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Midterm 2

Practice Version CS 166

Winter 2024

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Instructions

- Wait until instructed to turn over the cover page.
- There are 4 questions on the test. Circle the problem number on the top right of the page for the 3 problems you will solve.
- If one is taking more than 15 minutes, move on to another problem.
- For every question, simplify your answer as much as possible. We will accept your answer if we are able to plug it into a graphing calculator.
- Please circle your final answer(s).

Problem 1: The No Cloning Theorem and Quantum Money

1.1

For each of the following sets of single qubit states, decide whether or not there exists a unitary that can clone them.

- 1. $\{|+\rangle, |-\rangle\}$
- 2. $\{|\pi/4\rangle, |3\pi/4\rangle\}$

1.2

Design a circuit that clones a state from the following set of single qubit states.

$$\left\{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\left|0\right\rangle + i\frac{1}{2}\left|1\right\rangle, \frac{i}{2}\left|0\right\rangle + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\left|1\right\rangle\right\} \tag{1}$$

1.3

Consider a bank that is using Weisner's quantum money scheme with 4 bit serial numbers. They use a function that maps to an 8 bit string, and they use the following rules to assign the qubit states.

$$00 \rightarrow |+\rangle \quad 01 \rightarrow |1\rangle \quad 10 \rightarrow |0\rangle \quad 11 \rightarrow |-\rangle$$
 (2)

- 1. What is the state of the bill for the serial number 1001, if f(1001) = 10100011?
- 2. If you submit this bill to the bank, which basis will they measure the third qubit in?

1.4

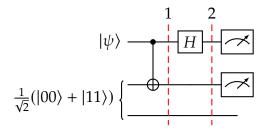
Consider a bank that is using Weisner's quantum money scheme using a 1 bit serial number. They are equally likely to print a bill in one of the four states $\{|0\rangle, |1\rangle, |+\rangle, |-\rangle\}$. Suppose you measure your bill from this bank in the $\{|\pi/8\rangle, |5\pi/8\rangle\}$ basis, and clone it in this basis. What is the probability that both of the bills pass the verification procedure?

Problem 2: Quantum Teleportation

Recall the circuit from the quantum teleportation protocol, where Alice's goal is to send her state

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha |0\rangle + \beta |1\rangle \tag{3}$$

to Bob. In class we measured Alice's qubits in the standard basis. Let's see what would happen if she measures in the Hadamard basis.



- 1. What is Bob's state after each measurement result of Alice's qubits in the Hadamard basis?
 - |++>
 - \bullet $|+-\rangle$
 - $|-+\rangle$
 - |--⟩
- 2. For each of the measurement results, what operation should Bob apply to Alice's qubits?
 - |++>
 - \bullet $|+-\rangle$
 - \bullet $|-+\rangle$
 - |-->

❖ Problem 3: Hidden Variables and CHSH

Consider the following "modified" CHSH game.

- Alice and Bob will be separated with no way to communicate with each other.
- Charlie will flip two coins, and send a bit to Alice and Bob depending on the outcomes. He sends a 0 if tails, and a 1 if heads.
- After receiving the random bit x, Alice sends back an answer bit a to Charlie.
- After receiving the random bit *y*, Bob sends back an answer bit *b* to Charlie.
- Alice and Bob win against Charlie if the answer bits and random bits satisfy

$$a + y \pmod{2} = bx. \tag{4}$$

1. If Charlie flipped heads for both Alice and Bob's bits, list **all the ways** for Alice and Bob to respond so that they win.

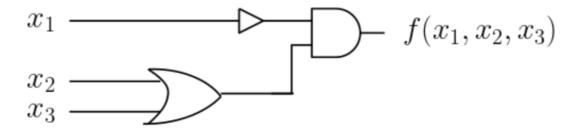
Alice and Bob decide on the following strategy. They will share a bell pair in the $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|00\rangle+|11\rangle)$ state, and will perform the following measurements depending on Charlie's random bits.

Alice	Bob
If $x = 0$, measure in $\{ 0\rangle, 1\rangle\}$ basis.	If $y = 0$, measure in $\{ +\rangle, -\rangle\}$ basis.
If $x = 1$, measure in $\{ \pi/8\rangle, 5\pi/8\rangle\}$ basis.	If $y = 1$, measure in $\{ -\pi/8\rangle$, $ 3\pi/8\rangle$ basis.
If the outcome is $ 0\rangle$ or $ \pi/8\rangle$, output $a=0$.	If the outcome is $ +\rangle$ or $ -\pi/8\rangle$, output $b=0$.
If the outcome is $ 1\rangle$ or $ 5\pi/8\rangle$, output $a=1$.	If the outcome is $ -\rangle$ or $ 5\pi/8\rangle$, output $b=1$.

- 2. If Charlie send both Alice and Bob 0, what is the probability that Alice and Bob win using this strategy?
- 3. Would this version of the CHSH game be a viable way to detect a pseudorandom number generator?

Problem 4

- 1. The subset sum problem asks the following: Given a list of n integers, all in the range -200 to 200, is there a subset of the integers such that they sum to 0?
 - Determine if this problem is in P or NP. Explain your answer.
- 2. There are three necessary conditions for a set of quantum gates to be universal. Specifically, the following three things must be realizable using the gates. Give an example of a gate which is able to achieve each of the following.
 - Create superposition
 - Create entanglement
 - Create relative phase
- 3. Consider the following classical circuit which takes three input bits x_1, x_2, x_3 , and outputs a bit $f(x_1, x_2, x_3)$. If we were to simulate this using a quantum computer, we need to implement it in a reversible way. Draw the quantum circuit that computes $f(x_1, x_2, x_3)$.



5

***** Extra space

If you have time and room, draw Alice and Bob.