1)Python program using OpenCV library and perform the following with respect to an image.

- a) Read a gray scale image and display.
- b) Increase and decrease the brightness and save it in a drive.
- c) Split the image into three channel(R,G,B).
- d) Resize the image by shrinking and zooming the same by using interpolation method.
- e) Rotate the image to about 60 degree without scaling.
- f) Demonstrate edge detection of your image with suitable algorithm.

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a)

 $import\ cv2 \\ img = cv2.imread(r"D:\IP\images\dog.jpg",cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE) \\ cv2.imshow('image',img) \\ cv2.waitKey(0) \\ cv2.destroyAllWindows()$

Output:



import cv2
import numpy as np
import os
path = r'D:\IP\images\bird.jpg'
nwCwd = os.getcwd()
print("\n Current working directory is:",nwCwd)
dir_list=os.listdir(nwCwd)
print("\n List of files in folder",dir_list)
image=cv2.imread(r'D:\IP\images\bird.jpg')
cv2.imshow("original",image)
Intensity_Matrix=np.ones(image.shape,dtype="uint8")*60

brt_image=cv2.add(image,Intensity_Matrix)
cv2.imshow("Bright",brt_image)
dark_image=cv2.subtract(image,Intensity_Matrix)
cv2.imshow("dark",dark_image)
cv2.imwrite("Copy_Image1.jpg",brt_image)
cv2.imwrite("Copy_Image2.jpg",dark_image)
dir_list=os.listdir(nwCwd)
print("\n After list of files in folder",dir_list)
cv2.waitKey(0)

Output:



c)
import cv2
path = r'D:\IP\images\bird.jpg'
image=cv2.imread(r'D:\IP\images\bird.jpg')
cv2.imshow("original",image)
b,g,r=cv2.split(image)
cv2.imshow("Blue",b)
cv2.imshow("Green",g)
cv2.imshow("Red",r)
cv2.waitKey(0)



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d)
import cv2
import numpy as np
image = cv2.imread(r"D:\IP\images\dog.jpg")
cv2.imshow('Original Image',image)
down_width=100
down_height=100
down_points=(down_width , down_height)
resized_down=cv2.resize(image,down_points,interpolation=cv2.INTER_LINEAR)
up_width=200
up_height=100
up_points=(up_width , up_height)
resized_up=cv2.resize(image,up_points,interpolation=cv2.INTER_LINEAR)
cv2.imshow('Resized Down by defining height and width',resized_down)
cv2.waitKey()
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cv2.imshow('Resized Up by defining height and width',resized_down)
cv2.waitKey()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

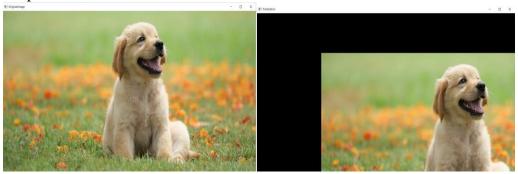
Output:



e)
import cv2
import imutils
path = r'D:\IP\images\dog.jpg'
img=cv2.imread(r"D:\IP\images\dog.jpg",cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
rotate_img=imutils.rotate(img,angle=60)
cv2.imshow("Original",img)
cv2.imshow("Rotated",rotate_img)
cv2.waitKey(0)



f)
import cv2
import numpy as np
path = r'D:\IP\images\dog.jpg'
img=cv2.imread(r"D:\IP\images\dog.jpg",cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
height, width=img.shape[:2]
quater_height,quater_width = height/4, width/4
T= np.float32([[1,0,quater_width],[0,1,quater_height]])
img_translation=cv2.warpAffine(img,T,(width,height))
cv2.imshow("Originalimage",img)
cv2.imshow("Translation',img_translation)
cv2.waitKey()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()



2)Write a python program using open CV library and perform basic image processing operations(Arithmetic and logical).

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import cv2
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
path1 = r'D:\IP\images\RGB.jpg'
path2 = r'D:\IP\images\RGB2.jpg'
image1=cv2.imread(path1)
image2=cv2.imread(path2)
addImage = np.add(image1,image2)

cv2.imshow("Addition of 2 images",addImage)
subImage = np.subtract(image1,image2)
cv2.imshow("Subtraction of 2 images",subImage)
bitOr = cv2.bitwise_or(image1,image2,mask=None)
cv2.imshow("BitWise Or",bitOr)
bitAnd = cv2.bitwise_and(image1,image2,mask=None)
cv2.imshow("BitWise And",bitAnd)
bitXor = cv2.bitwise_xor(image1,image2,mask=None)
cv2.imshow("BitWise Xor",bitXor)
bitNot = cv2.bitwise_not(image1)
cv2.imshow("BitWise not",bitNot)
cv2.waitKey(0)

Original image:

