

Governance (GOV)
A variety of internal and external factors contribute to state formation, expansion, and decline. Governments maintain order through a variety of administrative institutions, policies, and procedures, and governments obtain, retain, and exercise power in different ways and for different purposes.

Learning Objective	Historical Developments	Study Guide Notes
Compare the processes by which various peoples pursued independence after 1900.	Nationalist leaders and parties in Asia and Africa sought varying degrees of autonomy within or independence from imperial rule.	
	After the end of World War II, some colonies negotiated their independence, while others achieved independence through armed struggle.	
	Regional, religious, and ethnic movements challenged colonial rule and inherited imperial boundaries. Some of these movements advocated for autonomy.	

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Respond to the Learning Objective: