

Missing frequency math using median formula:

problem: An incomplete frequency distribution is given below, where the median is 33.5 and total frequency is 230.  
\* Determine the missing frequency by applying median formula.

| Class Interval | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 |
|----------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Frequency      | 4    | 16    | ?     | 100   | ?     | 6     | 4     |

Soln:

| Class Interval | Frequency | Cumulative frequency |
|----------------|-----------|----------------------|
| 0-10           | 4         | 4                    |
| 10-20          | 16        | 20                   |
| 20-30          | $f_1$     | $20 + f_1$           |
| 30-40          | 100       | $120 + f_1$          |
| 40-50          | $f_2$     | $120 + f_1 + f_2$    |
| 50-60          | 6         | $126 + f_1 + f_2$    |
| 60-70          | 4         | $130 + f_1 + f_2$    |
|                | $N = 230$ |                      |

Let the missing frequency  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  respectively

Here,  $N = 230$

Therefore the equation is

$$130 + f_1 + f_2 = 230$$

$$\Rightarrow f_1 + f_2 = 230 - 130$$

$$\Rightarrow f_1 + f_2 = 100 \quad (i)$$

We know,

$$\text{Median, } Me = L_1 + \frac{\frac{N}{2} - f_c}{f_m} \times c$$

Here,

$$Me = 33.5$$

$$\frac{N}{2} = \frac{230}{2} = 115 \text{th Observation}$$

therefore median class is (30-40) ~~50-60~~ ~~5~~ ~~45th~~

$$33.5 = 30 + \frac{115 - (20 + f_1)}{100} \times 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 33.5 = 30 + \frac{95 - f_1}{100} \times 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 33.5 - 30 = \frac{95 - f_1}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3.5 = \frac{95 - f_1}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow f_1 = 95 - 35 = 60$$

Now putting the value of  $f_1$  in equation (i)

$$60 + f_2 = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow f_2 = 100 - 60 \\ = 40$$

Therefore the missing frequency are 60 and 40

|       |    |            |
|-------|----|------------|
| 0-10  | 5  | 5          |
| 10-20 | 20 | 25 + $f_1$ |
| 20-30 | 25 | 40 + $f_2$ |
| 30-40 | 15 | 45th       |
| 40-50 | 12 |            |

$$\frac{60}{2} = 30$$

$$28.5 - 30$$

## Missing frequency using mode formula

Problem: The mode of the following data is 33.5 and the total frequency is 100. Find the missing frequency  $x$  and  $y$ .

| Class Interval | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 |
|----------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Frequency      | 7    | 12    | $x$   | 28    | $y$   | 9     |

Soln:

| Class Interval | Frequency |
|----------------|-----------|
| 0-10           | 7         |
| 10-20          | 12        |
| 20-30          | $x$       |
| 30-40          | 28        |
| 40-50          | $y$       |
| 50-60          | 9         |

Mode 33.5 lies in the class 30-40.

30-40 is modal class.

By Mode formula

$$M_0 = L + \frac{\Delta_1}{\Delta_1 + \Delta_2} \times C$$

$$\Rightarrow 33.5 = 30 + \frac{28-x}{(28-x) + (28-y)} \times 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 3.5 = \frac{28-x}{56-x-y} \times 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 280 - 10x = 196 - 3.5x - 3.5y$$

$$\Rightarrow 280 - 196 = 10x - 3.5x - 3.5y$$

$$\Rightarrow 6.5x - 3.5y = 84$$

$$\Rightarrow 65x - 35y = 840 \dots (1)$$

Total number of observations are 100

$$7 + 12 + x + 28 + y + 9 = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow 56 + x + y = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow x + y = 100 - 56 = 44$$

... (2)

Solving (1) and (2) we get

$$x = 23.8$$

$$y = 20.2$$

H.w From the following data find out the missing frequencies if modal marks of a group of 84 students is 54.

| Marks           | 0-20 | 20-40 | 40-60 | 60-80 | 80-100 |
|-----------------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| No. of Students | 10   | a     | 30    | b     | 14     |