

<b>Status</b>	Finished
<b>Started</b>	Monday, 20 October 2025, 8:08 PM
<b>Completed</b>	Monday, 20 October 2025, 9:26 PM
<b>Duration</b>	1 hour 17 mins

## Question 1

Incorrect

Some data sets specify dates using the year and day of year rather than the year, month, and day of month. Day of year is the number starting with day 1 on January 1st.

There are two calendars - one for normal years with 365 days, and one for leap years with 366 days. Leap years occur every 4 years except for century years which are leap years unless they are divisible by 400. So, 2000 was a leap year.

To find the day of year number for a standard date, scan down the Jan column to find the day of month, Feb column, and so on. Scan up the column and read the day of year number. Reverse the process to find the standard date for a given day of year.

Write a program to print the Day of Year of a given date, month and year.

## Sample Input 1

```
18  
6  
2020
```

## Sample Output 1

```
170
```

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>  
2 int main() {  
3     int day, month, year;  
4     int i, dayofyear=0;  
5     int daysinmonth[] = {31, 28, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 31, 31, 31, 30, 31};  
6     scanf("%d", &day);  
7     scanf("%d", &month);  
8     scanf("%d", &year);  
9     if((year%4==0 && year %100!=0) || (year %400 == 0)) {  
10         daysinmonth[1] = 29;  
11     }  
12     for (i=0; i<month-1;i++) {  
13         dayofyear +=daysinmonth[i];  
14     }  
15     dayofyear += day;  
16     printf("%d\n", dayofyear);  
17     return 0;  
18 }
```

	<b>Input</b>	<b>Expected</b>	<b>Got</b>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	18 6 2020	170	170	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Your code failed one or more hidden tests.

Your code must pass all tests to earn any marks. Try again.

**Question 2**

Correct

Suppandi is trying to take part in the local village math quiz. In the first round, he is asked about shapes any good at math. And also, he is bad at remembering the names of shapes. Instead, you will be helping

- When he says rectangle he is actually referring to a square.
- When he says square, he is actually referring to a triangle.
- When he says triangle he is referring to a rectangle.
- And when he is confused, he just says something random. At this point, all you can do is say 0.

Help Suppandi by printing the correct answer in an integer.

**Input Format**

- Name of shape (always in upper case R à Rectangle, S à Square, T à Triangle)
- Length of 1 side
- Length of other side

Note: In case of triangle, you can consider the sides as height and length of base.

**Output Format**

- Print the area of the shape.

**Sample Input 1**

T

10

20

**Sample Output 1**

200

**Sample Input 2**

S

30

40

**Sample Output 2**

600

Sample Input 3

R

10

10

Sample Output 3

100

Sample Input 4

G

8

8

Sample Output 4

0

Sample Input 5

C

9

10

Sample Output 5

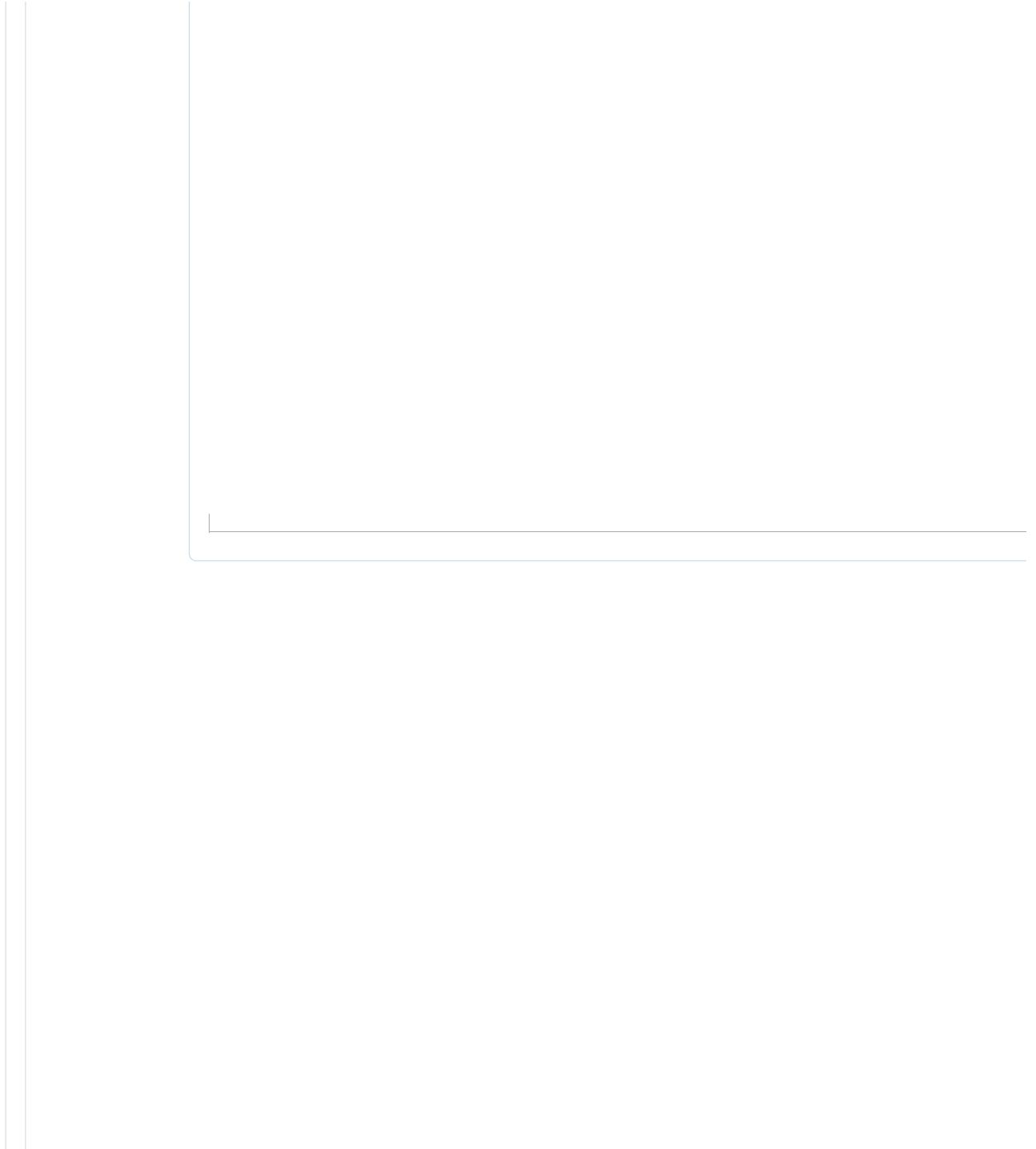
0

Explanation:

- First is output of area of rectangle
- Then, output of area of triangle
- Then output of area square
- Finally, something random, so we print 0

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2
3 int main ()
4 {
5     char c;
6     int a,b,e;
7     scanf("%c",&c);
```



	<b>Input</b>	<b>Expected</b>	<b>Got</b>	
✓	T 10 20	200	200	✓
✓	S 30 40	600	600	✓
✓	B 2 11	0	0	✓
✓	R 10 30	300	300	✓
✓	S 40 50	1000	1000	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Question 3**

Correct

Superman is planning a journey to his home planet. It is very important for him to know which day he arrives. Instead, they follow a 10-day week with the following days:

**Day Number Name of Day**

- 1 Sunday
- 2 Monday
- 3 Tuesday
- 4 Wednesday
- 5 Thursday
- 6 Friday
- 7 Saturday
- 8 Kryptoday
- 9 Coluday
- 10 Daxamday

Here are the rules of the calendar:

- The calendar starts with Sunday always.
- It has only 296 days. After the 296th day, it goes back to Sunday.

You begin your journey on a Sunday and will reach after n. You have to tell on which day you will arrive v

**Input format:**

- Contain a number n ( $0 < n$ )

**Output format:**

Print the name of the day you are arriving on.

**Example Input**

7

**Example Output**

Kryptoday

**Example Input**

1

## Example Output

Monday

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main ()
3 {
4     int n,a;
5     scanf("%d",&n);
6     n=n%296;
7     a=n%10;
8     switch (a)
9     {
10        case 0: printf("Sunday\n");break;
11        case 1: printf("Monday\n");break;
12        case 2: printf("Tuesday\n");break;
13        case 3: printf("Wednesday\n");break;
14        case 4: printf("Thursday\n");break;
15        case 5: printf("Friday\n");break;
16        case 6: printf("Saturday\n");break;
17        case 7: printf("Kryptonday\n");break;
18        case 8: printf("Colucay\n");break;
19        case 9: printf("Daxanday\n");break;
20        default: printf("Invalid\n");break;
21
22    }
23
24    return 0;
25 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	7	Kryptonday	Kryptonday	✓
✓	1	Monday	Monday	✓

Passed all tests! ✓