# MF772, Midterm Examination Thursday October 28 2021, 8.00 am - 10.00 am

#### Notes:

- 1. This examination contains 3 pages, 7 questions, the total number of points is 101.
- 2. You can use lecture slides. No other books or other sources may be used.
- 3. You need to turn on your camera in zoom. Cell phones may not be used, and no communications, no copying. Any violation of this policy may result in zero grade for the test.
- 4. The exam will happen in three breakout rooms. You have to stay in your assigned breakout room the whole time during the exam.
- 5. Attach the spreadsheets, programs or any other files you used in solving the problems.
- 6. Be considerate of TA job, and present your results in clear organized fashion. (some) points might be taken away for messy exams, not clearly stating the answers or the solving method.
- 7. Please submit your answers on time by 10.00am, late submissions will be subject to penalty or might might not accepted at all

## Problem 1 (16 points)

Consider a defaultable bond with maturity of three years, annual coupon c=0.05, paid semi-annually and recovery 0.4. Assume the following:

- a. Under the risk-neutral measure  $\mathbb{Q}$ , the default time  $\tau$  follow the Weibull distribution with parameters  $\lambda = 0.04$  and p = 0.6. Use continuous hazard rates.
- b. The risk-free rate r (continuously compounding) is constant, r = 0.03
- c. If default happens in  $(T_{n-1}, T_n]$  the payment is made at  $T_n$ .

### Work on the following questions:

- 1. Calculate the price of the defaultable bond (5 points).
- 2. Calculate the yield y of the bond (so that the discounted cashflows match the price). (6 points)
- 3. Define the coupon rate so that the bond trades at par (value 1). (5 points).

## Question 2 (15 points)

Consider a Poisson process  $N_t$  with intensity  $\lambda$ .

- Let  $T_1$  be the r.v. which describes the time of the first jump,  $T_2$  be the time between the 1st and the second jumps, ...
- Consider the "waiting time" until the *n*-th jump:

$$S_n = T_1 + T_2 + ... + T_n$$

Calculate

- 1. the expected value of  $S_n$ ,  $\mathbb{E}[S_n]$  (10 points)
- 2.  $Corr(N_t, N_s)$  (correlation), 0 < s < t. (5 points)

### Question 3 (18 points)

Consider Merton model. Answer the following questions.

- 1. Derive an expression connecting the debt volatility  $\sigma_B$  and the asset volatility  $\sigma_V$ . Show details of your derivation (7 points)
- 2. Consider a particular case: the debt D=105, the equity value S=52.18, the maturity of debt T=2, the risk free rate r=0.03, the equity vol  $\sigma_S=0.5443$ . Find:
  - a. The asset value V, the asset volatility  $\sigma_V$  and the debt volatility  $\sigma_B$  (5 points)
  - b. Calculate the probability that the recovery is between 30% and 60% (conditioned on default). (6 points)

## Question 4 (10 points)

The spread between the yield on a five-year bond issued by a company and the yield on a similar risk-free bond is 100 basis points (b.p.). If the spread is 95 b.p. for a three-year bond, and the recovery rate is 30%, what is the average hazard rate in years 4 and 5?

## Question 5 (10 points)

"The position of a buyer of a credit default swap is similar to the position of someone who is long a risk-free bond and short a corporate bond". Give the rationale of the statement.

### Problem 6 (16 points)

Consider Merton model under jump diffusion. Assume the following:

- The asset value  $V_0 = 100$ , the maturity of debt T = 1, the volatility of diffusion part  $\sigma = 0.2$ , the risk free rate r = 0.03.
- The jump component: the average number of jumps per year is  $\lambda = 0.4$ , the parameters of the normal distribution  $(\nu, \delta)$  of jumps of log asset price are  $\nu = -0.04$ ,  $\delta = 0.3$ .

Calculate the equity price and the implied BS volatility (i.e. the BS vol implied by the jump diffusion call price), for the cases

- 1. D = 55 (5 points)
- 2. D = 80. (5 points)
- 3. For either case calculate the sensitivity (delta) of the equity value w.r.t  $V_0 \frac{\partial S}{\partial V}$ . (6 points)

#### Problem 7 (16 points)

A company has issued a four-year coupon bond.

- The bond has a coupon of 5% per year, paid semi-annually
- The yield on the bond is 6% per annum (with continuous compounding)
- Risk-free interest yield curve is flat at 4% ( with continuous compounding).
- Defaults can take place at the end of each year (immediately before a coupon or principal payment) and the recovery rate is 30%.
- We assume that the unconditional probability of default per year is the same each year and equals Q.

Calculate Q based on the given information.