

MERGE SORT ALGORITHM

It's a sorting technique that **sequences data by continuously merging items in the list**. Every single item in the original unordered list is merged with another, creating groups of two. Every two-item group is merged, creating groups of four and so on until there is one ordered list.

Merge Sort Algorithm (Working)

`mergeSort(arr [], l, r)` [arr = Array, l = leftmost index , r = rightmost index]

{

Step 1 – Find the middle point to divide the array into two halves:

Middle $m = (l+r)/2$

Division

Step 2 – Call merge sort for first half:

`mergeSort(arr,l,m)`

Step 3 – Call merge sort for second half:

`mergeSort(arr,m+1,r)`

Recursion

Step 4 – Merge the two halves sorted in step 2 and 3

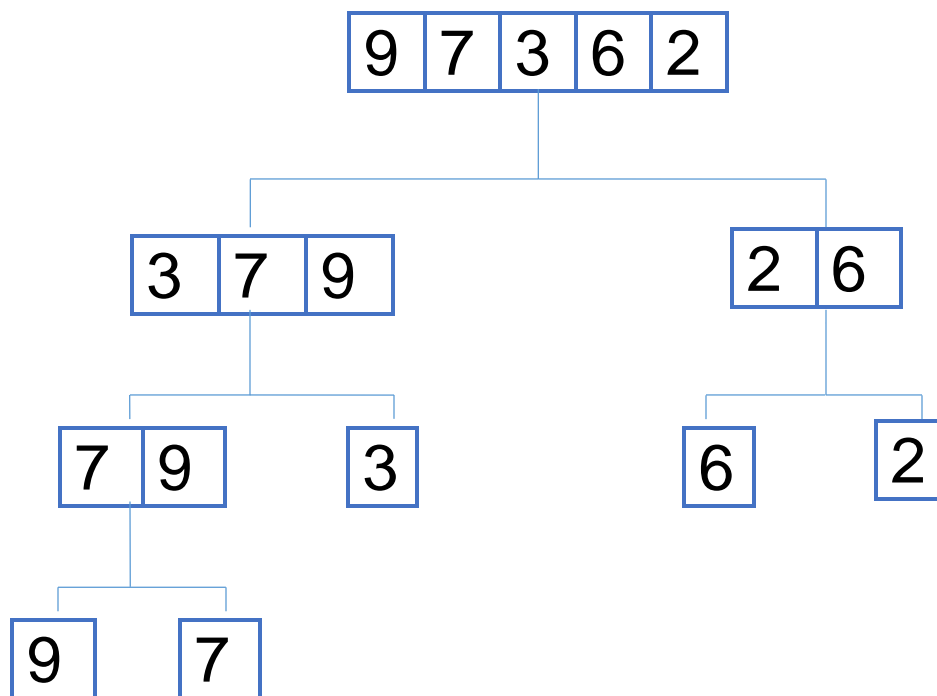
`merge (arr,l,m,r)`

Merging

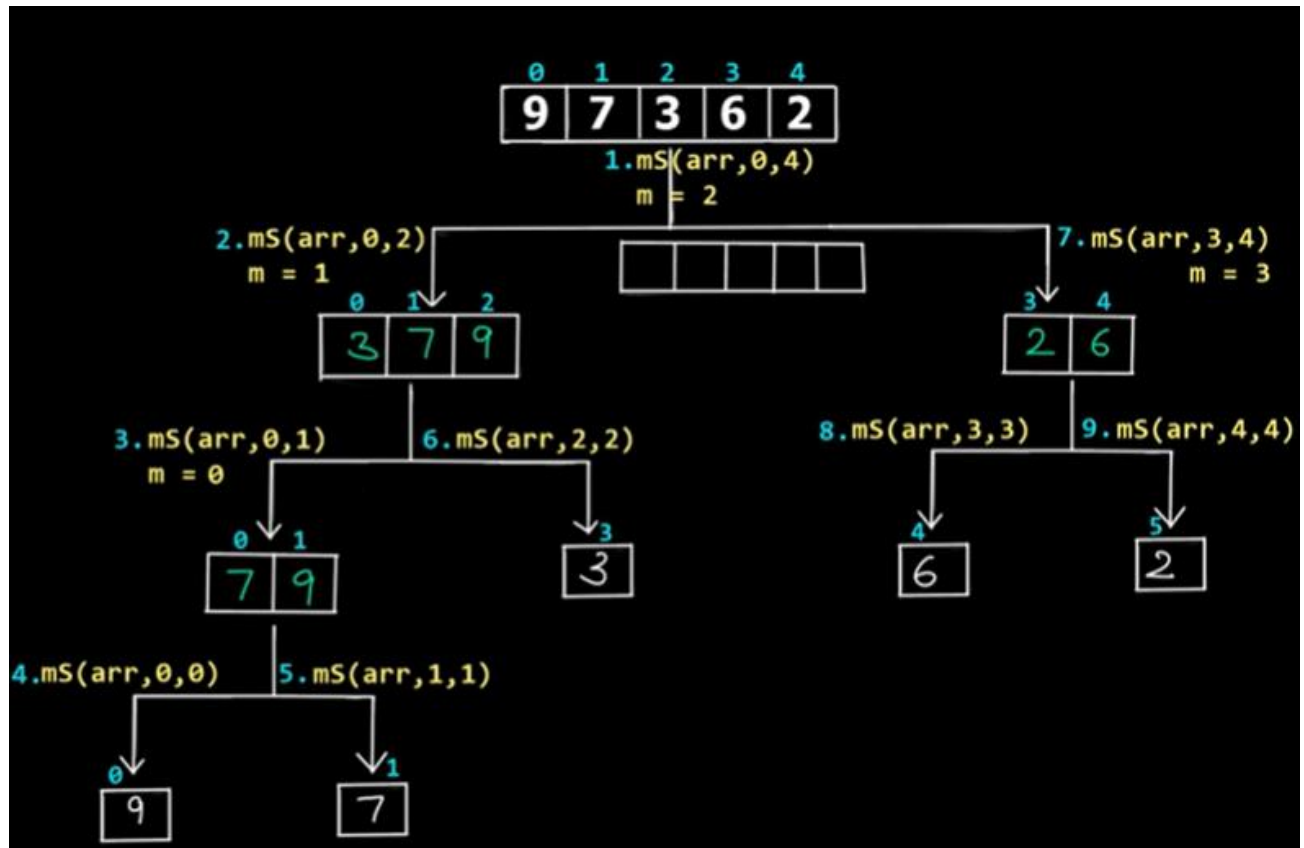
}

Merge Sort implementation

```
mergeSort(arr[],l,r)
{
    if (l<r)
    {
        1. m=(l+r)/2
        2. mergeSort(arr,l,m)
        3. mergeSort(arr,m+1,r)
        4. merge(arr,l,m,r)
    }
}
```



Representation



Step 4 Implementation

```
merge(arr,l,m,r)
{
    1.i=l,j=m+1,k=l // 3 variables
    2.temp[] //create temp array

    3.while (i<=m && j<=r)
        3.1 if(arr[i]<= arr[j])
            temp[k]=arr[i]
            i++,k++
        3.2 else
            temp[k]=arr[j]
            j++,k++
    4.while (i<=m)
        temp[k]=arr[i]
        i++,k++
    5.while(j<=r)
        temp[k]=arr[j]
        j++,k++
    6.for(int p=l;p<=r;p++)
        arr[p]=temp[p];
}
```

