## **Assignment: Courier Management System**

# Task 3: GroupBy, Aggregate Functions, Having, Order By, where

### Solve the following queries in the Schema that you have created above

- 14. Find the total number of couriers handled by each employee.
- 15. Calculate the total revenue generated by each location
- 16. Find the total number of couriers delivered to each location.
- 17. Find the courier with the highest average delivery time:
- 18. Find Locations with Total Payments Less Than a Certain Amount
- 19. Calculate Total Payments per Location
- 20. Retrieve couriers who have received payments totaling more than 1000 in a specific location (LocationID = X):
- 21. Retrieve couriers who have received payments totaling more than \$1000 after a certain date (PaymentDate > 'YYYY-MM-DD'):
- 22. Retrieve locations where the total amount received is more than \$5000 before a certain date (PaymentDate > 'YYYY-MM-DD')

#### **Answers:**

#### 14. Find the total number of couriers handled by each employee.

- -- Find the total number of couriers handled by each employee.
- -- Since there is no direct Employee-Courier relation in your schema, this query is not possible
- -- unless you have an assignment table linking employees to couriers.
- -- If employees are supposed to handle couriers, you need to create that relation.

SELECT e.EmployeeID, e.Name, COUNT(ca.CourierID) AS TotalCouriersHandled FROM Employee e

JOIN CourierAssignment ca ON e.EmployeeID = ca.EmployeeID

GROUP BY e.EmployeeID, e.Name

ORDER BY TotalCouriersHandled DESC;

15. Calculate the total revenue generated by each location

1 JAVA Foundation Batch 8

-- Calculate the total revenue generated by each location.

SELECT l.LocationID, l.LocationName, SUM(p.Amount) AS TotalRevenue

FROM Payment p

JOIN Location I ON p.LocationID = 1.LocationID

GROUP BY 1.LocationID, 1.LocationName;



#### 16. Find the total number of couriers delivered to each location.

-- Find the total number of couriers delivered to each receiver address.

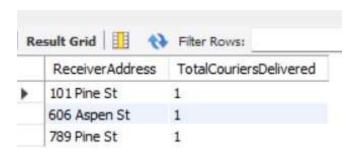
SELECT ReceiverAddress, COUNT(CourierID) AS TotalCouriersDelivered

FROM Courier

WHERE Status = 'Delivered'

**GROUP BY Receiver Address** 

ORDER BY TotalCouriersDelivered DESC;



### 17. Find the courier with the highest average delivery time:

- -- Find the courier with the highest average delivery time.
- -- Since there is no dispatch date in your schema, this cannot be calculated correctly.
- -- However, if we assume all deliveries started on the date of payment, we can use:

SELECT c.CourierID, c.TrackingNumber, AVG(DATEDIFF(c.DeliveryDate, p.PaymentDate)) AS AvgDeliveryTime

FROM Courier c

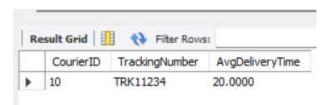
JOIN Payment p ON c.CourierID = p.CourierID

WHERE c.DeliveryDate IS NOT NULL

GROUP BY c.CourierID, c.TrackingNumber

ORDER BY AvgDeliveryTime DESC

#### LIMIT 1;



### 18. Find Locations with Total Payments Less Than a Certain Amount

-- Find locations with total payments less than a certain amount (e.g., \$2000).

SELECT 1.LocationID, 1.LocationName, SUM(p.Amount) AS TotalPayments

FROM Payment p

JOIN Location 1 ON p.LocationID = 1.LocationID

GROUP BY 1.LocationID, 1.LocationName

HAVING TotalPayments < 2000;

	LocationID	LocationName	TotalPayments
•	1	Downtown Hub	50.00
	2	Uptown Hub	100.00
	3	East End Hub	150.00
	4	West End Hub	200.00
	5	South Side Hub	250.00
	6	North Side Hub	300.00
	7	City Center Hub	350.00
	8	Airport Hub	400.00
	9	Harbor Hub	450.00
	10	Industrial Hub	500.00

## 19. Calculate Total Payments per Location

-- Calculate total payments per location.

SELECT LocationID, SUM(Amount) AS TotalPayments

FROM Payment

**GROUP BY LocationID** 

ORDER BY TotalPayments DESC;

Result Grid   1				
	LocationID	TotalPayments		
•	10	500.00		
	9	450.00		
	8	400.00		
	7	350.00		
	6	300.00		
	5	250.00		
	4	200.00		
	3	150.00		
	2	100.00		
	1	50.00		

# 20. Retrieve couriers who have received payments totaling more than 1000 in a specific location (LocationID = X):

--Retrieve couriers who have received payments totaling more than \$1000 in a specific location.

SELECT c.CourierID, c.SenderName, c.ReceiverName, SUM(p.Amount) AS TotalPayment

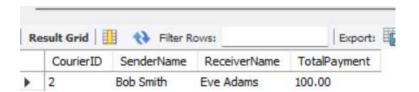
FROM Payment p

JOIN Courier c ON p.CourierID = c.CourierID

WHERE p.LocationID = 2 -- Replace X with the specific LocationID

GROUP BY c.CourierID, c.SenderName, c.ReceiverName

HAVING TotalPayment < 1000;



# 21. Retrieve couriers who have received payments totaling more than \$1000 after a certain date (PaymentDate > 'YYYY-MM-DD'):

-- Retrieve couriers who have received payments totaling more than \$1000 after a certain date.

SELECT c.CourierID, c.SenderName, c.ReceiverName, SUM(p.Amount) AS TotalPayment

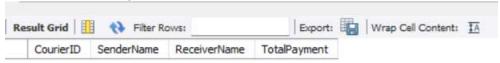
FROM Payment p

JOIN Courier c ON p.CourierID = c.CourierID

WHERE p.PaymentDate > '2025-03-29' -- Replace YYYY-MM-DD with your specific date

GROUP BY c.CourierID, c.SenderName, c.ReceiverName

HAVING TotalPayment < 1000;



# 22. Retrieve locations where the total amount received is more than \$5000 before a certain date (PaymentDate > 'YYYY-MM-DD')

Retrieve locations where the total amount received is more than \$5000 before a certain date.

SELECT l.LocationID, l.LocationName, SUM(p.Amount) AS TotalPayments

FROM Payment p

JOIN Location I ON p.LocationID = 1.LocationID

WHERE p.PaymentDate < '2025-03-29' -- Change the date as needed

GROUP BY 1.LocationID, 1.LocationName

HAVING TotalPayments < 5000;

