Advanced Microeconomics

Assignment 1

Due date: September 16, 2019 (before class)

Submission method: Please submit your assignment to me in class, or via E-mail: xhuecon@foxmail.com.

- 纸质版: 要求字迹工整, 可辨认。
- 电子版: 附件要求.pdf 格式。邮件标题格式为"作业编号-学号-姓名", 如: 作业 1-201901010101-张三。

Grading: Your assignment will be graded based on your effort, not the accuracy of your answers.

The exercises are embedded in the Chapter 1 lecture notes (red boxes). You are advised to read the relevant sections when you work on the exercises.

The same set of exercises are provided below:

- **1.B.3** Show that if $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ is a strictly increasing function and $u: X \to \mathbb{R}$ is a utility function representing preference relation \succeq , then the function $v: X \to \mathbb{R}$ defined by v(x) = f(u(x)) is also a utility function representing preference relation \succeq .
- **1.C.1** Consider the choice structure $(\mathcal{B}, C(\cdot))$ with $\mathcal{B} = (\{x, y\}, \{x, y, z\})$ and $C(\{x, y\}) = x$. Show that if $(\mathcal{B}, C(\cdot))$ satisfies W.A.R.P, then we must have $C(\{x, y, z\}) = \{x\}, = \{z\},$ or $= \{x, z\}.$
- **1.C.2** Show that W.A.R.P (Definition 1.C.1) is equivalent to the following property holding:

Suppose that $B, B' \in \mathcal{B}$, that $x, y \in B$, and that $x, y \in B'$. Then if $x \in C(B)$ and $y \in C(B')$, we must have $\{x, y\} \subset C(B)$ and $\{x, y\} \in C(B')$.

- **1.D.2** Show that if X is **finite**, then any rational preference relation generates a nonempty choice rule; that is, $C(B) \neq \emptyset$ for any $B \subset X$ with $B \neq \emptyset$. [hint: utilize the result of Remark 1.]
- **1.D.3** Let $X = \{x, y, z\}$, and consider the choice structure $(\mathcal{B}, C(\cdot))$ with

$$\mathscr{B} = \{\{x,y\}, \{y,z\}, \{x,z\}, \{x,y,z\}\}$$

and $C(\{x,y\})=\{x\},$ $C(\{y,z\})=\{y\},$ and $C(\{x,z\})=\{z\},$ as in Example 1.D.1. Show that $(\mathbb{B},C(\cdot))$ must violate W.A.R.P.