



I didn't notice that I was working in the master database and after executing, the error appeared to me. Then I changed from the master database to the project database.

```
-- 6. Identify the course with the highest number of enrollments
SELECT c.title, COUNT(*) AS enrollment_count
FROM Enrollment e
JOIN Course c ON e.course_id = c.course_id
GROUP BY c.title
ORDER BY enrollment_count DESC
LIMIT 1;

-- 7. Display all schedules sorted by start date
SELECT *
FROM Schedule
ORDER BY start_date ASC;
```

64 %

**Messages**

Msg 102, Level 15, State 1, Line 233  
Incorrect syntax near 'LIMIT'.

Completion time: 2025-06-29T16:59:01.6219421+04:00

I was trying to find a query that helps me restrict the number of results in my query and I used the LIMIT clause, which caused an error because it is not valid in SQL Server. I learned that LIMIT is used in MySQL to control the number of rows returned, but SQL Server uses a different syntax. The correct way in SQL Server is to use TOP within the SELECT statement. After understanding that, I replaced LIMIT with TOP, and the query worked correctly.

```
-- 2. Show upcoming sessions (future sessions for trainer)

SELECT start_date, end_date, time_slot
FROM Schedule
WHERE trainer_id = 1 AND start_date > CURRENT_DATE;
```

4 %

**Messages**

Msg 156, Level 15, State 1, Line 164  
Incorrect syntax near the keyword 'CURRENT\_DATE'.

Completion time: 2025-06-29T13:11:51.0033930+04:00

The issue I faced was due to using CURRENT\_DATE in my SQL query, which isn't supported in SQL Server. I found out that CURRENT\_DATE works in databases like MySQL or PostgreSQL, but SQL Server uses GETDATE() or CAST(GETDATE() AS DATE) instead to get the current date. Once I understood this difference in syntax between database systems, I corrected the query using the appropriate SQL Server function.