# PSP0201 WEEKLY REPORT

Group name: Apocalypse

Members

ID	NAME	ROLE	
1211103698	UMMI SYAHIRAH BINTI MUHAMMAD ROZAIDEE	LEADER	
1211103293	FARAH FAMILA BINTI YAHYA	MEMBER	
1211102031	NOR ALIAH SYUHAIDAH BINTI SHARUDDIN	MEMBER	
1211101673	NURUL MANJA MURNIRA NAJWA BINTI MALIKI	MEMBER	

# DAY 16: [Scripting] Help! Where is Santa?

Tools used: Kali Linux, Firefox, Python3,

#### **Question 1**

```
File Actions Edit View Help

[kali@kali]-[~]

Samap 10.10.147.205

Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-07-07 10:07 EDT

Note: Host seems down. If it is really up, but blocking our ping probes, try -Pn

Nmap done: 1 PP address (0 hosts up) scanned in 3.10 seconds

[kali@kali]-[~]

Samap -Pn 10.10.147.205

Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://map.org ) at 2022-07-07 10:08 EDT

Nmap scan report for 10.10.147.205

Host is up (0.21s latency).

Not shown: 998 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)

PORT STATE SERVICE

22/tcp open ssh

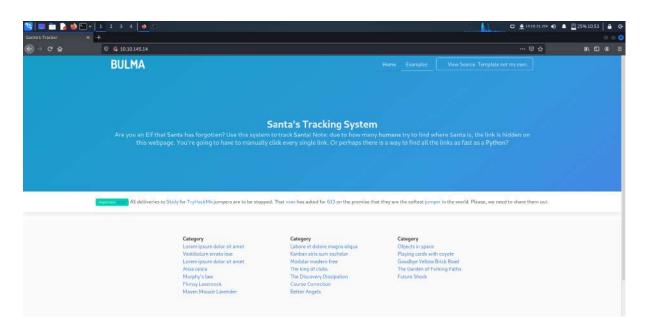
Mo/tcp open http

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 30.41 seconds

[kali@kali)-[~]

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 30.41 seconds
```

#### **Question 2**



#### **Question 3**

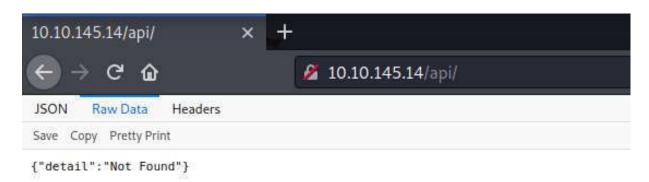
Paste the Ip address on firefox and go to web consoles.

```
<footer class="footer">
       <div class="container">
              <div class="columns">
                     <div class="column is-3 is-offset-2">
                            <h2><strong>Category</strong></h2>
                            <a href="#">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet</a>
                                  <a href="#">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet</a>
<a href="#">Vestibulum errato isse</a>
<a href="#">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet</a>
<a href="#">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet</a>
<a href="#">Aisia caisia</a>
<a href="#">Murphy's law</a>
<a href="#">Flimsy Lavenrock</a>
<a href="#">Mref="#">Maven Mousie Lavender</a></i></a>

                            </div>
                     <div class="column is-3">
                            <h2><strong>Category</strong></h2>
                            <a href="#">Labore et dolore magna aliqua</a>
                                  <a href="#">Labore et dotore magna aliqua</a><a href="#">Kanban airis sum eschelor</a><a href="#">Kerendine ip/api/api key">Modular modern free</a><a href="#">The king of clubs</a><a href="#">The Discovery Dissipation</a><a href="#">Course Correction</a>
                                   <a href="#">Better Angels</a>
                            </div>
                     <div class="column is-4">
                            <h2><strong>Category</strong></h2>
                            <a href="#">Objects in space</a>
                                   <a href="#">Playing cards with coyote</a><a href="#">Goodbye Yellow Brick Road</a><a href="#">The Garden of Forking Paths</a></a>
                                   <a href="#">Future Shock</a>
                            </div>
              </div>
              <div class="content has-text-centered">
                            <a class="icon" href="https://github.com/BulmaTemplates/bulma-templates">
    <i class="fa fa-github"></i>
                            </a>

<div class="control level-item">
<div class="control level-item">
<a href="https://github.com/BulmaTemplates/bulma-templates">
<div class="tags has-addons">
<span class="tag is-dark">Bulma Templates</span>
<span class="tag is-info">MIT license</span>
</div</pre>
                                   </div>
```

# **Question 4**



#### **Ouestion 5**

Install pyhton3 on the terminal.

```
File Actions Edit View Help

(hall@foall)-[-]

| pips Install requests beautifulsoup4

Command 'pips' not found, but can be installed with:
sudo apt install python3-pip
Do you want to install it? (My/y)
sudo apt install python3-pip
[sudo] password for kali:
Reading package lists ... Done
Building dependency tree ... Building dependency dependency tree ... Building dependency tr
```

Type nano script.py and type the command to track the santa. Save the file and the file name is *script.py*.



Last but not least, you can track the location of the santa.

```
{"item_id":37,"q":"Error. Key not valid!"}
39
{"item_id":39,"q":"Error. Key not valid!"}
41
{"item_id":41,"q":"Error. Key not valid!"}
43
{"item_id":43,"q":"Error. Key not valid!"}
45
{"item_id":45,"q":"Error. Key not valid!"}
47
{"item_id":47,"q":"Error. Key not valid!"}
49
{"item_id":49,"q":"Error. Key not valid!"}
51
{"item_id":51,"q":"Error. Key not valid!"}
53
{"item_id":53,"q":"Error. Key not valid!"}
55
{"item_id":55,"q":"Error. Key not valid!"}
57
{"item_id":57,"q":"Winter Wonderland, Hyde Park, London \[ \]
59
{"item_id":59,"q":"Error. Key not valid!"}
61
```

```
67
{"item_id":67,"q":"Winter Wenderland, Hyde Park, London."}
59
```

#### **Methodology/Thought Process:**

Port number of the website server can be found by using the terminal and using the "Nmap" method. Nmap for network discovery and security auditing. The installation of python3 in the terminal can use any tools converted to Python 3 containing only scripts.

# DAY 17: [REVERSE ENGINEERING] ReverseELFneering

Tools used: Kali Linux

Question 1

The answer can be found in TryHackMe.

Initial Data Type	Suffix	Size (bytes)
Byte	b	1
Word	w	2
Double Word	t	4
Quad	q	8
Single Precision	s	4
Double Precision	Ľ.	8

The answer can be found in TryHackMe.

This will open the binary in debugging mode. Once the binary is open, one of the first things to do is ask r2 to analyze the program, and this can be done by typing in:

Note, when using the a command in radare2, this may take between 5-10 minutes depending on your system.

Which is the most common analysis command. It analyses all symbols and entry points in the executable. The analysis, in this case, involves extracting function names, flow control information, and much more! r2 instructions are usually based on a single character, so it is easy to get more information about the commands.

#### Question 3

The answer can be found in TryHackMe.

A breakpoint specifies where the program should stop executing. This is useful as it allows us to look at the state of the program at that particular point. So let's set a breakpoint using the command db in this case, it would be db 0x00400b55 To ensure the breakpoint is set, we run the pdf @main command again and see a little b next to the instruction we want to stop at.

# Question 4

The answer can be found in TryHackMe.

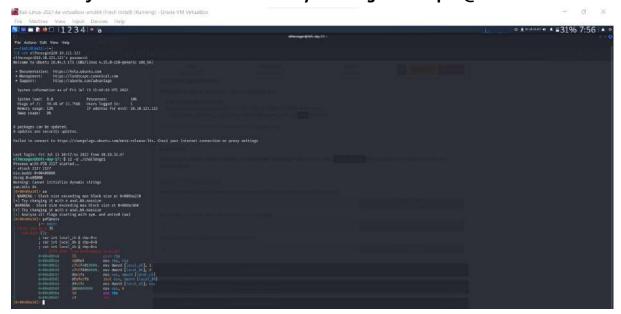
Running dc will execute the program until we hit the breakpoint

# Question 5,6,7

Access machine using vpn.

```
| Company of the Comp
```

Run the command **ssh elfmceager [IP Address]** and the password is **adventofcyber.** Run the command **r2 -d ./challenge > aa > pdf@main.** 



# **Methodology/Thought Process:**

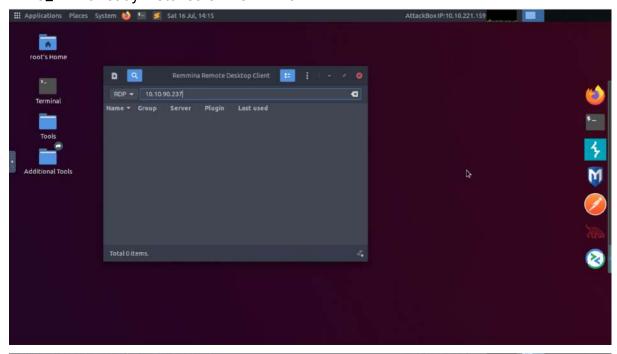
Answers for question 1-4 can be found in TryHackMe Day 17 material. Answers for 5-7, access machine using vpn. Open another terminal and use ssh to access the system by command **ssh elfmceager [IP Address]**, and fill the password with **adventofcyber.** After that run the command **r2 -d ./challenge1.** Run the command **aa** to identify the program in radare2. Next, run the command **pdf@main** to examine the assembly code. The answer for question 5 is just straightforward which is **1**. For question 6, the answer is **6.1 X 6 =6.** The answer for question 7 is **6.** 

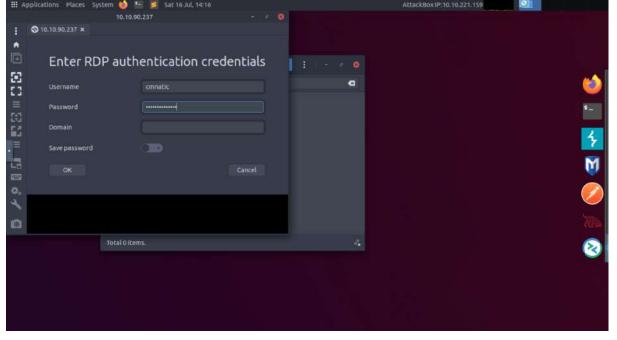
# **DAY 18: [REVERSE ENGINEERING] The Bits of Christmas**

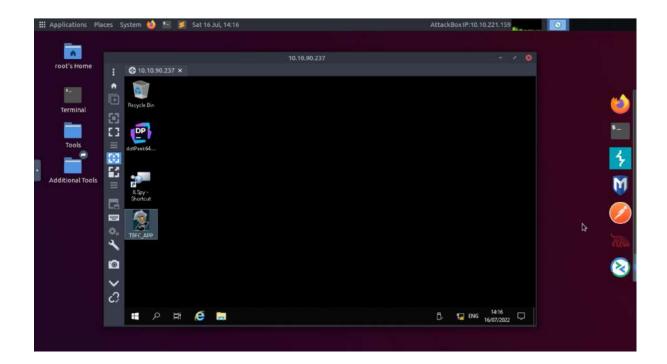
Tools used: Kali Linux

# **Question 1**

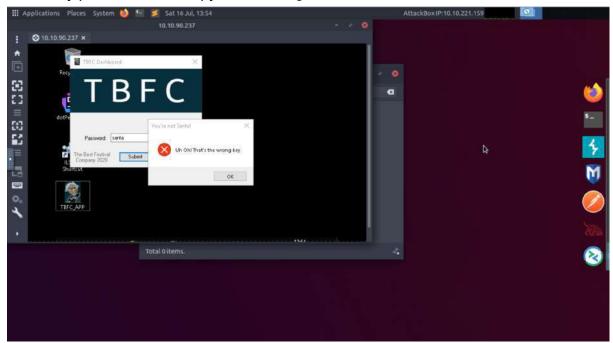
Open Remmina on your machine and put in the IP address provided by TryHackMe. Enter the username and password as provided by TryHackMe and then open the TBFC\_APP already installed on Remmina.



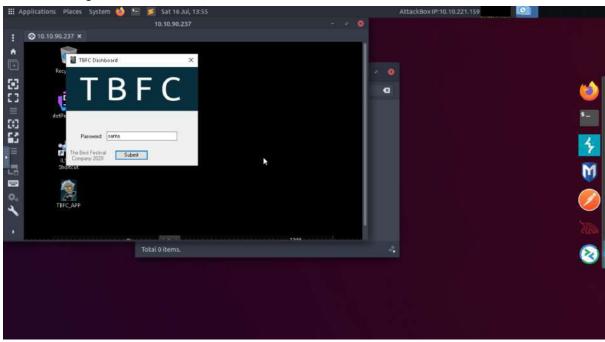




Put in any password and copy the message on the feedback returned.

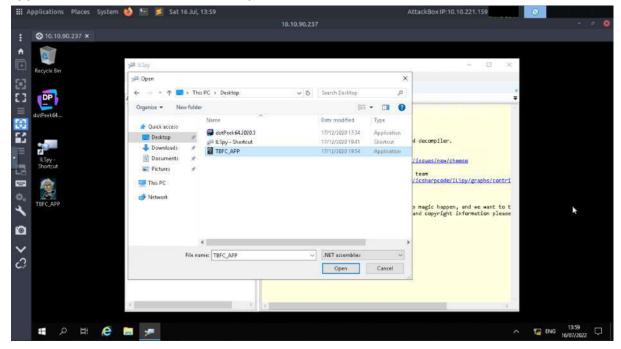


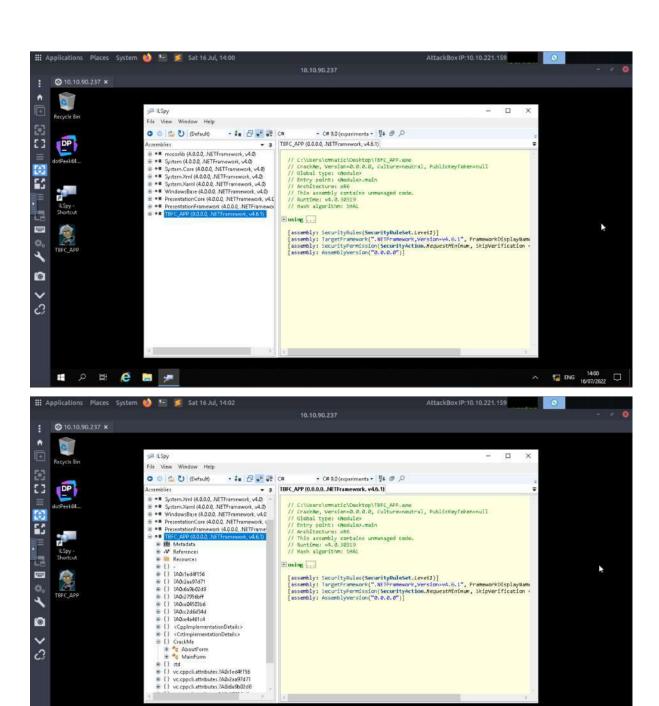
The meaning of TBFC is available on the dashboard of TBFC\_APP.



# **Question 3**

Open ILSpy and then open TBFC\_APP on ILSpy to decompile the code of the application. Once it's been decompiled, search for the module that stands out.

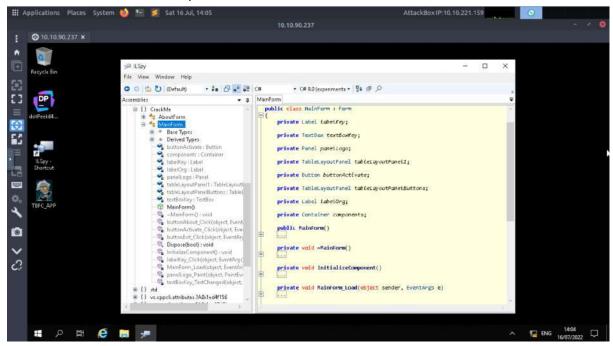




^ \$\frac{1402}{16/07/2022} □

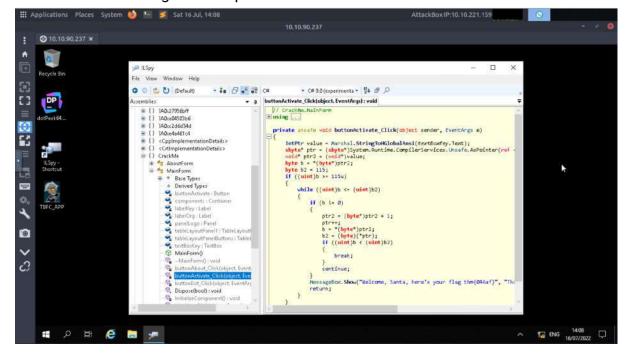
**# ク # @ 🔚 🥦** 

Check through both options under CrackMe and look for the one that will provide information on the data input.

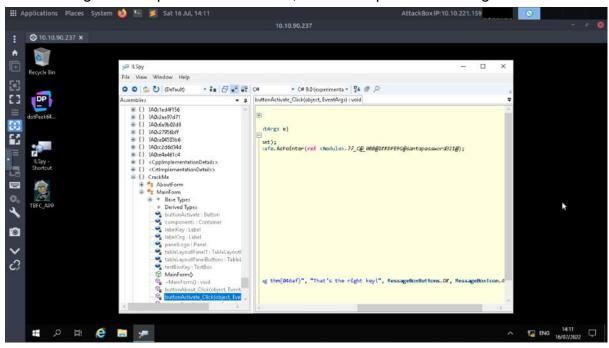


#### **Question 5**

Look through the methods under MainForm and find the one that provides information on the login data input.

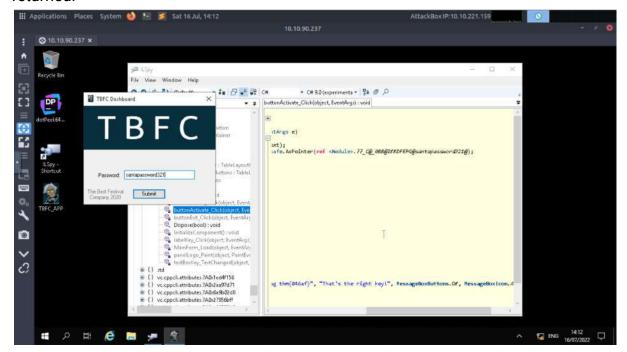


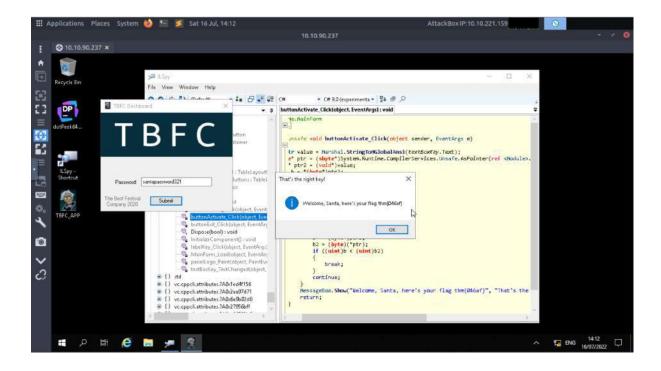
Once the login data input has been found, obtain the password to login to TBFC\_APP.



#### **Question 7**

Open the TBFC\_APP again and login with the correct password. The flag will then be returned.





# Methodology/Thought Process:

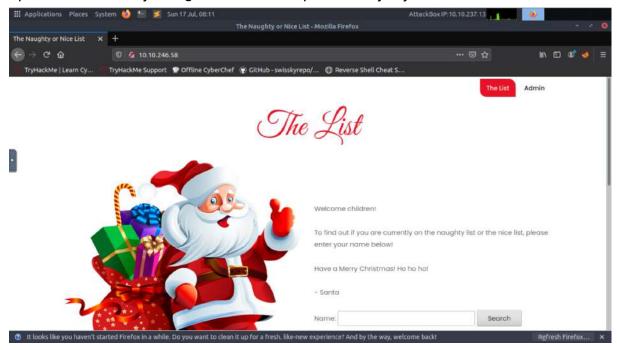
Open Remmina and put in the IP address that had been provided by TryHackMe. Once it's opened, we put in the username and password as provided by TryHackMe which will open the desktop to Remmina. Then, we opened the TBFC\_APP that was available on Remmina's desktop. To decompile the code of TBFC\_APP, we opened ILSpy and chose the TBFC\_APP file. Once its code was decompiled, we looked through the modules and found that CrackMe stood out as it was unlike the other modules. Under the CrackMe module, we searched through the forms. The MainForm holds information regarding the data input, which is what we're looking for to get the login information. After going through the methods in the MainForm, we found that the buttonActivate\_Click method had information about the login data input. In the code of that method, we found the password for TBFC\_APP which is santapassword321. Then, we login to TBFC\_APP using the password we found and the flag thm{046af} was returned.

# DAY 19: [WEB EXPLOITATION] The Naughty or Nice List

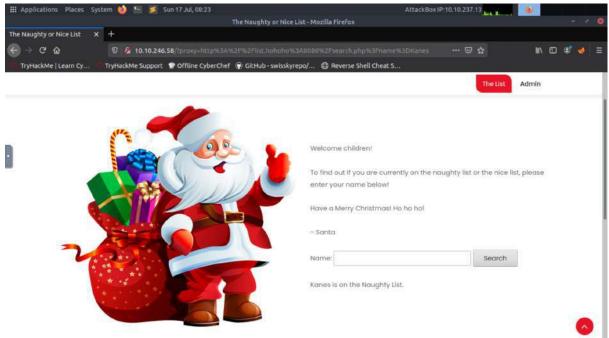
Tools used: Mozilla Firefox

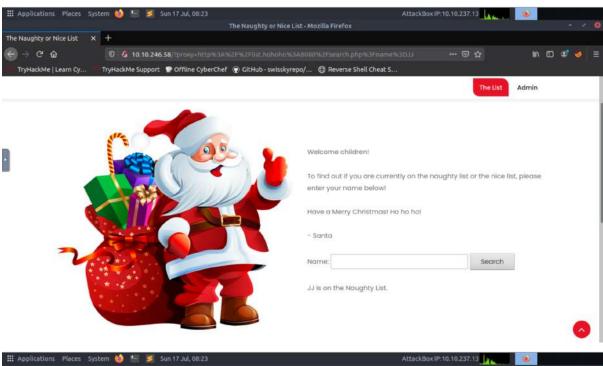
#### **Question 1**

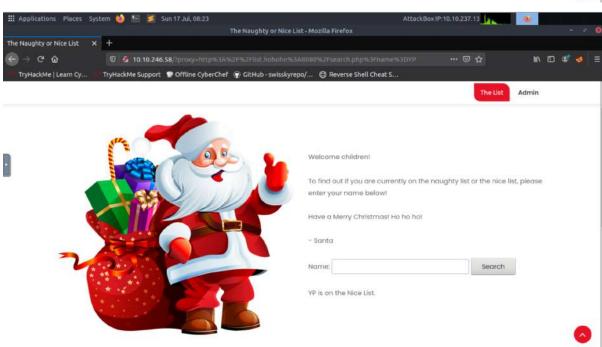
Open the website by using the IP address provided by TryHackMe

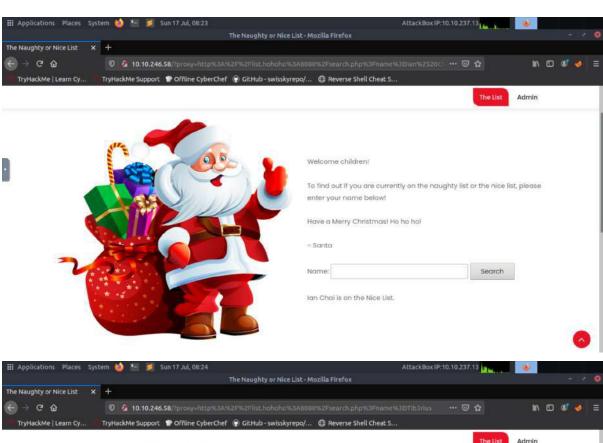


Once the page has loaded, scroll down to find the name search box and search the names given to see if they are on the naughty or nice list.

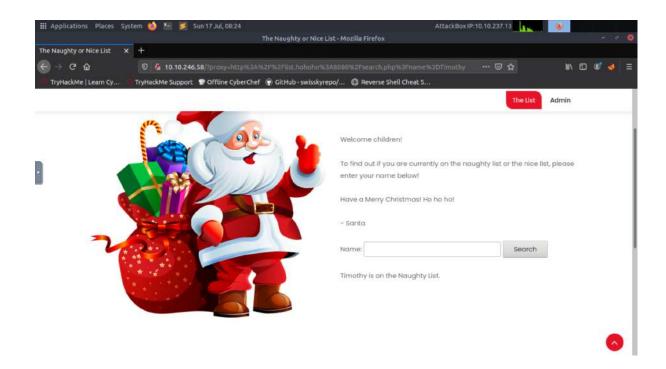




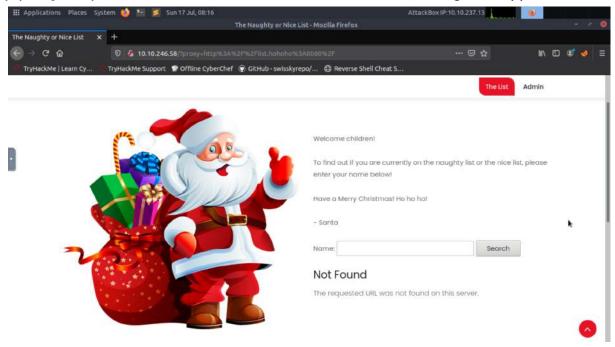




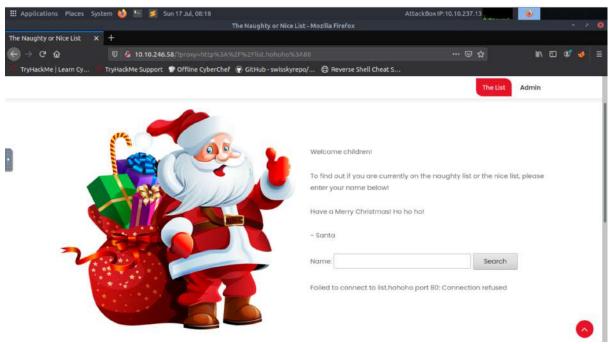




Using the same IP address, browse to /?proxy=http%3A%2F%2Flist.hohoho%3A8080%2F . A message will appear.

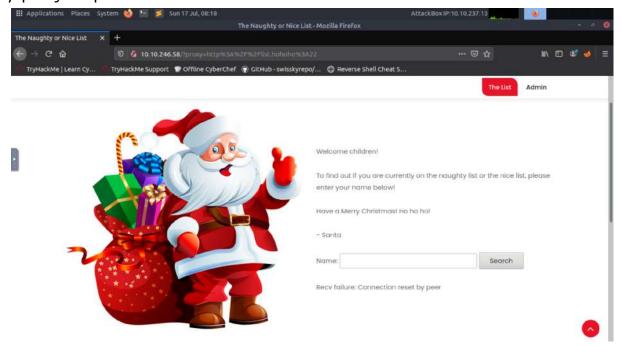


Using the same IP address, browse to /?proxy=http%3A%2F%2Flist.hohoho%3A80 and copy the message returned.

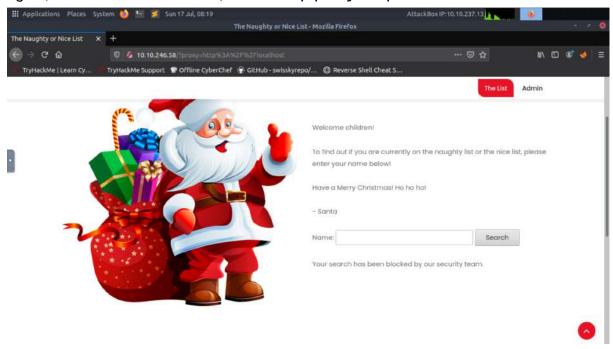


# **Question 4**

Still on the same IP address, browse to /?proxy=http%3A%2F%2Flist.hohoho%3A22 instead.



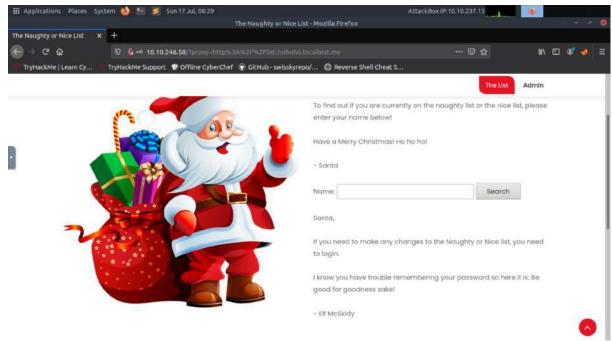
Again, on the same IP address, browse to /?proxy=http%3A%2F%2Flocalhost.



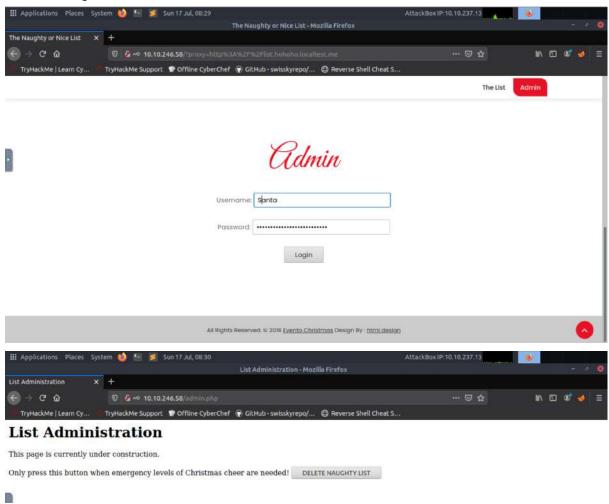
# **Question 6**

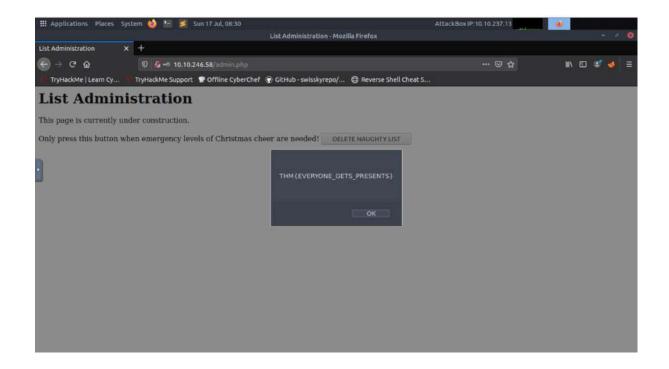
By changing the hostname in the URL to "list.hohoho.localtest.me" we can access local services. On the same IP address, browse to

/?proxy=http%3A%2F%2Flist.hohoho.localtest.me . The feedback contains the password needed.



Once we have the password, login to Santa's account to access the admin privileges. After we've managed to login, we can delete the naughty list and receive the flag for the challenge.





# Methodology/Thought Process:

Open the website we want to exploit on a browser using the IP address provided by TryHackMe. On the home page, there's a name search box to see if a name is on the naughty or nice list. Check each name given to see if they are on the naughty or nice list. Then, we can try finding valid URLs for the site. On the same IP address, we tried browsing to /?proxy=http%3A%2F%2Flist.hohoho%3A8080%2F,

/?proxy=http%3A%2F%2Flist.hohoho%3A80, and

/?proxy=http%3A%2F%2Flocalhost to see if we can run them on the host. After trying these URLs, we noticed that the hostname needs to start with "list.hohoho" to bypass the check. By using /?proxy=http%3A%2F%2Flist.hohoho.localtest.me we were able to access local services and obtain the password to Santa's account. After obtaining Santa's password, we managed to login to Santa's account and access admin privileges such as deleting the naughty list. This way, we could obtain the flag for the challenge.

# DAY20 : [BLUE TEAMING] PowershELIF to the rescue

Tools uses: Kali Linux

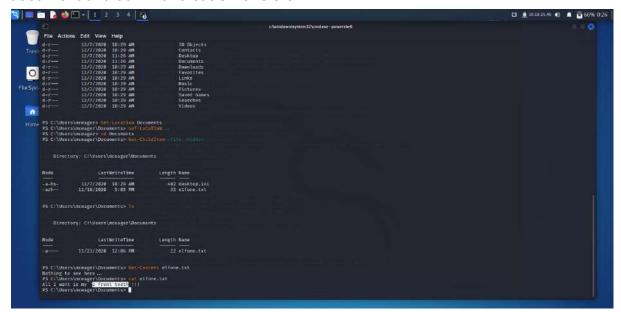
#### **Question 1**

At ssh manual, Parameter -I do:

Specifies whether the legacy SSH client writes		
debug information into the		
agent/logs/ssh.log log file. This log file		
can get very large and should be reviewed		
frequently.		
The ServiceNow SSH client does not use this		
parameter.		

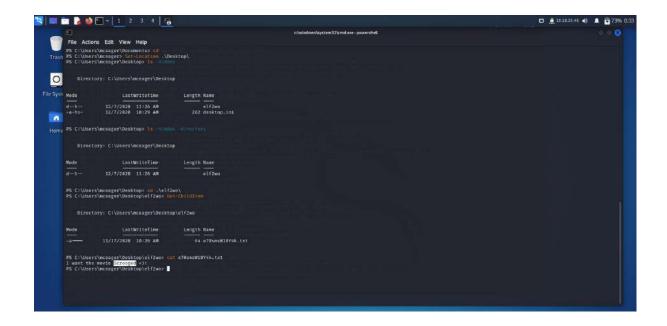
# **Question 2**

Open terminal. Command SSH mceager and enter the password given. Enter the document and command **cat e1fone.txt**.



# **Question 3**

Next, go to the desktop and enter the hidden elfwo directory. Command **cat e70smsW10Y4k.txt** at Get-ChildItem.



Command **System32** and **Get-ChildItem -Hidden -Directory -Filter "\*3\*"** at the terminal.



#### **Question 5**

At 3lfthr3e file, command Get-Content 1.txt | Measure-Object from the first file.

```
PS C:\Windows\System32\3lfthr3e> Get-Content 1.txt | Measure-Object

Count : 9999
Average :
Sum :
Maximum :
Minimum :
Property :

PS C:\Windows\System32\3lfthr3e> Get-Content 1.txt | Measure-Object -Word

Lines Words Characters Property

9999

PS C:\Windows\System32\3lfthr3e> 

PS C:\Windows\System32\3lfthr3e>
```

Command (Get-Content 1.txt)[551,6991] at 3lfthr3e file form file 1.

```
Clear Colors Edit View Help

Right

R
```

# **Question 7**

Command Get-Content 2.txt | Select-String -Pattern "redryder" at file 2.

```
c:\windows\system32\cmd.exe-powershell

File Actions Edit View Help

PS C:\Windows\System32\3lfthr3e> Get-Content 2.txt | Select-String -Pattern "redryder"

redryderbbgun

PS C:\Windows\System32\3lfthr3e> |
```

# **Methodology/Thought Process:**

Firstly, access the machine with open VPN. Next, we opened the terminal. SSH mceager was command and entered the password given. We entered the document and command cat e1fone.txt. Go to the desktop and enter the hidden elfwo directory. cat e70smsW10Y4k.txt was command at Get-ChildItem. Command System32 and Get-ChildItem -Hidden -Directory -Filter "\*3\*" at the terminal. At 3lfthr3e file, we command Get-Content 1.txt | Measure-Object from the first file. Moving on to the next step, we command (Get-Content 1.txt)[551,6991] at 3lfthr3e file form file 1. Lastly, Command Get-Content 2.txt | Select-String -Pattern "redryder" at file 2 to get the final answer.