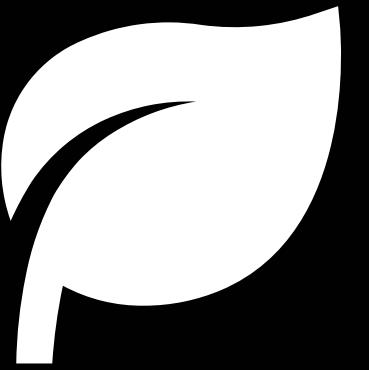


Say Hello to APIs



Presented by Vansh Sood





From hackathons to the Startup Residency program,
ShiftKey Labs makes sure students have the skills & support
they need to pursue their most innovative ideas!



HIGHLIGHTS

**NASA Space Apps
Challenge**

Global Game Jam

**Generative AI
Hackathon**

Workshops & Talks

REACT
Blockchain
Prototyping
Startups
Freelancing
Cybersecurity

shiftkeylabs.ca

@ShiftKeyLabs

info@shiftkeylabs.ca

About Me

- Third-year BCS, Software Dev, TA at Dalhousie University
- Tech coordinator for Shiftkey Labs and Faculty of Health
- LinkedIn Top Web Applications Voice
- Freelancing for over 6 years
- Worked with 25+ startups and small businesses
- Helped startups raise over \$100,000 in funding
- Founder of a web and mobile development agency
- Empowering students to leverage freelancing with GigEmpower
- AWS Certified Cloud Practitioner
- Google Code-In Grand Prize Winner (Global Top 50)



Software Development



Frontend

The way users interact with your application, encompassing the layout, design, and behavior seen and experienced.

Backend

Acts as the server-side, managing authentications, database calls, and logic of the business.

Database

Tables, Schemas, Documents, depending on your choice between SQL or NoSQL.

Deployment

The boisterous party, finally opening its gate to the beats of the market.

Frontend



Backend



Database



Client

Server

literally

Can I get a pumpkin spiced latte
and an iced chai latte?



Client

Server



Storage



Client

I need 1 order of pumpkin spiced latte and 1 order of iced chai latte



Server



Storage

Your pumpkin spiced latte
and an iced chai latte. Enjoy!



Client

Server



Storage

[“pumpkin spiced latte”, “iced chai latte”]



Client

Server



Storage



Client

```
SELECT item FROM Drinks  
WHERE name = 'pumpkin spiced  
latte' OR name = 'iced chai latte';
```



Server



Storage

```
{  
  data: [  
    {  
      name: "pumpkin spiced latte"  
    },  
    {  
      name: "iced chai latte"  
    }  
  ]  
}
```



Client

Server



Storage

I don't like pumpkin in it



Client



Server



Storage

Application Processing Interface



Types of API Architecture



APIs allow different software applications to communicate with each other.

RESTful



Leverage HTTP protocols for web services, focusing on stateless communication.

GraphQL



A query language for APIs that allows clients to request exactly the data they need, making it efficient and flexible.

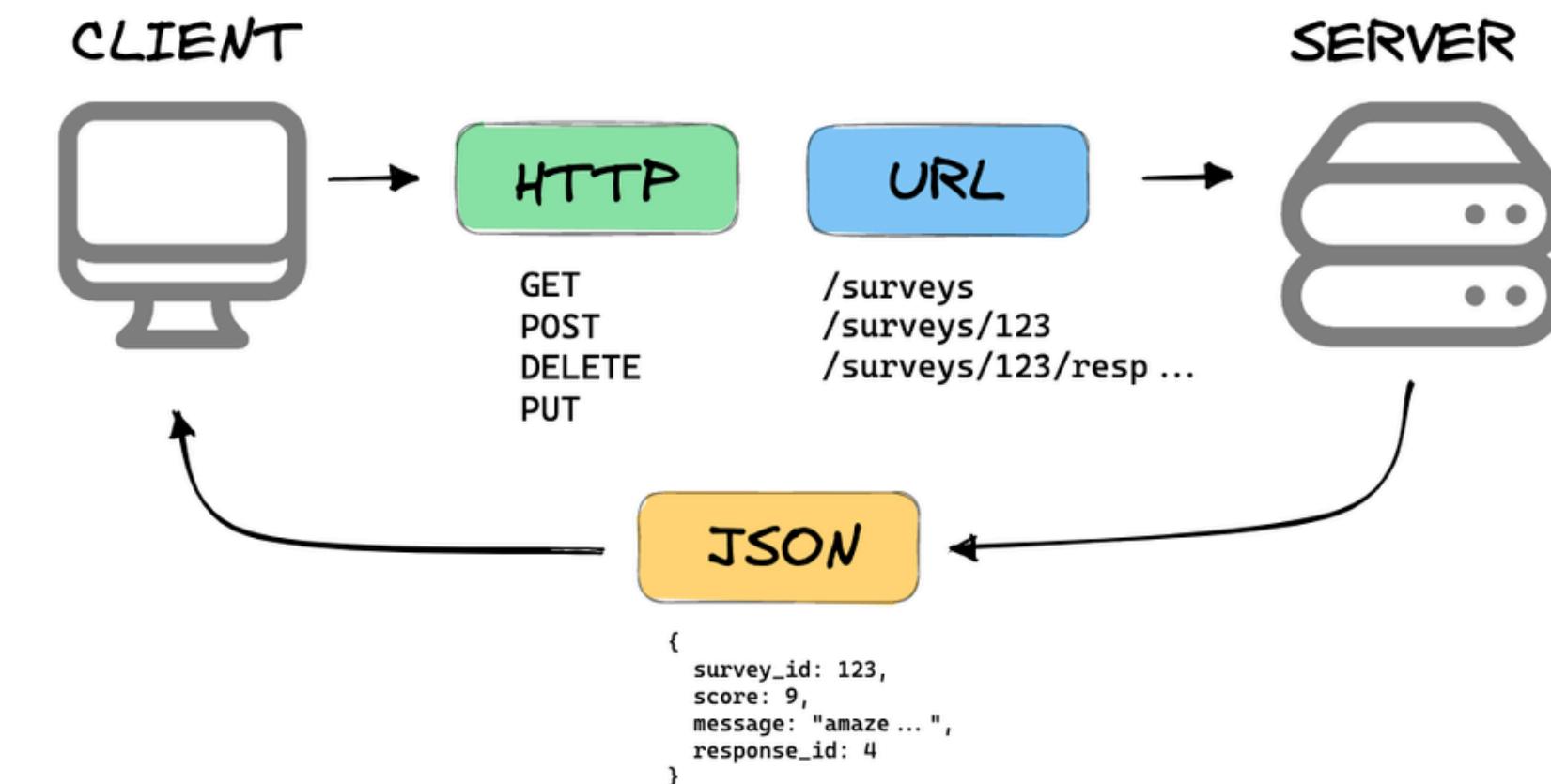
SOAP



A protocol for exchanging structured information in web services, emphasizing extensibility and neutrality.

REST a bit

- REST (Representational State Transfer) is an architectural style.
- Uses HTTP requests to access and use data.
- Operations: GET, POST, PUT, DELETE.



HTTP Request and Response

A request is what happens when your web browser or app needs to communicate with a web server to ask for information or resources.

```
{  
method: 'GET',  
headers: {  
'Content-Type': 'application/json',  
'Authorization': '834u948320340ri'  
},  
params: 'dirty-martini'  
}
```

A response is what the server sends back after receiving and processing a request. It's like the answer to your question.

```
{  
statusCode: 200,  
headers: {  
"Content-Type": "application/json"  
},  
"body": {  
"drinkName": "Dirty Martini",  
"ingredients": ["2 oz gin", "1/2 oz dry  
vermouth", "1/2 oz olive brine", "1 olive"],  
}  
}
```

Request Methods

GET

Retrieves data from a specified resource.

POST

Submits data to a specified resource to process.

PUT

Updates a specified resource with provided data.

DELETE

Removes a specified resource.

Response Status Codes

2xx Success

Signifies that the client's request was successfully received, understood, and accepted.

3xx Redirect

Indicates that further action needs to be taken by the client in order to complete the request.

4xx Client err

The request contains bad syntax or some error due to an error on the client's side.

5xx Server err

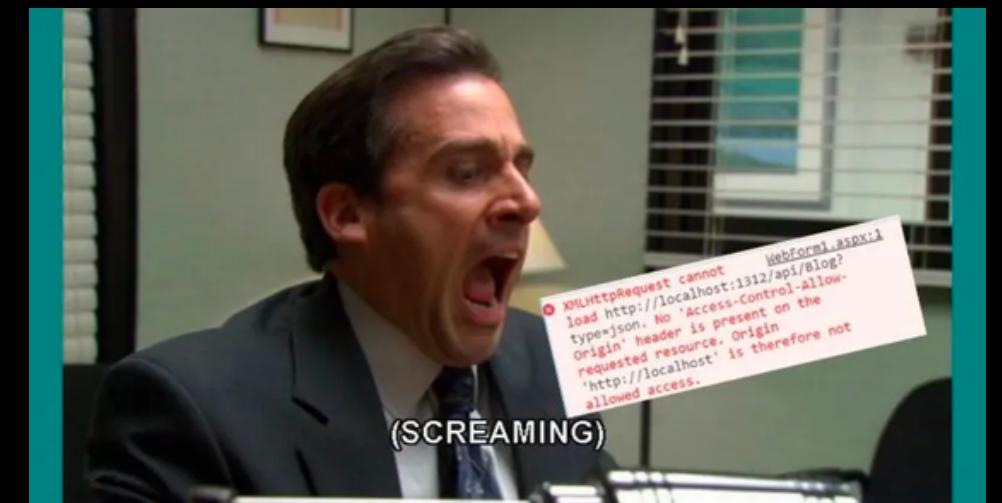
Indicates that the server failed to fulfill an apparently valid request.

A developer's worst nightmare: CORS

Cross-Origin Resource Sharing (CORS)

An HTTP-header based mechanism that allows a server to indicate any other origins (domain, scheme, or port) than its own from which a browser should permit loading of resources.

Why is CORS important? It's a security feature that restricts how resources on a web page can be requested from another domain outside the domain from which the first resource was served. This helps prevent malicious sites from reading sensitive data from another site.



Headers



HTTP headers let the client and the server pass additional information with an HTTP request or response.

Headers are key-value pairs sent before the message body of an HTTP request or response.

Break down into categories such as Request Headers, Response Headers, and General Headers. Crucial for content negotiation, authentication, caching, and managing cross-origin requests.

[“jameson on rocks”, “dirty martini”]



Client

Server



Storage

403. Underage drinking is prohibited.



Client

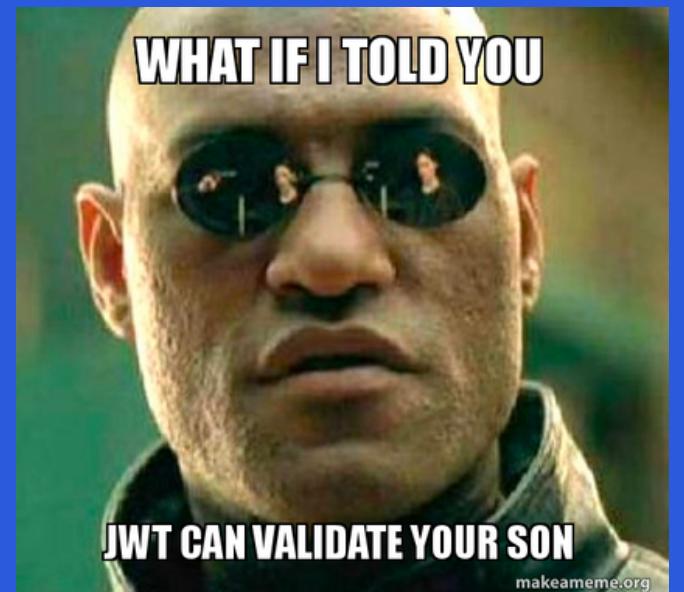
Server



Storage

How do I make it secure? JWT

- Authentication vs. Authorization: Clarify the difference between authentication (verifying the identity of a user or client) and authorization (determining if a user or client has permission to perform an action or access a resource).
- Implementing JWT (JSON Web Tokens): Introduce JWT as a compact, URL-safe means of representing claims to be transferred between two parties. Discuss how JWTs can be used in Node.js and Express for securing APIs by ensuring that only authenticated users can access certain routes.



```
{  
method: 'GET',  
headers: {  
'Content-Type': 'application/json',  
'Authorization': '834u948320340ri'  
},  
body: 'dirty martini'  
}
```



Client

Server



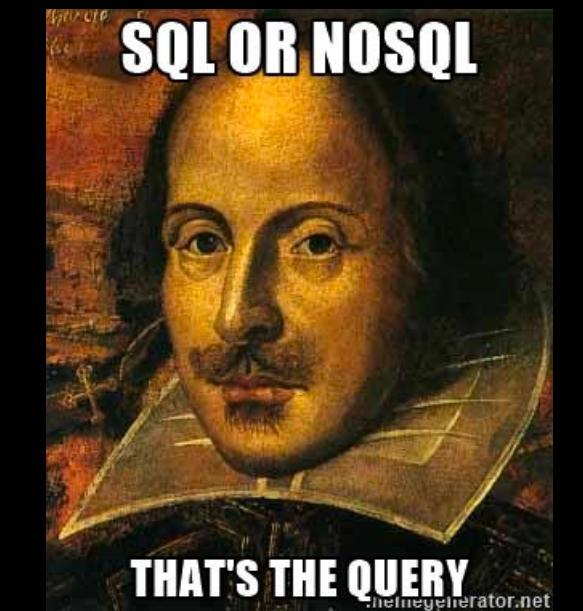
Storage

Middleware and Routing

Middleware are functions that execute during the lifecycle of a request to the Express server. Application-level middleware, Router-level middleware, Error-handling middleware, Built-in middleware, and Third-party middleware.

Routing is the determination of how an application responds to a client request to a particular endpoint. Route Methods such as `app.get`, `app.post`, and more, corresponding to HTTP request methods.

Questions?



Lets test it out



Template from HeckIfIKnowComics.com

Thank you



Reach out to me:

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/vanshsood/>