

# Supplementary Material S2

## Data Outputs and Validation Protocols (SAIM Engine v9.3)

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### 1 S2.1 Output Data Structure

The SAIM Engine v9.3 generates standardized CSV files for every subject to ensure transparency, reproducibility, and third-party auditability.

#### 1.1 S2.1.1 Full Time-Series Data (SAIM\_FullData\_\*.csv)

This file contains the raw computed metrics for every 10-second sliding window throughout the experiment.

Column Name	Definition & Physiological Interpretation
Phase	Experimental phase label (e.g., "I: Pre", "IV: PostRest").
NCI	<b>Neural Complexity Index (0.0-1.0)</b> . The primary outcome measure. Higher values indicate a highly integrated, low-error state.
NCI_Vol	<b>NCI Volatility</b> . Standard deviation of NCI. High volatility indicates state lability or ongoing reorganization.
F	<b>Free Energy Proxy</b> . Lower values indicate an optimized system state (Minimization of Free Energy).
PE	<b>Prediction Error</b> . Derived from EEG Alpha instability. Represents the "cost" of processing sensory mismatch.
HEMO	<b>Neurovascular Flexibility</b> . Derived from fNIRS HbO variance. Represents the available metabolic resource capacity.
FSI	<b>Frontal Stability Index</b> . EEG Gamma/Delta ratio. Higher values indicate cognitive binding and alertness.
SOM	<b>Micro-kinematic Stability</b> . Inverse of body sway/acceleration.
AUT	<b>Autonomic Flexibility</b> . Entropy of Heart Rate.

#### 1.2 S2.1.2 Statistical Report (SAIM\_Stats\_Blind\_\*.csv)

Contains the results of the bootstrap analysis comparing Baseline vs. Post-Rest phases.

- **Blind\_ID**: A random hash assigned to the dataset to prevent analyzer bias during review.
- **Mean\_Diff**: The effect size (Post - Pre). Positive values in NCI/HEMO indicate improvement.
- **CI\_Lower** / **CI\_Upper**: 95% Confidence Interval boundaries.
- **Significant**: Marked as TRUE if the CI excludes zero.

## 2 S2.2 Visualization & Validation Protocols

### 2.1 S2.2.1 Phase Space Trajectory (The "Reorganization Loop")

The trajectory plot (`Trajectory_*.png`) visualizes the system's dynamics in the PE (x-axis) vs. NCI (y-axis) plane. We classify the response into three types:

1. **Type A (Reorganization / Success):** A distinct loop or "V-shape" trajectory.
  - *Dynamics:* Start  $\rightarrow$  High Error/Low NCI (Destabilization)  $\rightarrow$  High NCI (Re-integration).
  - *Example:* Subject S07 (Week 2).
2. **Type B (Refractory / Saturation):** High initial NCI with minimal movement or negative shift.
  - *Dynamics:* Start (High NCI)  $\rightarrow$  Increased Error  $\rightarrow$  Return to similar or slightly lower NCI.
  - *Interpretation:* Homeostatic maintenance of a previously optimized state.
  - *Example:* Subject S00 (Week 3).
3. **Type C (Non-Responder):** Random walk or stagnation without resource mobilization (Low HEMO change).

### 2.2 S2.2.2 Distribution Analysis (Boxplots)

The boxplots (`SAIM_Result_*.png`, bottom panel) display the robust distribution of states.

- **Validation Criteria:** A successful intervention is characterized by a significant rightward shift (positive Z-score) in HEMO and NCI distributions in Phase IV (PostRest) compared to Phase I (Pre), accompanied by a narrowing of the Interquartile Range (IQR) indicating state stabilization.