

Governance
A variety of internal and external factors contribute to state formation, expansion, and decline. Governments maintain order through a variety of administrative institutions, policies, and procedures, and governments obtain, retain, and exercise power in different ways and for different purposes.

Learning Objective	Historical Developments	Study Guide Notes
Explain how internal and external factors contributed to change in various states after 1900.	The West dominated the global political order at the beginning of the 20th century, but both land-based and maritime empires gave way to new states by the century's end.	
	The older, land-based Ottoman, Russian, and Qing empires collapsed due to a combination of internal and external factors. These changes in Russia eventually led to communist revolution.	
	States around the world challenged the existing political and social order, including the Mexican Revolution that arose as a result of political crisis.	

Respond to the Learning Objective:

--