

# **Business Requirements Document**

**Prince P.R**  
**Shifa Sageer**  
**Batch : Angular**

# Contents

1. Scope
2. Introduction
3. Business Objectives
4. Functional Requirements
5. Non-Functional Requirements
6. Components and Services
7. Interactions
8. Technologies Used

# 1. Scope

This project focuses on developing a comprehensive web application that integrates personal safety and well-being features for individuals, particularly those in high-risk urban environments. The application allows users to manage their daily activities, track health-related metrics, and maintain trusted contacts for emergencies. It also includes robust authentication and role management functionalities.

## 2. Introduction

### 2.1 Purpose

The purpose of this Business Requirements Document (BRD) is to define and describe the requirements for the **Personal Safety and Well-Being Management Tool**. This tool will help users enhance their personal safety and manage their well-being effectively by providing functionalities for tracking health-related activities, managing daily routines, and maintaining emergency contacts.

### 2.2 Scope

The Personal Safety and Well-Being Management Tool will include features for:

- **Managing User Accounts and Roles:** Users can create, update, and manage their accounts and assigned roles.
- **Managing Trusted Contacts:** Users can add, update, and manage a list of trusted contacts for emergencies.
- **Tracking and Assessing Daily Activities:** Users can log and assess daily activities such as exercise, meditation, screen time, sleep, and emotional well-being.
- **Providing Health and Well-Being Insights:** Users receive feedback on their health and well-being based on logged data.
- **Sending Emergency Alerts:** Users can quickly send alerts to their trusted contacts in case of emergencies.

The frontend will be developed using Angular, while the backend will be built with Spring Boot microservices.

## 2.3 Definitions

- **Trusted Contacts:** Individuals selected by the user to receive alerts in case of an emergency.
- **Day Planner:** A tool for users to plan and log their daily activities such as exercise, meditation, anxiety, depression and calculate score.
- **Screen Time:** The amount of time a user spends on digital devices, which is tracked and assessed for well-being.
- **Sleep Tracking:** Logging and assessing the quality and quantity of sleep to provide insights into health.
- **Work-life Balance:** Logged daily activities that included family time, me time, tasks pending and completed.

## 2.4 Stakeholders

- **End Users:** Individuals who want to improve their personal safety and manage their well-being.
- **Development Team:** Engineers and developers responsible for implementing and maintaining the application.

# 3. Business Objectives

## 3.1 Goals

- **Enhance Personal Safety:** Enable users to manage trusted contacts and send emergency alerts when needed.
- **Improve Well-Being Management:** Provide tools for users to log and assess their daily activities and health metrics.
- **Provide Real-Time Health Insights:** Offer users dynamic feedback on their health and well-being based on logged activities.

- **Increase Awareness and Control:** Equip users with tools to make informed decisions about their health and safety based on comprehensive data tracking and analysis.

### 3.2 Benefits

- **Comprehensive Well-Being Management:** Users can log and manage various aspects of their health and daily routines, from exercise to sleep.
- **Emergency Preparedness:** Users have quick access to emergency alert features, ensuring their trusted contacts are informed in critical situations.
- **Dynamic Health Insights:** Users receive feedback on their activities and well-being, helping them make necessary adjustments to improve their health.
- **Interactive Visualization:** Provides graphical representations of daily activities and health metrics, allowing users to better understand and manage their well-being.

## 4. Functional Requirements

### 4.1 User Management

- Requirement: Users must be able to create, manage, and delete their accounts.
- Details:
  - Create User: Users can sign up by providing their name, email, and password, with the option to assign a specific role (e.g., admin, regular user).
  - Edit User: Users can update their account details, including name, email, and password.
  - Delete User: Users can permanently delete their accounts from the system.
  - View User: Users can view their account details, including associated trusted contacts and activity logs.

## **4.2 Trusted Contacts Management**

- Requirement: Users must be able to add, update, and delete trusted contacts for emergency purposes.
- Details:
  - Add Contact: Users can add new trusted contacts by providing the contact's name and phone number.
  - Edit Contact: Users can update the details of an existing trusted contact.
  - Delete Contact: Users can remove trusted contacts from their list.
  - View Contacts: Users can view their list of trusted contacts and manage them as needed.

## **4.3 Daily Activity Tracking**

- Requirement: Users must be able to plan and track their daily activities, such as exercise, meditation, and work hours.
- Details:
  - Create Day Plan: Users can create a daily plan, including activities like exercise, meditation, and work hours.
  - Edit Day Plan: Users can update their daily plans, adding or modifying activities.
  - Delete Day Plan: Users can delete day plans that are no longer needed.
  - View Day Plan: Users can view their daily plans and track their progress.

## **4.4 Screen Time Management**

- Requirement: Users must be able to log and assess their daily screen time usage.
- Details:
  - Log Screen Time: Users can input the amount of time spent on screens each day.
  - Edit Screen Time: Users can update or correct previously logged screen time data.
  - Delete Screen Time: Users can remove logged screen time data if necessary.

- View Screen Time: Users can view their screen time history and assess its impact on their well-being.

## 4.5 Sleep Tracking

- Requirement: Users must be able to log and assess their sleep patterns.
- Details:
  - Log Sleep: Users can record the hours slept and rate the quality of their sleep.
  - Edit Sleep Data: Users can update or correct sleep data.
  - Delete Sleep Data: Users can remove sleep data entries.
  - View Sleep Data: Users can view their sleep history and assess its quality and impact on their overall health.

## 4.6 Emotional Well-Being Tracking

- Requirement: Users must be able to log daily activities and assess their emotional well-being.
- Details:
  - Log Emotional State: Users can record their daily emotional states, including levels of anxiety, stress, and depression.
  - Log Daily Activities: Users can input the amount of time spent on activities such as work, family, and personal time.
  - Edit Activity Logs: Users can update or correct logged emotional states and activities.
  - View Emotional Trends: Users can view trends in their emotional states over time.

## 4.7 Alerts and Notifications

- Requirement: The application must allow users to send emergency alerts to their trusted contacts.
- Details:
  - Send Alert: Users can trigger an emergency alert that sends a predefined message to their trusted contacts.
  - Customise Alert: Users can customise the message content of their emergency alerts.
  - View Alert History: Users can view a history of all sent emergency alerts.
- Requirement: Notify users of significant changes or trends in their well-being metrics.



- Details:
  - Daily Summary Alerts: Users receive daily summaries of their logged activities and emotional states.
  - Health Alerts: Users are notified if their logged data indicates significant changes in their well-being (e.g., consistent high stress levels).
  - Notification Channels: Alerts and notifications can be delivered via in-app messages, email, or SMS.

## 5. Non Functional Requirements

### 5.1 Performance

- The application must handle multiple concurrent users with minimal latency.
- Data processing, activity tracking, and health assessments should be responsive and provide real-time updates.

### 5.2 Security

- The application must include strong authentication and authorization mechanisms to protect user data.
- User data must be encrypted during transmission and at rest.

### 5.3 Usability

- The user interface should be intuitive and user-friendly, with clear navigation and helpful tooltips.
- The application must be accessible on various devices, including desktops, tablets, and smartphones.

## 6. Components and Services

### Frontend (Angular):

- **Components:**
  - **UserManagementComponent:** For creating, updating, and managing user accounts.
  - **TrustedContactsComponent:** For adding, updating, and managing trusted contacts.
  - **DayPlannerComponent:** For creating and managing daily activity plans.
  - **ScreenTimeComponent:** For logging and viewing screen time usage.

- **SleepTrackerComponent:** For logging and assessing sleep quality and quantity.
- **ActivitiesComponent:** For recording and assessing emotional well-being metrics.
- **AlertsComponent:** For sending emergency alerts to trusted contacts.
  
- **Services:**
  - **UserService:** Handles HTTP requests for creating, retrieving, updating, and deleting user accounts.
  - **ContactService:** Manages HTTP requests for trusted contact operations.
  - **DayPlannerService:** Manages the creation and retrieval of daily plans.
  - **ScreenTimeService:** Handles screen time logging and assessment.
  - **SleepService:** Manages sleep data logging and analysis.
  - **ActivitiesService:** Handles emotional well-being data logging and assessment.
  - **NotificationService:** Manages and retrieves notifications and alerts related to emergencies.

## Backend (Spring Boot):

- **Services:**
  - **UserService:** Contains business logic for managing users and their roles, interacting with the database.
  - **ContactService:** Handles business logic for managing trusted contacts and integrates with the database.
  - **DayPlannerService:** Manages business logic for daily planning and integrates with the database.
  - **ScreenTimeService:** Manages business logic for logging and assessing screen time.

- **SleepService:** Handles business logic for sleep tracking and assessment, interacting with the database.
- **ActivitiesService:** Contains business logic for managing and assessing emotional well-being data.
- **NotificationService:** Handles the logic for sending alerts and notifications.

## 7. Interaction

### Frontend and Backend Communication:

- **HTTP Requests:** The Angular frontend communicates with the Spring Boot backend via HTTP requests for user management, activity logging, and other operations.
- **Data Binding:** Data models are exchanged between the frontend and backend to keep the application synchronised.

### Real-Time Updates:

- **Angular Components:** Reactively update the UI based on data changes from the backend.
- **Spring Boot Services:** Process requests and manage data, ensuring consistency and reliability.

## 8. Technologies Used

The project employs the following technologies:

- **Programming Language:** Spring Boot for backend services.
- **Frameworks:**
  - Angular for building the frontend.
  - Spring Boot for creating microservices.
- **Database:** PostgreSQL for storing persistent data.

- **API Communication:** RESTful APIs using Spring Boot.
- **Frontend:** Angular for building the user interface.
- **Containerization:** Docker for containerizing services.
- **Security:** Implementing OAuth2 for secure authentication.