# Perl语言高级编程专题 Lesson 15

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#### Both "GET" and "POST" method

- Useful Environment Variables: REQUEST\_METHOD & QUERY\_STRING
- Data fetching and decoding \$Method = \$ENV{'REQUEST\_METHOD'}; #CGI方法 #读取数据 if (\$Method eq "POST") { <u>read</u>(STDIN, \$QueryString, \$ENV{'CONTENT\_LENGTH'}); } else { \$QueryString = \$ENV{'QUERY\_STRING'}; @NameValuePairs = split(/&/, \$QueryString); foreach \$NameValue (@NameValuePairs) { ......见前页...... #解码

# Debugging CGI script

- If returns script itself
  - Property of server & CGI's not set properly.
  - Missing the she-bang line (#!) in the beginning of script
- If "page not found" or "URL not exists"
  - Check "action=...." in form see if link is correct
- If server returns a blank page:
  - Check cgierr.txt (under xitami http server)
  - Run on console mode for syntax checking
- If the result is not expected:
  - "print" on result page
  - Use 3<sup>rd</sup> part tools (e.g. perlbuilder)

## Let's debug a script

• Return a web page that displays all name=value pairs.

```
#!/usr/bin/perl -w
1.
2.
    use stirct:
3.
4.
    my($Method, $DataLen, $QueryString, @NameValuePairs,
5.
        $Name, $Value):
6.
    $Method = $ENV{'REQUEST_METHOD'}:
    if ($Method eq "POST") {
        read(STDIN, $QueryString, $ENV{'QUERY_STRING');
10.
    } else {
11.
        $QueryString = $ENV{'QUERY_STRING'};
12.
13.
14.
    @NameValuePairs = split(/&/, $QueryString);
15.
    foreach $NameValue (@NameValuePairs) {
16.
        (Name, Value) = split(/=/, NameValue);
17.
        Value =  tr/+//;
        18.
        print "Name = $Name, Value = $Value < br > \n";
19. l
20. \}
21.
22.
```

#### A counter

- 顺序: open-read-close-open-update-close
  - 1. open(COUNT, "MyCount");
  - 2. \$count = <COUNT>;
  - 3. close(COUNT);
  - 4. open(COUNT,">MyCount");
  - 5. \$count++;
  - 6. print COUNT \$count;
  - 7. close(COUNT);
  - 8. print "<html><body>count is \$count</body></html>";
  - 9. 1;
- 问题:多进程环境Multiple instance of counter.pl
  - open-read-close-open-update-close

A Critical Session 临界区域



#### Multi-task and Critical Session

- Issues under multi-task environment:
  - A sequence of operation not interruptible
  - A seq. of operation not allow task-switching
  - Exclusive access to a shared resource
  - Inter-task/process/thread communication.....

#### • Solutions:

- 禁止中断/调度Disable interruption/task switch
- 互斥量、旗语(信号量)Mutex/Semaphores
- 直接利用文件系统的独享打开文件的操作

```
use Fcntl;
$lockfile="mycount.lockfile";
unlink $lockfile;
sysopen(LOCKFILE, $lockfile, O_WRONLY | O_EXCL | O_CREAT)
or die "Another instance already running!"; #或者sleep and re-try
.....
close($lockfile);
```

## Uasing CGI.pm

```
use CGI qw/:standard/;
• Interface to GET/POST, http, cookies, etc
• Get all the keys and values:
@keys = param();
foreach $key (@keys) {
  print "key =  ", param(key), "\n";
• For multiple choice:
@values = param($key);

    And lots more in CGI.pm
```

#### CGI.pm, CGI interface

- 预装的未必是最新的,升级到CGI.pm v3.29 http://search.cpan.org/~lds/CGI.pm-3.29/
- Get key and values from client

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use CGI qw/:standard/;
@keys = param();
foreach $key (@keys) {
   print "$key => ", join(",", param($key)), "\n";
}
#@values = param($key);
1;
```

#### CGI.pm, HTML Generator

```
• Generate html page on-the-fly
use CG/qw/:standard/;
my $name = param("name");
my $host = $ENV{"REMOTE_HOST"};
print header,
     start_html("Hello"),
     h1("Hello, $name from $host"),
     end_html;
```

#### header, start\_html, end\_html

• Function *header*, the HTTP header - MIME type: header(-type => 'text/plain') – Chinese GB: header(-charset => 'GB2312') – Redirect: *redirect*('http://www.perl.com/') • start html, attribute: title, meta, bgcolor,... start html('Hello to my webpage'); -title => 'Hello to my webpage', – start html( -background=>'URL to image', -text=>'darkgreen', -bgcolor => 'lightgreen',); embed script by -onLoad, onUnload, etc • end html, the "</body></html>"

#### HTML element

- h1()...h6(), p(), a paragraph
  - p('This is a paragraph')
  - p({-align=>'right'}, 'A right-side paragraph')
- em(), i(), b(), u(), big(), small(), Sub, sup...
- listol(li('aaaa'), li('bbbb'), ul(li('uuuu'), li('vvvv')))
- a({-href=>"URL"}, text)
- img {src=>'fred.gif',align=>'LEFT',alt='text'};
- table({-board=>1},caption('string'), Tr(\@row))
- row of table: th('headline').td(['r1', 'r2', 'r3'...])

#### Create Forms via CGI.pm

- start\_form, end\_form
  - start form('POST', '/cgi-bin/script.pl')
- Fields:
  - textfield(-name=>'?', -default=>'?', -size=>'?',
    -maxlength=>'?')
  - textarea(): -name/-default/-row/-cols
  - password\_field(): -name/-default/-size/-maxlength
  - checkbox(): -name/-checked/-value/-label
  - checkbox\_group(): -name/-values/-default/
    - -linebreak/-labels
      - -values and -default: ref to array. -labels: ref to hash

## Create Forms via CGI.pm (cont.)

- Fields (cont.)
  - radio\_group(): -name/-values/-default/-linebreak/-labels, -values: ref to array. -labels: ref to hash
  - popup menu(): -name/-values/-default/-labels
  - scrolling\_list(): -name/-values/-default/-size/-multiple('true'多选)/-labels
  - hidden(): -name/-value
  - submit('name', 'value'), submit(name=>?,value=>?)
  - reset('lable')
- Examples

#### 猜数游戏 I

```
#!/usr/bin/perl -w
use strict;
use CGI qw/:standard/;
my ($goal, @history, $guess);
my @keys = param();
print @keys ? checkGuess() : newGuess();
```

CGI模块面向对象的写法: my \$query = CGI->new;

my @keys = \$query->param;

## 猜数游戏 II

```
sub newGuess {
  quad = int rand 100;
  @history = ();
  quess = ";
  header.
  start_html(
     -title => 'New Guess',
     -text => 'darkgreen',
     -bgcolor=>'lightgreen',
  h3('Guess a number between 0 .. 99') .
 form().
 end_html;
```

## 猜数游戏 III

```
sub checkGuess {
    $goal = param('goal');
    @history = split /_/, join '_', param('history');
    $guess = param('guess');
    Delete_all();
    push @history, $guess if $guess =~ /^[0-9]+$/;
    return ($guess == $goal) ? madeGuess() :
    continueGuess();
}
```

# hint: 取到表单参数后,调用Delete\_all删除所以缺省参数

## 猜数游戏 IV

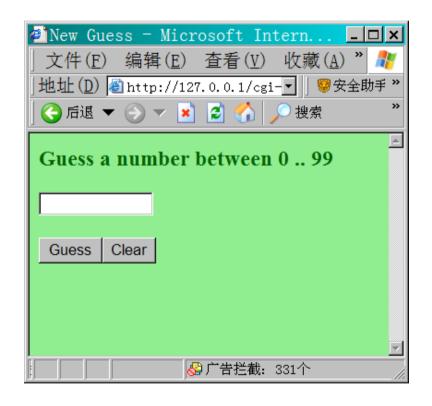
```
sub continueGuess {
  header.
  start_html(
      -title => 'Guess continue',
      -text => 'darkgreen',
      -bgcolor=>'lightgreen',
  p(\text{squess} = \sim /^{(0-9)} + \text{s}/?
      $guess > $goal ? "$guess is too big" :
      "$guess is too small": "Input a number").
  form().
  end_html;
```

#### 猜数游戏 V

```
sub madeGuess {
  header.
  start_html(
      -title => 'Guess made',
      -text => 'darkgreen',
      -bgcolor=>'lightgreen',
  h3('Great!').
  'History of your guess:'.
  p(join(',', @history)).
  p(a({-href=>'/cgi-bin/guess.pl'}, 'New game')).
  end_html;
```

## 猜数游戏 VI

```
sub form {
   start_form('GET', '/cgi-bin/guess.pl').
   "Guess: ".
   textfield(
         -name => 'quess',
         -default => $guess,
         -size = > '5'.
         -maxlength => '2',
   hidden(
         -name => 'qoal',
         -default => [\$goal],
   hidden(
         -name => 'history',
         -default => [join('_', @history)],
   p().
   submit(
         -name => 'submit',
         -value => 'Guess'
   reset('Clear').
   end_form();
```



# Debugging CGI script (CGI.pm)

- Simulate "GET":
  - perl form2.pl name=My\_Name k2=v2 ...
  - perl form2.pl name=My\_Name&k2=v2&...
- Simulate "POST": use CGI qw/:standard -debug/;
  - enter name=value pairs on console
  - enter ^Z (or ^D on most UNIX) to continue
- Disable debugging features:
   use CG/ qw/:standard -no\_debug/;

# 猜字游戏一基本原理

- 下面句子里面选择一个字记住(例如"龙") "鼠牛虎兔龙蛇马羊猴鸡狗猪天南地北"
- 回答下面4个问题: 你想的字是否在这里?

- 猴鸡狗猪天南地北 No.

- 龙蛇马羊天南地北 Yes.

- 虎兔马羊狗猪地北 No.

- 牛兔蛇羊鸡猪南北 No.

• 答案是0100-Decimal 4, 所以你选择的字就是右起"第"4个(最左边位置算第"0"个)

#### Homework 13

- 安装调试Xitami 2.5,更新CGI.pm模块
- · 编写一个CGI程序,实现上页的猜字游戏:
  - 第一步(New Game)显示一个16个汉字的字串,
  - 如"食野之蒿 我有嘉宾 德音孔昭 视民不恌"
  - 汉字不重复,而后让客户选择并记住其中某个字
  - 第二、三、四、五步分让客户回答Yes、No
  - 第六步显示客户选择的字
  - CGI程序无状态,支持多链接同时猜字
- 在Xitami-CGI Perl环境下调试通过,建议使用CGI.pm
- *学号*-13.pl