

CSE347Information System Analysis and Design

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Topic:4

Use Case Diagram

What is Use Case

- A formal way of representing how a business system interacts with its environment
- Illustrates the activities that are performed by the users of the system
- A scenario-based technique in the UML
- A sequence of actions a system performs that yields a valuable result for a particular actor.

Use Case

- Use case diagrams describe what a system does from the standpoint of an external observer. The emphasis is on what a system does rather than how.
- Use case diagrams are closely connected to scenarios. A scenario is an example of what happens when someone interacts with the system.

Use Case Analysis

- Actor:
 - A user or outside system that interacts with the system being designed in order to obtain some value from that interaction
- Use Cases describe scenarios that describe the interaction between users of the system (the actor) and the system itself.

Use Cases for a medical clinic

- A patient calls the clinic to make an appointment for a yearly checkup. The receptionist finds the nearest empty time slot in the appointment book and schedules the appointment for that time slot.
- We want to write a use case for this scenario.
- Remember: A use case is a summary of scenarios for a single task or goal.

Use Cases for a medical clinic

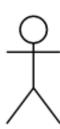
- As we read the scenario, define those people or systems that are going to interact with the scenario.
- A **patient** calls the clinic to make an appointment for a yearly checkup. The **receptionist** finds the nearest empty time slot in the appointment book and schedules the appointment for that time slot.

Questions for Identifying People Actors

- Who is interested in the scenario/system?
- Where in the organization is the scenario/system be used?
- Who will benefit from the use of the scenario/system?
- Who will supply the scenario/system with this information, use this information, and remove this information?
- Does one person play several different roles?
- Do several people play the same role?
- Does one person play several different roles?
- Do several people play the same role?

Actors

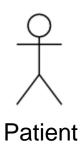
- An Actor is outside or external the system. It can be a:
 - Human
 - Peripheral device (hardware)
 - External system or subsystem
 - Time or time-based event
 - Database etc.
- Whether human or not, represented by stick figure with the name of the actor
- Actors are NOT a part of the system (external to the system)
- A single actor may represent multiple physical users



Identifying Actors

- A use case is a summary of scenarios for a single task or goal.
- An actor is who or what initiates the events involved in the task of the use case. Actors are simply roles that people, or objects play.
- So, from the previous scenario, what or who is the actor????

The actor is a Patient.



Use Case Component

- The use case has three components.
- The **use case task** referred to as the use case that represents a feature needed in a software system.
- The actor(s) who trigger the use case to activate.
- The communication line to show how the actors communicate with the use case

Use Case and Function

- Each use case in a use case diagram describes one and only one function in which users interact with the system
- May contain several "paths" that a user can take while interacting with the system
- Each path is referred to as a scenario
- Use Case Labelled using a descriptive verb-noun phrase represented by an oval



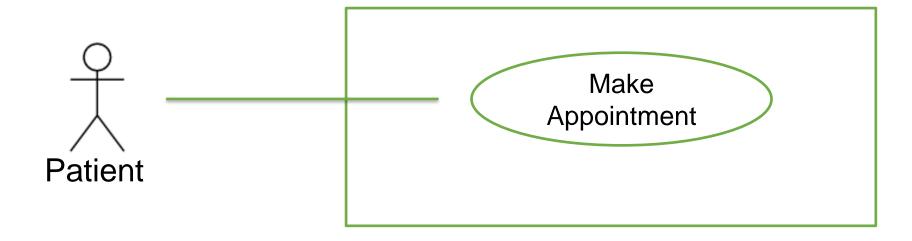
Use case: Relationship

- Relationship represent communication between actor and use case
- Depicted by line or double-headed arrow line

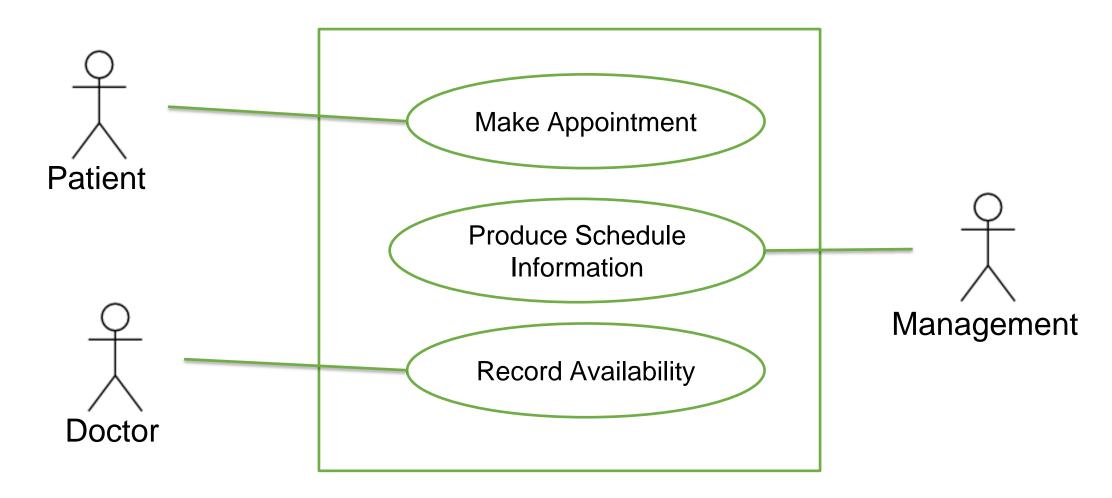


Use case: Relationship

- Boundary
 - A boundary rectangle is placed around the perimeter of the system to show how the actors communicate with the system.



Use case Diagram



Types of Relationship

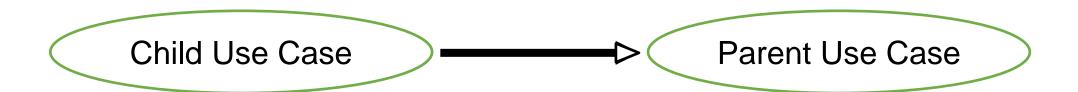
Generalization

• Include ------

• Extend -----

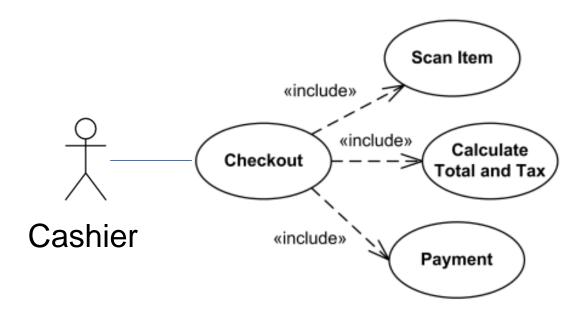
Components of Use case Diagram

- Generalization
 - Relationship Represented by a line and a hollow arrow From
 - child to parent



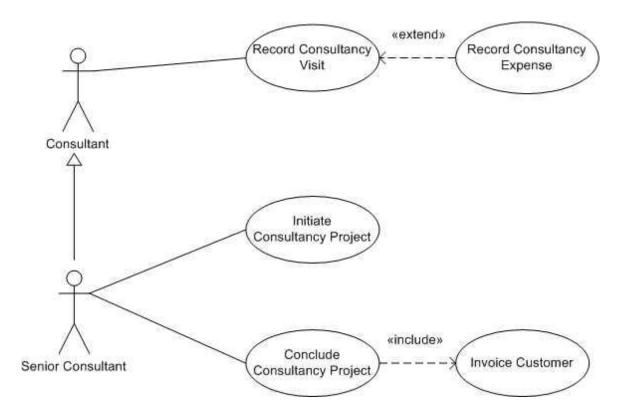
Use Case Diagram Relationship

- Include Relationship
 - Represents the inclusion of the functionality of one use case within another
 - Arrow is drawn from the base use case to the used use case
 - Write << include >> above arrowhead line

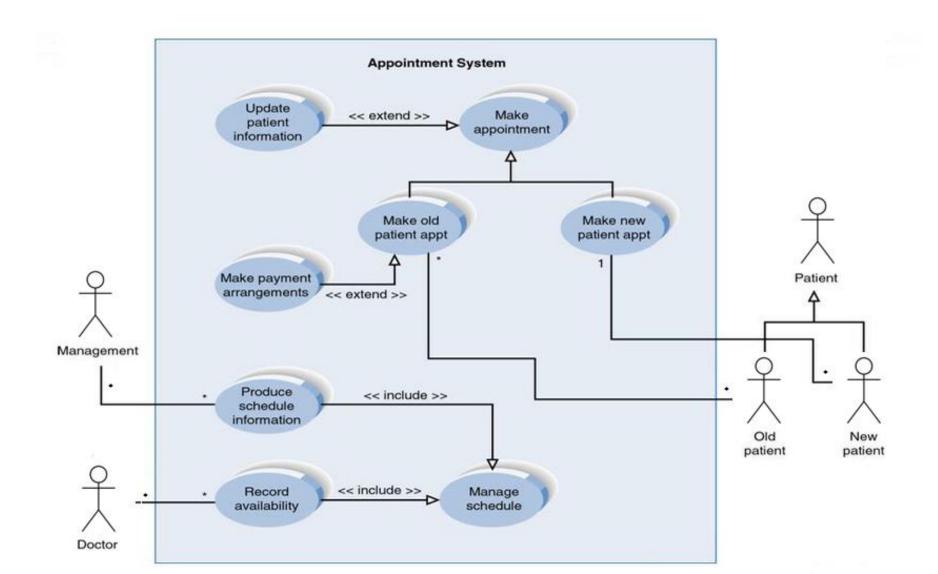


Use Case Diagram Relationship

- Extend Relationship
 - Represents the extension of the use case to include optional functionality
 - Arrow is drawn from the extension use case to the base use case
 - Write << extend >> above arrowhead line



Relationship: Medical Clinic Example



Use Case Relationships

Pros:

- Reduces redundancy in use cases
- Reduces complexity within a use case

Cons:

- May introduce complexity to use case diagram
- Mainly talking about extend, include, and generalization relationships.
- 95% of relationships on a use case diagram is association

Benefits of Use Case

- Relatively easy to write and easy to read
- Comprehensible by users
- Engage the users in the requirements process
- Force developers to think through the design of a system from a user viewpoint
- Identify a context for the requirements of the system
- Critical tool in the design, implementation, analysis and testing process
- Rapid change allows exploratory approach
- Serve as inputs to the user documentation

Difficulties with Use Cases

- As functional decompositions, it is often difficult to make the transition from functional description to object description to class design
- Reuse at the class level can be hindered by each developer "taking a Use Case and running with it". Since UCs do not talk about classes, developers often wind up in a vacuum during object analysis, and can often wind-up doing things their own way, making reuse difficult
- Use Cases make stating non-functional requirements difficult
- Testing functionality is straightforward, but unit testing the particular implementations and non-functional requirements is not obvious

Use Case Model Survey

- The Use Case Model Survey is to illustrate, in graphical form, the universe of Use Cases that the system is contracted to deliver.
- Each Use Case in the system appears in the Survey with a short description of its main function. Participants:
 - Domain Expert
 - Architect
 - Analyst/Designer (Use Case author)
 - Testing Engineer