

## HW Problems for Assignment 6 - Part 1

### Due 6:30 PM Tuesday, December 7, 2021

**1. (15 Points) Recover at Treasury.** An alternative to the Recovery at Face (RF) convention discussed in class, is the Recovery at Treasury (RT) convention. Here, if the default time  $\tau$  is prior to  $T$ , the bond holder receives  $(1 - \delta)$  per unit notional of a default free ZCB maturing at  $T$ . As such, the payment  $(1 - \delta)$  is at  $T$ , rather than at  $\tau$ .

In the hazard rate model discussed in class, identify the time  $t \leq T$  price of a defaultable ZCB using the RT methodology, given  $\tau > t$ . Assuming  $r(t) \geq 0, t \leq T$ , how do the RT and RF prices compare?

**2. (15 Points) Credit Default Swap Spreads and Accrued Interest.** Here, for the hazard rate model discussed in class, we will assume 0 interest rates (i.e.  $r(t) = 0$  for all  $t \geq 0$ ). As shown in class, if we ignore the accrued interest paid by the borrower to the seller up default, the time  $t$  credit default swap spread for entering into a  $N$  year swap as

$$(0.1) \quad x_t = \delta \frac{\int_t^{t+N} \gamma(s) e^{-\int_t^s \gamma(u) du} ds}{\frac{1}{\Delta} \sum_{n=1}^{N\Delta} e^{-\int_t^{t+n/\Delta} \gamma(u) du}},$$

In this exercise we will not ignore accrued interest, and see how things change. Below, we set  $t_n = t + n/\Delta$  for  $n = 1, \dots, N\Delta$ . Recall that if  $t_{n-1} < \tau \leq t_n$  then upon default, the buyer must pay the seller accrued interest in the amount of  $x(\tau - t_{n-1})$  where  $x$  is the swap spread. As the interest rate is 0, the fair value of these payments is

$$E^{\mathbb{Q}} \left[ \sum_{n=1}^{N\Delta} 1_{t_{n-1} < \tau \leq t_n} x(\tau - t_{n-1}) \mid \mathcal{F}_t \right].$$

Simplify this formula to show that, including accrued interest, the time  $t$  swap rate is

$$(0.2) \quad x_t^{ai} = \delta \frac{\int_t^{t+N} \gamma(s) e^{-\int_t^s \gamma(u) du} ds}{\int_t^{t+N} e^{-\int_t^s \gamma(u) du} ds},$$

which admits a simple interpretation as a weighted average of the intensity function. Looking at the formulas including and non including accrued interest, do you expect much of a difference?

**3. (20 Points) Parameterized Logistic Copula.** Let  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  be random variables with joint cdf

$$F_\theta(x_1, x_2) = (1 + e^{-x_1} + e^{-x_2} + (1 - \theta)e^{-x_1 - x_2})^{-1}, \quad x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{R},$$

where  $\theta \in [-1, 1]$ .

(a) **(5 Points)** Identify the marginal distributions  $F_{\theta,1}$ ,  $F_{\theta,2}$  for  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  respectively.

- (b) **(5 Points)** Show that when  $\theta = 0$ ,  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are independent.
- (c) **(10 Points)** Show that the copula of  $X_1$  and  $X_2$ , defined abstractly by  $c_\theta(u_1, u_2) = F_\theta(F_{\theta,1}^{-1}(u_1), F_{\theta,2}^{-1}(u_2))$ , takes the form

$$C_\theta(u_1, u_2) = \frac{u_1 u_2}{1 - \theta(1 - u_1)(1 - u_2)}.$$