion begins, it is OK to select the next channel, but sampling does not begin until current conversion is complete. Therefore, it is always necessary to ensure the minimum sampling time is provided for:
 - i) after a conversion
 - ii) after a new channel is selected
 - iii) after A/D is turned on (bit ADON = 1)
- Reading Result: Completion of a conversion can be determined by polling the GO/DONE bit (cleared), or polling flag bit ADIF (set), or waiting for an ADIF interrupt.

Additional tips:

- a) Do not set bits GO/DONE and ADON in the same instruction. First, turn the A/D is on by setting bit ADON. Then allow at least 5 μs before conversion begins (setting the GO/DONE bit), longer if sampling time requirement is not met within 5 μs.
- b) Aborting a conversion: A conversion can be aborted by clearing bit GO/DONE. The A/D converter will stop conversion and revert back to sampling state.
- c) Using the ADRES register as a normal register: The A/D only writes to the ADRES register at the end of a conversion. Therefore, it is possible to use the ADRES register as a normal file register between conversions and when A/D is off.

The following four examples provide sample code on using the A/D module.

EXAMPLE 1: HOW TO DO A SAMPLE A/D CONVERSION

```
InitializeAD, initializes and sets up the A/D hardware.
;
     Always ch2, internal RC OSC.
InitializeAD
         bsf
                   STATUS, 5
                                  ; select Bank1
                  b'00000000'
                                  ; select RA3-RA0
         movlw
         movwf
                   ADCON1
                                  ; as analog inputs
         bcf
                   STATUS, 5
                                 ; select Bank0
         movlw
                   b'11010001'
                                 ; select: RC osc, ch2...
         movwf
                   ADCONO
                                  ; turn on A/D
Convert
         call
                   sample-delay
                                  ; provide necessary sampling time
                   ADCON0, 2
         bsf
                                   ; start new A/D conversion
loop
                   ADCON0, 2
                                   ; A/D over?
         btfsc
                                   ; no then loop
         goto
                   loop
;
                                   ; yes then get A/D value
         movf
                   adres, w
```

A detailed code listing is provided in Appendix A.

EXAMPLE 2: SEQUENTIAL CHANNEL CONVERSIONS

```
InitializeAD, initializes and sets up the A/D hardware.
     Select ch0 to ch3 in a round robin fashion, internal RC OSC.
     Load results in 4 consecutive addresses starting at ADTABLE (10h)
InitializeAD
                  STATUS, RPO
                                 ; select Bank1
         bsf
                 b'00000000'
                                 ; select RA3-RA0
         movlw
         movwf
                 ADCON1
                                 ; as analog inputs
         bcf
                 STATUS, RP0
                                 ; select Bank0
                 b'11000001'
                                 ; select: RC osc, ch0...
         movlw
                 ADCON0
                                 ; turn on A/D
         movwf
                 ADTABLE
         movlw
                                 ; point fsr to top of...
         movwf
                  FSR
                                  ; table
                 sample_delay ; provide necessary sampling time
new_ad
         call
         bsf
                 ADCON0, GO
                                 ; start new A/D conversion
loop
                  ADCON0, GO
         btfsc
                                 ; A/D over?
         goto
                  loop
                                  ; no then loop
         movf
                  adres, w
                                 ; yes then get A/D value
                                  ; load indirectly
         movwf
         movlw
                  4
                                  ; select next channel
                  ADCON0
         addwf
                  ADCONO, ADIF ; reset interrupt flag bit.
         bcf
; increment pointer to correct table offset.
         clrf
                 temp
                                 ; clear temp register
         btfsc
                 ADCON0, CH50
                                 ; test 1sb of channel select
                                 ; set if ch1 selected
         bsf
                 temp, 0
         btfsc
                               ; test msb of channel select
                 ADCON0, CH51
         bsf
                  temp, 1
                                  ; /
         movlw
                  ADTABLE
                                  ; get table address
         addwf
                  temp, w
                                  ; add with temp
                 FSR
         movwf
                                  ; move into indirect
         goto
                 new_ad
```

A detailed code listing is provided in Appendix B.

EXAMPLE 3: SAMPLE INTERRUPT HANDLER FOR THE A/D

```
org
                   0x00
          goto
                   start
                   0x04
          org
          goto
                   service_ad
                                  ; interrupt vector
                   0x10
          org
start
                  b'00000000'
          movlw
                                  ;init I/O ports
          movwf
                   PORT_B
          tris
                  PORT_B
          call
                  InitializeAD
update
          bcf
                   flag, adover
                                 ; reset software A/D flag
                                ; setup delay >= 10uS.
; reset A/D int flag (ADIF
          call
                   SetupDelay
          bcf
                   ADCON0, adif
                                 ; start new A/D conversion
; enable global interrupt
          bsf
                   ADCON0, go
          bsf
                  INTCON, gie
loop
          btfsc
                   flag, adover ; A/D over?
                   update
          goto
                                 ; yes start new conv.
          goto
                   loop
                                  ; no then keep checking
; InitializeAD, initializes and sets up the A/D hardware.
; select ch0 to ch3, RC OSC., a/d interrupt.
InitializeAD
                   STATUS, RPO
         bsf
                                 ; select Bank1
                   b'00000000'
          movlw
                                 ; select RAO-RA3...
          movwf
                  ADCON1
                                 ; as analog inputs
          bcf
                   STATUS, RPO
                                 ; select Bank0
                                 ; clr all interrupts
          clrf
                   INTCON
                   INTCON, ADIE
                                 ; enable A/D int.
          bsf
                   b'11010001' ; select: RC osc, ch2...
          movlw
          movwf
                   ADCON0
                                   ; turn on A/D
          return
service_ad
          btfss
                   ADCON0, ADIF
                                 ; A/D interrupt?
          retfie
                                 ; no then ignore
          movf
                   ADRES, W
                                  ; get A/D value
                                   ; do not enable int
          return
```

A detailed code listing is provided in Appendix C.

EXAMPLE 4: CONVERSIONS DURING SLEEP MODE

```
InitializeAD, initializes and sets up the A/D hardware.
     Select ch0 to ch3, internal RC OSC.
;
     While doing the conversion put unit to sleep. This will
     minimize digital noise interference.
     Note that A/D's RC osc. has to be selected in this instance.
InitializeAD
                                ; select Bank1
         bsf
                  STATUS, RPO
         movlw
                  b'00000000' ; select RAO-RA3...
         movwf
                  ADCON1
                                  ; as analog inputs
                                  ; select Bank0
         bcf
                   STATUS, RPO
                                  ; select: RC osc, ch0...
         movlw
                   b'11000001'
         movwf
                   ADCON0
                                   ; turn on A/D & ADIE
                                  ; point fsr to top of...
         movlw
                   ADTABLE
                   FSR
                                   ; table
         movwf
new_ad
         bsf
                   ADCON0, GO
                                  ; start new A/D conversion
          sleep
                                   ; goto sleep
; when {\rm A}/{\rm D} is over program will continue from here
;
                                   ; get A/D value
         movf
                   ADRES, w
```

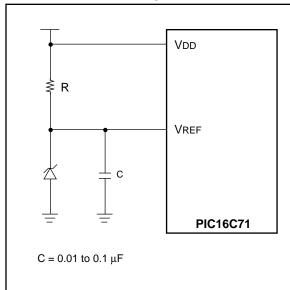
A detailed code listing is provided in Appendix D.

USING EXTERNAL REFERENCE VOLTAGE

When using the external reference voltage, keep in mind that any analog input voltage must not exceed VREF.

An inexpensive way to generate VREF is by employing a zener diode (Figure 9). Most common zener diodes offer 5% accuracy. Reverse bias current may be as low as 10 μ A. However, larger currents (1 mA - 20 mA) are recommended for stability, as well as lower impedance of the VREF source.

FIGURE 9: LOW COST VOLTAGE REFERENCE



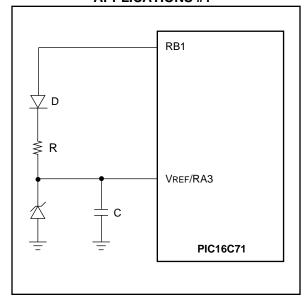
POWER MANAGEMENT IN USING VREF

In power sensitive applications, the user may turn on a VREF generator using another I/O pin (Figure 10). Drive a '1' on pin RB1, in this example, when using the A/D. Drive a '0' on pin RB1 when not using the A/D converter.

Note that this way RB1 is not floating. Even if VREF decays to some intermediate voltage, it will not cause the input buffer on RB1 to draw current.

Alternately, use RA0, RA1 or RA2 pin to supply the current instead of RB1. Configure the RA pin as analog (this will turn off its input buffer). Then use it as a digital output (Figure 11).

FIGURE 10: POWER-SENSITIVE APPLICATIONS #1



ZENERS AND REFERENCE GENERATORS

Finally, various reference voltage generator chips (typically using on-chip band-gap reference) are available. They are more accurate.

TABLE 1: ZENERS AND REFERENCE GENERATORS

Zeners	Vz	Tolerance
1N746	3.3V	±5%
1N747	3.6V	±5%
1N748	3.9V	±5%
1N749	4.3V	±5%
1N750	4.7V	±5%
1N751	5.1V	±5%
1N752	5.6V	±5%
Voltage Reference	VREF	Tolerance
Voltage Reference AD580 (Maxim)	VREF 2.5V	Tolerance ±3% to ±0.4%
AD580 (Maxim)	2.5V	±3% to ±0.4%
AD580 (Maxim) LM385	2.5V 2.5V	±3% to ±0.4% ±1.5%
AD580 (Maxim) LM385 LM1004	2.5V 2.5V 2.5V	±3% to ±0.4% ±1.5% ±1.2%
AD580 (Maxim) LM385 LM1004 LT1009 (LIN. Tech.)	2.5V 2.5V 2.5V 2.5V	±3% to ±0.4% ±1.5% ±1.2% ±0.2%

VREF IMPEDANCE AND CURRENT SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

Ideally, VREF should have as low a source impedance as possible. Referring to Figure 9, VREF source impedence \approx R. However, smaller R increases current consumption. Since VREF is used to charge capacitor arrays inside the A/D converter and the holding capacitor, Chold \approx 51 pF, the following guideline should be met:

$$TAD = 6(1k + R)51.2pF + 1.677\mu s$$

TAD = conversion clock. For TAD = 2 μs and for CHOLD = 50 pF, VREF $\approx 50\Omega.$

For VREF impedance higher than this, the conversion clock (TAD) should be increased appropriately.

FIGURE 11: POWER-SENSITIVE APPLICATIONS #2

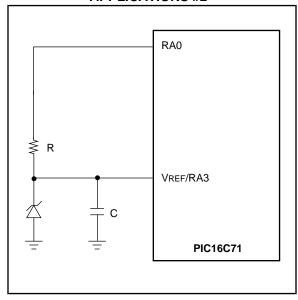


Table 2 gives examples of the maximum rate of conversion per bit, relating to the voltage reference impedance.

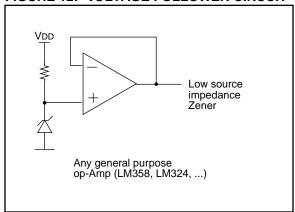
TABLE 2: MAXIMUM RATE OF CONVERSION / BIT

RVREF	TAD (Max)
1k	2.29 μs
5k	3.52 μs
10k	5.056 μs
50k	16.66 μs
100k	32.70 μs

Assumes no external capacitors

To achieve a low source impedance when using a Zener diode, a voltage follower circuit is recommended. This is shown in Figure 12.

FIGURE 12: VOLTAGE FOLLOWER CIRCUIT



CONFIGURING PORTA INPUTS AS ANALOG OR DIGITAL

Two bits in the ADCON1 register, PCFG1 and PCFG0, control how pins RA3:RA0 are configured.

When any of these pins are selected as analog:

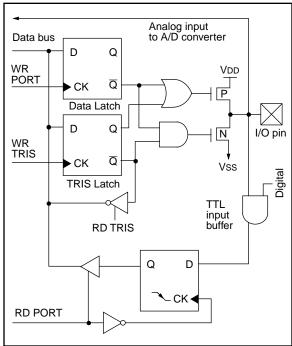
- The digital input buffer is turned off to save current (Figure 13). Reading the port will read this pin as '0'.
- The TRIS bit still controls the output buffer on this pin. So, normally the TRIS bit will be set (input).
- However, if the TRIS bit is cleared, then the pin will output whatever is in the data latch.

When any of these pins are selected as digital:

- The analog input still directly connects to the A/D and therefore the pin can be used as analog input.
- The digital input buffer is not disabled.

The user has, therefore, great flexibility in configuring these pins.

FIGURE 13: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF RA3:RA0 PINS



CURRENT CONSUMPTION THROUGH INPUT BUFFER

A CMOS input buffer will draw current when the input voltage is near its threshold (Figure 14).

In power-sensitive applications, the RA pins, when used as analog inputs, should be configured as "analog" to avoid unintended power drain.

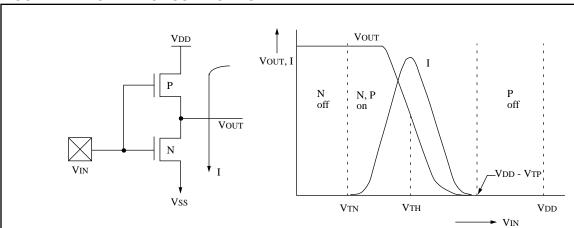
Other considerations and tips:

- 1. If possible, avoid any digital output next to analog inputs.
- Avoid digital inputs that switch frequently (e.g., clocks) next to analog inputs.
- 3. If VREF is used, then ensure that no analog pin being sampled exceeds VREF.

SUMMARY

The PIC16C71 A/D converter is simple to use. It is versatile and has low power consumption.

FIGURE 14: A SIMPLE CMOS INPUT BUFFER



V_{TH} = Threshold of the inverter

VTN = Device threshold of NMOS pull-down

-VTP = Device threshold of PMOS pull-up

I = On-current (or through current) of the inverter

 I_{MAX} = Maximum on-current occurs when V_{IN} = V_{TH} . Value of I_{MAX} depends on the sizes of the devices.

The larger the devices, the faster the input buffer, and the larger the value of IMAX.

Typically, IMAX is 0.2 mA - 1 mA.

Please check the Microchip BBS for the latest version of the source code. Microchip's Worldwide Web Address: www.microchip.com; Bulletin Board Support: MCHIPBBS using CompuServe® (CompuServe membership not required).

APPENDIX A: SINGLE CHANNEL A/D (SAD)

MPASM 01.40 Released SAD.ASM 1-16-1997 15:22:04 PAGE 1 LOC OBJECT CODE LINE SOURCE TEXT VALUE 00001 ;TITLE "Single channel A/D (SAD)" 00002 ; This program is a simple implementation of the PIC16C71's 00003 ;A/D. 1 Channel is selected (CHO). 00004 ; The A/D is configured as follows: 00005 ; Vref = +5V internal.00006; A/D Osc. = internal RC 00007 ; A/D Channel = CH0 00008 ; Hardware for this program is the PICDEM1 board. 00009; 00010 ; 00011 ; Program: SAD.ASM 00012; Revision Date: 00013; 1-14-97 Compatibility with MPASMWIN 1.40 00014 ; 00015 ; 00016 LIST P=16C71 ERRORLEVEL -302 00017 00018 ; 00019 include "p16c71.inc" LIST 00002 ;P16C71.INC Standard Header File, Version 1.00 Microchip Technology 00142 LIST 00020; 00000010 00021 TEMP 10h EQU 0000001 00022 adif equ 1 0000002 00023 adgo 2 equ 00024 ; 0000 00025 ORG 0×0.0 00026; 00027 ; 0000 2810 00028 goto start 00029; 0004 00030 0×04 ora 0004 281E 00031 goto service_int ;interrupt vector 00032 ; 00033; 0010 00034 0x10org 0010 00035 start 0010 3000 00036 movlw B'00000000' ;set port b as 0011 0086 00037 movwf PORTB ;all outputs 00038; tris PORTB 0012 1683 00039 STATUS, RP0 ; Bank1 BSF 0013 0086 00040 MOVWF TRISB ; PortB as outputs 0014 1283 00041 BCF STATUS, RPO ; Bank0 00042 ; 0015 201F 00043 call InitializeAD 0016 00044 update 0016 0809 ADRES, W 00045 movf ;get a/d value 0017 0086 00046 movwf PORTB ;output to port b 0018 2027 00047 call SetupDelay ;setup time >= 10uS. 0019 1088 00048 bcf ADCON0,adif ;clear int flag 001A 1508 00049 bsf ADCON0, adgo ;start new conversion 001B 00050 loop 001B 1888 00051 btfsc ADCON0,adif ;a/d done? 001C 2816 00052 goto update ;yes then update new value.

```
001D 281B
                    00053
                                 goto
                                         loop
                                                         ;no then keep checking
                    00054;
                    00055 ;no interrupts are enabled, so if the program ever reaches here,
                    00056 ;it should be returned with the global interrupts disabled.
001E
                    00057 service_int
001E 0008
                    00058
                                                         ;do not enable global.
                                 return
                    00059;
                    00060 ;
                    00061 ;
                    00062 ;InitializeAD, initializes and sets up the \ensuremath{\mathtt{A}/\mathtt{D}} hardware.
                    00063 ;Select ch0 to ch3 as analog inputs, fosc/2 and read ch3.
                    00064 ;
001F
                    00065 InitializeAD
001F 1683
                    00066
                                 bsf
                                         STATUS,5
                                                         ;select Bank1
0020 3000
                                                         ;select ch0-ch3...
                    00067
                                 movlw
                                        B'00000000'
0021 0088
                    00068
                                 movwf
                                         ADCON1
                                                         ;as analog inputs
                                                         ;select Bank0
0022 1283
                    00069
                                 bcf
                                         STATUS,5
0023 30C1
                    00070
                                 movlw
                                         B'11000001'
                                                         ;select:RC,ch0..
0024 0088
                    00071
                                         ADCON0
                                                         ;turn on A/D.
                                 movwf
0025 0189
                    00072
                                 clrf
                                         ADRES
                                                         ;clr result reg.
0026 0008
                    00073
                                 return
                    00074 ;
                    00075 ; This routine is a software delay of 10uS for the a/d setup.
                    00076 ;At 4Mhz clock, the loop takes 3uS, so initialize TEMp with
                    00077 ;a value of 3 to give 9uS, plus the move etc should result in
                    00078 ;a total time of > 10uS.
0027
                    00079 SetupDelay
0027 3003
                    08000
                                          .3
                                 movlw
0028 0090
                    00081
                                 movwf
                                         TEMP
0029
                    00082 SD
0029 0B90
                    00083
                                 decfsz
                                         TEMP, F
002A 2829
                    00084
                                 goto
                                         SD
002B 0008
                    00085
                                 return
                    00086
                    00087
                    00088
                                 END
MEMORY USAGE MAP ('X' = Used, '-' = Unused)
All other memory blocks unused.
Program Memory Words Used:
                             30
Program Memory Words Free:
               0
Errors
Warnings :
               0 reported,
                              0 suppressed
Messages :
              0 reported,
                              2 suppressed
```

Please check the Microchip BBS for the latest version of the source code. Microchip's Worldwide Web Address: www.microchip.com; Bulletin Board Support: MCHIPBBS using CompuServe[®] (CompuServe membership not required).

APPENDIX B: SLPAD.ASM

```
MPASM 01.40 Released
                                            1-16-1997 15:22:32
                                                                         PAGE 1
                                 ST.PAD. ASM
LOC OBJECT CODE
                     LINE SOURCE TEXT
  VALUE
                    00001
                    00002 ;TITLE
                                    "A/D in Sleep Mode"
                    00003 ; This program is a simple implementation of the PIC16C71's
                    00004 ;A/D feature. This program demonstrates
                    00005 ;how to do a a/d in sleep mode on the PIC16C71.
                    00006 ; The A/D is configured as follows:
                    00007 ;
                                  Vref = +5V internal.
                    00008;
                                  A/D Osc. = internal RC
                    00009;
                                  A/D Interrupt = OFF
                    00010 ;
                                  A/D Channels = ch 0
                    00011 ;
                    00012 ; The ch0 A/D result is displayed as a 8 bit binary value
                    00013 ;on 8 leds connected to port b. Hardware used is that of
                    00014 ; the PICDEMO board.
                    00015 ;
                    00016;
                    00017 ;
                                  Program:
                                                     SLPAD.ASM
                    00018;
                                  Revision Date:
                    00019 ;
                                                     1-14-97
                                                                  Compatibility with MPASMWIN 1.40
                    00020 ;
                    00021 ;
                                  LIST P=16C71
                    00022
                                  ERRORLEVEL -302
                    00023
                    00024 ;
                    00025
                                  include "p16c71.inc"
                    00001
                                  LIST
                    00002 ;P16C71.INC Standard Header File, Version 1.00 Microchip Technology
                    00142
                                  LIST
                    00026;
  00000010
                    00027 TEMP
                                           10h
                                  EQU
  00000001
                    00028 adif
                                  equ
                                           1
  00000002
                    00029 adgo
                                  equ
                                           2
                    00030;
                    00031 ;
0000
                    00032
                                  ORG
                                           0x00
                    00033 ;
                    00034 ;
0000 2810
                    00035
                                           start
                                  goto
                    00036;
0004
                    00037
                                  org
                                           0x04
0004 281D
                    00038
                                  goto
                                           service_int
                                                            ;interrupt vector
                    00039;
                    00040 ;
0010
                    00041
                                           0x10
                                  orq
0010
                    00042 start
0010 3000
                                           B'00000000'
                                                           ;make port b all
                    00043
                                  movlw
0011 0086
                    00044
                                           PORTB
                                  movwf
                                                           ;outputs.
                    00045 ;
                                           PORTB
                                  tris
0012 1683
                    00046
                                  BSF
                                           STATUS, RP0
                                                           ; Bank1
0013 0086
                    00047
                                  MOVWF
                                           TRISB
                                                           ; PortB as outputs
0014 1283
                                                           ; Bank0
                    00048
                                  BCF
                                           STATUS, RP0
                    00049 ;
0015 201E
                    00050
                                  call
                                           InitializeAD
0016
                    00051 update
```

```
0016 0809
                   00052
                                        ADRES, W
                                movf
0017 0086
                   00053
                                movwf
                                        PORTB
                                                        ;save in table
0018 2027
                   00054
                                 call
                                        SetupDelay
0019 1088
                   00055
                                 bcf
                                        ADCON0,adif
                                                        ;clr a/d flag
001A 1508
                   00056
                                 bsf
                                        ADCON0, adgo
                                                        ;start new a/d conversion
                   00057;
001B 0063
                   00058
                                 sleep
001C 2816
                   00059
                                 goto
                                        update
                                                        ; wake up and update
                   00060 ;
001D
                   00061 service_int
001D 0008
                   00062
                                                        ;do not enable int
                                return
                   00063;
                   00064 ;InitializeAD, initializes and sets up the A/D hardware.
001E
                   00065 InitializeAD
001E 1683
                                        STATUS,5
                                                        ;select Bank1
                   00066
                                bsf
001F 3000
                   00067
                                movlw
                                       B'00000000'
                                                        ;select ch0-ch3...
0020 0088
                   00068
                                movwf ADCON1
                                                        ;as analog inputs
0021 1283
                   00069
                                bcf
                                        STATUS,5
                                                        ;select Bank0
0022 30C1
                                       B'11000001'
                   00070
                                movlw
                                                        ;select:internal RC, ch0.
                                       ADCON0
0023 0088
                   00071
                                movwf
                                                        ;turn on a/d
0024 018B
                   00072
                                 clrf
                                        INTCON
                                                        ; clear all interrupts
0025 170B
                   00073
                                 bsf
                                        INTCON, ADIE
                                                        ;enable a/d
0026 0008
                   00074
                                 return
                   00075 ;
                   00076 ; This routine is a software delay of 10uS for the a/d setup.
                   00077 ;At 4Mhz clock, the loop takes 3uS, so initialize TEMP with
                   00078 ;a value of 3 to give 9uS, plus the move should result in
                   00079 ;a total time of > 10uS.
                   00080 SetupDelay
0027
0027 3003
                   00081
                                        . 3
                                movlw
0028 0090
                   00082
                                 movwf
                                        TEMP
0029
                   00083 SD
0029 0B90
                                 decfsz TEMP, F
                   00084
002A 2829
                   00085
                                 aoto
                                        SD
002B 0008
                   00086
                                return
                   00087
                   00088;
                   00089
                   00090
                                 END
MEMORY USAGE MAP ('X' = Used, '-' = Unused)
All other memory blocks unused.
Program Memory Words Used:
                             30
Program Memory Words Free:
                            994
Errors
Warnings :
              0 reported,
                              0 suppressed
Messages :
              0 reported,
                              2 suppressed
```

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APPENDIX C: INTAD.ASM

```
MPASM 01.40 Released
                                INTAD.ASM
                                            1-16-1997 15:21:10
                                                                         PAGE 1
LOC OBJECT CODE
                     LINE SOURCE TEXT
 VALUE
                    00001
                                    "Single channel A/D with interrupts"
                    00002 ;TITLE
                    00003 ; This program is a simple implementation of the PIC16C71's
                    00004 ;A/D. 1 Channel is selected (CHO). A/D interrupt is turned on,
                    00005 ;hence on completion of a/d conversion, an interrupt is generated.
                    00006 ; The A/D is configured as follows:
                                  Vref = +5V internal.
                    00007 ;
                    00008;
                                  A/D Osc. = internal RC Osc.
                    00009;
                                  A/D Interrupt = On
                    00010 ;
                                  A/D Channel = CH0
                    00011 ;
                    00012 ;The A/D result is displayed as a 8 bit value on 8 leds connected
                    00013 ;to port b. Hardware setup is the PICDEMO board.
                    00014;
                    00015 ;
                    00016;
                                  Program:
                                                     INTAD.ASM
                    00017 ;
                                  Revision Date:
                    00018;
                                                     1-14-97
                                                                  Compatibility with MPASMWIN 1.40
                    00019;
                    00020 ;
                                  LIST P=16C71
                    00021
                    00022
                                  ERRORLEVEL -302
                    00023 ;
                    00024
                                  include "p16c71.inc"
                    00001
                                  LIST
                    00002 ; P16C71.INC
                                        Standard Header File, Version 1.00 Microchip Technology
                    00142
                    00025 ;
  00000010
                    00026 flag
                                  eau
                                           10
  00000011
                    00027 TEMP
                                           11
                                  equ
  00000000
                    00028 adover
                                  equ
  0000001
                    00029 adif
                                  equ
                                           1
                    00030 adgo
  00000002
                                   equ
                                           2
  00000006
                    00031 adie
                                           6
                                  equ
                                           7
  00000007
                    00032 gie
                                  eau
  00000005
                    00033 rp0
                                           5
                                  equ
                    00034 ;
0000
                    00035
                                  ORG
                                           0x00
                    00036;
                    00037;
0000 2810
                    00038
                                  goto
                                           start
                    00039;
0004
                    00040
                                           0 \times 0.4
                                  org
0004 281E
                    00041
                                           service_ad
                                  goto
                                                           ;interrupt vector
                    00042 ;
                    00043;
0010
                    00044
                                  org
                                           0x10
0010
                    00045 start
0010 3000
                    00046
                                           B'00000000'
                                                           ;init i/o ports
                                  movlw
0011 0086
                    00047
                                           PORTB
                                  movwf
                    00048 ;
                                  tris
                                           PORTB
0012 1683
                    00049
                                  BSF
                                           STATUS, RP0
                                                           ; Bank1
0013 0086
                    00050
                                                           ; PortB as outputs
                                  MOVWF
                                           TRISB
0014 1283
                    00051
                                  BCF
                                           STATUS, RP0
                                                           ; Bank0
                    00052;
```

```
0015 2024
                    00053
                                          InitializeAD
                                  call
0016
                    00054 update
0016 1010
                    00055
                                                          ;reset software a/d flag
                                  bcf
                                          flag,adover
0017 202D
                    00056
                                  call
                                          SetupDelay
                                                          ;setup delay >= 10uS.
0018 1088
                    00057
                                  bcf
                                          ADCON0,adif
                                                          ;reset a/d int flag (ADIF)
0019 1508
                    00058
                                  bsf
                                          ADCON0, adgo
                                                          ;start new a/d conversion
001A 178B
                    00059
                                  bsf
                                          INTCON, gie
                                                          ; enable global interrupt
001B
                    00060 loop
001B 1810
                    00061
                                 btfsc
                                          flag,adover
                                                          ;a/d over?
001C 2816
                    00062
                                          update
                                                          ;yes start new conv.
                                  goto
001D 281B
                    00063
                                                          ;no then keep checking
                                  goto
                                          100p
                    00064 ;
001E
                    00065 service_ad
001E 1C88
                    00066
                                 btfss
                                          ADCON0,adif
                                                          ;ad interrupt?
001F 0009
                    00067
                                 retfie
                                                          ;no then ignore
0020 0809
                    00068
                                 movf
                                          ADRES, W
                                                          ;get a/d value
0021 0086
                    00069
                                  movwf
                                          PORTB
                                                          ;output to port b
0022 1410
                    00070
                                 bsf
                                          flag,adover
                                                          ;a/d done set
0023 0008
                    00071
                                                          ;do not enable int
                                 return
                    00072 ;
                    00073 ;
                    00074 ; InitializeAD, initializes and sets up the A/D hardware.
                    00075 ;select ch0 to ch3, RC OSC., a/d interrupt.
0024
                    00076 InitializeAD
0024 1683
                    00077
                                          STATUS, rp0
                                                          ;select Bank1
                                 bsf
0025 3000
                    00078
                                 movlw
                                         B'00000000'
                                                          ;select ch0-ch3...
0026 0088
                    00079
                                          ADCON1
                                                          ;as analog inputs
                                 movwf
0027 1283
                    08000
                                 bcf
                                          STATUS, rp0
                                                          ;select Bank0
0028 018B
                    00081
                                  clrf
                                          INTCON
                                                          ;clr all interrupts
0029 170B
                    00082
                                 bsf
                                          INTCON, adie
                                                          ;enable a/d int.
002A 30C1
                    00083
                                          B'11000001'
                                                          ;select:RC osc,ch0...
                                  movlw
002B 0088
                    00084
                                  movwf
                                          ADCON0
                                                          ;turn on a/d
002C 0008
                    00085
                                 return
                    00086;
                    00087 ; This routine is a software delay of 10uS for the a/d setup.
                    00088 ;At 4Mhz clock, the loop takes 3uS, so initialize TEMP with
                    00089 ;a value of 3 to give 9uS, plus the move should result in
                    00090 ;a total time of > 10uS.
002D
                    00091 SetupDelay
002D 3003
                    00092
                                 movlw
                                          . 3
002E 0091
                    00093
                                  movwf
                                          TEMP
002F
                    00094 SD
002F 0B91
                                  decfsz
                    00095
                                         TEMP, F
0030 282F
                    00096
                                  ant.o
                                          SD
0031 0008
                    00097
                                  return
                    00098;
                    00099;
                    00100
                                  END
MEMORY USAGE MAP ('X' = Used, '-' = Unused)
All other memory blocks unused.
Program Memory Words Used:
Program Memory Words Free:
                             988
Errors
Warnings :
               0 reported,
                               0 suppressed
Messages :
               0 reported,
                               2 suppressed
```

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APPENDIX D: MULTAD.ASM

```
MPASM 01.40 Released
                               MULTAD.ASM
                                            1-16-1997 15:21:41
                                                                         PAGE 1
LOC OBJECT CODE
                     LINE SOURCE TEXT
 VALUE
                                    "A/D using Multiple Channels"
                    00001 ;TITLE
                    00002 ; This program is a simple implementation of the PIC16C71's
                    00003 ;A/D feature. This program demonstrates
                    00004 ;how to select multiple channels on the PIC16C71.
                    00005 ; The A/D is configured as follows:
                                  Vref = +5V internal.
                    00006;
                    00007 ;
                                  A/D Osc. = internal RC osc.
                    00008;
                                 A/D Interrupt = Off
                    00009;
                                  A/D Channels = all in a "Round Robin" format.
                    00010 ;
                                  A/D reuslts are stored in ram locations as follows:
                    00011 ;
                                  ch0 --> ADTABLE + 0
                    00012 ;
                                  ch1 --> ADTABLE + 1
                                  ch2 --> ADTABLE + 2
                    00013 ;
                                  ch3 --> ADTABLE + 3
                    00014;
                    00015 ;
                    00016 ;The ch0 A/D result is displayed as a 8 bit value on 8 leds
                    00017 ; connected to port b.
                    00018 ; Hardware: PICDEMO board.
                    00019 ;
                                          Stan D'Souza 7/6/93.
                    00020 ;
                    00021 ;
                                  Program:
                                                     MULTAD.ASM
                    00022 ;
                                  Revision Date:
                    00023 ;
                                                     1-14-97
                                                                  Compatibility with MPASMWIN 1.40
                    00024 ;
                    00025 ;
                    00026
                                  LIST P=16C71
                                  ERRORLEVEL -302
                    00027
                    00028;
                    00029
                                  include "p16c71.inc"
                    00001
                                  LIST
                    00002 ;P16C71.INC Standard Header File, Version 1.00 Microchip Technology
                    00142
                                  LIST
                    00030 ;
  00000010
                    00031 TEMP
                                           10h
                                  EQU
 0000001
                    00032 adif
                                  equ
  0000002
                    00033 adgo
                                           2
                                  equ
                    00034 ;
  00000006
                    00035 ch2
                                           6
                                  equ
                    00036 ch3
  00000007
                                  eau
                                           7
  000000C
                    00037 flag
                                   equ
                                           0C
  00000020
                    00038 ADTABLE equ
                                           20
                    00039;
0000
                    00040
                                  ORG
                                           0x00
                    00041 ;
                    00042 ;
0000 2810
                    00043
                                  goto
                                           start
                    00044 ;
0004
                    00045
                                           0 \times 04
                                  ora
0004 2825
                    00046
                                           service_int
                                                            ;interrupt vector
                                  goto
                    00047 ;
                    00048;
0010
                    00049
                                  org
                                           0x10
0010
                    00050 start
0010 3000
                    00051
                                           B'00000000'
                                  movlw
                                                           ;make port b
```

0011	0086	00052	movwf	PORTB	;as all outputs	
		00053 ;	tris	PORTB	; /	
0012	1683	00054	BSF	STATUS, RPO	; Bank1	
0013	0086	00055	MOVWF	TRISB	; PortB as outputs	
0014	1283	00056	BCF	STATUS, RPO	; Bank0	
0011	1200	00057 ;	201	51111057 1110	, Bailite	
0015	2026		call	InitializeAD		
	2020	00058	Call	IIIICIAIIZEAD		
0016		00059 update				
	0809	00060	movf	ADRES,W		
0017	0800	00061	movwf	0	;save in table	
0018	3020	00062	movlw	ADTABLE	;chk if ch0	
0019	0204	00063	subwf	FSR,W	; /	
001A	1D03	00064	btfss	STATUS, Z	yes then skip	
	281E	00065	goto	NextAd	else do next channel	
	0809	00066	movf	ADRES, W	;get a/d value	
			movwf		_	
	0086	00067	IIIOVWI	PORTB	output to port b	
001E		00068 NextAd				
001E	2030	00069	call	NextChannel	select next channel;	
001F	203C	00070	call	SetupDelay	;set up > = 10uS	
0020	1088	00071	bcf	ADCON0,adif	clear flag;	
0021	1508	00072	bsf	ADCON0, adgo	start new a/d conversion	
0022		00073 loop				
	1888	00074	btfsc	ADCON0,adif	;a/d done?	
	2816	00071	goto	update	yes then update	
			_	-		
0024	2822	00076	goto	loop	;wait till done	
		00077 ;				
0025		00078 service	_int			
0025	0008	00079	return		;do not enable int	
		00080 ;				
		00081 ;				
		00082 ;Initia	lizeAD,	initializes and	sets up the A/D hardware.	
0026		00083 Initial			•	
	1683	00084	bsf	STATUS,5	;select pg1	
	3000	00085	movlw	B'00000000'	;select ch0-ch3	
	0088	00086	movwf	ADCON1	as analog inputs	
	1283	00087	bcf	STATUS,5	;select pg0	
002A	30C1	00088	movlw	B'11000001'	;select:fosc/2, ch0.	
002B	0088	00089	movwf	ADCON0	turn on a/d;	
002C	3020	00090	movlw	ADTABLE	get top of table address;	
002D	0084	00091	movwf	FSR	;load into indirect reg	
002E	0189	00092	clrf	ADRES	clr result reg.	
002F	0008	00093	return		5	
0021		00094 ;	1000111			
			annol d	ologta the next	channel to be sampled in a	
					Chamier to be sampred in a	
0000		00096 ; "round		Tormat.		
0030		00097 NextCha				
	3008	00098	movlw	0x08	get channel offset;	
	0788	00099	addwf	ADCON0, F	;add to conf. reg.	
0032	1288	00100	bcf	ADCON0,5	clear any carry over;	
		00101 ;increm	ent poin	ter to correct a	a/d result register	
0033	0190	00102	clrf	TEMP		
0034	1988	00103	btfsc	ADCON0,3	test lsb of chnl select	
	1410	00104	bsf	TEMP, 0	;set if ch1 or ch3	
	1A08	00105	btfsc	ADCON0,4	test msb of chnl select	
	1490	00105	bsf		;set if ch0 or ch2	
				TEMP,1		
	3020	00107	movlw	ADTABLE	get top of table	
	0710	00108	addwf	TEMP,W	add with temp	
003A	0084	00109	movwf	FSR	allocate new address	
003B	8000	00110	return			
		00111 ;				
		00112 ;This r	outine i	s a software del	ay of 10uS for the a/d setup.	
					3uS, so initialize TEMp with	
				_	the move etc should result in	
		00114 /a vaid			, siis move etc biloutu lebutt III	
0020				,_ / LUUD.		
003C	2002	00116 SetupDe	-	2		
003C	3003	00117	movlw	.3		

003D	0090	00118	movwf	TEMP	
003E		00119 SI	D		
003E	0B90	00120	decfsz	TEMP,	F
003F	283E	00121	goto	SD	
0040	8000	00122	return		
		00123			
		00124 ;			
		00125			
		00126	END		
MEMOR	OV TICACE MAD	/ IVI - Hand	d I - I - IInua	۸ ۲	

MEMORY USAGE MAP ('X' = Used, '-' = Unused)

All other memory blocks unused.

Program Memory Words Used: 51
Program Memory Words Free: 973

Errors : 0

Warnings: 0 reported, 0 suppressed
Messages: 0 reported, 2 suppressed

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