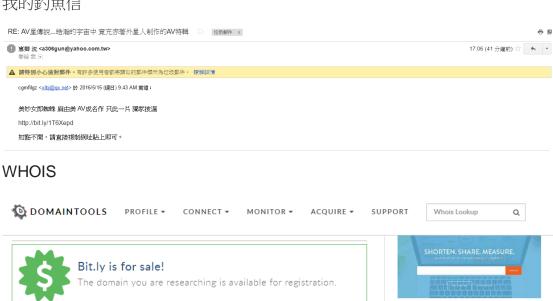
Homework #4 (chapters 6-8)

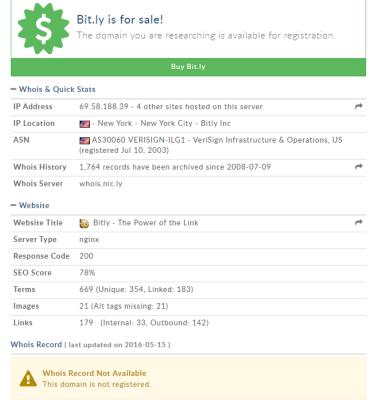
Due: 5/16 (Mon) in uploaded softcopy

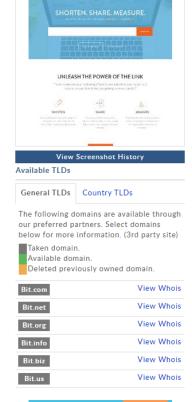
(30 points)

1. Use all of WHOIS, Robtex, and PhishTank to trace back on a phishing email found in your mailbox. If you don't find one, create one email account and post the email address onto Web to solicit some. Show and discuss your findings.

我的釣魚信

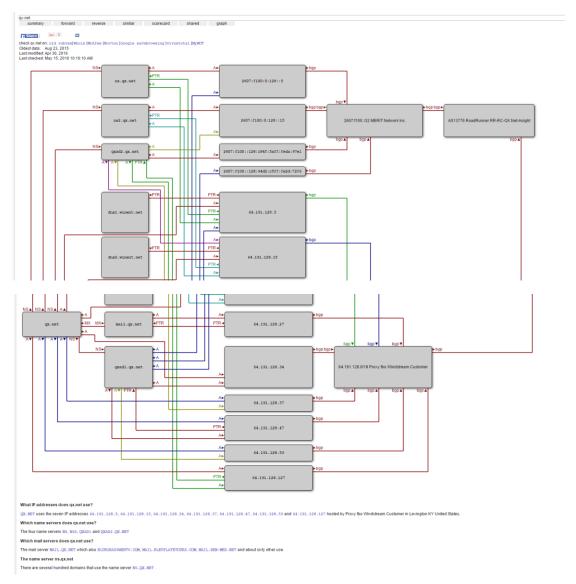








Robtex

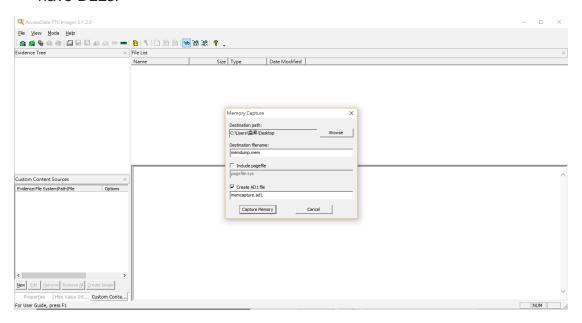


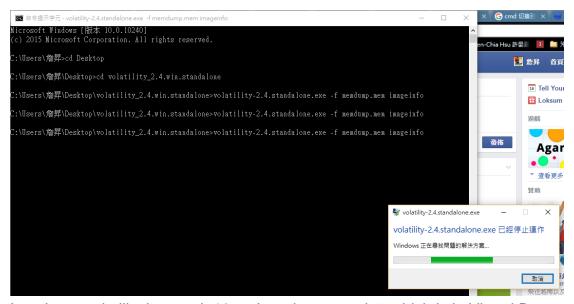
PhishTank



使用 PhishTank 但似乎沒人貢獻到我要的資料 (30 points)

 On Windows with some running processes connecting to the Internet, use FTK Imager to dump memory and then Volatility Framework to analyze the memory dump. Show processes with connections, and check whether they have DLLs.



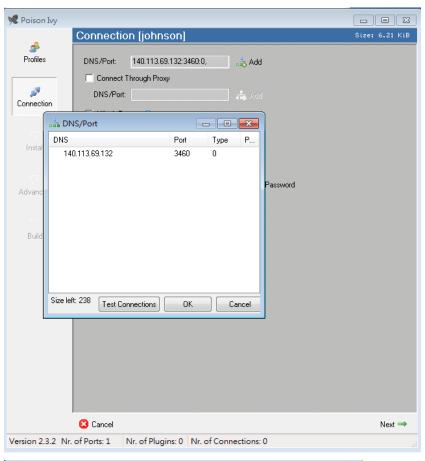


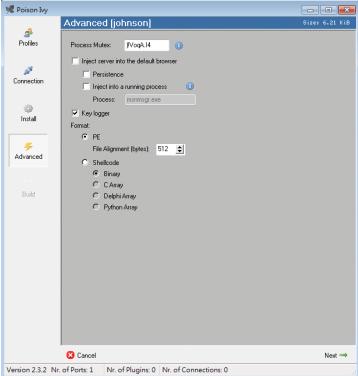
I can't run volatility in my win10 so I run it on my win7 which is in Virtual Box

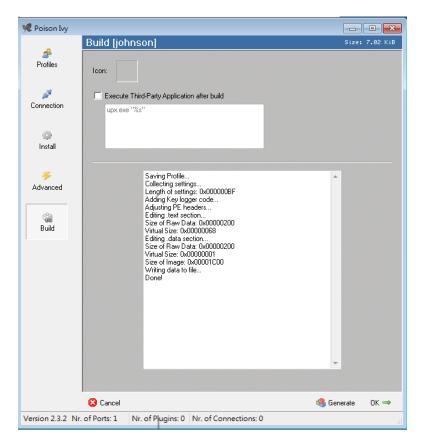
```
C: Wsers win Downloads wolatility_2.4.win.standalone wolatility_2.4.win.standalo
ne>volatility-2.4.standalone.exe -f memdump.mem imageinfo
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.4
Determining profile based on KDBG search..
          Suggested Profile(s): Win7SP0x86, Win7SP1x86
                      AS Layer1 : IA32PagedMemory (Kernel AS)
                      AS Layer2 : FileAddressSpace (C:\Users\win\Downloads\wolati
lity_2.4.win.standalone\volatility_2.4.win.standalone\memdump.mem>
                       PAE type : No PAE
                            DTB : 0x185000L
                           KDBG: 0x83d42c70L
          Number of Processors : 4
     Image Type (Service Pack): 1
                 KPCR for CPU 0 : 0x83d43d00L
                 KPCR for CPU 1 : 0x80d9c000L
                 KPCR for CPU 2 : 0x9201e000L
                 KPCR for CPU 3 : 0x92059000L
             KUSER_SHARED_DATA : 0xffdf0000L
           Image date and time : 2016-05-15 16:11:31 UTC+0000
     Image local date and time : 2016-05-16 00:11:31 +0800
C: Wsers win Downloads wolatility_2.4.win.standalone wolatility_2.4.win.standalo
ne>_
```

(30 points)

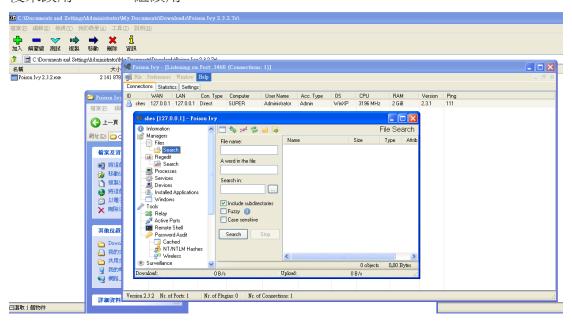
3. Retrieve Poison Ivy RAT from the Internet. Use a program tracing tool you are familiar with to trace this RAT. Show how you trace the RAT with your tracing tool and summarize what modules this RAT contains.







後來改用 WINXP 繼續用



(20 points)

4. Use Nmap, NTA Monitor, IKEProbe to identify whether a target VPN server supports Aggressive mode. Screen dump "useful" results and explain.

```
root@kali: ~
                                                                                                          - 0 x
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
pash: namp: command not found
 oot@kali:~# nmap -sC -A 140.113.168.31
Starting Nmap 7.01 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2016-05-17 07:51 UTC
Nmap scan report for tcsproxy.cs.nctu.edu.tw (140.113.168.31)
Host is up (0.023s latency).
Not shown: 994 closed ports
PORT
22/tcp
          STATE SERVICE VERSION
          open ssh?
30/tcp open http
                              Apache httpd
 http-methods:
    Potentially risky methods: TRACE
 http-server-header: Apache
__http-title: Redirecting to demo page
_ll/tcp open rpcbind 2-4 (RPC #100000)
143/tcp open ssl/http Apache httpd
 http-methods:
 Potentially risky methods: TRACE
http-server-header: Apache
 http-title: Redirecting to demo page
 ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=vpn.cs.nctu.edu.tw
Not valid before: 2014-01-16T00:00:00
  Not valid after: 2019-01-15T23:59:59
  .
ssl-date: 2016-05-17T07:51:19+00:00; -4m08s from scanner time.
  sslv2:
    SSLv2 supported
    ciphers:
      SSL2_DES_192_EDE3_CBC_WITH_MD5
SSL2_RC2_CBC_128_CBC_WITH_MD5
SSL2_RC4_128_WITH_MD5
      SSL2_DES_64_CBC_WITH_MD5
SSL2_RC2_CBC_128_CBC_WITH_MD5
SSL2_RC4_128_EXPORT40_WITH_MD5
1443/tcp open ies-lm?
B128/tcp open http
                              Apache httpd
 http-methods:
  http-methods:
    Potentially risky methods: TRACE
 _http-open-proxy: Proxy might be redirecting requests
 _http-server-header: Apache
 http-title: Redirecting to demo page
Device type: bridge|general purpose
Running (JUST GUESSING): Oracle Virtualbox (96%), QEMU (91%)
OS CPE: cpe:/o:oracle:virtualbox cpe:/o:qemu:qemu
Aggressive OS guesses: Oracle Virtualbox (96%), QEMU user mode network gateway (91%)
No exact OS matches for host (test conditions non-ideal).
Network Distance: 2 hops
TRACEROUTE (using port 80/tcp)
HOP RTT
              ADDRESS
     2.57 ms 10.0.2.2
     2.70 ms tcsproxy.cs.nctu.edu.tw (140.113.168.31)
OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.or
g/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 <u>I</u>P address (1 host up) scanned in 228.84 seconds
 oot@kali:~#
```

NTA monitor (parameter --aggressive) aggressive mode scan results:

```
root@kali:~# ike-scan --aggressive --multiline --id=0216002 140.113.168.31
Starting ike-scan 1.9 with 1 hosts (http://www.nta-monitor.com/tools/ike-scan/)
Ending ike-scan 1.9: 1 hosts scanned in 2.443 seconds (0.41 hosts/sec). 0 returned handsh ake; 0 returned notify
root@kali:~#
```

IKEProbe aggressive mode scan results:

0216002_詹昇 電腦安全_HW4

```
D.Y. 下部到大空間中心 likeprobe l
```

```
** - - ×

** Attribute Settings:
Cipher IDES
Hash MDS
Diffle Belliam Group 1

24.103 :: whi (motd-sed, 02166b88)

24.103 :: whi (motd-sed, 244)

24.103 :: whi (motd-sed, 244)

29.125 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

21.25 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

24.21 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

24.22 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

24.22 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

24.22 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

24.23 :: whi (motd-sed).

25.21 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

25.21 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

26.21 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

27.25 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

27.26 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

27.26 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

27.26 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

27.27 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

27.28 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

27.29 :: se, whi (motd-sed).

27.20 :: se,
```

0216002_詹昇 電腦安全_HW4

```
Attribute Settings:
Clipher ABS
Hanh SRAI

Diffice Hellann Group 1

96.875 3: phi_initiated(00443ee0, 0216658)
96.875 3: cx_phi (00443ee0, 244)
96.875 3: cx_phi (00443ee0, 244)
101.891 3: phi_initiated(00443ee0), 244)
101.891 3: phi_initiated(00443ee0), 244)
101.893 3: phi_initiated(00443ee0), 244)
104.893 3: phi_initiated(00443ee0), 02166b88)
104.922 3: cx_phi (00443ee0, 276)
105.938 3: cx_phi (00443ee0, 276)
107.938 3: cx_phi (00443ee0, 276)
107.938 3: cx_phi (00443ee0, 276)
107.938 3: cx_phi (00443ee0, 360)
```

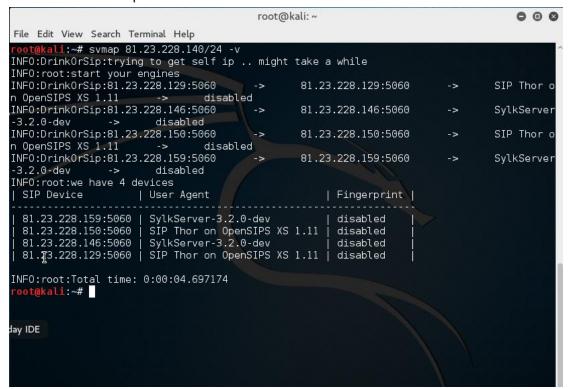
```
| No. | No.
```

```
| 185.141 3: ex phi (00443ee0, 340) | 168.141 3: phi_disposed(00443ee0) | 168.141 3: phi_disposed(00443ee0) | 168.141 3: phi_disposed(00443ee0, 0216688) | 168.141 3: phi_initiated(00443ee0, 0216688) | 168.141 3: phi_initiated(00443ee0, 0216688) | 168.147 3: expl (00443ee0, 244) | 170.157 3: phi_disposed(00443ee0) | 176.172 3: expl (00443ee0, 246) | 176.172 3: phi_nitiated(00443ee0, 0216658) | 176.172 3: expl (00443ee0, 276) | 181.172 3: expl
```

From my observation, the target VPN server(NCTU CS VPN) does not support aggressive mode. Because no handshake be returned.

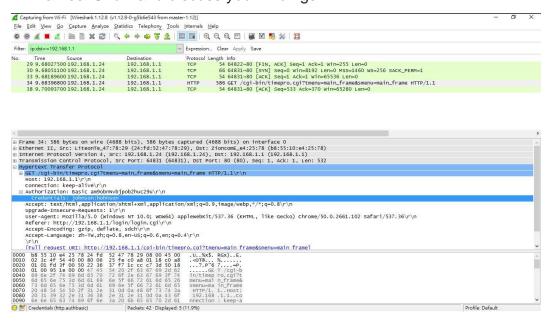
(20 points)

5. Use SiVuS, SIPVicious to scan a public SIP server. Screen dump "useful" results and explain.



(30 points)

6. Setup your own client and an AP, or find an existing AP, running no encryption. Use wireshark or airodump-ng to sniff and decode data frames. Show and discuss your findings.



把 AP 加密調成沒有加密,再用 wireshark 監聽無線網卡的封包。 (50 points)

7. Setup your own client and an AP to run WEP. Use the aircrack-ng suite to crack the WEP key by running through the steps of frame capturing, fake authentication attack, ARP replay attack, and key cracking. Show and discuss the steps you run through.