

MF 790 RECOMMENDED HW 7, PART 1

This assignment is recommended to help you study for the final exam.

1. Spot dynamics for constant volatility forward prices and Hull & White money market rates. . Assume under \mathbb{Q} the money market rate follows a Hull & White process

$$dR_t = \kappa(t) (\theta(t) - R_t) dt + a(t) dW_t^{\mathbb{Q}}, \quad R_0 > 0,$$

and the forward price process has constant volatility σ

$$\frac{d\text{For}_t}{\text{For}_t} = \sigma dW_t^{\mathbb{Q}}.$$

In class we claimed that the spot price S has \mathbb{Q} dynamics

$$\frac{dS_t}{S_t} = R_t dt + (\sigma - C(t)a(t)),$$

where $C(t) = \int_t^T e^{-\int_t^u \kappa(v) dv} du$. In this exercise you will show this rigorously.

- (a) Using Itô's formula, the explicit bond price formula obtained in class for the Hull & White model, and the (general) fact that $t \rightarrow D_t B(t, T)$ is a \mathbb{Q} martingale, show that

$$\frac{d(D_t B(t, T))}{D_t B(t, T)} = -C(t)a(t)dW_t^{\mathbb{Q}}.$$

- (b) Using that $\tilde{Z}_t = D_t B(t, T)/B(0, T)$ identify the process Γ from the slide 15 of the Forward Measure notes, and hence the dynamics of S under \mathbb{Q} .

2. Spot dynamics for constant volatility forward prices and money market rates satisfying a general SDE.. We now generalize problem 1 to when under \mathbb{Q} , the money market rates satisfies the SDE

$$dR_t = \mu(t, R_t)dt + a(t, R_t)dW_t^{\mathbb{Q}}.$$

Recall that using Feynman-Kač and the Markov property of R we showed that

$$B(t, T) = b(t, R_t) = \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}} \left[e^{-\int_t^T R_u du} | R_t \right],$$

where the (deterministic) function $b(t, r)$ satisfies the PDE

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= b_t(t, r) + \frac{1}{2}a(t, r)^2 b_{rr}(t, r) + \mu(t, r)b_r(t, r) - rb(t, r), \\ 1 &= b(T, r) \end{aligned}$$

Using this fact, explicitly identify (in terms of b , it's derivatives as well as μ, a or σ) the volatility process σ_t in the dynamics

$$\frac{dS_t}{S_t} = R_t dt + \sigma_t dW_t^{\mathbb{Q}}.$$

3. Comparing forward contracts on call options and put options. Consider a model where under \mathbb{Q} we have

$$\frac{dS_t}{S_t} = R_t dt + \sigma_t dW_t^{\mathbb{Q}}; \quad \frac{dD_t}{D_t} = -R_t dt.$$

Next, consider two forward contracts. The first forward contract is on a call option with strike K (i.e. $C_T = (S_T - K)^+$), and the second forward contract is on a put option also with strike K (i.e. $P_T = (K - S_T)^+$). Writing C_t as the call price for $t \leq T$ and P_t as the put price for $t \leq T$, identify a condition upon the strike K and forward price For_t which will enable us to order $\text{For}(C)_t$ and $\text{For}(P)_t$.