

Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman Science and Technology University

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

2nd Year 1st Semester Final B.Sc. Engineering Examination-2021

Course Code: MAT205

Course Title: Vector, Matrix and Fourier Analysis

Total Marks: 60

Time: 3 (Three) Hours

N.B.:

- i. Answer **SIX** questions taking any **THREE** from each section.
- ii. All parts of a question must be answered sequentially.

Section-A

1. a) Define unit vector. Determine a unit vector perpendicular to the plane of $A = 2i - 6j - 3k$ and $B = 4i + 3j - k$. **5**
b) A particle moves along the curve $x = 2t^2$, $y = t^2 - 4t$, $z = 3t - 5$, where t is the time. Find the components of its velocity and acceleration at time $t = 1$ in the direction $i - 3j + 2k$. **5**
2. a) Interpret gradient, divergence and curl physically. **3**
b) Prove that $\nabla \times (\nabla \times \vec{A}) = -\nabla^2 \vec{A} + \nabla(\nabla \cdot \vec{A})$. **3**
c) Find the directional derivation of $\phi = 4xz^3 - 3x^2y^2z$ at $(2, -1, 2)$ in the direction $2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$. **4**
3. a) Define line integrals, surface integrals and volume integrals. If $\mathbf{F} = 3xy\mathbf{i} - y^2\mathbf{j}$, evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ where C is the curve in the xy plane, $y = 2x^2$, from $(0,0)$ to $(1,2)$. **6**
b) Let $\mathbf{F} = 2xz\mathbf{i} - x\mathbf{j} + y^2\mathbf{k}$. Evaluate $\iiint_V \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{V}$ where V is the region bounded by the surfaces $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $y = 6$, $z = x^2$, $z = 4$. **4**
4. a) State and prove Green's theorem in the plane. **6**
b) Using divergence theorem, evaluate $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS$, where $\mathbf{F} = 4xz\mathbf{i} - y^2\mathbf{j} + yz\mathbf{k}$ and S is the surface of the cube bounded by $x = 0$, $x = 1$, $y = 0$, $y = 1$, $z = 0$, $z = 1$. **4**

Section-B

5. a) Define symmetric matrix, idempotent matrix and normal matrix with example. Show that the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i \\ -i & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ is unitary. **6**
b) Show that, every square matrix can be uniquely expressed as the sum of a symmetric matrix and a skew-symmetric matrix. **4**
6. a) Find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ using row operation. **4**
b) Define Rank of a matrix. Determine the rank of the matrix A by reducing it to the normal form **6**

Where $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 7 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & 11 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$.

7. a) Define half range Fourier sine and cosine series. 5

Find the Fourier series of the periodic function x^2 with period $2l$ on the interval $[-l, l]$.

b) Prove that $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sin mx}{x^2 + 1} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-m}, m > 0$. 5

8. a) Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = e^{-|x|}$ where x belongs to $(-\infty, \infty)$. 4

b) Use finite Fourier transforms to solve 6

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial x^2}; \quad U(0, t) = 0; U(\pi, t) = 0; U(x, 0) = 2x \quad \text{where } 0 < x < \pi, t > 0.$$